

**Mahidol University, International College & Faculty of Engineering**  
**Department of Computer Engineering**  
**Final Examination**  
**EGCI 234: Digital Circuit Design (T2/2021-22)**

WebEx Q1 Q2

Date: 4 April 2022

Time: 2 Hours

Total Mark: 50 marks

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**Instruction:** Answer all questions and submit to our Google Classroom

**Questions 1 & 2** 25 minutes/ 5 & 9 marks (1000-1025) **MSI & Arithmetic Circuits**

- 5 min break -

**Questions 3** 15 minutes/ 3 & 5 marks (1030-1045) **Flip Flops**

- 5 min break -

**Questions 4** 20 minutes/ 10 marks (1050-1110) **Sequential Circuit Design**

- 5 min break -

**Questions 5** 20 minutes/ 4 & 8 marks (1115-1135) **ADC & DAC**

- 5 min break -

**Questions 6** 10 minutes/ 6 marks (1140-1150) **Digital Circuit Design**

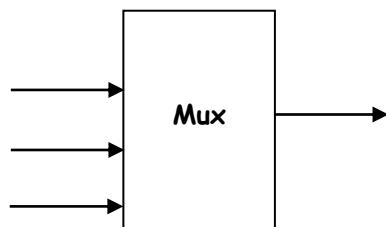
**Explanation**

Examination will start at 1000. Questions 1 & 2 will be released via Google classroom. Students have 25 minutes to answer the question and submit to Google classroom before deadline (ie. 1025). Followed by 5-minute break. Then questions 3 will be released ..

## (14 marks) MSI &amp; Arithmetic Circuits

(5 marks) Q1 Show how to design a 3-bit word 2:1 MUX

$$\begin{aligned} S_0 = 0 &\rightarrow I_0 \\ S_1 = 1 &\rightarrow I_1 \end{aligned}$$



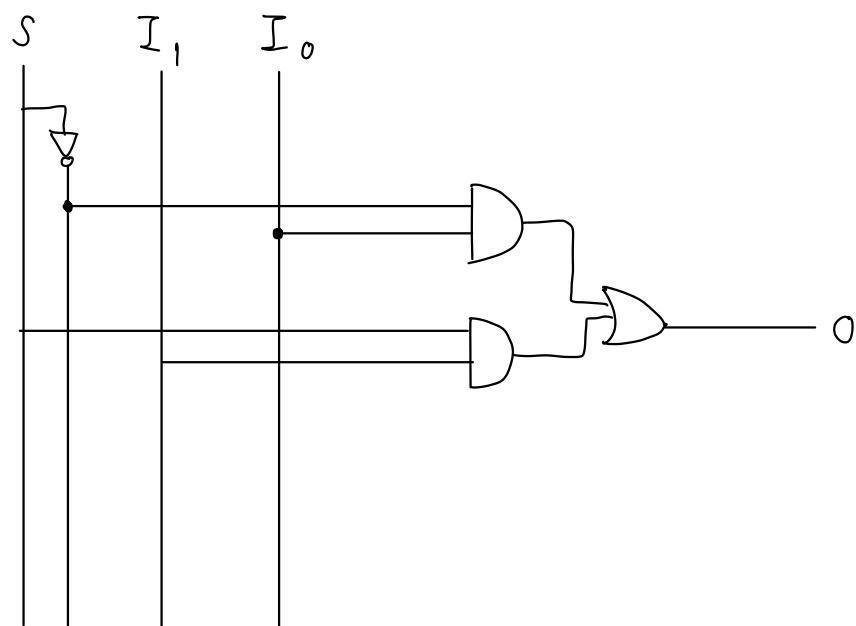
$\therefore$  3-bit word 2 : 1 MUX construct the same as 1-bit word 2 : 1 MUX

