## Solution Brief Cross-Industry Architecture

Intel® Cloud Optimization Modules

### intel software

# Intel<sup>®</sup> Cloud Optimization Modules for Microsoft Azure\*: XGBoost\* Kubeflow\* Pipeline

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## Build an accelerated Kubeflow Pipeline with the Intel® Optimization for XGBoost\* on an Azure confidential computing cluster

The Intel® Cloud Optimization Modules for Microsoft Azure\*: XGBoost\* Kubeflow\* Pipeline is designed to facilitate building and deploying accelerated AI applications on Kubeflow\*. Kubeflow is the simple, portable, and scalable Machine Learning toolkit for Kubernetes services. This reference solution provides an optimized training and inference Kubeflow Pipeline using XGBoost to predict the probability of a loan default. The module enables the use of Intel® Optimization for XGBoost\*, Intel® oneAPI Data Analytics Library (oneDAL), and Intel® Extension for Scikit-Learn\* in a full end-to-end reference architecture. It also leverages secure and confidential computing using the Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) virtual machines on an Azure Kubernetes Services (AKS) cluster.

#### Use it as a reference solution for:

- Data preprocessing
- Machine learning for binary classification tasks
- Model inference and performance analytics
- Kubernetes applications and Kubeflow Pipelines
- Confidential computing applications

#### Who needs it?

- Developers aiming to maximize performance and productivity with industry-leading, CPU-accelerated Python libraries for machine learning
- Developers with access to new or existing Azure Kubernetes applications and Kubeflow pipeline code who want to take advantage of secure and confidential computing virtual machines leveraging Intel® Software Guard Extensions

#### What it does

This module demonstrates how to build a scalable, accelerated machine learning pipeline on a secure and confidential computing cluster. The module serves as a guide for the following:

- Configuring Azure cloud resources, including an Azure Resource Group, an Azure Container Registry (ACR), and an Azure Kubernetes Services (AKS) cluster with a confidential computing node pool.
- Installing the Kubeflow software layer on the Azure Kubernetes cluster using a secure Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol.
- Implementing a full, end-to-end machine learning pipeline to predict credit risk using an XGBoost model, from data preprocessing to model inference with Intel oneAPI software optimizations.
- Leveraging the security of confidential computing nodes on an Azure Kubernetes Services cluster using the Intel® Software
  Guard Extensions, powered by 3rd Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable processors and use Intel® Turbo Boost Max Technology
  3.0 to reach 3.5 GHz for AI acceleration.

#### **Cloud Solution Architecture**

This cloud solution utilizes an Azure Kubernetes Services (AKS) cluster, with the central components being the Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX) virtual machines (VMs). Intel Software Guard Extensions VMs allow you to run sensitive workloads and containers within a hardware-based Trusted Execution Environment (TEE). TEEs enable user-level code from containers to allocate

private regions of memory to execute the code with CPU directly. These private memory regions that execute directly with CPU are called enclaves. Enclaves help protect the data confidentiality, data integrity and code integrity from other processes running on the same nodes, as well as Azure operator. An Azure Container Registry is attached to the AKS cluster so that the Kubeflow pipeline can build the containerized Python components. These Azure resources are managed in an Azure Resource Group. The Kubeflow software layer is then installed on the AKS cluster. When the pipeline is run, each pipeline pod will be assigned to an Intel SGX node. Figure 1 shows the architecture.

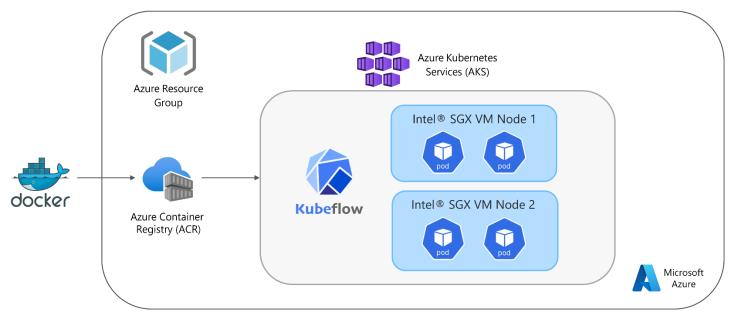


Figure 1: XGBoost Kubeflow Pipeline Architecture Diagram. Image from author.

#### **Solution Component Overview**

This solution is derived from the Loan Default Risk Prediction AI Reference Kit, built by Intel in collaboration with Accenture\*. The code has been enhanced through refactoring to achieve better modularity and suitability for Kubeflow Pipelines. The credit risk data set used in the pipeline is obtained from Kaggle\* and synthetically augmented for testing and benchmarking purposes. Figure 2 shows the full XGBoost daal4py Kubeflow Pipeline.

