컴퓨터그래픽스

김준호

Visual Computing Lab.

국민대학교 소프트웨어학부

Image Formation

Elements of Image Formation

- Viewer (or camera)
 - Your eyes or camera
- Objects
 - Real objects
- Light source(s)
 - Sun, lamp, etc.
- Attributes
 - They govern how light interacts
 with the materials in the scene

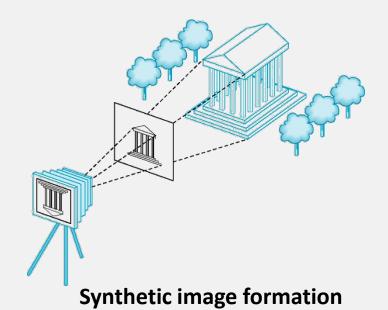


Brian Skerry photographing Argo and DeepSee© photo by AviKlapfer

Elements of Image Formation

- Viewer (or camera)
 - Synthetic camera
- Objects
 - Synthetic objects
- Light source(s)
 - Synthetic lights
- Attributes
 - Material, surface normal for reflection model (i.e., light-material interaction)





Real v.s. Computer Graphics

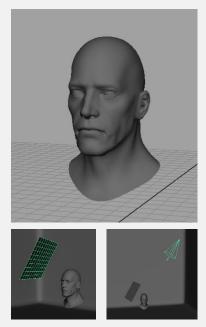
- Realism can be accomplished, if we have enough time
 - E.g) Diego Fazio, a photorealism pencil drawing artist
 - http://www.buzzpatrol.com/diego-fazio/





Real v.s. Computer Graphics

- Realism can be accomplished, if we have enough time
 - In Computer Graphics, off-line rendering takes XX mins ~ XX days.
 - But, we should discard photo-realism for real-time rendering, in general





http://www.mikefudge.com/tutorials/RenderingSculpture.htm

Real v.s. Computer Graphics

- Realism can be accomplished, if we have enough time
 - In Computer Graphics, off-line rendering takes XX mins ~ XX days.
 - But, we should discard photo-realism for real-time rendering, in general



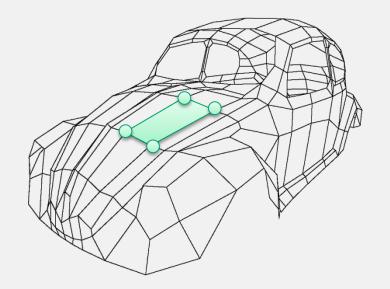
Elements of Image Formation – Objects

Real

Modeling by physical materials



- Modeling by polygons
 - Polygon is specified by a set of vertices

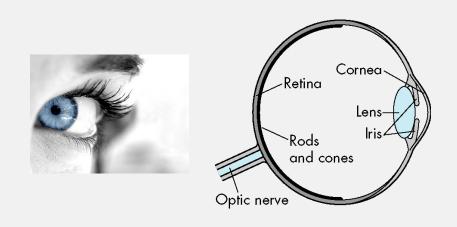


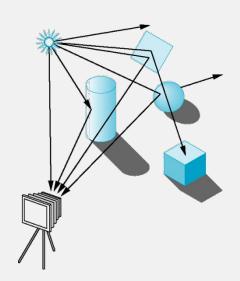
Elements of Image Formation – Viewer

Real

- Passive rendering with visual system
- Perspective

- Active/passive rendering from visual system *algorithms*
- Perspective or Orthographic





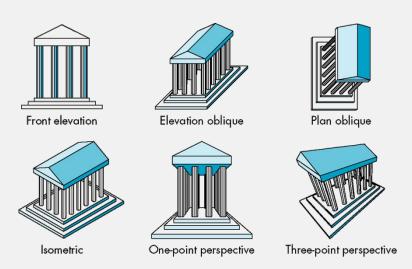
Elements of Image Formation – Viewer

Real

- Passive rendering with visual system
- Perspective



- Active/passive rendering from visual system algorithms
- Perspective or Orthographic



