



Department of Computer Science and Engineering

.

Course Code : CSE- 4746

Course Title : Numerical Methods Lab

Submitted By:

Name : BIJOY KUMAR DAS JOY

Semester : 7TH

Matric ID : C201016

Section : 7AM

Date of Submission : 8 September 2023.

Submitted To:

Prof. Mohammed Shamsul Alam

Professor

Dept. Of CSE, IIUC

Question 01: The following values of $f(x)$ are given.

$x: 1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5$ $y = f(x): 1\ 8\ 27\ 64\ 125$

Write a program to find difference table for the above values.

Solution:

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std; int
main()

{
    int n;
    int a[20][20], b[20];
    cin>>n;    for(int
i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout << "b [" << i <<
"] = ";        cin >> b[i];
    cout << "a[" << i <<" ] = ";
    cin >> a[i][0];
    }    for(int i = 1; i <
n; i++)
    {
        for(int j = 0; j < n-
i; j++)
        {
            a[j][i] = a[j+1][i-1] -
a[j][i-1];
        }    cout << endl << "FORWARD DIFFERENCE
TABLE" << endl;    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        cout << b[i];
    for(int j = 0; j < n-i ; j++)
    {
```

```

        cout << "\t" << a[i][j];
    }        cout <<
endl;
    }
    return 0;

}

```

Question 2: The following values of $f(x)$ are given.

X: 1 2 3 4 5 y =

f(x): 1 8 27 64 125

Write a program to find the values of y when $x = 1.7$ by using Newton forward interpolation formula.

Code:

```

#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std; float
u_cal(float u, int n)
{
    float temp = u;    for
(int i = 1; i < n; i++)
temp = temp * (u - i);
return temp;
} int fact(int
n)
{
    int f = 1;    for (int i
= 2; i <= n; i++)        f *=
i;    return f;
}
int main()
{

```

```

        float n = 5;        float
x[] = {1,2,3,4,5 };        float
y[5][5];        y[0][0] = 1;
y[1][0] = 8;        y[2][0] =
27;        y[3][0] = 64;
y[4][0] = 125;
        for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {        for (int
j = 0; j < n - i; j++)        y[j][i] = y[j +
1][i - 1] - y[j][i - 1];
        }        for (int i = 0; i < n;
i++) {        cout << setw(4) <<
x[i]
                << "\t";        for (int j
= 0; j < n - i; j++)
                cout << setw(4) << y[i][j] << "\t";
                cout <<
endl;
        }

        float value = 1.7;

        float sum = y[0][0];        float u = (value
- x[0]) / (x[1] - x[0]);        for (int i = 1;
i < n; i++) {

                sum = sum + (u_cal(u, i) * y[0][i]) / fact(i);
        }        cout << "\n Value at " << value <<
" is "
                << sum << endl;
return 0;
}

```

Question 03: The following values of $f(x)$ are given.

x 1 2 3 4 5 $y = f(x)$ 1 8 27 64 125

Write a program to find the values of y when $x = 4.7$ by using Newton backward interpolation formula.

Code:

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

float calculate(float u, int n)
{
    float temp = u;
    for (int i = 2; i < n; i++)
        temp = temp * (u + i);
    return temp;
}

int calculateFactorials(int n)
{
    int f = 1;
    for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++)
        f *= i;
    return f;
}

int main()
{
    int n = 5;
    float x[] = {1,2,3,4,5};
    float y[5][5];
    y[0][0] = 1;
    y[1][0] = 8;
    y[2][0] = 27;
    y[3][0] = 64;
    y[4][0] = 125;
```

```

    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = n-1; j >=i; j--)
            y[j][i] = y[j][i - 1] - y[j-1][i - 1];
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << setw(4) << x[i] << "\t";
        for (int j = 0; j<=i; j++)
            cout << setw(4) << y[i][j] << "\t";
        cout << endl;
    }

    float value = 4.7;
    float sum = y[n - 1][0];
    float u = (value - x[n - 1]) / (x[1] - x[0]);

    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        sum += (calculate(u, i) * y[n - 1][i]) /
calculateFactorials(i);
    }

    cout << "\n Value at " << value << " is " << sum << endl;
    return 0;
}

```