The Open Master Hearing Aid (openMHA)

4.5.1

Plugin Developers' Manual



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1 Overview 1

1 Overview

The HörTech Open Master Hearing Aid (openMHA), is a development and evaluation software platform that is able to execute hearing aid signal processing in real-time on standard computing hardware with a low delay between sound input and output.

1.1 Structure

The openMHA can be split into four major components:

- The openMHA command line application (MHA) (p. 33)
- Signal processing plugins (p. 6)
- Audio input-output (IO) plugins (see io_file_t (p. 100), MHAIOJack (p. 71), io_parser_t (p. 102), io tcp parser t (p. 105))
- The openMHA toolbox library (p. 34)

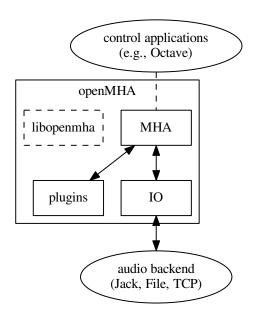


Figure 1 openMHA structure

The openMHA command line application (MHA) (p. 33) acts as a plugin host. It can load signal processing plugins as well as audio input-output (IO) plugins. Additionally, it provides the command line configuration interface and a TCP/IP based configuration interface. Several IO plugins exist: For real-time signal processing, commonly the openMHA MHAIOJack (p. 71) plugin (see plugins' manual) is used, which provides an interface to the Jack Audio Connection Kit (JACK). Other IO plugins provide audio file access or TCP/IP-based processing.

openMHA plugins (p. 6) provide the audio signal processing capabilities and audio signal handling. Typically, one openMHA plugin implements one specific algorithm. The complete virtual hearing aid signal processing can be achieved by a combination of several openMHA plugins.

1.2 Platform Services and Conventions

The openMHA platform offers some services and conventions to algorithms implemented in plugins, that make it especially well suited to develop hearing aid algorithms, while still supporting general-purpose signal processing.

1.2.1 Audio Signal Domains

As in most other plugin hosts, the audio signal in the openMHA is processed in audio chunks. However, plugins are not restricted to propagate audio signal as blocks of audio samples in the time domain another option is to propagate the audio signal in the short time Fourier transform (STFT) domain, i.e. as spectra of blocks of audio signal, so that not every plugin has to perform its own STFT analysis and synthesis. Since STFT analysis and re-synthesis of acceptable audio quality always introduces an algorithmic delay, sharing STFT data is a necessity for a hearing aid signal processing platform, because the overall delay of the complete processing has to be as short as possible.

Similar to some other platforms, the openMHA allows also arbitrary data to be exchanged between plugins through a mechanism called **algorithm communication variables** (p. 27) or short "AC vars". This mechanism is commonly used to share data such as filter coefficients or filter states.

1.2.2 Real-Time Safe Complex Configuration Changes

Hearing aid algorithms in the openMHA can export configuration settings that may be changed by the user at run time.

To ensure real-time safe signal processing, the audio processing will normally be done in a signal processing thread with real-time priority, while user interaction with configuration parameters would be performed in a configuration thread with normal priority, so that the audio processing does not get interrupted by configuration tasks. Two types of problems may occur when the user is changing parameters in such a setup:

- The change of a simple parameter exposed to the user may cause an involved recalculation of internal runtime parameters that the algorithm actually uses in processing. The duration required to perform this recalculation may be a significant portion of (or take even longer than) the time available to process one block of audio signal. In hearing aid usage, it is not acceptable to halt audio processing for the duration that the recalculation may require.
- If the user needs to change multiple parameters to reach a desired configuration state
 of an algorithm from the original configuration state, then it may not be acceptable that
 processing is performed while some of the parameters have already been changed while
 others still retain their original values. It is also not acceptable to interrupt signal processing until all pending configuration changes have been performed.

The openMHA provides a mechanism in its toolbox library to enable real-time safe configuration changes in openMHA plugins:

Basically, existing runtime configurations are used in the processing thread until the work of creating an updated runtime configuration has been completed in the configuration thread.

In hearing aids, it is more acceptable to continue to use an outdated configuration for a few more milliseconds than blocking all processing.

The openMHA toolbox library provides an easy-to-use mechanism to integrate real-time safe runtime configuration updates into every plugin.

1.2.3 Plugins can Themselves Host Other Plugins

An openMHA plugin can itself act as a plugin host. This allows to combine analysis and resynthesis methods in a single plugin. We call plugins that can themselves load other plugins "bridge plugins" in the openMHA.

When such a bridge plugin is then called by the openMHA to process one block of signal, it will first perform its analysis, then invoke (as a function call) the signal processing in the loaded plugin to process the block of signal in the analysis domain, wait to receive a processed block of signal in the analysis domain back from the loaded plugin when the signal processing function call to that plugin returns, then perform the re-synthesis transform, and finally return the block of processed signal in the original domain back to the caller of the bridge plugin.

1.2.4 Central Calibration

The purpose of hearing aid signal processing is to enhance the sound for hearing impaired listeners. Hearing impairment generally means that people suffering from it have increased hearing thresholds, i.e. soft sounds that are audible for normal hearing listeners may be imperceptible for hearing impaired listeners. To provide accurate signal enhancement for hearing impaired people, hearing aid signal processing algorithms have to be able to determine the absolute physical sound pressure level corresponding to a digital signal given to any openM← HA plugin for processing. Inside the openMHA, we achieve this with the following convention: The single-precision floating point time-domain sound signal samples, that are processed inside the openMHA plugins in blocks of short durations, have the physical pressure unit Pascal ($1Pa = 1N/m^2$). With this convention in place, all plugins can determine the absolute physical sound pressure level from the sound samples that they process. A derived convention is employed in the spectral domain for STFT signals. Due to the dependency of the calibration on the hardware used, it is the responsibility of the user of the openMHA to perform calibration measurements and adapt the openMHA settings to make sure that this calibration convention is met. We provide the plugin transducers which can be configured to perform the necessary signal adjustments.

2 Module Documentation

2.1 Concept of Variables and Data Exchange in the openMHA

Accessibility of configuration variables and data exchange between plugins (processing blocks) are an important issue in the openMHA.

In general, variable types in the openMHA are distinguished by their different access methods. The variable types in the openMHA are:

- Configuration variables: Read and write accesses are possible through the openM← HA configuration language interface. Configuration variables are implemented as C++ classes with a public data member of the underlying C type. Configuration variables can be read and modified from "outside" using the configuration language. The plugin which provides the configuration variable can use the exposed data member directly. All accesses through the openMHA configuration language are checked for data type, valid range, and access restrictions.
- **Monitor variables**: Read access is possible through the openMHA configuration language. Write access is only possible from the C++ code. Internally, monitor variables have a similar C++ class interface as configuration variables.
- AC variables (algorithm communication variables (p. 27)): Any C or C++ data structure can be shared within an openMHA chain. Access management and name space is realised in openMHA chain plugin ('mhachain'). AC variables are not available to the openMHA configuration language interface, although a read-only converter plugin acmon is available.
- Runtime configuration: Algorithms usually derive more parameters (runtime configuration) from the openMHA configuration language variables. When a configuration variable changes through configuration language write access, then the runtime configuration has to be recomputed. Plugin developers are encouraged to encapsulate the runtime configuration in a C++ class, which recomputes the runtime configuration from configuration variables in the constructor. The openMHA supports lock-free and thread-safe replacement of the runtime configuration instance (see example5.cpp (p. 20) and references therein).

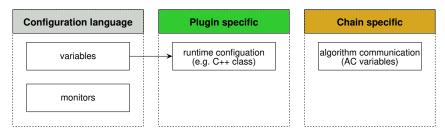


Figure 2 Variable types in the openMHA

The C++ data types are shown in the figure below. These variables can be accessed via the openMHA host application using the openMHA configuration language. For more details see 'Application engineers' manual'.

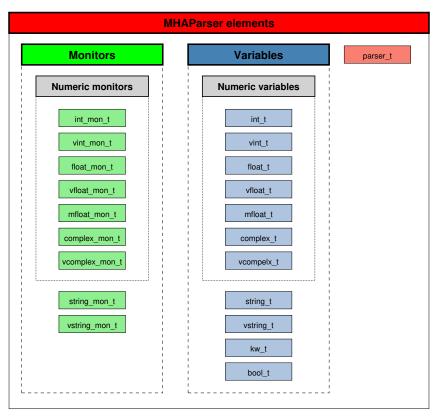


Figure 3 MHAParser elements

2.2 The openMHA Plugins (programming interface)

An openMHA plugin is the signal processing unit, usually an algorithm.

Classes

class MHAPlugin::plugin_t < runtime_cfg_t >
 The template class for C++ openMHA plugins.

Macros

- #define **MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS_PREFIX**(prefix, classname, indom, outdom)

 C++ wrapper macro for the plugin interface.
- #define MHAPLUGIN_DOCUMENTATION_PREFIX(prefix, cat, doc)

 Wrapper macro for the plugin documentation interface.
- #define MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS(plugname, classname, indom, outdom) MHAPLU
 GIN_CALLBACKS_PREFIX(MHA_STATIC_## plugname ## _,classname,indom,outdom)
 C++ wrapper macro for the plugin interface.
- #define MHAPLUGIN_DOCUMENTATION(plugname, cat, doc) MHAPLUGIN_DOCU
 MENTATION_PREFIX(MHA_STATIC_ ## plugname ## _,cat,doc)

Wrapper macro for the plugin documentation interface.

2.2.1 Detailed Description

openMHA plugins can be combined into processing chains. One of the configured chains can be selected for output which allows direct comparison of single algorithms or complex signal processing configurations. Algorithms within one chain can communicate with each other by sharing some of their variables, see section **Communication between algorithms** (p. 27).

The openMHA plugins can use the openMHA configuration language for their configuration. If they do so, the configuration can be changed through the framework even at run time. A description of this language can be found in section **The openMHA configuration language** (p. 33). If the algorithms should make use of the openMHA configuration language, they need to be written in C++ rather than pure C.

In the openMHA package a set of example plugins is included. These examples are the base of a step by step tutorial on how to write an openMHA plugin. See section **Writing openMHA Plugins. A step-by-step tutorial** (p. 10) for detailes.

openMHA plugins communicate with the openMHA using a simple ANSI-C interface. This way it is easy to mix plugins compiled with different C++ compilers. For convenience, we provide C++ classes which can be connected to the C++ interface. We strongly recommend the usage of these C++ wrappers. They include out-of-the box support exporting variables to the configuration interface and for thread safe configuration update.

The openMHA C++ plugin interface consists of a few number of method prototypes:

The output domain (spectrum or waveform) of an openMHA plugin will typically be the same as the input domain:

- mha_wave_t (p. 154) * process(mha_wave_t (p. 154) *): pure waveform processing
- mha_spec_t (p. 141) * process(mha_spec_t (p. 141) *): pure spectral processing

But it is also possible to implement domain transformations (from the time domain into spectrum or vice versa). The corresponding method signatures are:

- mha_spec_t (p. 141) * process(mha_wave_t (p. 154) *): Domain transformation from waveform to spectrum
- mha_wave_t (p. 154) * process(mha_spec_t (p. 141) *): Domain transformation from spectrum to waveform

For preparation and release of a plugin, the methods

- void prepare(mhaconfig_t (p. 155) &) and
- void release(void)

have to be implemented. The openMHA will call the process() method only ater the prepare method has returned and before release() is invoked. It is guarantteed by the open \leftarrow MHA framework that signal processing is performed only between calls of prepare() and release(). Each call of prepare() is followed by a call of release() (after some optional signal processing).

For configuration purposes, the plugin class has to export a method called <code>parse()</code> which implements the openMHA configuration language. We strongly recommend that you do not implement this method yourself, but by inheriting from the class <code>MHAParser::parser_t</code> (p. 220) from the openMHA toolbox, directly or indirectly (inheriting from a class that itself inherits from <code>MHAParser::parser_t</code> (p. 220)).

2.2.2 Connecting the C++ class with the C Interface

A C++ class which provides the appropriate methods can be used as an openMHA Plugin by connecting it to the C interface using the **MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS** (p. 9) macro.

The openMHA Toolbox library provides a base class **MHAPlugin::plugin_t** (p. 238)<T> (a template class) which can be used as the base class for a plugin class. This base class implements some necessary features for openMHA plugin developers like integration into the openMHA configuration language environment (it inherits from **MHAParser::parser_t** (p. 220)) and thread-safe runtime configuration update.

2.2.3 Error reporting

When your plugin detects a situation that it cannot handle, like input signal of the wrong signal domain at preparation time, unsupported number of input channels at preparation time, unsupported combinations of values in the plugin's variables during configuration, it should throw a C++ exception. The exception should be of type MHAError. Exceptions of this type are caught by the **MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS** (p. 9) macro for further error Reporting.

Throwing exceptions in response to unsupported configuration changes does not stop the signal processing. The openMHA configuration language parser will restore the previous value of that variable and report an error to the configurator, while the signal processing continues. Throwing exceptions from the signal processing thread will terminate the signal processing. Therefore, you should generally avoid throwing exceptions from the process method. Only do this if you detected a defect in your plugin, and then you should include enough information in the error message to be able to fix the defect.

- 2.2.4 Contents of the openMHA Plugin programming interface
- 2.2.5 Macro Definition Documentation
- 2.2.5.1 #define MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS_PREFIX(prefix, classname, indom, outdom)

Parameters

classname	The name of the plugin class
indom	Input domain (wave or spec)
outdom	Output domain (wave or spec)

This macro defines all required openMHA Plugin interface functions and passes calls of these functions to the corresponding member functions of the class `classname'. The parameters `indom' and `outdom' specify the input and output domain of the processing method. The MHAInit() and MHADestroy() functions will create or destroy an instance of the class. The approriate member functions have to be defined in the class. It is suggested to make usage of the MHAPlugin::plugin_t (p. 238) template class. Exceptions of type MHA_Error (p. 132) are caught and transformed into apropriate error codes with their corresponding error messages.

2.2.5.2 #define MHAPLUGIN_DOCUMENTATION_PREFIX(prefix, cat, doc)

Parameters

cat	Space separated list of categories to which belong the plugin (as const char*)	
doc	Documentation of the plugin (as const char*)	

This macro defines the openMHA Plugin interface function for the documentation. The categories can be any space seperated list of category names. An empty string will categorize the

plugin in the category 'other'.

The documentation should contain a description of the plugin including a description of the underlying models, and a paragraph containing hints for usage. The text should be LaTeX compatible (e.g., avoid or quote underscores in the text part); equations should be formatted as LaTeX.

