46.验证规则大全

学习要点:

- 1.验证规则
- 2. 其它用法

本节课我们来开始学习验证规则,挑出常用典型的理解一遍,其它自参。

一. 验证规则

- 1. 验证规则,提供了大量实用封装好的规则,我们只需要进行调用即可;
- 2. 基础课程中,我们使用了 required、min 和 max 这三种比较简单的;
- 3. 下面,我们挑出比较典型常用的,演示一遍,具体大全网址如下: https://learnku.com/docs/laravel/7.x/validation/7467#available-validation-rules

可用验证规则		
以下是所有可用验证规则及其功能	的列表:	
Accepted	E-Mail	Not Regex
Active URL	Ends With	Nullable
After (Date)	Exclude If	Numeric
After Or Equal (Date)	Exclude Unless	Password
Alpha	Exists (Database)	Present
Alpha Dash	File	Regular Expression
Alpha Numeric	Filled	Required
Array	Greater Than	Required If
Bail	Greater Than Or Equal	Required Unless
Before (Date)	Image (File)	Required With
Before Or Equal (Date)	In	Required With All
Between	In Array	Required Without
Boolean	Integer	Required Without All
Confirmed	IP Address	Same
Date	JSON	Size
Date Equals	Less Than	Sometimes
Date Format	Less Than Or Equal	Starts With
Different	Max	String
Digits	MIME Types	Timezone
Digits Between	MIME Type By File Extension	Unique (Database)
Dimensions (Image Files)	Min	URL
Distinct	Not In	UUID

PS:约66个;

- (1) .alpha_dash: 字段必须由字母、数字破折号(-)和下划线(_)构成; 'username' => 'required|alpha_dash',
- (2) .between: 字段长度必须在指定的区间之间;
 'username' => 'required|between:2,6',

【十天精品课堂系列】 主讲:李炎恢

二. 其它用法

'username'

1. 验证方法还提供了Rule类提供更加流程的验证构造,比如 in、not in:

=> 'required|json',

2. Rule 类还可以结合 where 来限制验证范围等操作;

```
//验证是否重复
'username' => Rule::unique('users'),

'username' => Rule::unique('users')->where(function ($query) {
    $query->where('id', 20);
}),
```