VGG19

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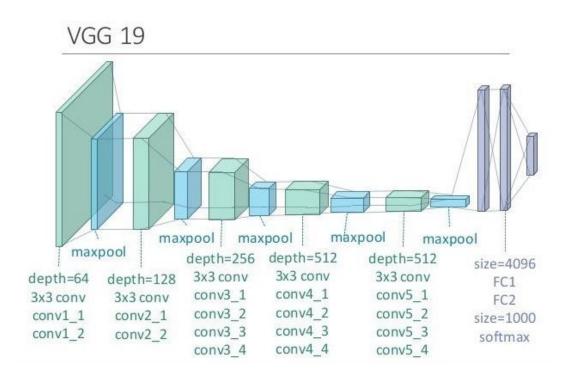
¿Qué es?

- Red Neuronal Convolucional
- 16 capas convolucionales.
- 3 capas totalmente conectas.
- Conv <Tamaño de filtro>-<Número de filtros>

VGG16 - VGG19

or .		ConvNet C	onfiguration	x	
Α	A-LRN	В	C	D	E
11 weight	11 weight	13 weight	16 weight	16 weight	19 weight
layers	layers	layers	layers	layers	layers
Same control	i	nput (224 \times 2	24 RGB image	e)	
conv3-64	conv3-64	conv3-64	conv3-64	conv3-64	conv3-64
	LRN	conv3-64	conv3-64	conv3-64	conv3-64
	30 30		pool		
conv3-128	conv3-128	conv3-128	conv3-128	conv3-128	conv3-128
		conv3-128	conv3-128	conv3-128	conv3-128
+ 1	~~	max	pool		
conv3-256	conv3-256	conv3-256	conv3-256	conv3-256	conv3-256
conv3-256	conv3-256	conv3-256	conv3-256	conv3-256	conv3-256
			conv1-256	conv3-256	conv3-256
					conv3-256
		max	pool		
conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512
conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512
	100		conv1-512	conv3-512	conv3-512
					conv3-512
		max	pool		
conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512
conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512	conv3-512
			conv1-512	conv3-512	conv3-512
			S S S		conv3-512
	·	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	pool		
			4096		
			4096		
	·	100000	1000		
		soft	-max		

Estructura



Modelo

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 224, 224, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 56, 56, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_conv4 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 28, 28, 256)	0

block4_conv1 (Conv2D) block4_conv2 (Conv2D) block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512) (None, 28, 28, 512)	1180160 2359808
	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)		
	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_conv4 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv4 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 25088)	0
fc1 (Dense)	(None, 4096)	102764544
fc2 (Dense)	(None, 4096)	16781312
predictions (Dense)	(None, 1000)	4097000

Programa

```
from keras.preprocessing.image import load img
from keras.preprocessing.image import img to array
from keras.applications.vggl9 import preprocess input
from keras.applications.vggl9 import decode predictions
from keras.applications.vgg19 import VGG19
# load the model
model = VGG19()
# load an image from file
image = load img('mug.jpg', target size=(224, 224))
# convert the image pixels to a numpy array
image = img to array(image)
# reshape data for the model
image = image.reshape((1, image.shape[0], image.shape[1], image.shape[2]))
# prepare the image for the VGG model
image = preprocess input(image)
# predict the probability across all output classes
vhat = model.predict(image)
# convert the probabilities to class labels
label = decode predictions(yhat)
# retrieve the most likely result, e.g. highest probability
label = label[0][0]
# print the classification
print('%s (%.2f%%)' % (label[1], label[2]*100))
```

2019-06-03 15:18:44.732263: I tensorflow/core/platform/profile_utils/cpu_utils.cc:94] CPU Frequency: 2712000000 Hz
2019-06-03 15:18:44.734443: I tensorflow/compiler/xla/service/service.cc:150] XLA service 0x2dfdb90 executing computations on platform Host. D
evices:
2019-06-03 15:18:44.734507: I tensorflow/compiler/xla/service/service.cc:158] StreamExecutor device (0): <undefined>, <undefined>
2019-06-03 15:18:44.997672: W tensorflow/core/framework/allocator.cc:124] Allocation of 411041792 exceeds 10% of system memory.

2019-06-03 15:18:45.899348: W tensorflow/core/framework/allocator.cc:124] Allocation of 411041792 exceeds 10% of system memory. 2019-06-03 15:18:46.311988: W tensorflow/core/framework/allocator.cc:124] Allocation of 411041792 exceeds 10% of system memory.

2019-06-03 15:18:44.703745: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:141] Your CPU supports instructions that this TensorFlow binary wa

Instructions for updating:

coffee mug (89.09%)

s not compiled to use: AVX2 FMA

Colocations handled automatically by placer.

Referencias

[1] Keras. Keras Documentation. [Online]. Available at: https://keras.io/applications/#vqq19 [Accessed 1 June 2019]

[2] Karen Simonyan, Andrew Zisserman. Very Deep Convolutional Networks for Large-Scale Image Recognition. [Online]. Available at: https://arxiv.org/abs/1409.1556 [Accessed 1 June 2019]

[3] How to Use The Pre-Trained VGG Model to Classify Objects in Photographs. [Online]. Available at:

https://machinelearningmastery.com/use-pre-trained-vgg-model-classify-objects-photographs/ [Accessed 1 June 2019]