UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

COLLEGE OF VOCATIONAL STUDIES
BSC (HONS) COMPUTER SCIENCE
SEMESTER - 3

OPERATING SYSTEM

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Question 1:

Write a program (using fork() and/or exec() commands) where parent and child execute:

- a) same program, same code.
- b) same program, different code.
- c) before terminating, the parent waits for the child to finish its task.

Solution 1(a):

```
os.fork() is used to create child process Returns 0 in child process and child's process id in parent process

"""

† This code won't work on Windows, use online compiler to execute

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† a) same program, same code.

import os
pid = os.fork()

if pid < 0:
    print("Fork failed")
    quit()

print(f"p(Returned value of os.fork()) : {pid}")
print(f"Process id : {os.getpid()}")

† If returned value of os.fork() is 0, child process has been executed

† Returned value of os.fork() in parent process will match os.getpid() of child process
```

Output 1(a):

```
p(Returned value of os.fork()): 27024

Process id: 27019

p(Returned value of os.fork()): 0

Process id: 27024
```

Solution 1(b):

```
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# b) same program, different code.

import os
pid = os.fork()
# p > 0 ---> Parent process
if pid > 0:
    print(f"I am parent process. Actual process id : {os.getpid()} ")
    print("Exiting the parent process")

# p == 0 ---> Child process
elif pid == 0:
    print(f"I am child process. Actual process id : {os.getpid()}")
    newCode = 'a = 10\nb=20\nprint("Sum =", a+b)'
    exec(newCode)

else:
    print("Forking Error")
    quit()
```

Output 1(b):

```
I am parent process. Actual process id : 30149
Exiting the parent process
I am child process. Actual process id : 30151
Sum = 30
```

Solution 1(c):

```
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# c) before terminating, the parent waits for the child to finish its task.

import os
pid = os.fork()
# p > 0 ---> Parent process
if pid > 0:
    print(f"I am parent process. Actual process id : {os.getpid()} ")
    os.waitpid(-1, 0)
    print("Exiting the parent process")

# p == 0 ---> Child process
elif pid == 0:
    print(f"I am child process. Actual process id : {os.getpid()}")
    print("Exiting the child process")

else:
    print("Forking Error")
    quit()
```

Output 1(c):

```
I am parent process. Actual process id : 31591
I am child process. Actual process id : 31595
Exiting the child process
Exiting the parent process
```

Question 2:

Write a program to report behaviour of Linux kernel including kernel version, CPU type and model. (CPU information)

Solution 2:

```
# Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR

import platform

print(f"Operating System name : {platform.system()}")

print(f"Operating System version : {platform.version()}")

print(f"Operating System release : {platform.release()}")

print(f"Machine type: {platform.machine()}")

print(f"Processor type: {platform.processor()}")
```

Output 2:

```
Operating System name: Windows
Operating System version: 10.0.19045
Operating System release: 10
Machine type: AMD64
Processor type: Intel64 Family 6 Model 165 Stepping 2, GenuineIntel
```

Question 3:

Write a program to report behaviour of Linux kernel including information on 19 configured memory, amount of free and used memory. (memory information)

Solution 3:

```
# Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR

import psutil
print(f"Total memory : {psutil.virtual_memory()}")
print(f"Total memory (in GB) : {psutil.virtual_memory().total / (1024.0 **
3):.3f}")
print(f"Used memory (in GB) : {psutil.virtual_memory().used / (1024.0 ** 3):.3f}")
print(f"Available memory (in GB) : {psutil.virtual_memory().available / (1024.0 **
3):.3f}")
print(f"Percentage : {psutil.virtual_memory().percent}")
```

Output 3:

```
Total memory : svmem(total=8381452288, available=1009537024, percent=88.0, used=7371915264, free=1009537024)
Total memory (in GB) : 7.806
Used memory (in GB) : 6.866
Available memory (in GB) : 0.940
Percentage : 88.0
```

Question 4:

Write a program to print file details including owner access permissions, file access time, where file name is given as argument

Solution 4:

```
# Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR
import os
from stat import *
statinfo = os.stat('Downloads')
mode = statinfo.st_mode
if S ISDIR(mode):
   print("Directory")
elif S_ISREG(mode):
   print("Regular File")
if (mode & S_IXUSR):
   print("Executable User")
elif (mode & S IWUSR):
   print("Writable User")
elif (mode & S_IRUSR):
   print("Readable User")
if (mode & S_IXOTH):
   print("Executable Others")
elif (mode & S_IWOTH):
   print("Writable Others")
elif (mode & S_IROTH):
   print("Readable Others")
filePerm = filemode(mode)
print(f"File Permissions are {filePerm}")
print(f"File access time is {statinfo.st_atime}")
```

Output 4:

```
Directory
Executable User
Executable Others
File Permissions are drwxrwxrwx
File access time is 1669650821.2221265
```

Question 5:

Write a program to copy files using system calls.

