

The 1932 Revolution

24 June 1932

- Before 6 a.m., Phraya SongSuradet was the planner to gather Army Cadet (อันเดียนโอสถ) with firearms and tanks at Equestrian statue (เรซซิงอุ้งเสือดำ) for practicing, including navy.
- ~6 a.m., Phraya Phahonphayasuhasena read the first statement of the
- Khnanassadom to control the situation.
- ~7 a.m., the soldiers entered and seized Ananta Samakhom Throne Hall
- Captured members of the royal family

25 June 1932

Rama VII was invited to come back from Huahin to PhranaKorn to become a king under constitution.

26 June 1932

- Rama VII arrived at PhranaKorn
- ~10:45 a.m., Pridi and the gang of 9 people came to meet Rama VII to submit
- the draft of the Constitution Act 1932
- Rama VII refused because the draft Constitution Act was related to
- communist, ordering the gang to fix it and present it again in the next days

27 June 1932

- Rama VII signed the Temporary Constitution Act
- The Constitution began by announcing that "the highest power in the land belongs to all people."

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