Fall 2022 QUANTITATIVE MANAGEMENT MODELING (MIS-64018-003)

Assignment: Module 2 - The LP Model

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Solution 1:

Writing all the important information from the problem:

Given

- Two different models Collegiate and the Mini.
 Let us denote Collegiate Model = X1 and Mini Model = X2
- Back savers have a long-term contract 5000 sq. foot shipment of material each week.
- Each Collegiate requires 3 square feet = **3X1** Each Mini requires 2 square feet = **2X2**

Therefore, the total nylon fabric required can be written as:

 $3X1 + 2X2 \le 5000$

• The sales forecasts indicate that at most 1000 collegiates can be sold per week

 $X1 \le 1000$

Also, 1200 mini backpacks can be sold per week

 $X2 \leq 1200$

• Each collegiate requires 45 minutes of labor to produce = **45X1**Each mini backpack requires 40 minutes of labor to produce = **40X2**

Which can be written as:

Total labor time required by collegiate and mini backpacks = (45X1 + 40X2)

• Back Savers has 35 laborers that each provide 40 hours of labor per week.

Therefore total available labor time is = No of employees x hours per week x 60 mins

 $35 \times 40 \times 60 = 84000 \text{ minutes}$

Which can be written as:

 $45X1 + 40X2 \le 84000$

• Profit generated

By collegiate = \$ 32 per unit

By mini backpack = \$ 24 per unit

We will denote profit by Z

This can be written as : $\mathbf{Z} = \$(32\mathbf{X}1 + 24\mathbf{X}2)$

ANSWERS:

a. Clearly define the decision variables

Decision variables are : Collegiate Model = X1 Mini Model = X2

b. What is the objective function?

(Maximise Profit) Z = \$(32X1 + 24X2)

c. What are the constraints?

Constraints:

Subject to, $3X1 + 2X2 \le 5000$ (material usage) $X1 \le 1000$ (quantity sold) $X2 \le 1200$ (quantity sold) $45X1 + 40X2 \le 84000$ (labor time)

And X1, $X2 \ge 0$ (non-negative)

Solution 2:

Writing all the important information from the problem:

• There are total of three plants: Plant 1, Plant 2, Plant 3
Each plant produce large, medium and small size produce

Therefore, let us denote Plant 1 by P1 and the sizes by l(Large), m(Medium), s(Small)

The total number of variables are:

For Plant 1 : P11, P1m, P1s For Plant 2: P21, P2m, P2s For Plant 3: P31, P3m, P3s

- Product can be made in three sizes--large, medium, and small--that yield a net unit profit of \$420, \$360, and \$300, respectively.
- Plant 1 has the excess capacity to produce 750units per day of this product.

 $P11 + P1m + P1s \le 750$

Plant 2 has the excess capacity to produce 900 units per day of this product.

 $P21 + P2m + P2s \le 900$

Plant 3 has the excess capacity to produce 450 units per day of this product.

 $P31 + P3m + P3s \le 450$

• Available storage for each plant

note: each unit of the large, medium, and small sizes produced per day requires 20, 15, and 12 square feet, respectively.

Plant 1 has 13000 sq. feet of in-process storage available for a day's production

$$20P11 + 15P1m + 12P1s \le 13000$$

Plant 2 has 12000 sq. feet of in-process storage available for a day's production $20P2l+15P2m+12P2s \le 12000$

Plant 3 has 5000 sq. feet of in-process storage available for a day's production $20P3l+15P3m+12P3s \le 5000$

• Sales forecasts indicate that if available, 900, 1,200, and 750 units of the large, medium, and small sizes, respectively, would be sold per day.

Capacity utilisation of each plant:

$$P11 + P21 + P31 \le 900$$
 (Large)

$$P1m + P2m + P3m \le 1200$$
 (Medium)

$$P1s + P2s + P3s \le 750$$
 (Small)

$$\frac{1}{750}$$
(P11 + P1m + P1s) - $\frac{1}{900}$ (P21 + P2m + P3s) = 0

$$\frac{1}{750}(P11 + P1m + P1s) - \frac{1}{450}(P21 + P2m + P3s) = 0$$

ANSWERS:

a. Clearly define the decision variables

The total number of decision variables are "nine"

For Plant 1 : P11, P1m, P1s For Plant 2: P21, P2m, P2s For Plant 3: P31, P3m, P3s

b. What is the objective function?

Maximise

$$Z = (420P11 + 360P1m + 300P1s) + (420P21 + 360P2m + 300P2s) + (420P31 + 360P3m + 300P3s)$$

Plant 1 Plant 2 Plant 3

Profit is denoted by Z

c. What are the constraints?

Constraints:

Subject to:

$$P11 + P1m + P1s \le 750$$

$$P21 + P2m + P2s \le 900$$

$$P31 + P3m + P3s \le 450$$

$$20P11 + 15P1m + 12P1s \le 13000$$

$$20P2l + 15P2m + 12P2s \le 12000$$

$$20P3l + 15P3m + 12P3s \le 5000$$

$$\begin{array}{l} P11 + P21 + P31 \leq 900 \; (Large) \\ P1m + P2m + P3m \leq 1200 \; (Medium) \\ P1s + P2s + P3s \leq 750 \; (Small) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{750}(P11 + P1m + P1s) - \frac{1}{900}(P21 + P2m + P3s) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{750}(P11 + P1m + P1s) - \frac{1}{450}(P21 + P2m + P3s) = 0$$

Non-negativity: $Z \ge 0$, $P11 \ge 0$, $P1m \ge 0$, $P1s \ge 0$, $P2l \ge 0$, $P2m \ge 0$, $P2s \ge 0$, $P3l \ge 0$, $P3m \ge 0$, $P3s \ge 0$