Solution 5:

```
# Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR

file1 = "file1.txt"
file2 = "file2.txt"

lines=" "
with open(file1,'r',encoding='utf8') as src:
    lines = src.readlines()

with open(file2,'a',encoding='utf8') as dest:
    dest.writelines(lines)

print(f"Content copied from {file1} to {file2}")
```

Output 5:

file1.txt (before) executing the code:

file2.txt (before) executing the code:

Content copied from file1.txt to file2.txt

file2.txt (after) executing the code:

Question 6:

Write a program to implement FCFS scheduling algorithm.

Solution 6:

```
/* Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR */
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void findWaitingTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[], int wt[])
    // waiting time for first process is 0
   wt[0] = 0;
   // calculating waiting time
   for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)</pre>
    {
        wt[i] = bt[i - 1] + wt[i - 1];
    }
void findTurnAroundTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[], int wt[], int tat[])
    // calculating turnaround time by adding bt[i] + wt[i]
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
    }
void findavgTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[])
    int wt[n], tat[n], total_wt = 0, total_tat = 0;
    findWaitingTime(processes, n, bt, wt);
```

```
findTurnAroundTime(processes, n, bt, wt, tat);
    cout << "Processes "</pre>
         << " Burst time "
         << " Waiting time "
         << " Turn around time\n";</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        total wt = total wt + wt[i];
        total tat = total tat + tat[i];
        cout << " " << i + 1 << "\t\t" << bt[i] << "\t "
             << wt[i] << "\t\t " << tat[i] << endl;
    }
   cout << "Average waiting time = "</pre>
         << (float) total wt / (float) n;
   cout << "\nAverage turn around time = "</pre>
         << (float) total tat / (float) n;
int main()
   int n;
   cout << "Enter number of processes : ";</pre>
   cin >> n;
   int processes[n];
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
    {
       processes[i] = i + 1;
   int burst time[n];
   cout << "Enter burst time of processes :- " << endl;</pre>
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
    {
        cout << i + 1 << " : ";
        cin >> burst time[i];
    }
    findavgTime(processes, n, burst_time);
    return 0;
```

Output 6:

```
Enter number of processes: 4
Enter burst time of processes :-
1:10
2:6
3:5
4:2
Processes Burst time Waiting time Turn around time
               10
                                        10
                        0
                        10
2
               6
                                        16
               5
3
                        16
                                        21
4
               2
                        21
                                        23
Average waiting time = 11.75
Average turn around time = 17.5
```

```
Enter number of processes: 5
Enter burst time of processes :-
2:1
3:5
4:2
5:12
Processes Burst time Waiting time Turn around time
1
               2
                                        2
                        0
 2
                                        3
               1
                        2
               5
 3
                        3
                                        8
4
               2
                        8
                                        10
 5
               12
                        10
                                        22
Average waiting time = 4.6
Average turn around time = 9
```

Question 7:

Write a program to implement Round Robin scheduling algorithm.