2.2.5.3 #define MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS(plugname, classname, indom, outdom) MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS_PREFIX(MHA_STATIC_ ## plugname ## ,classname,indom,outdom)

Parameters

plugname	The file name of the plugin without the .so or .dll extension
classname	The name of the plugin class
indom Input domain (wave or spec)	
outdom	Output domain (wave or spec)

This macro defines all required openMHA Plugin interface functions and passes calls of these functions to the corresponding member functions of the class 'classname'. The parameters 'indom' and 'outdom' specify the input and output domain of the processing method. The MHA← Init() and MHADestroy() functions will create or destroy an instance of the class. The approriate member functions have to be defined in the class. It is suggested to make usage of the MH← APlugin::plugin_t (p. 238) template class. Exceptions of type MHA_Error (p. 132) are caught and transformed into apropriate error codes with their corresponding error messages.

2.2.5.4 #define MHAPLUGIN_DOCUMENTATION(plugname, cat, doc) MHA←
PLUGIN_DOCUMENTATION_PREFIX(MHA_STATIC_ ## plugname ##
_,cat,doc)

Parameters

plugin	The file name of the plugin without the .so or .dll extension	
cat	Space separated list of categories to which belong the plugin (as const char*)	
doc	doc Documentation of the plugin (as const char*)	

This macro defines the openMHA Plugin interface function for the documentation. The categories can be any space seperated list of category names. An empty string will categorize the plugin in the category 'other'.

The documentation should contain a description of the plugin including a description of the underlying models, and a paragraph containing hints for usage. The text should be LaTeX compatible (e.g., avoid or quote underscores in the text part); equations should be formatted as LaTeX.

2.3 Writing openMHA Plugins. A step-by-step tutorial

A step-by-step tutorial on writing openMHA plugins.

openMHA contains a small number of example plugins as C++ source code. They are meant to help developers in understanding the concepts of openMHA plugin programming starting from the simplest example and increasing in complexity. This tutorial explains the basic parts of the example files.

2.3.1 example1.cpp

The example plugin file <code>example1.cpp</code> demonstrates the easiest way to implement an open \leftarrow MHA Plugin. It attenuates the sound signal in the first channel by multiplying the sound samples with a factor. The plugin class <code>MHAPlugin::plugin_t</code> (p. 238) exports several methods, but only two of them need a non-empty implementation: <code>prepare()</code> method is a pure virtual function and <code>process()</code> is called when signal processing starts.

Every plugin implementation should include the 'mha_plugin.hh (p. 295)' header file. C++ helper classes for plugin development are declared in this header file, and most header files needed for plugin development are included by mha plugin.hh (p. 295).

The class plugin1_t inherits from the class **MHAPlugin::plugin_t** (p. 238), which then inherits from **MHAParser::parser_t** (p. 220) – the configuration language interface in the method "parse". Our plugin class therefore exports the working "parse" method inherited from **MHA** Parser::parser t (p. 220), and the plugin is visible in the openMHA configuration tree.

The constructor has to accept 3 parameters of correct types. In this simple example, we do not make use of them.

The release() method is used to free resources after signal processing. In this simple example, we do not allocate resources, so there is no need to free them.

2.3.1.1 The prepare method

Parameters

signal_info	Contains information about the input signal's parameters, see mhaconfig_t
	(p. 155).

The prepare() method of the plugin is called before the signal processing starts, when the input signal parameters like domain, number of channels, frames per block, and sampling rate are known. The prepare() method can check these values and raise an exception if the plugin cannot cope with them, as is done here. The plugin can also change these values if the signal processing performed in the plugin results in an output signal with different parameters. This plugin does not change the signal's parameters, therefore they are not modified here.

2.3.1.2 The signal processing method

```
mha_wave_t * process(mha_wave_t * signal)
{
   unsigned int channel = 0; // channels and frames counting starts with 0
   float factor = 0.1f;
   unsigned int frame;

   // Scale channel number "channel" by "factor":
   for(frame = 0; frame < signal->num_frames; frame++) {
      // Waveform channels are stored interleaved.
      signal->buf[signal->num_channels * frame + channel] *= factor;
   }
   // Algorithms may process data in-place and return the input signal
   // structure as their output signal:
   return signal;
}
```

Parameters

signal Pointer to the input signal structure **mha_wave_t** (p. 154).

Returns

Pointer to the output signal structure. The input signal structure may be reused if the signal has the same domain and dimensions.

The plugin works with time domain input signal (indicated by the data type **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) of the process method's parameter). It scales the first channel by a factor of 0.1. The output signal reuses the structure that previously contained the input signal (in-place processing).

2.3.1.3 Connecting the C++ class with the C plugin interface

Plugins have to export C functions as their interface (to avoid C++ name-mangling issues and other incompatibilities when mixing plugins compiled with different C++ compilers).

```
MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS(example1,example1_t,wave,wave)
```

This macro takes care of accessing the C++ class from the C functions required as the plugin's interface. It implements the C funtions and calls the corresponding C++ instance methods. Plugin classes should be derived from the template class **MHAPlugin::plugin_t** (p. 238) to be compatible with the C interface wrapper.

This macro also catches C++ exceptions of type MHA_Error (p. 132), when raised in the methods of the plugin class, and reports the error using an error flag as the return value of the underlying C function. It is therefore important to note that only C++ exceptions of type MH← A_Error (p. 132) may be raised by your plugin. If your code uses different Exception classes, you will have to catch them yourself before control leaves your plugin class, and maybe report the error by throwing an instance of MHA_Error (p. 132). This is important, because: (1) C++ exceptions cannot cross the plugin interface, which is in C, and (2) there is no error handling code for your exception classes in the openMHA framework anyways.

2.3.2 example2.cpp

This is another simple example of openMHA plugin written in C++. This plugin also scales one channel of the input signal, working in the time domain. The scale factor and which channel to scale (index number) are made accessible to the configuration language.

The algorithm is again implemented as a C++ class.

Parameters

scale_ch	- the channel number to be scaled
factor	 the scale factor of the scaling.

This class again inherits from the template class **MHAPlugin::plugin_t** (p. 238) for intergration with the openMHA configuration language. The two data members serve as externally visible configuration variables. All methods of this class have a non-empty implementation.

2.3.2.1 Constructor

The constructor invokes the superclass constructor with a string parameter. This string parameter serves as the help text that describes the functionality of the plugin. The constructor registers configuration variables with the openMHA configuration tree and sets their default values and permitted ranges. The minimum permitted value for both variables is zero, and there is no maximum limit (apart from the limitations of the underlying C data type). The configuration variables have to be registered with the parser node instance using the MHAParser::parser—
_t::insert_item (p. 222) method.

2.3.2.2 The prepare method

Parameters

```
signal_info – contains information about the input signal's parameters, see mhaconfig_t (p. 155).
```

The user may have changed the configuration variables before preparing the openMHA plugin. A consequence of this is that it is not sufficient any more to check if the input signal has at least 1 audio channel.

Instead, this prepare method checks that the input signal has enough channels so that the current value of $scale_ch.data$ is a valid channel index, i.e. $0 \le scale_ch.data < signal \leftarrow _info.channels$. The prepare method does not have to check that $0 \le scale_ch.data$, since this is guaranteed by the valid range setting of the configuration variable.

The prepare method then modifies the valid range of the <code>scale_ch</code> variable, it modifies the upper bound so that the user cannot set the variable to a channel index higher than the available channels. Setting the range is done using a string parameter. The prepare method contatenates a string of the form "[0,n[". n is the number of channels in the input signal, and is used here as an exclusive upper boundary. To convert the number of channels into a string, a helper function for string conversion from the openMHA Toolbox is used. This function is overloaded and works for several data types.

It is safe to assume that the value of configuration variables does not change while the prepare method executes, since openMHA preparation is triggered from a configuration language command, and the openMHA configuration language parser is busy and cannot accept other commands until all openMHA plugins are prepared (or one of them stops the process by raising an exception). As we will see later in this tutorial, the same assumption cannot be made for the process method.

2.3.2.3 The release method

```
void example2_t::release(void)
{
    scale_ch.set_range("[0,[");})
```

The release method should undo the state changes that were performed by the prepare method. In this example, the prepare method has reduced the valid range of the scale_ch, so that only valid channels could be selected during signal processing.

The release method reverts this change by setting the valid range back to its original value, "[0,[".

2.3.2.4 The signal processing method

```
mha_wave_t * example2_t::process(mha_wave_t * signal)
{
    unsigned int frame;
    for(frame = 0; frame < signal->num_frames; frame++)
        value(signal, frame, scale_ch.data) *= factor.data;
    return signal;
}
```

The processing function uses the current values of the configuration variables to scale every frame in the selected audio channel.

Note that the value of each configuration variable can change while the processing method executes, since the process method usually executes in a different thread than the configuration interface.

For this simple plugin, this is not a problem, but for more advanced plugins, it has to be taken into consideration. The next section takes a closer look at the problem.

Consistency

Assume that one thread reads the value stored in a variable while another thread writes a new value to that variable concurrently. In this case, you may have a consistency problem. You would perhaps expect that the value retrieved from the variable either (a) the old value, or (b) the new value, but not (c) something else. Yet generally case (c) is a possibility.

Fortunately, for some data types on PC systems, case (c) cannot happen. These are 32bit wide data types with a 4-byte alignment. Therefore, the values in **MHAParser::int_t** (p. 211) and **MHAParser::float_t** (p. 208) are always consistent, but this is not the case for vectors, strings, or complex values. With these, you can get a mixture of the bit patterns of old and new values, or you can even cause a memory access violation in case a vector or string grows and has to be reallocated to a different memory address.

There is also a consistency problem if you take the combination of two "safe" datatypes. The openMHA provides a mechanism that can cope with these types of problems. This thread-safe runtime configuration update mechanism is introduced in example 5.

2.3.3 example3.cpp

This example introduces the openMHA Event mechanism. Plugins that provide configuration variable can receive a callback from the parser base class when a configuration variable is accessed through the configuration language interface.

The third example performes the same processing as before, but now only even channel indices are permitted when selecting the audio channel to scale. This restriction cannot be ensured by setting the range of the channel index configuration variable. Instead, the event mechanism of openMHA configuration variables is used. Configuration variables emit 4 different events, and your plugin can connect callback methods that are called when the events are triggered. These events are:

writeaccess

• triggered on write access to a configuration variable.

valuechanged

 triggered when write access to a configuration variable actually changes the value of this variable.

readaccess

triggered after the value of the configuration variable has been read.

prereadaccess

• triggered before the value of a configuration variable is read, i.e. the value of the requested variable can be changed by the callback to implement computation on demand.

All of these callbacks are executed in the configuration thread. Therefore, the callback implementation does not have to be realtime-safe. No other updates of configuration language variables through the configuration language can happen in parallel, but your processing method can execute in parallel and may change values.

2.3.3.1 Data member declarations

```
class example3_t : public MHAPlugin::plugin_t<int> {
    MHAParser::int_t scale_ch;
    MHAParser::float_t factor;
    MHAParser::int_mon_t prepared;

MHAEvents::patchbay_t<example3_t> patchbay;
```

This plugin exposes another configuration variable, "prepared", that keeps track of the prepared state of the plugin. This is a read-only (monitor) integer variable, i.e. its value can only be changed by your plugin's C++ code. When using the configuration language interface, the value of this variable can only be read, but not changed.

The patchbay member is an instance of a connector class that connects event sources with callbacks.

2.3.3.2 Method declarations

This plugin exposes 4 callback methods that are triggered by events. Multiple events (from the same or different configuration variables) can be connected to the same callback method, if desired.

This example plugin uses the valuechanged event to check that the scale_ch configuration variable is only set to valid values.

The other callbacks only cause log messages to stdout, but the comments in the logging callbacks give a hint when listening on the events would be useful.

2.3.3.3 Example 3 constructor

```
example3_t::example3_t(algo_comm_t & ac,
                       const std::string & chain_name,
                       const std::string & algo_name)
    : MHAPlugin::plugin_t<int>("This plugin multiplies the sound signal"
                               " in one audio channel by a factor", ac),
      scale_ch("Index of audio channel to scale. Indices start from 0."
               " Only channels with even indices may be scaled.",
               "O",
               "[0,["),
      factor ("The scaling factor that is applied to the selected channel.",
             "0.1",
             "[0,["),
     prepared("State of this plugin: 0 = unprepared, 1 = prepared")
    insert_item("channel", &scale_ch);
   insert_item("factor", &factor);
    prepared.data = 0;
    insert_item("prepared", &prepared);
    patchbay.connect(&scale_ch.writeaccess, this,
                     &example3 t::on scale ch writeaccess);
    patchbay.connect(&scale_ch.valuechanged, this,
                    &example3_t::on_scale_ch_valuechanged);
    patchbay.connect(&scale_ch.readaccess, this,
                     &example3_t::on_scale_ch_readaccess);
    patchbay.connect(&scale_ch.prereadaccess, this,
                     &example3_t::on_prereadaccess);
    patchbay.connect(&factor.prereadaccess, this,
                     &example3 t::on prereadaccess);
    patchbay.connect(&prepared.prereadaccess, this,
                    &example3_t::on_prereadaccess);
}
```

The constructor of monitor variables does not take a parameter for setting the initial value. The single parameter here is the help text describing the contents of the read-only variable. If the initial value should differ from 0, then the .data member of the configuration variable has to be set to the initial value in the plugin constructor's body explicitly, as is done here for demonstration although the initial value of this monitor variable is 0.

Events and callback methods are then connected using the patchbay member variable.

2.3.3.4 The prepare method

The prepare method checks wether the current setting of the scale_ch variable is possible with the input signal dimension. It does not adjust the range of the variable, since the range alone is not sufficient to ensure all future settings are also valid: The scale channel index has to be even.

2.3.3.5 The release method

```
void example3_t::release(void)
{
   prepared.data = 0;
}
```

The release method is needed for tracking the prepared state only in this example.

2.3.3.6 The signal processing method

```
mha_wave_t * example3_t::process(mha_wave_t * signal)
{
   unsigned int frame;
   for(frame = 0; frame < signal->num_frames; frame++)
      value(signal,frame,scale_ch.data) *= factor.data;
   return signal;
}
```

The signal processing member function is the same as in example 2.