The XGBoost Daal4py Kubeflow Pipeline consists of the following seven components:

#### 1. Load Data

This component loads the dataset (credit\_risk\_dataset.csv) from the URL specified in the pipeline run parameters and performs synthetic data augmentation. **Download** the Kaggle Credit Risk Dataset.

#### 2. Create training and test sets

This component splits the data into training and test sets of an approximately 75:25 split for model evaluation.

#### 3. Preprocess features

This component transforms the categorical features of the of the training and test sets by using one-hot encoding, in addition to imputing missing values and power-transforming numerical features.

#### 4. Train XGBoost model

This component trains an XGBoost model using the accelerations provided by the Intel Optimizations for XGBoost.

#### 5. Convert XGBoost model to Daal4py

This component converts the XGBoost model to an inference-optimized daal4py classifier.

#### 6. Daal4py Inference

This component computes predictions using the inference-optimized daal4py classifier and evaluates model performance. It returns an output summary of the precision, recall, and F1 score for each class, as well as the area under the curve (AUC) and accuracy score of the model.

#### 7. Plot ROC Curve

This component performs model validation on the test data and generates a graph of the receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve.

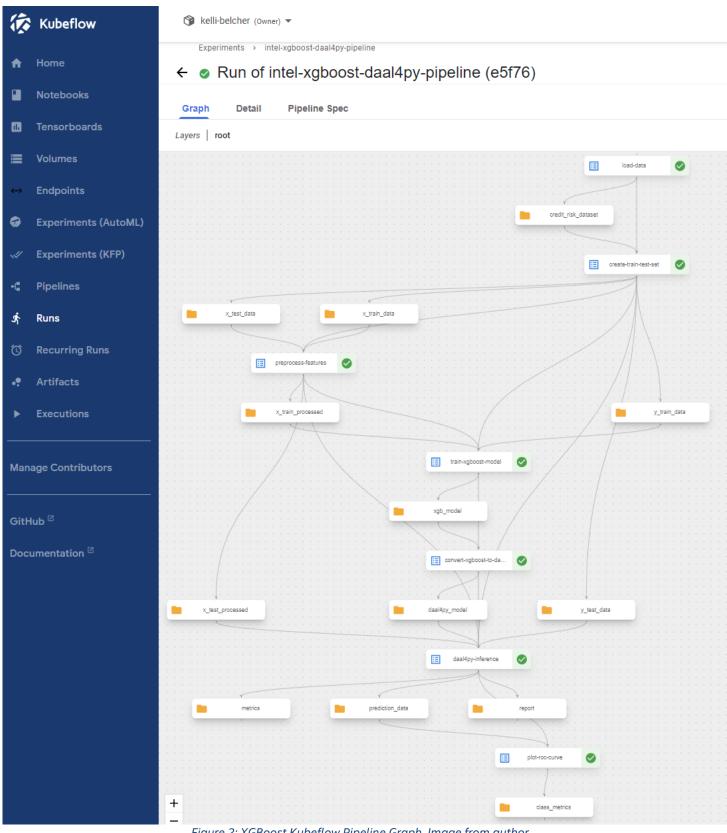


Figure 2: XGBoost Kubeflow Pipeline Graph. Image from author.

#### **Code Highlights**

#### **Enable the Intel Optimizations for XGBoost**

The XGBoost optimizations for training and inference on CPUs are upstreamed into the main XGBoost framework. Ensure you are using the latest version of XGBoost for the most Intel optimizations. The following code is implemented in the train\_xgboost\_model component.

#### Convert the Trained XGBoost Model to Daal4py

**Daal4py** is the Python API of the oneAPI Data Analytics Library, oneDAL. Daal4py helps to further optimize model prediction, or inference, on CPUs. The following code is implemented in the **convert\_xgboost\_to\_daal4py** and the **daal4py\_inference** component.

#### **Enable the Intel Extension for Scikit-Learn**

The Intel Extension for Scikit-Learn\* provides CPU accelerations for many scikit-learn libraries. Below is an example using the scikit-learn extension to accelerate the computation of the ROC curve. The following code is implemented in the plot roc curve component.

```
# Call patch_sklearn() before importing scikit-learn libraries
from sklearnex import patch_sklearn
patch_sklearn()
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve

# Calculate the ROC curve using the CPU-accelerated version
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(
    y_true = prediction_data['y_test'],
    y_score = prediction_data['y_prob'],
    pos_label = 1)
```

#### **Next Steps**

**Download the module from GitHub** >

Register for office hours to get help on your implementation >

Check out the full suite of Intel Cloud Optimization Modules >

Come chat with us on our DevHub Discord server to keep interacting with other developers >



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