Elements of Image Formation – Lights

Real

Various types of lights



- Simple types of lights
 - Point light
 - Directional light
 - Spot light



Elements of Image Formation – Attributes

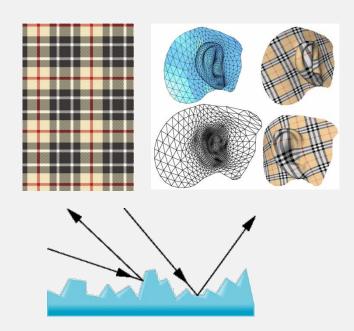
Real

 Physical material, surface normal, textures, etc.



Computer Graphics

 Synthetic material, surface normal, textures, etc.

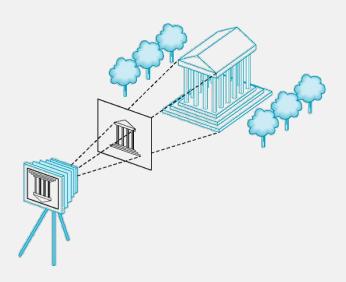


OpenGL Rendering Pipeline

API Contents for Interactive Computer Graphics

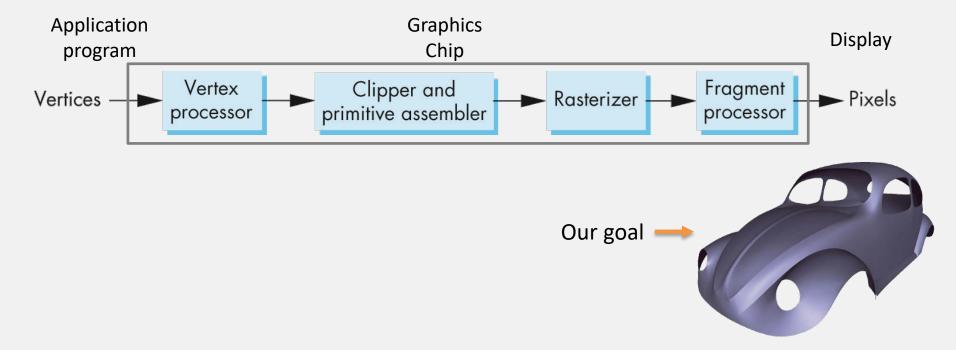
- OpenGL, OpenGL ES, DirectX, etc.
 - H/W-accelerated emulation for image formations
- Functions that specify what we need to form an image
 - Objects
 - glVertexAttribPointer(...)
 - Viewer (or camera)
 - glOrtho(...), glFrustum(...), glViewport(...)
 - Lights
 - glLight(...)
 - Attributes
 - glMaterial(...), glNormalPointer(...), glTexImage2D(...)
- Other information
 - Input from devices such as mouse/touch
 - Capabilities of system