Solution 7:

```
/* Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR */
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void findWaitingTime(int processes[], int n,
                     int bt[], int wt[], int quantum)
   int rem_bt[n];
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        rem bt[i] = bt[i];
   int t = 0; // Current time
   while (1)
    {
       bool done = true;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        {
            // If burst time of a process is greater than 0
            // then only need to process further
            if (rem bt[i] > 0)
            {
                done = false; // There is a pending process
                if (rem_bt[i] > quantum)
                    // Increase the value of t i.e. shows
                    // how much time a process has been processed
                    t += quantum;
                    // Decrease the burst time of current process
                    // by quantum
                    rem bt[i] -= quantum;
                }
                // If burst time is smaller than or equal to
                // quantum. Last cycle for this process
                else
```

```
// Increase the value of t i.e. shows
                    // how much time a process has been processed
                    t = t + rem bt[i];
                    // Waiting time is current time minus time
                    // used by this process
                    wt[i] = t - bt[i];
                    // As the process gets fully executed
                    // make its remaining burst time = 0
                    rem bt[i] = 0;
                }
            }
        }
        // If all processes are done
        if (done == true)
           break;
    }
// Function to calculate turn around time
void findTurnAroundTime(int processes[], int n,
                        int bt[], int wt[], int tat[])
    // calculating turnaround time by adding
   // bt[i] + wt[i]
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
// Function to calculate average time
void findavgTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[],
                 int quantum)
   int wt[n], tat[n], total wt = 0, total tat = 0;
    // Function to find waiting time of all processes
   findWaitingTime(processes, n, bt, wt, quantum);
   // Function to find turn around time for all processes
   findTurnAroundTime(processes, n, bt, wt, tat);
    // Display processes along with all details
    cout << " PN "
        << " \tBT "
```

```
<< " \tWT "
         << " \tTAT\n";
    // Calculate total waiting time and total turn
    // around time
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        total_wt = total_wt + wt[i];
        total tat = total tat + tat[i];
        cout << " " << i + 1 << "\t" << bt[i] << "\t"
             << wt[i] << "\t " << tat[i] << endl;</pre>
    }
    cout << "Average waiting time = "</pre>
         << (float) total_wt / (float)n;</pre>
    cout << "\nAverage turn around time = "</pre>
         << (float) total_tat / (float)n;</pre>
// Driver code
int main()
    int n;
    cout << "Enter number of processes : ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    int processes[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        processes[i] = i + 1;
    int burst time[n];
    cout << "Enter burst time of processes :- " << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        cout << i + 1 << " : ";
        cin >> burst time[i];
    // Time quantum
    int quantum = 2;
    findavgTime(processes, n, burst_time, quantum);
    return 0;
```

Output 7:

```
Enter number of processes: 4
Enter number of processes: 4
Enter burst time of processes :-
                                         Enter burst time of processes :-
1:3
                                         1:7
2:4
                                         2:2
3:2
                                         3:4
                                         4:3
4:7
PN
       BT
              WT
                       TAT
                                          PN
                                                       WT
                                               BT
                                                                TAT
       3
                6
                        9
                                                 7
1
                                                         9
                                                                 16
                                          1
 2
       4
                7
                        11
                                                         2
                                                                 4
                                          2
                                                 2
3
       2
                4
                        6
                                          3
                                                4
                                                         8
                                                                 12
4
       7
                9
                        16
                                          4
                                                 3
                                                         10
                                                                 13
Average waiting time = 6.5
                                         Average waiting time = 7.25
Average turn around time = 10.5
                                         Average turn around time = 11.25
```

Question 8:

Write a program to implement SJF scheduling algorithm.

Solution 8:

```
/* Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR */
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;
typedef struct proccess
   int at, bt, ct, ta, wt, btt;
   string pro id;
at = Arrival time,
bt = Burst time,
ct = Completion time,
ta = Turn around time,
wt = Waiting time
*/
} Schedule;
bool compare(Schedule a, Schedule b)
```

```
return a.at < b.at;</pre>
    /* This Schedule will always return TRUE
    if above condition comes*/
bool compare2(Schedule a, Schedule b)
    return a.bt < b.bt;
    /* This Schedule will always return TRUE
   if above condition comes*/
int main()
   Schedule pro[10];
   // An array of Processes
   int n, i, j, pcom;
   // n = number of processes, i= iteration variable
    cout << "Enter the number of Process::";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    cout << "Enter the Process id, arrival time and burst time of " << n << "</pre>
processes :::" << endl;</pre>
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        cout << "\nProcess id " << i + 1 << " : ";</pre>
        cin >> pro[i].pro id;
        cout << "Arrival Time " << i + 1 << " : ";</pre>
        cin >> pro[i].at;
        cout << "Burst Time " << i + 1 << " : ";</pre>
        cin >> pro[i].bt;
        pro[i].btt = pro[i].bt;
   sort(pro, pro + n, compare);
    /*sort is a predefined funcion defined in algorithm.h header file,
   it will sort the processes according to their arrival time*/
    i = 0;
   pcom = 0;
    while (pcom < n)
```

```
for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
    {
        if (pro[j].at > i)
            break;
    }
    sort(pro, pro + j, compare2);
    /*sort is a predefined funcion defined in algorithm.h header file,
it will sort the processes according to their burst time*/
    if (j > 0)
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
            if (pro[j].bt != 0)
                break;
        if (pro[j].at > i)
            i = pro[j].at;
        pro[j].ct = i + 1;
       pro[j].bt--;
    }
    i++;
    pcom = 0;
    for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
        if (pro[j].bt == 0)
           pcom++;
    }
}
cout << "ProID\tAtime\tBtime\tCtime\tTtime\tWtime\n";</pre>
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    pro[i].ta = pro[i].ct - pro[i].at;
    pro[i].wt = pro[i].ta - pro[i].btt;
    /*Printing the Process id, arrival time, burst time,
    completion time, turn around time, waiting time*/
```

