## ICS Homework 12

May 18, 2022

### 1 Organization

### 1.1 Dynamic Memory Allocation

The figure simulates the initial status of memory at a certain time. Allocated blocks are shared, and free blocks are blank (each block represents 4 bytes). The allocator maintains double-word alignment. Given the execution sequence of memory allocation operations (malloc() or free()) from 1 to 4.



- 1: P3 = malloc(4);
- 2: P4 = malloc(10);
- 3: free(P1);
- 4: P5 = malloc(16);

Assume **first-fit** algorithm is used to find free blocks and coalesce immediately. Please draw the status of memory and mark with variables after the **2nd** and **4th** operation is executed.

# 2 System Software

#### 2.1

Using the progress graph in Figure 12-21 of file "badcnt.c", draw the following trajectories out and point out the value of cnt after the execution (assume the value of cnt is 0 initially for each trajectory).

- 1. H1,L1,H2,L2,U2,U1,S2,T2,S1,T1
- 2. H2,L2,U2,H1,S2,L1,T2,U1,S1,T1
- 3. H1,L1,U1,H2,L2,S1,U2,S2,T1,T2
- 4. H1,H2,L1,U1,S1,L2,U2,T1,S2,T2

```
#include "csapp.h"
2
   #define N 4
3
4
   void *thread(void *vargp) {
5
        int myid = *((int)vargp);
             printf("in thread \sqrt[n]{d}n", myid);
6
7
             return NULL;
8
   }
9
10
   int main() {
11
        pthread_t tid[N];
12
             int *ptr;
13
             for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
14
             ptr = malloc(sizeof(int));
15
16
             *ptr = i;
             // create a thread running
// with argument ptr
17
18
             // your code here
19
20
21
             free(ptr);
22
23
        // Join all threads
24
        // Your code here
25
   }
```

- 1. Complete the previous code according to the comment.
- 2. Is there any race condition in the previous code? Why or why not?