

$$\text{Diagram 1} = \text{Diagram 2} - \text{Diagram 3}$$

The diagram shows an equality between three Feynman diagrams.
 The first diagram on the left is a circle with a thick black outline and a light gray fill, containing the symbol \mathcal{E} . It has two external black dots on its left and right sides.
 The second diagram in the middle is a square with a thick black outline and a light gray fill, containing a central black dot.
 The third diagram on the right is a wavy line connected to an oval with a thick black outline and a light gray fill, containing the symbol P . The wavy line has a black dot at its left end, and the oval has two black dots on its left and right sides.
 The diagrams are separated by an equals sign and a minus sign, indicating a subtraction.