Output 8:

```
Enter the number of Process::4
Enter the Process id, arrival time and burst time of 4 processes :::
Process id 1 : 1
Arrival Time 1:0
Burst Time 1:3
Process id 2 : 2
Arrival Time 2:1
Burst Time 2:4
Process id 3:3
Arrival Time 3:3
Burst Time 3:5
Process id 4:4
Arrival Time 4:7
Burst Time 4 : 1
       Atime Btime
                       Ctime
                              Ttime
                                      Wtime
ProID
1
       0
               3
                       3
                               3
                                      0
               4
                       7
                               6
                                      2
2
       1
       7
               1
                       8
                               1
                                      0
4
3
       3
               5
                       13
                               10
                                      5
```

Question 9:

Write a program to implement non-preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.

Solution 9:

```
/* Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR */
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
struct Process
{
```

```
int pID;
   int priority;
   float arrivalTime;
   float burstTime;
   float completionTime;
   float waitingTime;
   float turnAroundTime;
};
void swapProcess(struct Process *a, struct Process *b)
   struct Process temp = *a;
   *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
void sortForExec(struct Process *p, int n)
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; ++i)
        if (p[i].arrivalTime > p[i + 1].arrivalTime)
            swapProcess(&p[i], &p[i + 1]);
        }
        else if (p[i].arrivalTime == p[i + 1].arrivalTime)
            if (p[i].priority > p[i + 1].priority)
                swapProcess(&p[i], &p[i + 1]);
            else if (p[i].priority == p[i + 1].priority)
                if (p[i].pID > p[i + 1].pID)
                    swapProcess(&p[i], &p[i + 1]);
        }
   return;
void sortAccPID(struct Process *p, int n)
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; ++i)
       if (p[i].pID > p[i + 1].pID)
        {
            swapProcess(&p[i], &p[i + 1]);
```

```
return;
void calcCompletionTime(struct Process *p, int n)
   p[0].completionTime = p[0].burstTime;
   for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
       p[i].completionTime = p[i - 1].completionTime + p[i].burstTime;
   return;
void calcTurnAroundTime(struct Process *p, int n)
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
   {
       p[i].turnAroundTime = p[i].completionTime - p[i].arrivalTime;
   return;
void calcWaitingTime(struct Process *p, int n)
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
       p[i].waitingTime = p[i].turnAroundTime - p[i].burstTime;
   return;
void printAvgTime(struct Process *p, int n)
   sortForExec(p, n);
   calcCompletionTime(p, n);
   sortAccPID(p, n);
   calcTurnAroundTime(p, n);
   calcWaitingTime(p, n);
   // Printing Process Info
   cout << " Non-preemptive Priority Based CPU Scheduling" << endl;</pre>
   cout << " -----" << end1;
   cout << "\n process -> { priority, arrivalTime, burstTime, completionTime,
turnAroundTime, waitingTime }\n";
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
   {
```

```
cout << " P" << p[i].pID << " -> { " << p[i].priority << " , " <<
p[i].arrivalTime << " , " << p[i].burstTime << " , " << p[i].completionTime << " ,
' << p[i].turnAroundTime << " , " << p[i].waitingTime << " }\n";</pre>
    }
   // Calculating sum of waitingTime and turnAroundTime
   float sumW = 0.0;
   float sumT = 0.0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    {
        sumW += p[i].waitingTime;
       sumT += p[i].turnAroundTime;
    }
    // Printing average waitingTime and turnAroundTime
   cout << "\n Average Waiting Time: " << sumW / n;</pre>
    cout << "\n Average Turn Around Time: " << sumT / n << endl;</pre>
    return;
int main()
   int n;
   cout << "\n Enter number of Processes: ";</pre>
   cin >> n;
   cout << endl;</pre>
    struct Process p[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    {
        p[i].pID = i + 1;
        cout << " Enter Priority of Process " << i + 1 << ": ";</pre>
        cin >> p[i].priority;
        cout << " Enter Arrival Time of Process " << i + 1 << ": ";</pre>
        cin >> p[i].arrivalTime;
        cout << " Enter Burst Time of Process " << i + 1 << ": ";</pre>
        cin >> p[i].burstTime;
       cout << endl;</pre>
   printAvgTime(p, n);
   cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Output 9:

