## **Problem Set 4 Power Converters**

- A 110 V, 5 hp DC motor is controlled by a single-phase AC/DC full converter. The motor voltage constant is 0.055 V/rpm. The AC supply is 120 V, 60 Hz. Assume the DC motor and converter are ideal and a very large inductance is connected in series with the motor. For a speed of 1000 rpm and rated motor current, find
  - a. The firing angle of the converter.
  - b. The rms value of the supply current
  - c. The rms value of thyristor current.
- 2. A three-phase full converter is used to control the speed of a DC motor. The motor consists of voltage constant of 0.1 V/rpm and armature resistance of 0.2  $\Omega$ . The supply line-to-line voltage is 110 V. For firing angle of 50°, the motor speed is 900 rpm.
  - a. Assume the motor current is ripple-free, find the average value of the motor current.
  - b. Find the thyristor current.
  - c. Find the supply line current.
- 3. A single-phase AC/DC full converter is used to control a DC motor with resistance of 0.25  $\Omega$ , motor constant of 0.1 V/rpm and very large inductance. The AC supply is 120 V, 60 Hz. At firing angle of 60°, the motor current is continuous with average value of 20 A and ripple of 20 %. Find
  - a. The speed of the motor.
  - b. The power loss in armature resistance.
  - c. The power developed by the motor.
- 4. A one-quadrant step-down converter with switching frequency of 250 Hz is used to control the speed of a DC motor with resistance of 0.15  $\Omega$  and motor constant of 0.05 V/rpm. The supply DC voltage is 120 V. At a speed of 1200 rpm, the motor draws current of 125 A. Assume the motor current is ripple-free.
  - a. Find the duty ratio of the converter and its on-time.
  - b. Draw waveform of output voltage, output current and supply current.
  - c. Find the developed torque by the armature.
  - d. Find the power taken by the motor.
  - e. Find the power drawn from the supply.

## <u>Answer</u>

1. (a) 60° (b) 33.9 A (c) 24.0 A

2. (a) 27.4A (b) 15.8 A (c) 22.3 A

3. (a) 490 rpm (b) 105 W (c) 980 W

4. (a) 0.66; 2.64 ms (c) 59.7 Nm (d) 9844 W (e) 9844 W