2.3.3.7 The callback methods

```
void example3_t::on_scale_ch_writeaccess()
    printf("Write access: Attempt to set scale_ch=%d.\n", scale_ch.data);
    // Can be used to track any writeaccess to the configuration, even
    // if it does not change the value. E.g. setting the name of the
    // sound file in a string configuration variable can cause a sound
    // file player plugin to start playing the sound file from the
    // beginning.
void example3_t::on_scale_ch_valuechanged()
    if (scale_ch.data & 1)
       throw MHA_Error(__FILE__,__LINE__,
                        "Attempt to set scale_ch to non-even value %d",
                        scale_ch.data);
    // Can be used to recompute a runtime configuration only if some
    // configuration variable actually changed.
void example3_t::on_scale_ch_readaccess()
    printf("scale_ch has been read.\n");
    // A configuration variable used as an accumulator can be reset
    // after it has been read.
void example3_t::on_prereadaccess()
    printf("A configuration language variable is about to be read.\n");
    // Can be used to compute the value on demand.
MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS (example3, example3_t, wave, wave)
```

When the writeaccess or valuechanged callbacks throw an MHAError exception, then the change made to the value of the configuration variable is reverted.

If multiple event sources are connected to a single callback method, then it is not possible to determine which event has caused the callback to execute. Often, this information is not crucial, i.e. when the answer to a change of any variable in a set of variables is the same, e.g. the recomputation of a new runtime configuration that takes all variables of this set as input.

2.3.4 example4.cpp

This plugin is the same as example 3 except that it works on the spectral domain (STFT).

2.3.4.1 The Prepare method

The prepare method now checks that the signal domain is MHA_SPECTRUM.

2.3.4.2 The signal processing method

```
mha_spec_t * example4_t::process(mha_spec_t * signal)
{
    unsigned int bin;
    // spectral signal is stored non-interleaved.
    mha_complex_t * channeldata =
        signal->buf + signal->num_frames * scale_ch.data;
    for(bin = 0; bin < signal->num_frames; bin++)
        channeldata[bin] *= factor.data;
    return signal;
}
```

The signal processing member function works on the spectral signal instead of the wave signal as before.

The **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) instance stores the complex (**mha_complex_t** (p. 123)) spectral signal for positive frequences only (since the waveform signal is always real). The num_frames member of **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) actually denotes the number of STFT bins.

Please note that different from **mha_wave_t** (p. 154), a multichannel signal in **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) is stored non-interleaved in the signal buffer.

Some arithmetic operations are defined on struct **mha_complex_t** (p. 123) to facilitate efficient complex computations. The *= operator used here (defined for real and for complex arguments) is one of them.

2.3.4.3 Connecting the C++ class with the C plugin interface

```
MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS(example4, example4_t, spec, spec)
```

When connecting a class that performs spectral processing with the C interface, use spec instead of wave as the domain indicator.

2.3.5 example5.cpp

Many algorithms use complex operations to transform the user space variables into run time configurations. If this takes a noticeable time (e.g. more than 100-500 μ sec), the update of the runtime configuration can not take place in the real time processing thread. Furthermore, the parallel access to complex structures may cause unpredictable results if variables are read while only parts of them are written to memory (cf. section **Consistency** (p. 15)). To handle these situations, a special C++ template class **MHAPlugin::plugin_t** (p. 238) was designed. This class helps keeping all access to the configuration language variables in the **configuration** thread rather than in the **processing** thread.

The runtime configuration class <code>example5_t</code> is the parameter of the template class <code>MHA</code> <code>Plugin::plugin_t</code> (p. 238). Its constructor converts the user variables into a runtime configuration. Because the constructor executes in the configuration thread, there is no harm if the constructor takes a long time. All other member functions and data members of the runtime configurations are accessed only from the signal processing thread (real-time thread).

```
class example5_t {
public:
    example5_t (unsigned int,unsigned int,mha_real_t);
    mha_spec_t* process(mha_spec_t*);
private:
    unsigned int channel;
    mha_real_t scale;
};
```

The plugin interface class inherits from the plugin template class **MHAPlugin::plugin**_← **t** (p. 238), parameterised by the runtime configuration. Configuration changes (write access to the variables) will emit a write access event of the changed variables. These events can be connected to member functions of the interface class by the help of a **MHAEvents::patchbay**← **_t** (p. 156) instance.

```
class plugin_interface_t : public MHAPlugin::plugin_t<example5_t> {
public:
    plugin_interface_t(const algo_comm_t&,const std::string&,const std::string&);
    mha_spec_t* process(mha_spec_t*);
    void prepare(mhaconfig_t&);
private:
    void update_cfg();
    /* integer variable of MHA-parser: */
    MHAParser::int_t scale_ch;
    /* float variable of MHA-parser: */
    MHAParser::float_t factor;
    /* patch bay for connecting configuration parser
        events with local member functions: */
    MHAEvents::patchbay_t<plugin_interface_t> patchbay;
};
```

The constructor of the runtime configuration analyses and validates the user variables. If the configuration is invalid, an exception of type **MHA_Error** (p. 132) is thrown. This will cause the openMHA configuration language command which caused the change to fail: The modified configuration language variable is then reset to its original value, and the error message will contain the message string of the **MHA_Error** (p. 132) exception.

In this example, the run time configuration class <code>example5_t</code> has a signal processing member function. In this function, the selected channel is scaled by the given scaling factor.

```
mha_spec_t* example5_t::process(mha_spec_t* spec)
{
    /* Scale channel number "scale_ch" by "factor": */
    for(unsigned int fr = 0; fr < spec->num_frames; fr++) {
        spec->buf[fr + channel * spec->num_frames].re *= scale;
        spec->buf[fr + channel * spec->num_frames].im *= scale;
    }
    return spec;
}
```

The constructor of the example plugin class is similar to the previous examples. A callback triggered on write access to the variables is registered using the **MHAEvents::patchbay_t** (p. 156) instance.

```
plugin_interface_t::plugin_interface_t(
   const algo_comm_t& iac,
    const std::string&,const std::string&)
    : MHAPlugin::plugin_t<example5_t>("example plugin configuration structure",iac),
      /\star initialzing variable 'scale_ch' with MHAParser::int_t(char* name, .... ) \star/
      scale_ch("channel number to be scaled", "0", "[0, ["),
      /* initialzing variable 'factor' with MHAParser::float_t(char* name, .... ) */
     factor("scale factor","1.0","[0,2]")
    /\star Register variables to the configuration parser: \star/
    insert_item("channel", &scale_ch);
    insert_item("factor", &factor);
    * On write access to the parser variables a notify callback of
    \star this class will be called. That funtion will update the runtime
    * configuration.
    patchbay.connect(&scale_ch.writeaccess,this,&plugin_interface_t::update_cfg);
    patchbay.connect(&factor.writeaccess,this,&plugin_interface_t::update_cfg);
```

The processing function can gather the latest valid runtime configuration by a call of poll_config. On success, the class member cfg points to this configuration. On error, if there is no usable runtime configuration instance, an exception is thrown. In this example, the prepare method ensures that there is a valid runtime configuration, so that in this example, no error can be raised at this point. The prepare method is always executed before the process method is called. The runtime configuration class in this example provides a signal processing method. The process method of the plugin interface calls the process method of this instance to perform the actual signal processing.

```
mha_spec_t* plugin_interface_t::process(mha_spec_t* spec)
{
    poll_config();
    return cfg->process(spec);
}
```

The prepare method ensures that a valid runtime configuration exists by creating a new runtime configuration from the current configuration language variables. If the configuration is invalid, then an exception of type **MHA_Error** (p. 132) is raised and the preparation of the openMHA fails with an error message.

The update_cfg member function is called when the value of a configuration language variable changes, or from the prepare method. It allocates a new runtime configuration and registers it for later access from the real time processing thread. The function **push_config** (p. 238) stores the configuration in a FiFo queue of runtime configurations. Once they are inserted in the FiFo, the **MHAPlugin::plugin_t** (p. 238) template is responsible for deleting runtime configuration instances stored in the FiFo. You don't need to keep track of the created instances, and you must not delete them yourself.

```
void plugin_interface_t::update_cfg()
{
    if( tftype.channels )
        push_config(new example5_t(scale_ch.data,tftype.channels,factor.data));
}
```

In the end of the example code file, the macro **MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS** (p. 9) defines all ANSI-C interface functions and passes them to the corresponding C++ class member functions (partly defined by the **MHAPlugin::plugin_t** (p. 238) template class). All exceptions of type **MHA_Error** (p. 132) are caught and transformed into an appropriate error code and error message.

MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS(example5,plugin_interface_t,spec,spec)

2.3.6 example6.cpp

This last example is the same as the previous one, but it additionally creates an 'Algorithm Communication Variable' (AC variable). It calculates the RMS level of a given channel and stores it into this variable. The variable can be accessed by any other algorithm in the same chain. To store the data onto disk, the 'acsave' plugin can be used. 'acmon' is a plugin which converts AC variables into parsable monitor variables.

In the constructor of the plugin class the variable rmsdb is registered under the name example6_rmslev as a one-dimensional AC variable of type float. For registration of other types, read access and other detailed informations please see **Communication between algorithms** (p. 27).

```
example6_t::example6_t(const algo_comm_t& iac,
                        const std::string&,const std::string&)
    : MHAPlugin::plugin_t<cfg_t>("example plugin configuration structure",iac),
/* initialzing variable 'channel_no' with MHAParser::int_t(char* name, ....) */
      channel_no("channel in which the RMS level is measured", "0", "[0, [")
    /* Register variables to the configuration parser: */
    insert_item("channel", &channel_no);
     * On write access to the parser variables a notify callback of
     * this class will be called. That funtion will update the runtime
     * configuration.
    patchbay.connect(&channel_no.writeaccess,this,&example6_t::update_cfg);
     * Propagate the level variable to all algorithms in the
     * processing chain. If multiple instances of this algorithm are
     * required, than it is necessary to use different names for this
     \star variable (i.e. prefixing the name with the algorithm name
     * passed to MHAInit).
    ac.insert_var_float( ac.handle, "example6_rmslev", &rmsdb );
```

2.3.7 Debugging openMHA plugins

Suppose you would want to step through the code of your openMHA plugin with a debugger. This example details how to use the linux gdb debugger to inspect the $example6_c$ t::prepare() and $example6_t$::process() routines of example6.cpp (p. 23) example 6.

First, make sure that your plugin is compiled with the compiler option to include debugging symbols: Apply the -ggdb switch to all gcc, g++ invocations.

Once the plugin is compiled, with debugging symbols, create a test configuration. For example 6, assuming there is an audio file named input.wav in your working directory, you could create a configuration file named 'debugexample6.cfg', with the following content:

```
# debugexample6.cfg
fragsize = 64
srate = 44100
nchannels_in = 2
iolib = MHAIOFile

io.in = input.wav
io.out = output.wav
mhalib = example6
mha.channel = 1
cmd=start
```

Assuming all your binaries and shared-object libraries are in your 'bin' directory (see READ← ME.md), you could start gdb using

```
$ export MHA_LIBRARY_PATH=$PWD/bin
$ gdb $MHA_LIBRARY_PATH/mha
```

Set breakpoints in prepare and process methods, and start execution. Note that specifying the breakpoint by symbol (example6_t::prepare) does not yet work, as the symbol lives in the openMHA plugin that has not yet been loaded. Specifying by line number works, however. Specifying the breakpoint by symbol also works once the plugin is loaded (i.e. when the debugger stops in the first break point). You can set the breakpoints like this (example shown here is run in gdb version 7.11.1):

```
(gdb) run ?read:debugexample6.cfg
Starting program: {openMHA_directory}/bin/mha ?read:debugexample6.cfg
[Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
Using host libthread_db library "/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libthread_db.so.1".
The Open Master Hearing Aid (openMHA) server
Copyright (c) 2005-2017 HoerTech gGmbH, D-26129 Oldenburg, Germany
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details see file COPYING.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under the terms of the GNU AFFERO GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE, Version 3;
for details see file COPYING.
Breakpoint 1, example6_t::prepare (this=0x6478b0, tfcfg=...)
   at example6.cpp:192
           if( tfcfg.domain != MHA_WAVEFORM )
(qdb) b example6.cpp:162
Breakpoint 2 at 0x7ffff589744a: file example6.cpp, line 162.
(gdb) c
Continuing.
```

Where '{openMHA_directory}' is the directory where openMHA is located (which should also be your working directory in this case). Next stop is the process() method. You can now examine and change the variables, step through the program as needed (using, for example 'n' to step in the next line):

2.4 The MHA Framework interface

2.5 Communication between algorithms

Algorithms within one chain can share variables for communication with other algorithms.

Collaboration diagram for Communication between algorithms:

Files

file mha_algo_comm.h

Header file for Algorithm Communication.

Namespaces

· MHA AC

Functions and classes for Algorithm Communication (AC) support.

Classes

class MHA_AC::spectrum_t

Insert a MHASignal::spectrum_t (p. 261) class into the AC space.

class MHA_AC::waveform_t

Insert a MHASignal::waveform_t (p. 268) class into the AC space.

class MHA AC::int t

Insert a integer variable into the AC space.

class MHA_AC::float_t

Insert a float point variable into the AC space.

class MHA_AC::double_t

Insert a double precision floating point variable into the AC space.

class MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t

Copy AC variable to a matrix.

class MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t

Copy all or a subset of all numeric AC variables into an array of matrixes.

struct algo_comm_t

A reference handle for algorithm communication variables.

• struct comm var t

Algorithm communication variable structure.

Functions

• mha_spec_t MHA_AC::get_var_spectrum (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Convert an AC variable into a spectrum.

mha_wave_t MHA_AC::get_var_waveform (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Convert an AC variable into a waveform.

- int MHA_AC::get_var_int (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

 Return value of an integer scalar AC variable.
- float MHA_AC::get_var_float (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

 Return value of an floating point scalar AC variable.
- std::vector< float > MHA_AC::get_var_vfloat (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Return value of an floating point vector AC variable as standard vector of floats.

2.5.1 Detailed Description

This mechanism allows interaction between algorithms (i.e. separation of noise estimation and noise reduction algorithms, combination of dynamic compression and noise estimation). Through a set of simple C functions, algorithms can propagate variables of any type, even C++ classes, to other algorithms.

An algorithm communication handle (algo_comm_t (p. 88)) is passed at initialisation time to the constructor of each plugin class constructor (p. 238). This handle contains a reference handle, algo_comm_t::handle (p. 88), and a number of function pointers, algo_comm_t::insert_var (p. 88) etc.. An algorithm communication variable is an object of type comm_var_t (p. 95).

For AC variables of numeric types, openMHA Plugins for conversion into parsable monitor variables, acmon, and storage into Matlab or text files, acsave, are available.

2.5.2 Function Documentation

2.5.2.1 mha_spec_t MHA_AC::get_var_spectrum (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string & name)

This function reads an AC variable and tries to convert it into a valid spectrum. The Spectrum variable is granted to be valid only for one call of the processing function.