```
Enter number of Processes: 3
Enter Priority of Process 1: 2
Enter Arrival Time of Process 1: 0
Enter Burst Time of Process 1: 5
Enter Priority of Process 2: 1
Enter Arrival Time of Process 2: 2
Enter Burst Time of Process 2: 3
Enter Priority of Process 3: 0
Enter Arrival Time of Process 3: 2
Enter Burst Time of Process 3: 4
Non-preemptive Priority Based CPU Scheduling
process -> { priority, arrivalTime, burstTime, completionTime, turnAroundTime, waitingTime }
        -> { 2,0,5,5,5,0 }
-> { 1,2,3,12,10,7 }
-> { 0,2,4,9,7,3 }
P2
P3
Average Waiting Time: 3.33333
Average Turn Around Time: 7.33333
```

Question 10:

Write a program to implement a preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.

Solution 10:

```
/* Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR */
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
using namespace std;

struct Process
{
    int pID;
    int priority;
    int arrivalTime;
    int burstTime;
    int completionTime;
    int waitingTime;
    int turnAroundTime;
};
```

```
void swapProcess(struct Process *a, struct Process *b)
{
   struct Process temp = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
void sortForExec(struct Process *p, int n)
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; ++i)
        if (p[i].arrivalTime > p[i + 1].arrivalTime)
        {
            swapProcess(&p[i], &p[i + 1]);
        else if (p[i].arrivalTime == p[i + 1].arrivalTime)
        {
            if (p[i].priority > p[i + 1].priority)
                swapProcess(&p[i], &p[i + 1]);
            else if (p[i].priority == p[i + 1].priority)
                if (p[i].pID > p[i + 1].pID)
                    swapProcess(&p[i], &p[i + 1]);
            }
        }
   return;
void sortAccPID(struct Process *p, int n)
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; ++i)
       if (p[i].pID > p[i + 1].pID)
            swapProcess(&p[i], &p[i + 1]);
   return;
void calcCompletionTime(struct Process *p, int n)
   int remainingTime[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
       remainingTime[i] = p[i].burstTime;
```

```
int minIndex, time = 0, count = 0;
    for (time = 0; count != n; time++)
    {
        remainingTime[9] = 999;
       minIndex = 9;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
            if (p[i].arrivalTime <= time && remainingTime[i] > 0 && p[i].priority
<= p[minIndex].priority)</pre>
            {
                minIndex = i;
            }
        }
        if (remainingTime[minIndex] <= 0)</pre>
            continue;
        remainingTime[minIndex]--;
        if (remainingTime[minIndex] == 0)
        {
            count++;
            p[minIndex].completionTime = time + 1;
        }
    }
   return;
void calcTurnAroundTime(struct Process *p, int n)
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        p[i].turnAroundTime = p[i].completionTime - p[i].arrivalTime;
    return;
void calcWaitingTime(struct Process *p, int n)
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        p[i].waitingTime = p[i].turnAroundTime - p[i].burstTime;
    return;
```

