

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, CHENNAI-119

ST. JOSEPH'S INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, CHENNAI-119

SUB NAME & CODE: TRANSFORMS & PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS - MA 6351

ASSIGNMENT – III

UNIT – IV FOURIER TRANSFORM

PART - A

- 1 State Fourier integral theorem
- 2 Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1; & \text{for } |x| < 2 \\ 0; & \text{for } |x| > 2 \end{cases}$
- 3 Define Self-reciprocal under Fourier transform. Give an example.
- 4 Write the Fourier sine transform pair and Fourier Cosine transform pair.
- 5 If $F_c(f(x)) = F_c(s)$ and $F_s(f(x)) = F_s(s)$, prove that $F_c(f(x) \sin ax) = \frac{1}{2} [F_s(s+a) + F_s(a-s)]$
- 6 State and prove the change of scale property of Fourier Transform.
- 7 If $F(s)$ is the Fourier transform of $f(x)$, then show that $F\{f(x-a)\} = e^{ias} F(s)$
- 8 State Parseval's identity theorem in Fourier Transform.

PART - B

- 1 Show that the Fourier transforms of $f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 - x^2; & |x| < a \\ 0; & |x| > a > 0 \end{cases}$ is $2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[\frac{\sin as - as \cos as}{s^3} \right]$. Hence deduce that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3} dt = \frac{\pi}{4}$. Using Parseval's Identity, show that $\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3} \right)^2 dt = \frac{\pi}{15}$.
- 2 a. Show that $e^{-\left(x^2/2\right)}$ is a self-reciprocal under Fourier cosine Transform.
b. Express $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ as Fourier integral, hence evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin s \cos sx}{s} ds$. Also find the value of $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin s}{s} ds$
- 3 a. Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)(x^2 + b^2)}$ using Fourier Transforms ; $a > 0, b > 0$.
b. Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ where $a > 0$.
- 4 a. Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} a - |x|, & |x| < a \\ 0, & |x| > a > 0 \end{cases}$ and hence evaluate $\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{\sin t}{t} \right)^2 dt$
b. Find the Fourier transform of $e^{-a/|x|}$, $a > 0$. Deduce that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos xt}{a^2 + t^2} = \frac{\pi}{2a} e^{-a/|x|}$