Parameters

ac	AC handle
name	Name of the variable

Returns

Spectrum structure

2.5.2.2 mha_wave_t MHA_AC::get_var_waveform (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string & name)

This function reads an AC variable and tries to convert it into a valid waveform. The waveform variable is granted to be valid only for one call of the processing function.

Parameters

ac	AC handle
name	Name of the variable

Returns

waveform structure

2.5.2.3 int MHA_AC::get_var_int (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string & name)

Parameters

ac	AC handle
name	Name of the variable

Returns

Variable value

2.5.2.4 float MHA_AC::get_var_float (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string & name)

Parameters

ac	AC handle
name	Name of the variable

Returns

Variable value

2.5.2.5 std::vector< float > MHA_AC::get_var_vfloat (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string & name)

Parameters

ac	AC handle
name	Name of the variable

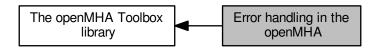
Returns

Variable value

2.6 Error handling in the openMHA

Errors are reported to the user via the **MHA_Error** (p. 132) exception.

Collaboration diagram for Error handling in the openMHA:



Classes

· class MHA Error

Error reporting exception class.

Macros

- #define MHA_ErrorMsg(x) MHA_Error(__FILE__,__LINE__,"%s",x)

 Throw an openMHA error with a text message.
- #define MHA_assert(x) if(!(x)) throw MHA_Error(__FILE__,__LINE__,"\"%s\" is false.",#x)

Assertion macro, which throws an MHA_Error (p. 132).

#define MHA_assert_equal(a, b) if(a != b) throw MHA_Error(__FILE__,__LINE__
 ,"\"%s == %s\" is false (%s = %g, %s = %g).",#a,#b,#a,(double)(a),#b,(double)(b))
 Equality assertion macro, which throws an MHA_Error (p. 132) with the values.

Functions

- void mha_debug (const char *fmt,...)
 Print an info message (stderr on Linux, OutputDebugString in Windows).
- 2.6.1 Detailed Description
- 2.6.2 Macro Definition Documentation
- 2.6.2.1 #define MHA_ErrorMsg(x) MHA_Error(__FILE__,__LINE__,"%s",x)

Parameters

x Text message.

2.6.2.2 #define MHA_assert(x) if(!(x)) throw MHA_Error(__FILE__,__LINE__,"\"%s\" is false.",#x)

Parameters

x Boolean expression which should be true.

2.6.2.3 #define MHA_assert_equal(*a, b*) if(a != b) throw MHA_Error(__FILE__,__LINE__,"\"%s == %s\" is false (%s = %g, %s = %g).",#a,#b,#a,(double)(a),#b,(double)(b))

а	Numeric expression which can be converted to double (for printing).
h	Numeric expression which should be equal to a

2.7 The openMHA configuration language

openMHA Plugins that should use the openMHA configuration language for their configuration have to be implemented in C++ and need to include **mha_parser.hh** (p. 292).

All required classes and functions for parser access are declared in the namespace MH← AParser (p. 76). The plugin class should be derived from the class MHAParser::parser_t (p. 220) (or MHAPlugin::plugin_t (p. 238)), which symbolises a sub-parser node in the open← MHA script hierarchy. Variables of many types can be registered to the sub-parser node by calling the member function insert_item (p. 222).

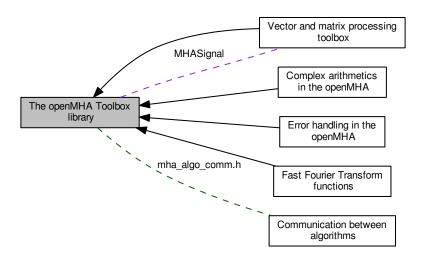
The openMHA Plugin template class **MHAPlugin::plugin_t** (p. 238) together with the Plugin macro **MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS** (p. 9) provide the callback mappings and correct inheritance. If your plugin is based on that template class, you simply have to use the insert_item command to give access to your variables, everything else is managed internally.

A complete list of all openMHA script items is given in the description of the **MHAParser** (p. 76) namespace.

2.8 The openMHA Toolbox library

The openMHA toolbox is a static C++ library which makes it more comfortable to develop openMHA plugins.

Collaboration diagram for The openMHA Toolbox library:



Modules

Error handling in the openMHA

Errors are reported to the user via the MHA_Error (p. 132) exception.

Vector and matrix processing toolbox

The vector and matrix processing toolbox consists of a number of classes defined in the namespace **MHASignal** (p. 81), and many functions and operators for use with the structures **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) and **mha_spec_t** (p. 141).

- Complex arithmetics in the openMHA
- · Fast Fourier Transform functions

Files

file mha_algo_comm.h

Header file for Algorithm Communication.

· file mha filter.hh

Header file for IIR filter classes.

file mha_signal.hh

Header file for audio signal handling and processing classes.

• file mha tablelookup.hh

Header file for table lookup classes.

Namespaces

MHAOvlFilter

Namespace for overlapping FFT based filter bank classes and functions.

MHAFilter

Namespace for IIR and FIR filter classes.

MHAParser

Name space for the openMHA-Parser configuration language.

MHASignal

Namespace for audio signal handling and processing classes.

MHATableLookup

Namespace for table lookup classes.

2.8.1 Detailed Description

It contains the openMHA script language classes.

2.9 Vector and matrix processing toolbox

The vector and matrix processing toolbox consists of a number of classes defined in the namespace **MHASignal** (p. 81), and many functions and operators for use with the structures **mha**← **_wave_t** (p. 154) and **mha_spec_t** (p. 141).

Collaboration diagram for Vector and matrix processing toolbox:



Namespaces

MHASignal

Namespace for audio signal handling and processing classes.

MHAWindow

Collection of Window types.

Classes

struct mha_wave_t

Waveform signal structure.

struct mha_spec_t

Spectrum signal structure.

struct mha_audio_descriptor_t

Description of an audio fragment (planned as a replacement of mhaconfig_t (p. 155)).

struct mha_audio_t

An audio fragment in the openMHA (planned as a replacement of **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) and **mha_spec_t** (p. 141)).

class MHASignal::spectrum t

a signal processing class for spectral data (based on **mha_spec_t** (p. 141))

class MHASignal::waveform t

signal processing class for waveform data (based on mha_wave_t (p. 154))

class MHASignal::doublebuffer t

Double-buffering class.

class MHASignal::hilbert_t

Hilbert transformation of a waveform segment.

class MHASignal::minphase_t

Minimal phase function.

class MHASignal::uint_vector_t

Vector of unsigned values, used for size and index description of n-dimensional matrixes.

class MHASignal::matrix_t

n-dimensional matrix with real or complex floating point values.

class MHAParser::window_t

MHA configuration interface for a window function generator.

class MHASignal::delay_wave_t

Delayline containing wave fragments.

• class MHASignal::async_rmslevel_t

Class for asynchronous level metering.

Typedefs

typedef float mha_real_t
 openMHA type for real numbers

Functions

- mha_wave_t range (mha_wave_t s, unsigned int k0, unsigned int len)

 Return a time interval from a waveform chunk.
- mha_spec_t channels (mha_spec_t s, unsigned int ch_start, unsigned int nch)

 Return a channel interval from a spectrum.
- void MHASignal::for_each (mha_wave_t *s, mha_real_t(*fun)(mha_real_t))
 Apply a function to each element of a mha_wave_t (p. 154).
- mha_real_t MHASignal::lin2db (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from linear scale to dB (no SPL reference)

mha_real_t MHASignal::db2lin (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from dB scale to linear (no SPL reference)

mha_real_t MHASignal::pa2dbspl (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from linear Pascal scale to dB SPL.

- mha_real_t MHASignal::pa22dbspl (mha_real_t x, mha_real_t eps=1e-20f)

 Conversion from squared Pascal scale to dB SPL.
- mha_real_t MHASignal::dbspl2pa (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from dB SPL to linear Pascal scale.

- mha_real_t MHASignal::smp2sec (mha_real_t n, mha_real_t srate)
 conversion from samples to seconds
- mha_real_t MHASignal::sec2smp (mha_real_t sec, mha_real_t srate)
 conversion from seconds to samples
- mha_real_t MHASignal::bin2freq (mha_real_t bin, unsigned fftlen, mha_real_t srate)
 conversion from fft bin index to frequency
- mha_real_t MHASignal::freq2bin (mha_real_t freq, unsigned fftlen, mha_real_t srate)
 conversion from frequency to fft bin index
- mha_real_t MHASignal::smp2rad (mha_real_t samples, unsigned bin, unsigned fftlen)
 conversion from delay in samples to phase shift

mha_real_t MHASignal::rad2smp (mha_real_t phase_shift, unsigned bin, unsigned fftlen)

conversion from phase shift to delay in samples

template < class elem_type > std::vector < elem_type > MHASignal::dupvec (std::vector < elem_type > vec, unsigned n)

Duplicate last vector element to match desired size.

template<class elem_type >

std::vector< elem_type > MHASignal::dupvec_chk (std::vector< elem_type > vec, unsigned n)

Duplicate last vector element to match desired size, check for dimension.

bool equal_dim (const mha_wave_t &a, const mha_wave_t &b)

Test for equal dimension of waveform structures.

• bool equal dim (const mha wave t &a, const mhaconfig t &b)

Test for match of waveform dimension with mhaconfig structure.

• bool equal_dim (const mha_spec_t &a, const mha_spec_t &b)

Test for equal dimension of spectrum structures.

bool equal_dim (const mha_spec_t &a, const mhaconfig_t &b)

Test for match of spectrum dimension with mhaconfig structure.

• bool equal dim (const mha wave t &a, const mha spec t &b)

Test for equal dimension of waveform/spectrum structures.

• bool equal_dim (const mha_spec_t &a, const mha_wave_t &b)

Test for equal dimension of waveform/spectrum structures.

void integrate (mha_wave_t &s)

Numeric integration of a signal vector (real values)

void integrate (mha_spec_t &s)

Numeric integration of a signal vector (complex values)

unsigned int size (const mha wave t &s)

Return size of a waveform structure.

unsigned int size (const mha_spec_t &s)

Return size of a spectrum structure.

unsigned int size (const mha_wave_t *s)

Return size of a waveform structure.

unsigned int size (const mha spec t *s)

Return size of a spectrum structure.

void clear (mha_wave_t &s)

Set all values of waveform to zero.

void clear (mha wave t *s)

Set all values of waveform to zero.

void clear (mha spec t &s)

Set all values of spectrum to zero.

void clear (mha_spec_t *s)

Set all values of spectrum to zero.

void assign (mha wave t self, mha real t val)

Set all values of waveform 'self' to 'val'.

void assign (mha_wave_t self, const mha_wave_t &val)

Set all values of waveform 'self' to 'val'.

void assign (mha_spec_t self, const mha_spec_t &val)

Set all values of spectrum 'self' to 'val'.

void timeshift (mha wave t &self, int shift)

Time shift of waveform chunk.

• mha real t & value (mha wave t *s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

Access an element of a waveform structure.

const mha_real_t & value (const mha_wave_t *s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

Constant access to an element of a waveform structure.

• mha complex t & value (mha spec t *s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

Access to an element of a spectrum.

- const **mha_complex_t** & **value** (const **mha_spec_t** *s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

 Constant access to an element of a spectrum.
- mha_real_t & value (mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

Access to an element of a waveform structure.

• const mha_real_t & value (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

Constant access to an element of a waveform structure.

mha_complex_t & value (mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

Access to an element of a spectrum.

- const **mha_complex_t** & **value** (const **mha_spec_t** &s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

 Constant access to an element of a spectrum.
- std::vector< float > std_vector_float (const mha_wave_t &)

Converts a mha_wave_t (p. 154) structure into a std::vector<float> (interleaved order).

• std::vector< std::vector< float >> std_vector_vector_float (const mha_wave_t &)

Converts a **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) structure into a std::vector< std::vector< float> > (outer vector represents channels).

 std::vector< std::vector< mha_complex_t >> std_vector_vector_complex (const mha_spec_t &)

Converts a **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) structure into a std::vector< std::vector< mha_complex_t> > (outer vector represents channels).

mha_wave_t & operator+= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_real_t &)

Addition operator.

mha_wave_t & operator+= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_wave_t &)

Addition operator.

• mha wave t & operator-= (mha wave t &, const mha wave t &)

Subtraction operator.

mha_spec_t & operator-= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_spec_t &)

Subtraction operator.

• mha_wave_t & operator*= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_real_t &)

Element-wise multiplication operator.

• mha wave t & operator*= (mha wave t &, const mha wave t &)

Element-wise multiplication operator.

mha_spec_t & operator*= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_real_t &)

Element-wise multiplication operator.

mha_spec_t & operator*= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_wave_t &)

Element-wise multiplication operator.

• mha_spec_t & operator*= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_spec_t &)

Element-wise multiplication operator.

mha_spec_t & operator/= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_spec_t &)

Element-wise division operator.

mha_wave_t & operator/= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_wave_t &)

Element-wise division operator.

mha_spec_t & operator+= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_spec_t &)

Addition operator.

• mha spec t & operator+= (mha spec t &, const mha real t &)

Addition operator.

• mha wave t & operator = (mha wave t & self, const mha real t & arg)

Exponent operator.

void MHASignal::copy_channel (mha_spec_t &self, const mha_spec_t &src, unsigned sch, unsigned dch)

Copy one channel of a source signal.

• void MHASignal::copy_channel (mha_wave_t &self, const mha_wave_t &src, unsigned src_channel, unsigned dest_channel)

Copy one channel of a source signal.

mha_real_t MHASignal::rmslevel (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel, unsigned int fftlen)

Return RMS level of a spectrum channel.

mha_real_t MHASignal::colored_intensity (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel, unsigned int fftlen, mha_real_t sqfreq_response[])

Colored spectrum intensity.

• mha_real_t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Find maximal absolute value.

mha_real_t MHASignal::rmslevel (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Return RMS level of a waveform channel.

mha real t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha wave t &s, unsigned int channel)

Find maximal absolute value.

mha_real_t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha_wave_t &s)

Find maximal absolute value.

mha_real_t MHASignal::max (const mha_wave_t &s)

Find maximal value.

• mha real t MHASignal::min (const mha wave t &s)

Find minimal value.

mha_real_t MHASignal::sumsqr_channel (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Calculate sum of squared values in one channel.

• mha_real_t MHASignal::sumsqr_frame (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int frame)

Calculate sum over all channels of squared values.

void conjugate (mha spec t &self)

Replace (!) the value of this **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) with its conjugate.