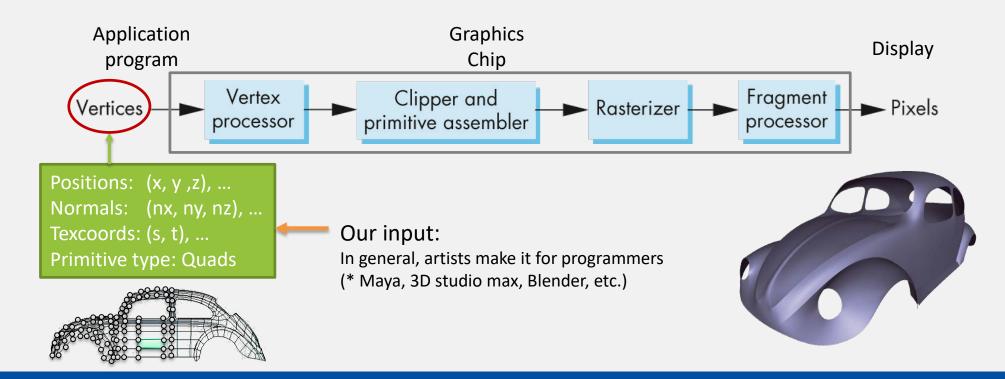


Synthetic image formation in Computer Graphics

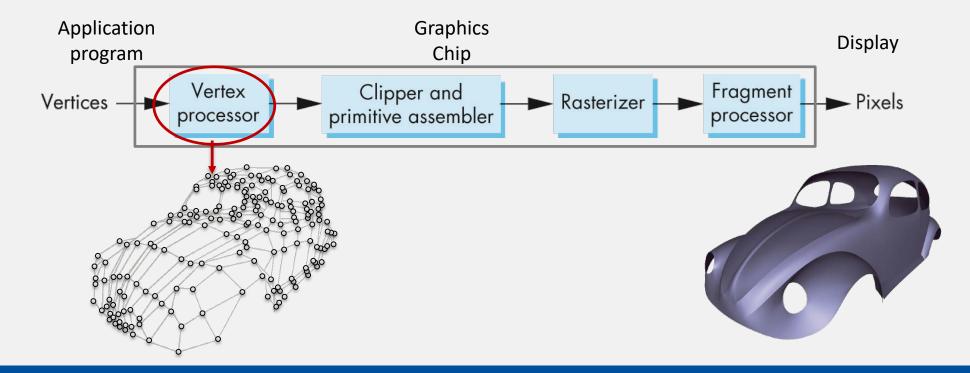
- Pipeline architecture
 - This is everything for interactive computer graphics!
 - First, we focus on the fixed rendering pipeline
 - Mechanism: a state machine
 - All information for image formations should be specified



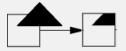
- Input of rendering pipeline
 - A set of vertices: vertex positions/normals/texcoords...
 - Primitive type: triangles, quads, lines, etc...

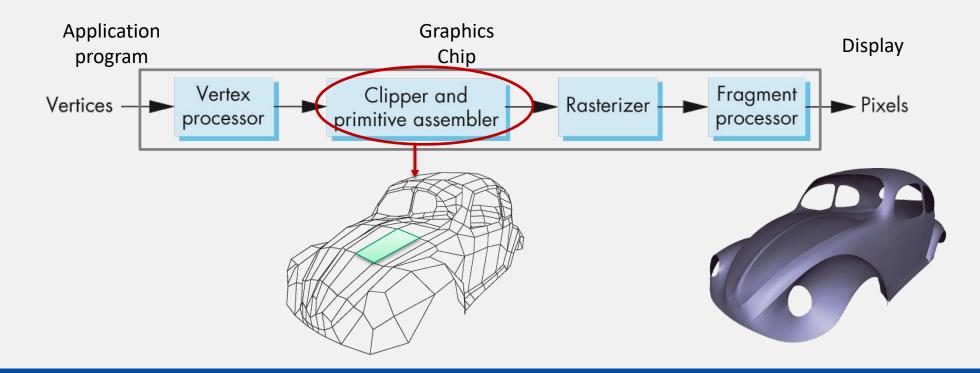


- Vertex processor
 - Converting object representations from one coordinate system to another
 - Object coordinates → Camera coordinates → Screen coordinates

