This notebook is an exercise in the Intermediate Machine Learning course. You can reference the tutorial at this link.

In this exercise, you will use **pipelines** to improve the efficiency of your machine learning code.

Setup

The questions below will give you feedback on your work. Run the following cell to set up the feedback system.

```
# Set up code checking
import os
if not os.path.exists("../input/train.csv"):
    os.symlink("../input/home-data-for-ml-course/train.csv", "../input/train.csv")
    os.symlink("../input/home-data-for-ml-course/test.csv", "../input/test.csv")
from learntools.core import binder
binder.bind(globals())
from learntools.ml_intermediate.ex4 import *
print("Setup Complete")
```

Setup Complete

You will work with data from the Housing Prices Competition for Kaggle Learn Users.



Run the next code cell without changes to load the training and validation sets in X_{train} , X_{valid} , y_{train} , and y_{valid} . The test set is loaded in X_{test} .

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

# Read the data
X_full = pd.read_csv('../input/train.csv', index_col='Id')
X_test_full = pd.read_csv('../input/test.csv', index_col='Id')

# Remove rows with missing target, separate target from predictors
X_full.dropna(axis=0, subset=['SalePrice'], inplace=True)
y = X_full.SalePrice
X_full.drop(['SalePrice'], axis=1, inplace=True)

# Break off validation set from training data
X_train_full, X_valid_full, y_train, y_valid = train_test_split(X_full, y, train_size=0.8, test_si random_state=0)

# "Cardinality" means the number of unique values in a column
```

In [3]: X_train.head()

Out[3]:	MSZoning	Street	Alley	LotShape	LandContour	Utilities	LotConfig	LandSlope	Condition1	Con
	Id									

619	RL	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	Norm	
871	RL	Pave	NaN	Reg	Lvl	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	PosN	
93	RL	Pave	Grvl	IR1	HLS	AllPub	Inside	Gtl	Norm	
818	RL	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	CulDSac	Gtl	Norm	
303	RL	Pave	NaN	IR1	Lvl	AllPub	Corner	Gtl	Norm	

 $5 \text{ rows} \times 76 \text{ columns}$

```
→
```

The next code cell uses code from the tutorial to preprocess the data and train a model. Run this code without changes.

```
In [4]:
         from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
         from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
         from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
         from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
         from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error
         # Preprocessing for numerical data
         numerical transformer = SimpleImputer(strategy='constant')
         # Preprocessing for categorical data
         categorical transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
             ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='most_frequent')),
             ('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle unknown='ignore'))
         ])
         # Bundle preprocessing for numerical and categorical data
         preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(
             transformers=[
                 ('num', numerical transformer, numerical cols),
                 ('cat', categorical_transformer, categorical_cols)
```

MAE: 17861.780102739725

The code yields a value around 17862 for the mean absolute error (MAE). In the next step, you will amend the code to do better.

Step 1: Improve the performance

Part A

Now, it's your turn! In the code cell below, define your own preprocessing steps and random forest model. Fill in values for the following variables:

- numerical_transformer
- categorical transformer
- model

To pass this part of the exercise, you need only define valid preprocessing steps and a random forest model.

```
# Check your answer
step_1.a.check()
```

Correct

Preprocessing for numerical data

numerical_transformer = SimpleImputer(strategy='constant') # Your code here

Preprocessing for categorical data

categorical_transformer = SimpleImputer(steps=[('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='constant')), ('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore'))]) # Your code here

Bundle preprocessing for numerical and categorical data

preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('num', numerical_transformer, numerical_cols), ('cat', categorical_transformer, categorical_cols)])

Define model

model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators) # Your code here

Check your answer

step_1.a.check()

```
In [6]:
```

```
# Lines below will give you a hint or solution code
#step_1.a.hint()
#step_1.a.solution()
```

Part B

Run the code cell below without changes.

To pass this step, you need to have defined a pipeline in **Part A** that achieves lower MAE than the code above. You're encouraged to take your time here and try out many different approaches, to see how low you can get the MAE! (*If your code does not pass, please amend the preprocessing steps and model in Part A*.)

```
In [7]:
         # Bundle preprocessing and modeling code in a pipeline
         my_pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[('preprocessor', preprocessor),
                                        ('model', model)
                                       1)
         # Preprocessing of training data, fit model
         my_pipeline.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # Preprocessing of validation data, get predictions
         preds = my_pipeline.predict(X_valid)
         # Evaluate the model
         score = mean absolute error(y valid, preds)
         print('MAE:', score)
         # Check your answer
         step_1.b.check()
        MAE: 17621.3197260274
        Correct
In [8]:
         # Line below will give you a hint
         #step 1.b.hint()
```

Step 2: Generate test predictions

Now, you'll use your trained model to generate predictions with the test data.

```
In [9]: # Preprocessing of test data, fit model
    preds_test = my_pipeline.predict(X_test) # Your code here

# Check your answer
    step_2.check()
```

Correct

Run the next code cell without changes to save your results to a CSV file that can be submitted directly to the competition.

Submit your results

Once you have successfully completed Step 2, you're ready to submit your results to the leaderboard! If you choose to do so, make sure that you have already joined the competition by clicking on the **Join Competition** button at this link.

- 1. Begin by clicking on the **Save Version** button in the top right corner of the window. This will generate a pop-up window.
- 2. Ensure that the **Save and Run All** option is selected, and then click on the **Save** button.
- 3. This generates a window in the bottom left corner of the notebook. After it has finished running, click on the number to the right of the **Save Version** button. This pulls up a list of versions on the right of the screen. Click on the ellipsis (...) to the right of the most recent version, and select **Open in Viewer**. This brings you into view mode of the same page. You will need to scroll down to get back to these instructions.
- 4. Click on the **Output** tab on the right of the screen. Then, click on the file you would like to submit, and click on the **Submit** button to submit your results to the leaderboard.

You have now successfully submitted to the competition!

If you want to keep working to improve your performance, select the **Edit** button in the top right of the screen. Then you can change your code and repeat the process. There's a lot of room to improve, and you will climb up the leaderboard as you work.

Keep going

Move on to learn about **cross-validation**, a technique you can use to obtain more accurate estimates of model performance!

Have questions or comments? Visit the course discussion forum to chat with other learners.