Table 3—Measures of Access to Care Just before 65 and Estimated Discontinuities at 65

	Age 63–64 (1)	RD at 65 (2)	Age 63–64 (3)	RD at 65 (4)	Age 63-64 (5)	RD at 65 (6)	Age 63-64 (7)	RD at 65 (8)
Overall sample	7.2	-1.8 (0.4)	4.9	-1.3 (0.3)	84.8	1.3 (0.7)	11.8	1.2 (0.4)
Classified by ethnicity and ed	lucation:							
White non-Hispanic:								
High school dropout	11.6	-1.5 (1.1)	7.9	-0.2 (1.0)	81.7	3.1 (1.3)	14.4	1.6 (1.3)
High school graduate	7.1	0.3 (2.8)	5.5	-1.3 (2.8)	85.1	-0.4 (1.5)	12.0	(0.7)
At least some college	6.0	-1.5 (0.4)	3.7	-1.4 (0.3)	87.6	0.0 (1.3)	9.8	(0.7)
Minority:		` /		,		` /		` /
High school dropout	13.6	-5.3 (1.0)	11.7	-4.2 (0.9)	80.2	5.0 (2.2)	14.5	0.0 (1.4)
High school graduate	4.3	-3.8 (3.2)	1.2	(3.7)	84.8	1.9 (2.7)	11.4	1.8
At least some college	5.4	-0.6 (1.1)	4.8	-0.2 (0.8)	85.0	3.7 (3.9)	9.5	0.7 (2.0)
Classified by ethnicity only:								
White non-Hispanic	6.9	-1.6 (0.4)	4.4	-1.2 (0.3)	85.3	0.6 (0.8)	11.6	1.3 (0.5)
Black non-Hispanic (all)	7.3	-1.9	6.4	$-0.3^{'}$	84.2	3.6	14.4	0.5

Did not get care last year

1992-2003 NHIS

Hospital stay last year

Saw doctor last year

1997-2003 NHIS

Delayed care last year

(1.1)(1.9)(1.1)(1.1)Hispanic (all) 11.1 -4.99.3 -3.879.4 8.2 11.8 1.0 (0.8)(0.7)(0.8)(1.6)Note: Entries in odd numbered columns are mean of variable in column heading among people ages 63-64. Entries in even numbered columns are estimated regression discontinuties at age 65, from models that include linear control for age interacted with dummy for age 65 or older (columns 2 and 4) or quadratic control for age, interacted with dummy for age 65 and older (columns 6 and 8). Other controls in models include indicators for gender, race/ethnicity, education, region, and sample year. Sample in columns 1-4 is pooled 1997-2003 NHIS. Sample in columns 5-8 is pooled 1992–2003 NHIS. Samples for regression models include people ages 55–75 only. Standard errors (in parentheses) are clustered by quarter of age.