- 2.9.1 Detailed Description
- 2.9.2 Typedef Documentation
- 2.9.2.1 typedef float mha_real_t

This type is expected to be allways the C-type 'float' (IEEE 754 single).

- 2.9.3 Function Documentation
- 2.9.3.1 mha_wave_t range (mha_wave_t s, unsigned int k0, unsigned int len)

A waveform chunk containing a time intervall of a larger waveform chunk is returned. The number of channels remains constant. The data of the output waveform structure points to the data of the input structure, i.e., write access to the output waveform chunk modifies the corresponding entries in the input chunk.

Parameters

S	Waveform structure
k0	Index of first value in output
len	Number of frames in output

Returns

Waveform structure representing the sub-interval.

2.9.3.2 mha_spec_t channels (mha_spec_t s, unsigned int ch_start, unsigned int nch)

Parameters

s	Input spectrum
ch_start	Index of first channel in output
nch	Number of channels in output

Returns

Spectrum structure representing the sub-interval.

2.9.3.3 void MHASignal::for_each (mha_wave_t * s, mha_real_t(*)(mha_real_t) fun) [inline]

Parameters

s	Pointer to a mha_wave_t (p. 154) structure
fun	Function to be applied (one argument)

2.9.3.4 mha_real_t MHASignal::lin2db(mha_real_t x) [inline]

Parameters

```
x Linear input.
```

2.9.3.5 mha_real_t MHASignal::db2lin (mha_real_t x) [inline]

Parameters

```
x dB input.
```

2.9.3.6 mha_real_t MHASignal::pa2dbspl(mha_real_t x) [inline]

Parameters

```
x Linear input.
```

2.9.3.7 mha_real_t MHASignal::pa22dbspl(mha_real_t x, mha_real_t eps = 1e-20f)
[inline]

Parameters

X	squared pascal input
eps	minimum squared-pascal value

2.9.3.8 mha_real_t MHASignal::dbspl2pa(mha_real_t x) [inline]

Parameters

x Linear input.

2.9.3.9 mha_real_t MHASignal::smp2sec (mha_real_t n, mha_real_t srate) [inline]

n	number of samples
srate	sampling rate / Hz

2.9.3.10 mha_real_t MHASignal::sec2smp (mha_real_t sec, mha_real_t srate) [inline]

Parameters

sec	time in seconds
srate	sampling rate / Hz

Returns

number of samples, generally has non-zero fractional part

2.9.3.11 mha_real_t MHASignal::bin2freq (mha_real_t bin, unsigned fftlen, mha_real_t srate) [inline]

Parameters

bin	index of fft bin, index 0 has dc
fftlen	FFT length
srate	sampling frequency / Hz

Returns

frequency of fft bin / Hz

2.9.3.12 mha_real_t MHASignal::freq2bin (mha_real_t freq, unsigned fftlen, mha_real_t srate) [inline]

Parameters

freq	frequency / Hz
fftlen	FFT length
srate	sampling frequency / Hz

Returns

0-based index of fft bin, generally has non-zero fractional part

2.9.3.13 mha_real_t MHASignal::smp2rad (mha_real_t samples, unsigned bin, unsigned fftlen)
[inline]

Compute phase shift that needs to be applied to fft spectrum to achieve the desired delay.

samples	delay in samples. Positive delay: shift current signal to future.
bin	index of fft bin, index 0 has dc (index 0 and nyqvist bin cannot be delayed)
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Returns

The phase shift in radiant that needs to be applied to fft bin to achieve the desired delay. A positive delay requires a negative phase shift. If required phase shift is >pi or <-pi, then the desired delay cannot be applied in the fft domain with given parameters. Required phase shifts close to pi should not be used. If bin is 0 or nyqvist, returns 0 phase shift.

2.9.3.14 mha_real_t MHASignal::rad2smp (mha_real_t phase_shift, unsigned bin, unsigned fftlen) [inline]

Compute delay in samples that is achieved by a phase shift.

Parameters

phase_shift	phase shift in radiant
bin	index of fft bin, index 0 has dc (index 0 and nyqvist bin cannot be delayed)
fftlen	FFT length

Returns

The delay in samples achieved by applying the phase shift. A negative phase shift causes a positive delay: shifts current signal to future.

2.9.3.15 template < class elem_type > std::vector < elem_type > MHASignal::dupvec (std::vector < elem_type > vec, unsigned n)

Parameters

vec	Input vector.
n	Target number of elements.

Return values

Resized	vector.
---------	---------

2.9.3.16 template < class elem_type > std::vector < elem_type > MHASignal::dupvec_chk (std::vector < elem_type > vec, unsigned n)

The input dimension can be either 1 or the target length.

vec	Input vector.
n	Target number of elements.

Return values

Resized vector.

2.9.3.17 bool equal_dim (const mha_wave_t & a, const mha_spec_t & b) [inline]

Warning

Waveform structures **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) use interleaved data order, while spectrum structures **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) use non-interleaved.

2.9.3.18 bool equal_dim (const mha_spec_t & a, const mha_wave_t & b) [inline]

Warning

Waveform structures **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) use interleaved data order, while spectrum structures **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) use non-interleaved.

2.9.3.19 void integrate (mha_wave_t & s)

Parameters

s Input signal vector

2.9.3.20 void integrate (mha_spec_t & s)

Parameters

s Input signal vector

2.9.3.21 void assign (mha_wave_t self, mha_real_t val) [inline]

Parameters

self	Waveform to be modified.
val	Value to be assigned to all entries of waveform.

2.9.3.22 void assign (mha_wave_t self, const mha_wave_t & val)

self	Waveform to be modified.
val	Source waveform structure.

2.9.3.23 void assign (mha_spec_t self, const mha_spec_t & val)

Parameters

self	Spectrum to be modified.
val	Source spectrum.

2.9.3.24 void timeshift (mha_wave_t & self, int shift)

Shifted areas are filled with zeros.

Parameters

self	Waveform chunk to be shifted
shift	Shift amount, positive values shift to later times

2.9.3.25 mha_real_t& value (mha_wave_t * s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch) [inline]

Parameters

s	Waveform structure
fr	Frame number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

2.9.3.26 const mha_real_t& value (const mha_wave_t * s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch) [inline]

Parameters

s	Waveform structure
fr	Frame number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

2.9.3.27 mha_complex_t& value (mha_spec_t * s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch) [inline]

Parameters

s	Spectrum structure
fr	Bin number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

2.9.3.28 const mha_complex_t& value (const mha_spec_t * s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch) [inline]

Parameters

s	Spectrum structure
fr	Bin number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

2.9.3.29 mha_real_t& value (mha_wave_t & s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch) [inline]

Parameters

s	Waveform structure
fr	Frame number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

2.9.3.30 const mha_real_t& value (const mha_wave_t & s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch) [inline]

s	Waveform structure	
fr	Frame number	
ch	Channel number	

Returns

Reference to element

2.9.3.31 mha_complex_t& value (mha_spec_t & s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)
[inline]

Parameters

s	Spectrum structure	
fr	Bin number	
ch	Channel number	

Returns

Reference to element

2.9.3.32 const mha_complex_t& value (const mha_spec_t & s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)
[inline]

Parameters

s	Spectrum structure	
fr	Bin number	
ch Channel number		

Returns

Reference to element

2.9.3.33 std::vector<float> std_vector_float (const mha_wave_t &)

Warning

This function is not real-time safe. Do not use in signal processing thread.

2.9.3.34 std::vector<std::vector<float> > std_vector_vector_float (const mha_wave_t &)

Warning

This function is not real-time safe. Do not use in signal processing thread.

2.9.3.35 std::vector<std::vector<mha_complex_t>> std_vector_vector_complex (const mha_spec_t &)

Warning

This function is not real-time safe. Do not use in signal processing thread.

2.9.3.36 mha_wave_t& operator^= (mha_wave_t & self, const mha_real_t & arg)

Warning

This overwrites the xor operator!

2.9.3.37 void MHASignal::copy_channel (mha_spec_t & self, const mha_spec_t & src, unsigned sch, unsigned dch)

Parameters

self	Destination.	
src	Source	
sch	Source channel number	
dch Destination channel number		

2.9.3.38 void MHASignal::copy_channel (mha_wave_t & self, const mha_wave_t & src, unsigned src_channel, unsigned dest_channel)

Parameters

self	Destination.
src	Source
src_channel	Source channel number
dest_channel	Destination channel number

2.9.3.39 mha_real_t MHASignal::rmslevel (const mha_spec_t & s, unsigned int *channel*, unsigned int *fftlen*)

Parameters

S	Input spectrum	
channel	el Channel number to be tested	
fftlen	FFT length (to correctly count the level of the Nyquist bin)	

Returns

RMS level in Pa

2.9.3.40 mha_real_t MHASignal::colored_intensity (const mha_spec_t & s, unsigned int *channel*, unsigned int *fftlen*, mha_real_t *sqfreq_response*[])

computes the squared sum of the spectrum after filtering with the frequency response

Parameters

s	Input spectrum	
channel	Channel number to be tested	
fftlen	FFT length (to correctly count the level of the Nyquist bin)	
sqfreq_response	A squared weighting factor for every fft bin.	

Returns

sum of squares. Root of this is the colored level in Pa

2.9.3.41 mha_real_t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha_spec_t & s, unsigned int channel)

Parameters

s	Input signal
channel	Channel to be tested

Returns

maximum absolute value

2.9.3.42 mha_real_t MHASignal::rmslevel (const mha_wave_t & s, unsigned int channel)

Parameters

s	Input waveform signal
channel	Channel number to be tested

Returns

RMS level in Pa

2.9.3.43 mha_real_t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha_wave_t & s, unsigned int channel)

s	Input signal
channel	Channel to be tested

Returns

maximum absolute value

2.9.3.44 mha_real_t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha_wave_t & s)

Parameters

s Input signal

Returns

maximum absolute value

2.9.3.45 mha_real_t MHASignal::max (const mha_wave_t & s)

Parameters

s | Input signal

Returns

maximum absolute value

2.9.3.46 mha_real_t MHASignal::min (const mha_wave_t & s)

Parameters

s Input signal

Returns

maximum absolute value

2.9.3.47 mha_real_t MHASignal::sumsqr_channel (const mha_wave_t & s, unsigned int channel)

S	Input signal
channel	Channel

Returns

$$\sum x^2$$

2.9.3.48 mha_real_t MHASignal::sumsqr_frame (const mha_wave_t & s, unsigned int frame)

Parameters

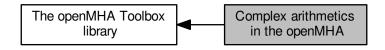
s	Input signal
frame	Frame number

Returns

$$\sum x^2$$

2.10 Complex arithmetics in the openMHA

Collaboration diagram for Complex arithmetics in the openMHA:



Classes

struct mha_complex_t

Type for complex floating point values.

Functions

- mha_complex_t & set (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t real, mha_real_t imag=0)

 Assign real and imaginary parts to a mha_complex_t (p. 123) variable.
- mha_complex_t mha_complex (mha_real_t real, mha_real_t imag=0)
 Create a new mha_complex_t (p. 123) with specified real and imaginary parts.
- mha_complex_t & set (mha_complex_t &self, const std::complex < mha_real_t > &stdcomplex)

Assign a **mha_complex_t** (p. 123) variable from a std::complex.

- std::complex < mha_real_t > stdcomplex (const mha_complex_t &self)
 Create a std::complex from mha complex t (p. 123).
- mha_complex_t & expi (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t angle)

 replaces the value of the given mha_complex_t (p. 123) with exp(i*b).
- double angle (const mha_complex_t &self)

Computes the angle of a complex number in the complex plane.

- mha_complex_t & operator+= (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other)

 Addition of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.
- mha_complex_t operator+ (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_
 t &other)

Addition of two complex numbers, result is a temporary object.

- mha_complex_t & operator+= (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Addition of a complex and a real number, overwriting the complex.
- mha_complex_t operator+ (const mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Addition of a complex and a real number, result is a temporary object.
- mha_complex_t & operator-= (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other)

 Subtraction of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.

mha_complex_t operator- (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_
 t &other)

Subtraction of two complex numbers, result is a temporary object.

mha_complex_t & operator-= (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

Subtraction of a complex and a real number, overwriting the complex.

• mha_complex_t operator- (const mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

Subtraction of a complex and a real number, result is a temporary object.

- mha_complex_t & operator*= (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other)

 Multiplication of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.
- mha_complex_t operator* (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_← t &other)

Multiplication of two complex numbers, result is a temporary object.

• mha_complex_t & operator*= (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

Multiplication of a complex and a real number, overwriting the complex.

- mha_complex_t & expi (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t angle, mha_real_t factor)
 replaces (!) the value of the given mha_complex_t (p. 123) with a * exp(i*b)
- mha_complex_t operator* (const mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Multiplication of a complex and a real number, result is a temporary object.
- mha_real_t abs2 (const mha_complex_t &self)

Compute the square of the absolute value of a complex value.

mha_real_t abs (const mha_complex_t &self)

Compute the absolute value of a complex value.

mha_complex_t & operator/= (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

Division of a complex and a real number, overwriting the complex.

mha_complex_t operator/ (const mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

Division of a complex and a real number, result is a temporary object.

 mha_complex_t & safe_div (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other, mha_real_t eps, mha_real_t eps2)

Safe division of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.

- mha_complex_t & operator/= (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other)

 Division of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.
- mha_complex_t operator/ (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_← t &other)

Division of two complex numbers, result is a temporary object.

• mha complex t operator- (const mha complex t &self)

Unary minus on a complex results in a negative temporary object.

bool operator== (const mha_complex_t &x, const mha_complex_t &y)

Compare two complex numbers for equality.

• bool operator!= (const mha_complex_t &x, const mha_complex_t &y)

Compare two complex numbers for inequality.

void conjugate (mha_complex_t &self)

Replace (!) the value of this **mha** complex t (p. 123) with its conjugate.

mha_complex_t _conjugate (const mha_complex_t &self)

Compute the cojugate of this complex value.

void reciprocal (mha_complex_t &self)

Replace the value of this complex with its reciprocal.

mha_complex_t _reciprocal (const mha_complex_t &self)

compute the reciprocal of this complex value.

void normalize (mha_complex_t &self)

Divide a complex by its absolute value, thereby normalizing it (projecting onto the unit circle).

void normalize (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t margin)

Divide a complex by its absolute value, thereby normalizing it (projecting onto the unit circle), with a safety margin.

bool almost (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other, mha_real_t times_epsilon=1e2)

Compare two complex numbers for equality except for a small relative error.

bool operator< (const mha_complex_t &x, const mha_complex_t &y)

Compares the absolute values of two complex numbers.

