Assignment-1

(ICSE 10, 2019)

Problem 4(a):

So we get,

The following numbers, K+3, K+2, 3K-7 and 2K-3 are in proportion. Find K.

$$\frac{K+3}{K+2} = \frac{3K-7}{2K-3}$$

Solution:

By cross multiplication,

Given numbers,

$$a_1 = K + 3$$

 $a_2 = K + 2$
 $a_3 = 3K - 7$
 $a_4 = 2K - 3$

$$(K+3)(2K-3) = (3K-7)(K+2)$$
$$2K^{2} + 3K - 9 = 3K^{2} - K - 14$$
$$K^{2} - 4K - 5 = 0$$
$$K^{2} - 5K + K - 5 = 0$$
$$(K-5)(K+1) = 0$$

For the Proportionality of the numbers, they must satisfy,

From above K will either be 5 or -1.

 $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{a_3}{a_4}$

Verification in C-codes, Py-codes and figs.