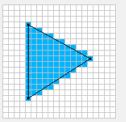


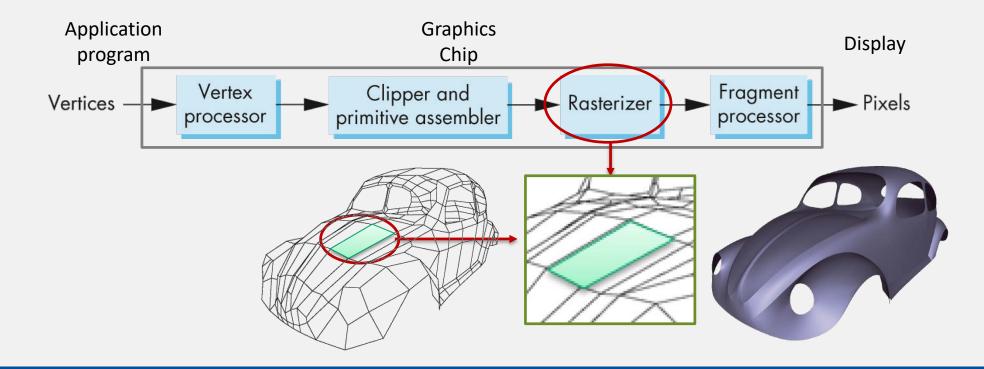
- Clipper and primitive assembler
 - Primitive assembly: a set of vertices \rightarrow a set of primitives (e.g., quads)
 - Clipping primitives, when some portions are out of the screen



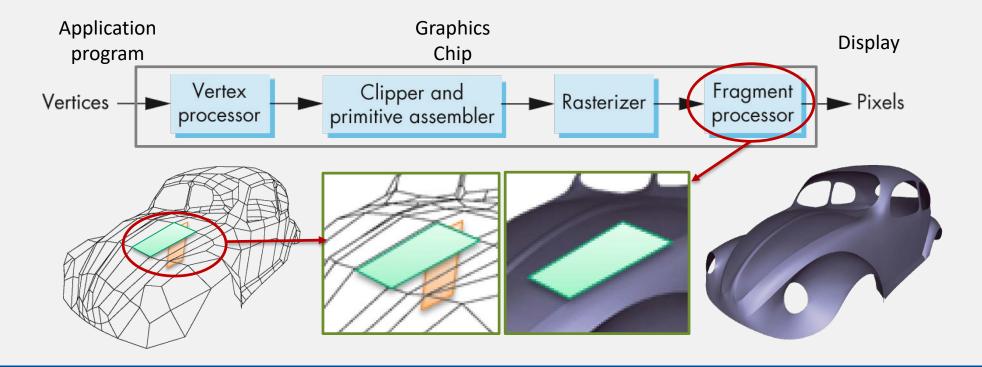


- Rasterization
 - Rasterizer produces a set of fragments for each primitive
 - Fragments: "potential pixels"
 - Vertex attributes are interpolated over primitives





- Fragment processing
 - Fragments are processed to determine the color of the corresponding pixel in the frame buffer
 - Colors can be determined by texture mapping or interpolation of vertex colors
 - Fragments may be blocked by other fragments closer to the camera
 - Hidden-surface removal with z-buffer algorithm



Programmable Rendering Pipeline

• What is the programmable rendering pipeline?

Fixed rendering pipeline

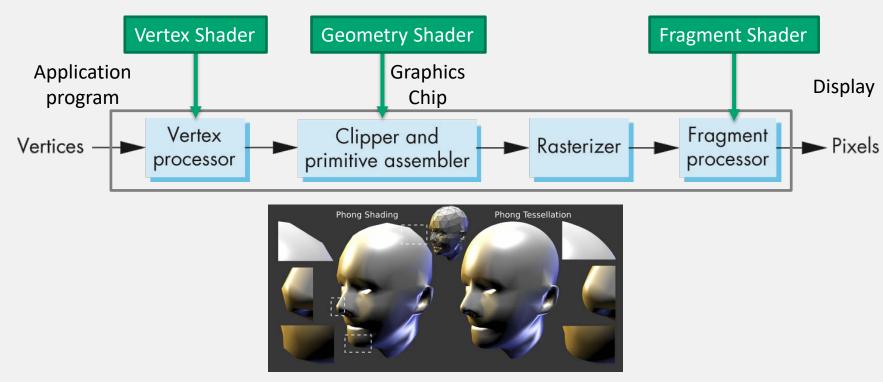
Programmable rendering pipeline





Programmable Rendering Pipeline

- Function units in rendering pipeline can be programmed with shader language
 - We can programming the functionality of rendering pipeline units



[Boubekeur and Alexa, Siggraph Asia 2008]