2.10.1 Detailed Description

2.10.2 Function Documentation

2.10.2.1 mha_complex_t& set (mha_complex_t & self, mha_real_t real, mha_real_t imag = 0) [inline]

Parameters

self	The mha_complex_t (p. 123) variable whose value is about to change.
real	The new real part.
imag	The new imaginary part.

Returns

A reference to the changed variable.

2.10.2.2 mha_complex_t mha_complex (mha_real_t real, mha_real_t imag = 0) [inline]

Parameters

real	The real part.
imag	The imaginary part.

Returns

The new value.

2.10.2.3 mha_complex_t& set (mha_complex_t & self, const std::complex < mha_real_t > & stdcomplex) [inline]

Parameters

self	The mha_complex_t (p. 123) variable whose value is about to change.
stdcomplex	The new complex value.

Returns

A reference to the changed variable.

2.10.2.4 mha_complex_t& expi (mha_complex_t & self, mha_real_t angle) [inline]

Parameters

self	The mha_complex_t (p. 123) variable whose value is about to change.
angle	The angle in the complex plane [rad].

Returns

A reference to the changed variable.

2.10.2.5 double angle (const mha_complex_t & self) [inline]

Parameters

self	The complex number whose angle is needed.
------	---

Returns

The angle of a complex number in the complex plane.

2.10.2.6 mha_complex_t& expi (mha_complex_t & self, mha_real_t angle, mha_real_t factor) [inline]

Parameters

self	The mha_complex_t (p. 123) variable whose value is about to change.
angle	The imaginary exponent.
factor	The absolute value of the result.

Returns

A reference to the changed variable.

2.10.2.7 mha_real_t abs2 (const mha_complex_t & self) [inline]

Returns

The square of the absolute value of self.

2.10.2.8 mha_real_t abs (const mha_complex_t & self) [inline]

Returns

The absolute value of self.

2.10.2.9 mha_complex_t& safe_div (mha_complex_t & self, const mha_complex_t & other, mha_real_t eps, mha_real_t eps2) [inline]

If abs(divisor) < eps, then divisor is replaced by eps. eps2 = eps*eps.

2.10.2.10 mha_complex_t _conjugate (const mha_complex_t & self) [inline]

Returns

A temporary object holding the conjugate value.

2.10.2.11 mha complex t_reciprocal(const mha complex t & self) [inline]

Returns

A temporary object holding the reciprocal value.

2.10.2.12 bool almost (const mha_complex_t & self, const mha_complex_t & other, mha real t times_epsilon = 1e2) [inline]

Parameters

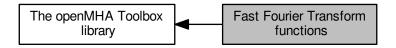
self	The first complex number.
other	The second complex number.
times_epsilon	Permitted relative error is this number multiplied with the machine accuracy for this Floating point format (std::numeric_limits <mha_real_t>::epsilon)</mha_real_t>

Returns

true if the relative difference is below times_epsilon * std::numeric_limits<mha_real_t> \leftarrow ::epsilon

2.11 Fast Fourier Transform functions

Collaboration diagram for Fast Fourier Transform functions:



Typedefs

typedef void * mha_fft_t
 Handle for an FFT object.

Functions

mha_fft_t mha_fft_new (unsigned int n)

Create a new FFT handle.

void mha_fft_free (mha_fft_t h)

Destroy an FFT handle.

- void mha_fft_wave2spec (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t *in, mha_spec_t *out)

 Tranform waveform segment into spectrum.
- void mha_fft_wave2spec (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t *in, mha_spec_t *out, bool swaps)

Tranform waveform segment into spectrum.

- void mha_fft_spec2wave (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t *in, mha_wave_t *out)

 Tranform spectrum into waveform segment.
- void mha_fft_spec2wave (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t *in, mha_wave_t *out, unsigned int offset)

Tranform spectrum into waveform segment.

- void mha_fft_forward (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t *sIn, mha_spec_t *sOut)

 Complex to complex FFT (forward).
- void mha_fft_backward (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t *sIn, mha_spec_t *sOut)

 Complex to complex FFT (backward).
- void mha_fft_forward_scale (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t *sIn, mha_spec_t *sOut)

 Complex to complex FFT (forward).
- void mha_fft_backward_scale (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t *sIn, mha_spec_t *sOut)

 Complex to complex FFT (backward).
- void mha_fft_wave2spec_scale (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t *in, mha_spec_← t *out)

Tranform waveform segment into spectrum.

void mha_fft_spec2wave_scale (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t *in, mha_wave_←
t *out)

Tranform spectrum into waveform segment.

- 2.11.1 Detailed Description
- 2.11.2 Typedef Documentation
- 2.11.2.1 typedef void* mha_fft_t

This FFT object is used by the functions mha_fft_wave2spec and mha_fft_spec2wave. The F← FT back-end is the FFTW library. The back-end is completely hidden, including external header files or linking external libraries is not required.

2.11.3 Function Documentation

2.11.3.1 **mha_fft_t** mha_fft_new (unsigned int *n*)

Parameters

n FFT length.

Create a new FFT handle.

Parameters

n FFT length

Return values

FFT object

2.11.3.2 void mha_fft_free (mha_fft_t h)

Parameters

h Handle to be destroyed.

Destroy an FFT handle.

Parameters

h FFT object to be removed

2.11.3.3 void mha_fft_wave2spec (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t * in, mha_spec_t * out)

Parameters

	h	FFT handle.
	in	Input waveform segment.
ſ	out	Output spectrum.

Tranform waveform segment into spectrum.

Parameters

h	FFT object handle
in	pointer to input waveform signal
out	pointer to output spectrum signal (has to be allocated)

2.11.3.4 void mha_fft_wave2spec (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t * in, mha_spec_t * out, bool swaps)

Like normal wave2spec, but swaps wave buffer halves before transforming if the swaps parameter is true.

Warning: These openMHA FFTs adopt a nonstandard scaling scheme in which the forward transform scales by 1/N and the backward does not scale. We would recommend using the 'scale' methods instead.

Parameters

h	FFT handle.
in	Input waveform segment.
out	Output spectrum.
swaps	Function swaps the first and second half of the waveform buffer before the FFT
	transform when this parameter is set to true.

2.11.3.5 void mha_fft_spec2wave (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t * in, mha_wave_t * out)

Warning: These openMHA FFTs adopt a nonstandard scaling scheme in which the forward transform scales by 1/N and the backward does not scale. We would recommend using the 'scale' methods instead.

h	FFT handle.
in	Input spectrum.
out	Output waveform segment.

Tranform spectrum into waveform segment.

Parameters

h	FFT object handle
in	pointer to input spectrum
ou	pointer to output waveform signal (has to be allocated)

2.11.3.6 void mha_fft_spec2wave (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t * in, mha_wave_t * out, unsigned int offset)

out may have fewer number of frames than needed for a complete iFFT. Only as many frames are written into out as fit, starting with offset offset of the complete iFFT.

Warning: These openMHA FFTs adopt a nonstandard scaling scheme in which the forward transform scales by 1/N and the backward does not scale. We would recommend using the '_scale' methods instead.

Parameters

h	FFT handle.
in	Input spectrum.
out	Output waveform segment.
offset	Offset into iFFT wave buffer

Tranform spectrum into waveform segment.

Only part of the iFFT is tranferred into the out buffer.

Out may have fewer number of freames than needed for a complete iFFT. Only as many frames are written into out as fit, starting with offset offset of the complete iFFT.

Parameters

h	FFT object handle
in	pointer to input spectrum
out	pointer to output waveform signal (has to be allocated)
offset	Offset into complete iFFT buffer.

2.11.3.7 void mha_fft_forward (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t * sln, mha_spec_t * sOut)

sln and sOut need to have nfft bins (please note that **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) typically has nfft/2+1 bins for half-complex representation).

Warning: These openMHA FFTs adopt a nonstandard scaling scheme in which the forward transform scales by 1/N and the backward does not scale. We would recommend using the 'scale' methods instead.

Parameters

h	FFT handle.
sIn	Input spectrum.
sOut	Output spectrum.

2.11.3.8 void mha_fft_backward (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t * sln, mha_spec_t * sOut)

sIn and sOut need to have nfft bins (please note that **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) typically has nfft/2+1 bins for half-complex representation).

Warning: These openMHA FFTs adopt a nonstandard scaling scheme in which the forward transform scales by 1/N and the backward does not scale. We would recommend using the 'scale' methods instead.

Parameters

h	FFT handle.
sIn	Input spectrum.
sOut	Output spectrum.

2.11.3.9 void mha_fft_forward_scale (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t * sln, mha_spec_t * sOut)

sIn and sOut need to have nfft bins (please note that **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) typically has nfft/2+1 bins for half-complex representation).

The _scale methods use standard DFT scaling: There is no scaling in the forward transformation, and 1/N scaling for the backward.

Parameters

h	FFT handle.
sIn	Input spectrum.
sOut	Output spectrum.

2.11.3.10 void mha_fft_backward_scale (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t * sln, mha_spec_t * sOut)

sIn and sOut need to have nfft bins (please note that **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) typically has nfft/2+1 bins for half-complex representation).

The _scale methods use standard DFT scaling: There is no scaling in the forward transformation, and 1/N scaling for the backward.

Parameters

h	FFT handle.
sIn	Input spectrum.
sOut	Output spectrum.

2.11.3.11 void mha_fft_wave2spec_scale (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t * in, mha_spec_t * out)

The _scale methods use standard DFT scaling: There is no scaling in the forward transformation, and 1/N scaling for the backward.

Parameters

h	FFT handle.
in	Input waveform segment.
out	Output spectrum.

2.11.3.12 void mha_fft_spec2wave_scale (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t * in, mha_wave_t * out)

The _scale methods use standard DFT scaling: There is no scaling in the forward transformation, and 1/N scaling for the backward.

h	FFT handle.
in	Input spectrum.
out	Output waveform segment.

3 Namespace Documentation

3.1 AuditoryProfile Namespace Reference

Namespace for classes and functions around the auditory profile (e.g., audiogram handling)

Classes

class fmap_t

A class to store frequency dependent data (e.g., HTL and UCL).

class parser_t

Class to make the auditory profile accessible through the parser interface.

· class profile_t

The Auditory Profile class.

3.1.1 Detailed Description

The auditory profile as defined by HearCom or BMBF Modellbasierte Hoergeraete is stored in the class **AuditoryProfile::profile_t** (p. 94). Until a complete definition is available, only the currently needed elements are implemented.

3.2 DynComp Namespace Reference

dynamic compression related classes and functions

Classes

class dc_afterburn_rt_t

Real-time class for after burn effect.

· class dc_afterburn_t

Afterburn class, to be defined as a member of compressors.

• class dc_afterburn_vars_t

Variables for dc_afterburn_t (p. 97) class.

• class gaintable t

Gain table class.

Functions

mha_real_t interp1 (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &vX, const std::vector< mha_
 real_t > &vY, mha_real_t X)

One-dimensional linear interpolation.

mha_real_t interp2 (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &vX, const std::vector< mha←
 _real_t > &vY, const std::vector< std::vector< mha_real_t >> &mZ, mha_real_t X,
 mha_real_t Y)

Linear interpolation in a two-dimensional field.

3.2.1 Function Documentation

3.2.1.1 mha_real_t DynComp::interp1 (const std::vector< mha_real_t > & vX, const std::vector< mha_real_t > & vY, mha_real_t X)

Parameters

νX	Vector with input samples.
νY	Vector with values at input samples.
X	Input value to be interpolated.

Return values

Interpolated	value Y(X) at position X.
--------------	---------------------------

3.2.1.2 mha_real_t DynComp::interp2 (const std::vector< mha_real_t > & νX , const std::vector< mha_real_t > & νY , const std::vector< mha_real_t >> & mZ, mha_real_t x, mha_real_t x

Parameters

νX	Vector with input samples, first dimension.
νY	Vector with input samples, second dimension.
mZ	Field with values at input samples.
X	First dimension of input value to be interpolated.
Y	Second dimension of input value to be interpolated.

Return values

Interpolated	value Z(X,Y) at position X,Y.

3.3 MHA_AC Namespace Reference

Functions and classes for Algorithm Communication (AC) support.

Classes

class ac2matrix_t

Copy AC variable to a matrix.

class acspace2matrix_t

Copy all or a subset of all numeric AC variables into an array of matrixes.

class double_t

Insert a double precision floating point variable into the AC space.

class float t

Insert a float point variable into the AC space.

· class int t

Insert a integer variable into the AC space.

class spectrum_t

Insert a MHASignal::spectrum_t (p. 261) class into the AC space.

class waveform t

Insert a MHASignal::waveform_t (p. 268) class into the AC space.

Functions

- mha_spec_t get_var_spectrum (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)
 Convert an AC variable into a spectrum.
- mha_wave_t get_var_waveform (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

 Convert an AC variable into a waveform.
- int get_var_int (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Return value of an integer scalar AC variable.

float get_var_float (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Return value of an floating point scalar AC variable.

std::vector< float > get_var_vfloat (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Return value of an floating point vector AC variable as standard vector of floats.

- 3.3.1 Detailed Description
- 3.4 MHA_TCP Namespace Reference

A Namespace for TCP helper classes.

Classes

class Async_Notify

Portable Multiplexable cross-thread notification.

· class Client

A portable class for a tcp client connections.

class Connection

Connection (p. 144) handles Communication between client and server, is used on both sides.

· class Event Watcher

OS-independent event watcher, uses select on Unix and WaitForMultipleObjects on Windows.

· class Sockread Event

Watch socket for incoming data.

· class Thread

A very simple class for portable threads.

· class Timeout Watcher

OS-independent event watcher with internal fixed-end-time timeout.

class Wakeup_Event

A base class for asynchronous wakeup events.

Functions

std::string STRERROR (int err)

Portable conversion from error number to error string.

std::string HSTRERROR (int err)

Portable conversion from hostname error number to error string.

• int **N_ERRNO** ()

Portable access to last network error number.

• int **H_ERRNO** ()

Portable access to last hostname error number.

• int G ERRNO ()

Portable access to last non-network error number.

• double dtime ()

Time access function for system's high resolution time, retrieve current time as double.

double dtime (const struct timeval &tv)

Time access function for unix' high resolution time, converts struct timeval to double.

• struct timeval **stime** (double d)

Time access function for unix' high resolution time, converts time from double to struct timeval.

3.5 MHAEvents Namespace Reference

Collection of event handling classes.

Classes

· class emitter t

Class for emitting openMHA events.

class patchbay t

Patchbay which connects any event emitter with any member function of the parameter class.

3.6 MHAFilter Namespace Reference

Namespace for IIR and FIR filter classes.