```
void printAvgTime(struct Process *p, int n)
{
   sortForExec(p, n);
   calcCompletionTime(p, n);
   calcTurnAroundTime(p, n);
   calcWaitingTime(p, n);
   sortAccPID(p, n);
   // Printing Process Info
   cout << " Preemptive Priority Based CPU Scheduling" << endl;</pre>
    cout << " -----" << endl;
    cout << "\n process -> { priority, arrivalTime, burstTime, completionTime,
turnAroundTime, waitingTime } \n";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        cout << " P" << p[i].pID << " -> { " << p[i].priority << " , " <<
p[i].arrivalTime << " , " << p[i].burstTime << " , " << p[i].completionTime << " ,
 << p[i].turnAroundTime << " , " << p[i].waitingTime << " }\n";</pre>
    // Calculating sum of waitingTime and turnAroundTime
   int sumW = 0.0;
   int sumT = 0.0;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
       sumW += p[i].waitingTime;
       sumT += p[i].turnAroundTime;
    }
   // Printing average waitingTime and turnAroundTime
   cout << "\n Average Waiting Time: " << sumW / n;</pre>
    cout << "\n Average Turn Around Time: " << sumT / n << endl;</pre>
    return;
int main()
   int n;
   cout << "\n Enter number of Processes: ";</pre>
   cin >> n;
   cout << endl;</pre>
    struct Process p[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
```

```
{
    p[i].pID = i + 1;
    cout << " Enter Priority of Process " << i + 1 << ": ";
    cin >> p[i].priority;
    cout << " Enter Arrival Time of Process " << i + 1 << ": ";
    cin >> p[i].arrivalTime;
    cout << " Enter Burst Time of Process " << i + 1 << ": ";
    cin >> p[i].burstTime;
    cout << endl;
}

printAvgTime(p, n);
cout << endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output 10:

```
Enter number of Processes: 3
Enter Priority of Process 1: 1
Enter Arrival Time of Process 1: 0
Enter Burst Time of Process 1: 3
Enter Priority of Process 2: 3
Enter Arrival Time of Process 2: 1
Enter Burst Time of Process 2: 4
Enter Priority of Process 3: 0
Enter Arrival Time of Process 3: 0
Enter Burst Time of Process 3: 6
Preemptive Priority Based CPU Scheduling
process -> { priority, arrivalTime, burstTime, completionTime, turnAroundTime, waitingTime }
        -> { 1 , 0 , 3 , 9 , 9 , 6 }
-> { 3 , 1 , 4 , 13 , 12 , 8 }
P2
Р3
        -> { 0 , 0 , 6 , 6 , 6 , 0 }
Average Waiting Time: 4
Average Turn Around Time: 9
```

Question 11:

Write a program to implement SRJF scheduling algorithm.

Solution 11:

```
/* Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR */
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
struct Process
   int pid; // Process ID
   int bt; // Burst Time
   int art; // Arrival Time
};
// Function to find the waiting time for all processes
void findWaitingTime(Process proc[], int n, int wt[])
   int rt[n];
   // Copy the burst time into rt[]
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        rt[i] = proc[i].bt;
   int complete = 0, t = 0, minm = INT_MAX;
   int shortest = 0, finish time;
   bool check = false;
   // Process until all processes gets
    // completed
   while (complete != n)
    {
        // Find process with minimum
        // remaining time among the
        // processes that arrives till the
        // current time
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        {
            if ((proc[j].art <= t) &&</pre>
                (rt[j] < minm) && rt[j] > 0)
                minm = rt[j];
```

```
shortest = j;
                check = true;
        if (check == false)
        {
            t++;
            continue;
        }
        // Reduce remaining time by one
        rt[shortest]--;
        // Update minimum
        minm = rt[shortest];
        if (minm == 0)
            minm = INT MAX;
        // If a process gets completely
        // executed
        if (rt[shortest] == 0)
        {
            // Increment complete
            complete++;
            check = false;
            // Find finish time of current
            // process
            finish_time = t + 1;
            // Calculate waiting time
            wt[shortest] = finish time -
                           proc[shortest].bt -
                           proc[shortest].art;
            if (wt[shortest] < 0)</pre>
                wt[shortest] = 0;
        }
        // Increment time
        t++;
    }
// Function to calculate turn around time
void findTurnAroundTime(Process proc[], int n,
```

```
int wt[], int tat[])
    // calculating turnaround time by adding
    // bt[i] + wt[i]
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        tat[i] = proc[i].bt + wt[i];
// Function to calculate average time
void findavgTime(Process proc[], int n)
    int wt[n], tat[n], total_wt = 0,
                        total tat = 0;
    // Function to find waiting time of all
    // processes
    findWaitingTime(proc, n, wt);
    // all processes
    findTurnAroundTime(proc, n, wt, tat);
    // Display processes along with all
    // details
    cout << " P\t\t"
         << "BT\t\t"
         << "WT\t\t"
         << "TAT\t\t\n";
    // Calculate total waiting time and
    // total turnaround time
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        total wt = total wt + wt[i];
        total tat = total tat + tat[i];
        cout << " " << proc[i].pid << "\t\t"</pre>
             << proc[i].bt << "\t\t " << wt[i]
             << "\t\t " << tat[i] << endl;
    }
    cout << "\nAverage waiting time = "</pre>
         << (float) total wt / (float)n;</pre>
    cout << "\nAverage turn around time = "</pre>
         << (float)total_tat / (float)n;</pre>
  Driver code
```

```
int main()
{
    Process proc[] = {{1, 6, 2}, {2, 2, 5}, {3, 8, 1}, {4, 3, 0}, {5, 4, 4}};
    int n = sizeof(proc) / sizeof(proc[0]);

    findavgTime(proc, n);
    return 0;
}
```

