Assignment Date	12 November 2022
Student Name	Vaishnavi.S
Student Register Number	620619106042
Maximum Marks	2

1. importing Required package

import pandas as pd import seaborn as snsimport numpy as np from matplotlib import pyplot as plt %matplotlib inline

2. Loading the Data

 $df = pd.read_csv("\underline{/content/Churn_Modelling.csv}")df$

	RowNumbe r	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2
•••								
9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male	39	5
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35	10
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	36	7
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	42	3
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female	28	4

 $10000 \text{ rows} \times 14 \text{ columns}$

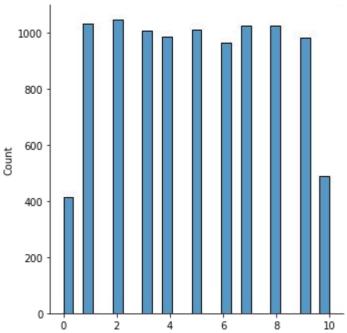


3.visualizations

3.1 Univariate Analysis

sns.displot(df.Tenure)

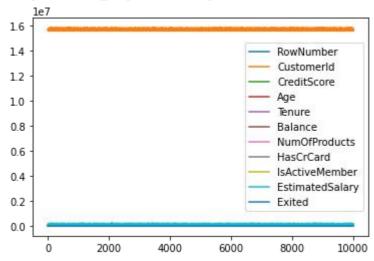




3.2 Bi-variate

df.plot.line()

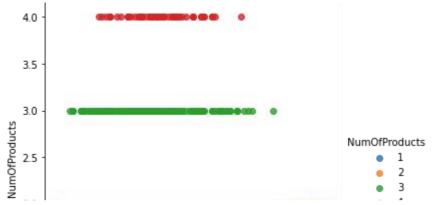




3.3Multi-variate Analysis

 $sns.lmplot("Age","NumOfProducts",df,hue="NumOfProducts",fit_reg=False);\\$





4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset

1.5 -

df.describe()

RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Bala
10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000
5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889
2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405
1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000
2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000
5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540
7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240
10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090
	10000.00000 5000.50000 2886.89568 1.00000 2500.75000 5000.50000 7500.25000	10000.00000 1.000000e+04 5000.50000 1.569094e+07 2886.89568 7.193619e+04 1.00000 1.556570e+07 2500.75000 1.562853e+07 5000.50000 1.569074e+07 7500.25000 1.575323e+07	10000.00000 1.000000e+04 10000.000000 5000.50000 1.569094e+07 650.528800 2886.89568 7.193619e+04 96.653299 1.00000 1.556570e+07 350.000000 2500.75000 1.562853e+07 584.000000 5000.50000 1.569074e+07 652.000000 7500.25000 1.575323e+07 718.000000	10000.00000 1.000000e+04 10000.000000 10000.000000 5000.50000 1.569094e+07 650.528800 38.921800 2886.89568 7.193619e+04 96.653299 10.487806 1.00000 1.556570e+07 350.000000 18.000000 2500.75000 1.562853e+07 584.000000 32.000000 5000.50000 1.569074e+07 652.000000 37.000000 7500.25000 1.575323e+07 718.000000 44.000000	10000.00000 1.000000e+04 10000.00000 10000.00000 10000.00000 5000.50000 1.569094e+07 650.528800 38.921800 5.012800 2886.89568 7.193619e+04 96.653299 10.487806 2.892174 1.00000 1.556570e+07 350.000000 18.000000 0.000000 2500.75000 1.562853e+07 584.000000 32.000000 3.000000 5000.50000 1.569074e+07 652.000000 37.000000 5.000000 7500.25000 1.575323e+07 718.000000 44.000000 7.000000



5. Handle the Missing values

data = pd.read_csv("/content/Churn_Modelling.csv")pd.isnull (data["Gender"])

0	False
1	False
2	False
3	False
4	False
9995	 False
9995 9996	 False False
,,,,	1 0010 0
9996	False

9999 False

Name: Gender, Length: 10000, dtype: bool

6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

df["Tenure"] = np.where(df["Tenure"] > 10, np.median,df["Tenure"])df["Tenure"]

0	2
1	1
2	8
3	1
4	2
9995	5
9996	10
9997	7
9998	3
9999	4

Name: Tenure, Length: 10000, dtype: object

7. check For Categorical columns and perform encoding

pd.get dummies(df, columns=["Gender", "Age"], prefix=["Age", "Gender"]).head()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Tenure	Balance	NumOf P
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	2	0.00	
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	1	83807.86	
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	8	159660.80	
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	1	0.00	
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	2	125510.82	

5 rows × 84 columns



- 8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables
- 8.1 split the data into independent variables

$$X = df.iloc[:, :-2].valuesprint(X)$$

```
[[1 15634602 'Hargrave' ... 1 1 1]

[2 15647311 'Hill' ... 1 0 1]

[3 15619304 'Onio' ... 3 1 0]

...

[9998 15584532 'Liu' ... 1 0 1]
```

[9999 15682355 'Sabbatini' ... 2 1 0] [10000 15628319 'Walker' ... 1 1 0]]

8. Split the data into Dependent variables

Y = df.iloc[:, -1].valuesprint(Y)
[1 0 1 ... 1 1 0]

9. Scale the independent variables

import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScalerScaler =
MinMaxScaler()

 $df[["RowNumber"]] = Scaler.fit_transform(df[["RowNumber"]])print(df)$

	RowNun	nber	Custon	nerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender
0	0.0	000	1563	4602	Hargrave	619	France	Female
1	0.0	001	1564	7311	Hill	608	Spain	Female
2	0.0	002	15619	9304	Onio	502	France	Female
3	0.0	003	1570	1354	Boni	699	France	Female
4	0.0	004	1573	7888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female
9995	0.9	996	1560	6229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male
9996	0.9	997	15569	9892	Johnstone	516	France	Male
9997	0.9	998	1558	4532	Liu	709	France	Female
9998	0.9	999	1568	2355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male
9999	1.0	000	1562	8319	Walker	792	France	Female
	Tenure		ance	Nun	OfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMem	ber \
0	2		0.00		1	1		1
1	1	8380	7.86		1	0		1
2	8	15966	08.0		3	1		0
3	1		0.00		2	0		0
4	2	12551	0.82		1	1		1
					•••	•••		
9995	5		0.00		2	1		0
9996	10	5736	9.61		1	1		1
9997	7		0.00		1	0		1
9998	3	7507	5.31		2	1		0
9999	4	13014	2.79		1	1		0
	Estimate			Exited				
0		101348.8			1			
1		112542.5		(0			
2		113931.5			1			
3		93826.6		(0			
4		79084.1	0	(0			
9995		96270.6			0			
9996		101699.7	'7	(0			

9997	42085.58	1
9998	92888.52	1
9999	38190.78	0

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

10. Split the data into training and testing

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_splittrain_size=0.8

X = df.drop(columns = ['Tenure']).copy()y =

df['Tenure']

X_train, X_rem, y_train, y_rem = train_test_split(X,y, train_size=0.8)test_size = 0.5

X_valid, X_test, y_valid, y_test = train_test_split(X_rem,y_rem, test_size=0.5)print(X_train.shape),

print(y_train.shape)

print(X_valid.shape), print(y_valid.shape)

print(X_test.shape), print(y_test.shape)

(8000, 13)
(8000,)
(1000, 13)
(1000,)
(1000, 13)
(1000,)
(None, None)
```

Colab paid products - Cancel contracts here

✓ 0s completed at 1:42 PM