S	I <sub>1</sub>	I <sub>0</sub>	O
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

$$O = \bar{S}I_0 + SI_1$$

S	O
0	I <sub>0</sub>
1	I <sub>1</sub>

$$O = \bar{S}I_0 + S I_1$$

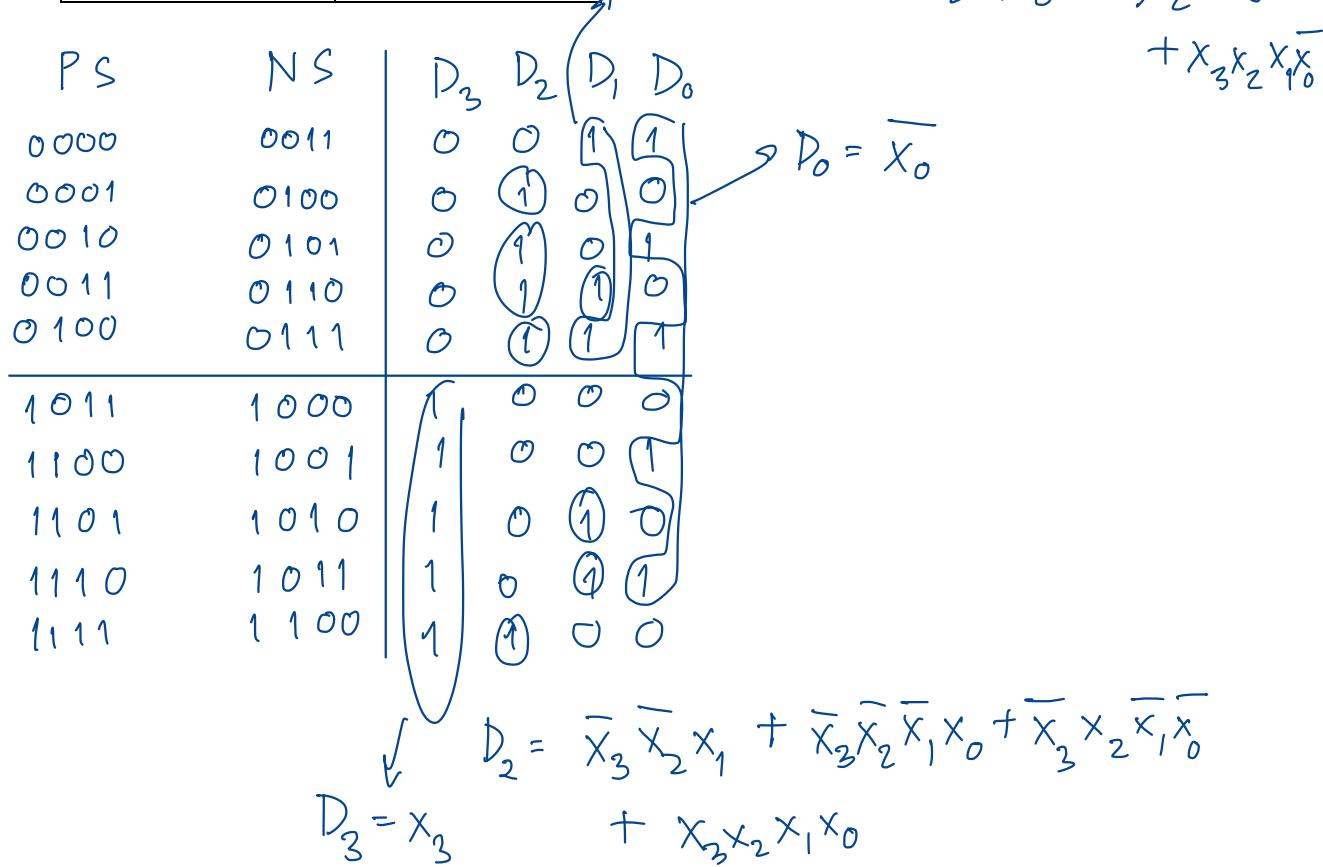


(9 marks) Q2 Show how to design a circuit that accepts  $X_{3210}$  as inputs and produces  $Y_{3210}$  as outputs (see table below).

Inouts ( $X_3X_2X_1X_0$ )	Outputs ( $Y_3Y_2Y_1Y_0$ )
0000	0011
0001	0100
0010	0101
0011	0110
0100	0111
1011	1000
1100	1001
1101	1010
1110	1011
1111	1100

From 0-4 Output = input + 3

From 11-15 Output = input - 3



$$0000 \rightarrow 0011$$

$$0010 \rightarrow 0101$$

$$0100 \rightarrow 0111$$

$$1011 \rightarrow 1000$$

(9 marks) Q2 Show how to design a circuit that accepts  $X_{3210}$  as inputs and produces  $Y_{3210}$  as outputs (see table below).

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0000	0011
0001	0100
0010	0101
0011	0110
0100	0111
1011	1000
1100	1001
1101	1010
1110	1011
1111	1100

$$\text{Input} + ? = \text{output}$$