Output 11:

Р	BT	WT	TAT
1	6	7	13
2	2	0	2
3	8	14	22
4	3	0	3
5	4	2	6
Average waiting time = 4.6 Average turn around time = 9.2			

Question 12:

Write a program to calculate sum of n numbers using thread library.

Solution 12:

```
# Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR

from threading import Thread

# function to create threads

def callThread(arg):
    sumVal = 0
    for i in range(1, arg+1):
        print("Running")
        sumVal += i
    print(f"Sum is : {sumVal}")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    thread = Thread(target=callThread, args=(10, ))
    thread.start()
    thread.join()
    print("Parent thread")
    print("Thread finished... Exiting")
```

Output 12:

```
Running
Sunning
Running
Funning
Running
Running
Running
Funning
Running
Sum is: 55
Parent thread
Thread finished... Exiting
```

Question 13:

Write a program to implement first-fit, best-fit and worst-fit allocation strategies.

Solution 13:

```
/* Created by - PRIYANSHU KUMAR */
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class MemoryManagementAlgo
public:
   int *block size;
   int total blocks;
   int *process size;
   int total process;
   MemoryManagementAlgo(int blkSize[], int tBlocks, int prSize[], int tProcess)
        block size = blkSize;
        total blocks = tBlocks;
        process_size = prSize;
        total process = tProcess;
    }
    void First Fit()
    {
        int allocation[total_process];
        for (int i = 0; i < total_process; i++)</pre>
            allocation[i] = -1;
        for (int i = 0; i < total_process; i++)</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < total blocks; j++)</pre>
            {
                if (block_size[j] >= process_size[i])
                     allocation[i] = j;
                     block size[j] -= process size[i];
                     break;
                 }
            }
        cout << "Process No.\t\tProcess Size\t\tBlock no." << endl;</pre>
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < total process; i++)</pre>
    {
        cout << " " << i + 1 << " \t\t\t" << process size[i] << " \t\t\t";</pre>
        if (allocation[i] != -1)
             cout << allocation[i] + 1;</pre>
        }
        else
             cout << "Not Allocated";</pre>
        cout << endl;</pre>
    }
}
void Best_Fit()
{
    int allocation[total process];
    for (int i = 0; i < total_process; i++)</pre>
        allocation[i] = -1;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < total_process; i++)</pre>
    {
        // Find the best fit block for current process
        int bestIdx = -1;
        for (int j = 0; j < total_blocks; j++)</pre>
             if (block size[j] >= process size[i])
                 if (bestIdx == -1)
                     bestIdx = j;
                 else if (block_size[bestIdx] > block_size[j])
                     bestIdx = j;
                 }
             }
        if (bestIdx != -1)
        {
             // allocate block j to p[i] process
             allocation[i] = bestIdx;
             // Reduce available memory in this block.
             block_size[bestIdx] -= process_size[i];
```

```
}
    cout << "Process No.\t\tProcess Size\t\tBlock no." << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < total_process; i++)</pre>
         cout << " " << i + 1 << " \t\t\t" << process size[i] << " \t\t\t";</pre>
         if (allocation[i] != -1)
         {
             cout << allocation[i] + 1;</pre>
        else
         {
             cout << "Not Allocated";</pre>
        cout << endl;</pre>
    }
}
void Worst_Fit()
    int allocation[total_process];
    for (int i = 0; i < total_process; i++)</pre>
        allocation[i] = -1;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < total_process; i++)</pre>
    {
         // Find the best fit block for current process
         int worstIdx = -1;
         for (int j = 0; j < total_blocks; j++)</pre>
         {
             if (block size[j] >= process size[i])
                 if (worstIdx == -1)
                  {