Classes

class adapt_filter_t

Adaptive filter.

class blockprocessing_polyphase_resampling_t

A class that does polyphase resampling and takes into account block processing.

class complex_bandpass_t

Complex bandpass filter.

class diff t

Differentiator class (non-normalized)

· class fftfilter t

FFT based FIR filter implementation.

class fftfilterbank_t

FFT based FIR filterbank implementation.

· class filter t

Generic IIR filter class.

class gamma_flt_t

Class for gammatone filter.

class iir_filter_t

IIR filter class wrapper for integration into parser structure.

class iir_ord1_real_t

First order recursive filter.

• class o1_ar_filter_t

First order attack-release lowpass filter.

class o1flt_lowpass_t

First order low pass filter.

· class o1flt maxtrack t

First order maximum tracker.

class o1flt mintrack t

First order minimum tracker.

• class partitioned_convolution_t

A filter class for partitioned convolution.

class polyphase_resampling_t

A class that does polyphase resampling.

class resampling_filter_t

Hann shaped low pass filter for resampling.

class smoothspec_t

Smooth spectral gains, create a windowed impulse response.

struct transfer_function_t

a structure containing a source channel number, a target channel number, and an impulse response.

• struct transfer_matrix_t

A sparse matrix of transfer function partitionss.

Functions

void o1_lp_coeffs (const mha_real_t tau, const mha_real_t fs, mha_real_t &c1, mha
 _real_t &c2)

Set first order filter coefficients from time constant and sampling rate.

• void **butter_stop_ord1** (double *A, double *B, double f1, double f2, double fs) Setup a first order butterworth band stop filter.

• MHASignal::waveform_t * spec2fir (const mha_spec_t *spec, const unsigned int fftlen, const MHAWindow::base_t &window, const bool minphase)

Create a windowed impulse response/FIR filter coefficients from a spectrum.

unsigned gcd (unsigned a, unsigned b)

greatest common divisor

• double sinc (double x)

sin(x)/x function, coping with x=0.

• std::pair< unsigned, unsigned > **resampling_factors** (float source_sampling_rate, float target_sampling_rate, float factor=1.0f)

Computes rational resampling factor from two sampling rates.

3.6.1 Function Documentation

3.6.1.1 void MHAFilter::o1_lp_coeffs (const mha_real_t tau, const mha_real_t & c1, mha_real_t & c2)

Parameters

tau	Time constant
fs	Sampling rate

Return values

c1	Recursive filter coefficient
c2	Non-recursive filter coefficient

3.6.1.2 void MHAFilter::butter_stop_ord1 (double * A, double * B, double f1, double f2, double f5)

This function calculates the filter coefficients of a first order butterworth band stop filter.

Return values

Α	recursive filter coefficients
В	non recursive filter coefficients

Parameters

f1	lower frequency
f2	upper frequency
fs	sample frequency

3.6.1.3 MHASignal::waveform_t * MHAFilter::spec2fir (const mha_spec_t * spec, const unsigned int fftlen, const MHAWindow::base_t & window, const bool minphase)

Parameters

spec	Input spectrum
fftlen	FFT length of spectrum
window	Window shape (with length, e.g. initialized with MHAWindow::hanning(54)).
minphase	Flag, true if original phase should be discarded and replaced by a minimal phase function.

3.6.1.4 double MHAFilter::sinc (double x)

This is the historical sinc function, not the normalized sinc function.

3.6.1.5 std::pair < unsigned, unsigned > MHAFilter::resampling_factors (float source_sampling_rate, float $target_sampling_rate$, float $target_sampling_rate$

The function will fail if either sampling_rate * factor is not an integer

Parameters

source_sampling_rate	The original sampling rate
target_sampling_rate	The desired sampling rate
factor	A helper factor to use for non-integer sampling rates

Returns

a pair that contains first the upsampling factor and second the downsampling factor required for the specified resampling.

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132) if no rational resampling factor can be found.

3.7 MHAIOJack Namespace Reference

JACK IO.

Classes

class io_jack_t

Main class for JACK IO.

3.8 MHAJack Namespace Reference

Classes and functions for openMHA and JACK interaction.

Classes

· class client_avg_t

Generic JACK client for averaging a system response across time.

class client_noncont_t

Generic client for synchronous playback and recording of waveform fragments.

class client_t

Generic asynchronous JACK client.

class port_t

Class for one channel/port.

Functions

void io (mha_wave_t *s_out, mha_wave_t *s_in, const std::string &name, const std
 ::vector< std::string > &p_out, const std::vector< std::string > &p_in, float *srate=NULL,
 unsigned int *fragsize=NULL, bool use_jack_transport=false)

Functional form of generic client for synchronous playback and recording of waveform fragments.

std::vector< unsigned int > get_port_capture_latency (const std::vector< std::string > &ports)

Return the JACK port latency of ports.

std::vector< int > get_port_capture_latency_int (const std::vector< std::string > &ports)

Return the JACK port latency of ports.

std::vector< unsigned int > get_port_playback_latency (const std::vector< std::string > &ports)

Return the JACK port latency of ports.

3.8.1 Function Documentation

3.8.1.1 std::vector< unsigned int > MHAJack::get_port_capture_latency (const std::vector< std::string > & ports)

Parameters

ports Ports to be tested	l
--------------------------	---

Returns

Latency vector (one entry for each port)

3.8.1.2 std::vector< int > MHAJack::get_port_capture_latency_int (const std::vector< std::string > & ports)

Parameters

ports	Ports to be tested
-------	--------------------

Returns

Latency vector (one entry for each port)

3.8.1.3 std::vector< unsigned int > MHAJack::get_port_playback_latency (const std::vector< std::string > & ports)

Parameters

ports Ports to be tested	
--------------------------	--

Returns

Latency vector (one entry for each port)

3.9 MHAMultiSrc Namespace Reference

Collection of classes for selecting audio chunks from multiple sources.

Classes

class base_t

Base class for source selection.

3.9.1 Detailed Description

3.10 MHAOvlFilter Namespace Reference

Namespace for overlapping FFT based filter bank classes and functions.

Namespaces

FreqScaleFun

Transform functions from linear scale in Hz to new frequency scales.

ShapeFun

Shape functions for overlapping filters.

Classes

class fftfb_t

FFT based overlapping filter bank.

class fftfb_vars_t

Set of configuration variables for FFT-based overlapping filters.

· class fspacing_t

Class for frequency spacing, used by filterbank shape generator class.

class overlap_save_filterbank_t

A time-domain minimal phase filter bank with frequency shapes from **MHAOvIFilter::fftfb_t** (p. 196).

3.11 MHAOvlFilter::FreqScaleFun Namespace Reference

Transform functions from linear scale in Hz to new frequency scales.

Functions

mha_real_t hz2hz (mha_real_t x)

Dummy scale transformation Hz to Hz.

mha_real_t hz2bark (mha_real_t x)

Transformation to bark scale.

mha_real_t hz2log (mha_real_t x)

Third octave frequency scale.

3.11.1 Function Documentation

```
3.11.1.1 mha_real_t MHAOvlFilter::FreqScaleFun::hz2hz ( mha_real_t x )
```

This function implements a dummy scale transformation (linear frequency scale).

Parameters

```
x Input frequency in Hz
```

Returns

Frequency in Hz

```
3.11.1.2 mha real t MHAOvlFilter::FreqScaleFun::hz2bark ( mha real t x )
```

This function implements a critical band rate (bark) scale.

Parameters

```
x Input frequency in Hz
```

Returns

Critical band rate in Bark

3.11.1.3 mha real t MHAOvlFilter::FreqScaleFun::hz2log(mha real t x)

This function implements a third octave scale. Frequencies below 16 Hz are mapped to 16 Hz.

Parameters

x Frequency in Hz

Returns

Third octaves relative to 1000 Hz

3.12 MHAOvIFilter::ShapeFun Namespace Reference

Shape functions for overlapping filters.

Functions

mha_real_t rect (mha_real_t x)

Filter shape function for rectangular filters.

mha_real_t linear (mha_real_t x)

Filter shape function for sawtooth filters.

mha_real_t hann (mha_real_t x)

Filter shape function for hanning shaped filters.

3.12.1 Function Documentation

```
3.12.1.1 mha_real_t MHAOvlFilter::ShapeFun::rect ( mha_real_t x )
```

This function creates rectangular filter shapes. The edge is exactly half way between two center frequencies (on a given scale).

Parameters

```
x Input value in the range [-1,1].
```

Returns

Weigth function in the range [0,1]

3.12.1.2 mha_real_t MHAOvlFilter::ShapeFun::linear (mha_real_t x)

This function creates sawtooth filter shapes. They rise linearly form 0 to 1 in the interval from the lower neighbor center frequency to the band center frequency and from 1 to 0 in the interval from the band center frequency to the upper neighbour band center frequency. Linear means linear on a given frequency scale.

Parameters

x Input value in the range [-1,1].

Returns

Weigth function in the range [0,1]

3.12.1.3 mha_real_t MHAOvlFilter::ShapeFun::hann (mha_real_t x)

This function creates hanning window shaped filters.

Parameters

x Input value in the range [-1,1].

Returns

Weigth function in the range [0,1]

3.13 MHAParser Namespace Reference

Name space for the openMHA-Parser configuration language.

Namespaces

StrCnv

String converter namespace.

Classes

class base_t

Base class for all parser items.

class bool_mon_t

Monitor with string value.

class bool_t

Variable with a boolean value ("yes"/"no")

· class commit t

Parser variable with event-emission functionality.

• class complex_mon_t

Monitor with complex value.

class complex_t

Variable with complex value.

class float_mon_t

Monitor with float value.

· class float t

Variable with float value.

· class int_mon_t

Monitor variable with int value.

• class int t

Variable with integer value.

class keyword_list_t

Keyword list class.

class kw_t

Variable with keyword list value.

class mcomplex_mon_t

Matrix of complex numbers monitor.

class mcomplex_t

Matrix variable with complex value.

class mfloat_mon_t

Matrix of floats monitor.

· class mfloat t

Matrix variable with float value.

class mhapluginloader_t

Class to create a plugin loader in a parser, including the load logic.

· class monitor t

Base class for monitors and variable nodes.

class parser_t

Parser node class.

class range_var_t

Base class for all variables with a numeric value range.

class string_mon_t

Monitor with string value.

class string_t

Variable with a string value.

class variable_t

Base class for variable nodes.

class vcomplex mon t

Monitor with vector of complex values.

class vcomplex_t

Vector variable with complex value.

class vfloat_mon_t

Vector of floats monitor.

class vfloat_t

Vector variable with float value.

class vint_mon_t

Vector of ints monitor.

class vint_t

Variable with vector<int> value.

class vstring_mon_t

Vector of monitors with string value.

class vstring_t

Vector variable with string values.

class window_t

MHA configuration interface for a window function generator.

Functions

void strreplace (std::string &, const std::string &, const std::string &)
 string replace function

3.13.1 Detailed Description

This namespace contains all classes which are needed for the implementation of the open ← MHA configuration language. For details on the script language itself please see section **The openMHA configuration language** (p. 33).

3.13.2 List of valid MHAParser items

- Sub-parser: parser_t (p. 220)
- Variables:

```
Numeric variables: int_t (p. 211), vint_t (p. 232), float_t (p. 208), vfloat_t (p. 229), mfloat_t (p. 218)
Other variables: string_t (p. 225), vstring_t (p. 234), kw_t (p. 214), bool_t (p. 204)
```

Monitors:

```
Numeric monitors: int_mon_t (p. 210), vint_mon_t (p. 231), float_mon_t (p. 207), vfloat_mon_t (p. 228)
mfloat_mon_t (p. 217)
mcomplex_mon_t (p. 215)
Other monitors: bool_mon_t (p. 203), string_mon_t (p. 224), vstring_mon_t (p. 233)
```

Members can be inserted into the configuration namespace by using MHAParser::insert_item() or the **insert member()** (p. 295) macro.

3.13.3 Function Documentation

3.13.3.1 void MHAParser::strreplace (std::string & s, const std::string & arg, const std::string & rep)

Parameters

s	target string
arg	search pattern
rep	replace pattern

3.14 MHAParser::StrCnv Namespace Reference

String converter namespace.

Functions

• int num_brackets (const std::string &s)

Return number of brackets at beginning and end of string.

void str2val (const std::string &, bool &)

Convert from string.

void str2val (const std::string &, float &)

Convert from string.

void str2val (const std::string &, mha_complex_t &)

Convert from string.

void str2val (const std::string &, int &)

Convert from string.

void str2val (const std::string &, keyword_list_t &)

Convert from string.

void str2val (const std::string &, std::string &)

Convert from string.

template<class arg_t >

void **str2val** (const std::string &s, std::vector< arg_t > &val)

Converter for vector types.

template<>

void str2val< mha_real_t > (const std::string &s, std::vector< mha_real_t > &v)

Converter for vector<mha_real_t> with Matlab-style expansion.

template<class arg_t >

void **str2val** (const std::string &s, std::vector< std::vector< arg_t >> &val)

Converter for matrix types.

std::string val2str (const bool &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const float &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const mha_complex_t &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const int &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const keyword_list_t &)

Convert to string.

• std::string val2str (const std::string &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const std::vector< float > &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const std::vector< mha_complex_t > &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const std::vector< int > &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const std::vector< std::string > &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const std::vector< std::vector< float >> &)

Convert to string.

std::string val2str (const std::vector< std::vector< mha_complex_t >> &)

Convert to string.

3.14.1 Detailed Description

The functions defined in this namespace manage the conversions from C++ variables to strings and back. It was tried to keep a matlab compatible string format for vectors and vectors of vectors.

3.14.2 Function Documentation

3.14.2.1 int MHAParser::StrCnv::num_brackets (const std::string & s)

Parameters

s String

Returns

Number of brackets, or -1 for empty string

3.15 MHAPlugin Namespace Reference

Namespace for openMHA plugin class templates and thread-safe runtime configurations.

Classes

class config_t

Template class for thread safe configuration.

class plugin_t

The template class for C++ openMHA plugins.

3.16 MHASignal Namespace Reference

Namespace for audio signal handling and processing classes.

Classes

• class async_rmslevel_t

Class for asynchronous level metering.

class delay_t

Class to realize a simple delay of waveform streams.

class delay_wave_t

Delayline containing wave fragments.

class doublebuffer_t

Double-buffering class.