                      worstIdx = j;
                 else if (block_size[worstIdx] < block_size[j])</pre>
                      worstIdx = j;
                  }
             }
         if (worstIdx != -1)
             // allocate block j to p[i] process
```

```
allocation[i] = worstIdx;
                 // Reduce available memory in this block.
                block size[worstIdx] -= process size[i];
            }
        cout << "Process No.\t\tProcess Size\t\tBlock no." << endl;</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < total process; i++)</pre>
        {
            cout << " " << i + 1 << " \t\t\t" << process size[i] << " \t\t\t";
            if (allocation[i] != -1)
                cout << allocation[i] + 1;</pre>
            else
            {
                 cout << "Not Allocated";</pre>
            cout << endl;</pre>
        }
};
int main()
   blkSize - Array to store Block Sizes
   prcSize - Array to store Process Size
    tblocks - Total number of blocks
    tprc - Total number of process
    int tblocks, tprc;
    cout << "Enter the number of blocks available ::: ";</pre>
    cin >> tblocks;
    int blkSize[tblocks];
    cout << "Enter block sizes :::" << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < tblocks; i++)</pre>
    {
        cout << i + 1 << " - ";
        cin >> blkSize[i];
    }
    cout << "Enter the number of processes available ::: ";</pre>
    cin >> tprc;
    int prcSize[tprc];
```

```
cout << "Enter process sizes :::" << endl;</pre>
for (int i = 0; i < tprc; i++)</pre>
{
    cout << i + 1 << " - ";
    cin >> prcSize[i];
cout << "\nEnter choice : \n1 - First Fit \n2 - Best Fit \n3 - Worst Fit\n";</pre>
int choice;
cin >> choice;
MemoryManagementAlgo ob(blkSize, tblocks, prcSize, tprc);
switch (choice)
{
case 1:
    cout << "Your choice : First Fit" << endl;</pre>
    ob.First_Fit();
    break;
case 2:
{
    cout << "Your choice : Best Fit" << endl;</pre>
    ob.Best_Fit();
    break;
}
case 3:
{
    cout << "Your choice : Worst Fit" << endl;</pre>
    ob.Worst_Fit();
    break;
default:
{
    cout << "Invalid choice" << endl;</pre>
    break;
}
return 0;
```

Output 13:

```
Enter the number of blocks available ::: 4
Enter block sizes :::
1 - 50
2 - 120
3 - 75
4 - 30
Enter the number of processes available ::: 3
Enter process sizes :::
1 - 100
2 - 40
3 - 50
Enter choice:
1 - First Fit
2 - Best Fit
3 - Worst Fit
Your choice : First Fit
Process No.
                        Process Size
                                                 Block no.
 1
                        100
                                                 2
 2
                        40
                                                 1
                        50
                                                 3
Enter the number of blocks available ::: 5
Enter block sizes :::
1 - 40
2 - 60
3 - 25
4 - 30
5 - 80
Enter the number of processes available ::: 2
Enter process sizes :::
1 - 15
2 - 75
Enter choice:
1 - First Fit
2 - Best Fit
3 - Worst Fit
Your choice : Best Fit
                        Process Size
Process No.
                                                Block no.
                        15
1
                                                3
 2
                        75
                                                 5
```

```
Enter the number of blocks available ::: 4
Enter block sizes :::
1 - 90
2 - 60
3 - 150
4 - 30
Enter the number of processes available ::: 5
Enter process sizes :::
1 - 10
2 - 20
3 - 90
4 - 25
5 - 45
Enter choice:
1 - First Fit
2 - Best Fit
3 - Worst Fit
3
Your choice : Worst Fit
                        Process Size
Process No.
                                               Block no.
1
                        10
2
                        20
                                                3
3
                        90
                                                3
4
                                                1
                        25
5
                        45
                                                1
```

END OF ASSIGNMENT