· class hilbert t

Hilbert transformation of a waveform segment.

class loop_wavefragment_t

Copy a fixed waveform fragment to a series of waveform fragments of other size.

class matrix_t

n-dimensional matrix with real or complex floating point values.

class minphase_t

Minimal phase function.

class quantizer_t

Simple simulation of fixpoint quantization.

class ringbuffer_t

A ringbuffer class for time domain audio signal, which makes no assumptions with respect to fragment size.

class schroeder_t

Schroeder tone complex class.

class spectrum_t

a signal processing class for spectral data (based on **mha_spec_t** (p. 141))

class subsample_delay_t

implements subsample delay in spectral domain.

class uint_vector_t

Vector of unsigned values, used for size and index description of n-dimensional matrixes.

class waveform_t

signal processing class for waveform data (based on **mha_wave_t** (p. 154))

Functions

 $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{void} \ \textbf{for} \underline{-} \textbf{each} \ (\textbf{mha}\underline{-} \textbf{wave}\underline{-} \textbf{t} \ *s, \ \textbf{mha}\underline{-} \textbf{real}\underline{-} \textbf{t} (*fun) (\textbf{mha}\underline{-} \textbf{real}\underline{-} \textbf{t})) \\$

Apply a function to each element of a **mha_wave_t** (p. 154).

mha_real_t lin2db (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from linear scale to dB (no SPL reference)

mha_real_t db2lin (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from dB scale to linear (no SPL reference)

mha_real_t pa2dbspl (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from linear Pascal scale to dB SPL.

mha_real_t pa22dbspl (mha_real_t x, mha_real_t eps=1e-20f)

Conversion from squared Pascal scale to dB SPL.

mha_real_t dbspl2pa (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from dB SPL to linear Pascal scale.

mha_real_t smp2sec (mha_real_t n, mha_real_t srate)

conversion from samples to seconds

mha_real_t sec2smp (mha_real_t sec, mha_real_t srate)

conversion from seconds to samples

- mha_real_t bin2freq (mha_real_t bin, unsigned fftlen, mha_real_t srate)
 conversion from fft bin index to frequency
- mha_real_t freq2bin (mha_real_t freq, unsigned fftlen, mha_real_t srate)
 conversion from frequency to fft bin index
- mha_real_t smp2rad (mha_real_t samples, unsigned bin, unsigned fftlen)
 conversion from delay in samples to phase shift
- mha_real_t rad2smp (mha_real_t phase_shift, unsigned bin, unsigned fftlen)
 conversion from phase shift to delay in samples
- template < class elem_type >

 $std::vector < elem_type > \textbf{dupvec} \; (std::vector < elem_type > vec, \, unsigned \, n)$

Duplicate last vector element to match desired size.

• template<class elem_type >

 $std:: vector < elem_type > \textbf{dupvec_chk} \; (std:: vector < elem_type > vec, \; unsigned \; n) \\$

Duplicate last vector element to match desired size, check for dimension.

void copy_channel (mha_spec_t &self, const mha_spec_t &src, unsigned sch, unsigned dch)

Copy one channel of a source signal.

 void copy_channel (mha_wave_t &self, const mha_wave_t &src, unsigned src_← channel, unsigned dest_channel)

Copy one channel of a source signal.

- mha_real_t rmslevel (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel, unsigned int fftlen)

 Return RMS level of a spectrum channel.
- mha_real_t colored_intensity (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel, unsigned int fftlen, mha_real_t sqfreq_response[])

Colored spectrum intensity.

mha_real_t maxabs (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Find maximal absolute value.

mha_real_t rmslevel (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Return RMS level of a waveform channel.

• mha_real_t maxabs (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Find maximal absolute value.

mha_real_t maxabs (const mha_wave_t &s)

Find maximal absolute value.

mha_real_t max (const mha_wave_t &s)

Find maximal value.

• mha real t min (const mha wave t &s)

Find minimal value.

mha_real_t sumsqr_channel (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Calculate sum of squared values in one channel.

mha_real_t sumsqr_frame (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int frame)

Calculate sum over all channels of squared values.

void limit (mha_wave_t &s, const mha_real_t &min, const mha_real_t &max)

Limit the singal in the waveform buffer to the range [min, max].

• template<class elem type >

elem type kth smallest (elem type array[], unsigned n, unsigned k)

Fast search for the kth smallest element of an array.

template<class elem_type >

elem_type **median** (elem_type array[], unsigned n)

Fast median search.

template<class elem type >

elem_type **mean** (const std::vector< elem_type > &data, elem_type start_val)

Calculate average of elements in a vector.

template<class elem_type >

std::vector< elem_type > quantile (std::vector< elem_type > data, const std::vector< elem_type > &p)

Calculate quantile of elements in a vector.

- void **saveas_mat4** (const **mha_spec_t** &data, const std::string &varname, FILE *fh)

 Save a openMHA spectrum as a variable in a Matlab4 file.
- void **saveas_mat4** (const **mha_wave_t** &data, const std::string &varname, FILE *fh)

 Save a openMHA waveform as a variable in a Matlab4 file.
- void saveas_mat4 (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &data, const std::string &varname,
 FILE *fh)

Save a float vector as a variable in a Matlab4 file.

void copy_permuted (mha_wave_t *dest, const mha_wave_t *src)

Copy contents of a waveform to a permuted waveform.

Variables

unsigned long int signal_counter = 0

Signal counter to produce signal ID strings.

3.16.1 Function Documentation

3.16.1.1 void MHASignal::limit (mha_wave_t & s, const mha_real_t & min, const mha_real_t & max)

Parameters

s	The signal to limit. The signal in this wave buffer is modified.
min	lower limit
max	upper limit

3.16.1.2 template < class elem_type > elem_type MHASignal::kth_smallest (elem_type array[], unsigned n, unsigned k)

The order of elements is altered, but not completely sorted. Using the algorithm from N. Wirth, published in "Algorithms + data structures = programs", Prentice-Hall, 1976

Parameters

array	Element array

Postcondition

The order of elements in the array is altered. array[k] then holds the result.

Parameters

n	number of elements in array
---	-----------------------------

Precondition

n >= 1

Parameters

k The k'th smalles element is returned: k = 0 returns the minimum, k = (n-1)/2 returns the median, k=(n-1) returns the maximum

Precondition

k < n

Returns

The kth smallest array element

3.16.1.3 template < class elem_type > elem_type MHASignal::median (elem_type array[], unsigned n) [inline]

The order of elements is altered, but not completely sorted.

Parameters

array	Element array
-------	---------------

Postcondition

The order of elements in the array is altered. array[(n-1)/2] then holds the median.

Parameters

n number of elements in array

Precondition

$$n >= 1$$

Returns

The median of the array elements

3.16.1.4 template < class elem_type > elem_type MHASignal::mean (const std::vector < elem_type > & data, elem_type $start_val$) [inline]

Parameters

data	Input vector
start_val	Value for initialization of the return value before sum.

Returns

The average of the vector elements

3.16.1.5 template < class elem_type > std::vector < elem_type > MHASignal::quantile (std::vector < elem_type > data, const std::vector < elem_type > & p) [inline]

Parameters

data	Input vector
р	Vector of probability values.

Returns

Vector of quantiles of input data, one entry for each probability value.

3.16.1.6 void MHASignal::saveas_mat4 (const mha_spec_t & data, const std::string & varname, FILE * fh)

Parameters

data	openMHA spectrum to be saved.	
varname	Matlab variable name (Matlab4 limitations on maximal length are not checked).	
fh	File handle to Matlab4 file.	

3.16.1.7 void MHASignal::saveas_mat4 (const mha_wave_t & data, const std::string & varname, FILE * fh)

Parameters

data	openMHA waveform to be saved.	
varname	Matlab variable name (Matlab4 limitations on maximal length are not checked).	
fh	File handle to Matlab4 file.	

3.16.1.8 void MHASignal::saveas_mat4 (const std::vector< mha_real_t > & data, const std::string & varname, FILE * fh)

Parameters

data	Float vector to be saved.	
varname	Matlab variable name (Matlab4 limitations on maximal length are not checked).	
fh	File handle to Matlab4 file.	

3.16.1.9 void MHASignal::copy_permuted (mha_wave_t * dest, const mha_wave_t * src)

Parameters

dest	Destination waveform
src	Source waveform

The total size of src and dest must be the same, num_frames and num_channels must be exchanged in dest.

3.17 MHATableLookup Namespace Reference

Namespace for table lookup classes.

Classes

class xy_table_t

Class for interpolation with non-equidistant x values.

3.18 MHAWindow Namespace Reference

Collection of Window types.

Classes

class bartlett_t

Bartlett window.

class base_t

Common base for window types.

class blackman_t

Blackman window.

· class fun t

Generic window based on a generator function.

class hamming_t

Hamming window.

class hanning_t

von-Hann window

class rect_t

Rectangular window.

• class user t

User defined window.

Functions

• float rect (float)

Rectangular window function.

float bartlett (float)

Bartlett window function.

float hanning (float)

Hanning window function.

float hamming (float)

Hamming window function.

• float blackman (float)

Blackman window function.

4 Class Documentation

4.1 algo_comm_t Struct Reference

A reference handle for algorithm communication variables.

Public Attributes

void * handle

AC variable control handle.

int(* insert_var)(void *, const char *, comm_var_t)
 Register an AC variable.

int(* insert_var_int)(void *, const char *, int *)

Register an int as an AC variable.

int(* insert_var_float)(void *, const char *, float *)

Register a float as an AC variable.

int(* remove_var)(void *, const char *)

Remove an AC variable.

int(* remove_ref)(void *, void *)

Remove all AC variable which refer to address.

int(* is_var)(void *, const char *)

Test if an AC variable exists.

int(* get_var)(void *, const char *, comm_var_t *)

Get the variable handle of an AC variable.

int(* get_var_int)(void *, const char *, int *)

Get the value of an int AC variable.

int(* get_var_float)(void *, const char *, float *)

Get the value of a float AC variable.

int(* get entries)(void *, char *, unsigned int)

Return a space separated list of all variable names.

const char *(* get_error)(int)

Convert AC error codes into human readable error messages.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

This structure contains a countrol handle and a set of function pointers for sharing variables within one processing chain. See also section **Communication between algorithms** (p. 27).

4.1.2 Member Data Documentation

4.1.2.1 algo_comm_t::insert_var

This function can register a variable to be shared within one chain. If a variable of this name exists it will be overwritten.

Parameters

h	AC handle
n	name of variable. May not be empty. Must not contain space character. The name is
	copied, therefore it is allowed that the char array pointed to gets invalid after return.
V	variable handle of type comm_var_t (p. 95)

Returns

Error code or zero on success

4.1.2.2 algo_comm_t::insert_var_int

This function can register an int variable to be shared with other algorithms. It behaves similar to ac.insert_var.

Parameters

h	AC handle	
n	name of variable	
V	pointer on the variable	

Returns

Error code or zero on success

4.1.2.3 algo_comm_t::insert_var_float

This function can register a float variable to be shared with other algorithms. It behaves similar to ac.insert_var.

Parameters

h	AC handle
n	name of variable
V	pointer on the variable

Returns

Error code or zero on success

4.1.2.4 algo_comm_t::remove_var

Remove (unregister) an AC variable. After calling this function, the variable is not available to ac.is_var or ac.get_var. The data pointer is not affected.

Parameters

h	AC handle
n	name of variable to be removed

Returns

Error code or zero on success

4.1.2.5 algo_comm_t::remove_ref

This function removes all AC variables whos data field points to the given address.

Parameters

h	AC handle
p	address which should not be referred to any more

Returns

Error code or zero on success

4.1.2.6 algo_comm_t::is_var

This function tests if an AC variable of a given name exists. Use ac.get_var to get information about the variables type and dimension.

Parameters

h	AC handle	
n	name of variable	

Returns

1 if the variable exists, 0 otherwise

4.1.2.7 algo_comm_t::get_var

This function returns the variable handle **comm_var_t** (p. 95) of a variable of the given name. If no variable of that name exists, an error code is returned.

Parameters

h	AC handle
n	name of variable
V	pointer to a AC variable object

Returns

Error code or zero on success

4.1.2.8 algo_comm_t::get_var_int

This function returns the value of an int AC variable of the given name. If no variable exists, the variable type is mismatching or more than one entry is registered, a corresponding error code is returned. This is a special version of ac.get_var.

Parameters

h	AC handle
n	name of variable
V	pointer on an int variable to store the result

Returns

Error code or zero on success

4.1.2.9 algo_comm_t::get_var_float

This function returns the value of a float AC variable of the given name. If no variable exists, the variable type is mismatching or more than one entry is registered, a corresponding error code is returned. This is a special version of ac.get_var.

Parameters

h	AC handle
n	name of variable
V	pointer on a float variable to store the result

Returns

Error code or zero on success

4.1.2.10 algo_comm_t::get_entries

This function returns the names of all registered variables, separated by a single space.

Parameters

h AC handle

Return values

ret Character buffer for return value

Parameters

len length of character buffer

Returns

Error code or zero on success. -1: invalid ac handle. -3: not enough room in character buffer to store all variable names.

4.1.2.11 algo_comm_t::get_error

Parameters

e Error code

Returns

Error message

4.2 AuditoryProfile::fmap_t Class Reference

A class to store frequency dependent data (e.g., HTL and UCL).

Inherits map< mha_real_t, mha_real_t >.

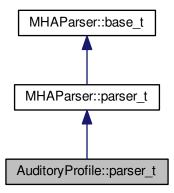
Public Member Functions

- std::vector< mha_real_t > get_frequencies () const Return configured frequencies.
- std::vector< mha_real_t > get_values () const
 Return stored values corresponding to the frequencies.

4.3 AuditoryProfile::parser_t Class Reference

Class to make the auditory profile accessible through the parser interface.

Inheritance diagram for AuditoryProfile::parser_t:



Additional Inherited Members

4.4 AuditoryProfile::profile_t Class Reference

The Auditory Profile class.

Classes

· class ear t

Class for ear-dependent parameters, e.g., audiograms or unilateral loudness scaling.

Public Member Functions

• AuditoryProfile::profile_t::ear_t get_ear (unsigned int channel) const Return ear information of channel number.

Public Attributes

- AuditoryProfile::profile_t::ear_t L
 Left ear data.
- AuditoryProfile::profile_t::ear_t R

Right ear data.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

See definition of auditory profile

Currently only the audiogram data is stored.

4.5 AuditoryProfile::profile_t::ear_t Class Reference

Class for ear-dependent parameters, e.g., audiograms or unilateral loudness scaling.

4.6 comm var t Struct Reference

Algorithm communication variable structure.

Public Attributes

unsigned int data_type

Type of data.

· unsigned int num entries

Number of entries.

· unsigned int stride

length of one row (C interpretation) or of one column (Fortran interpretation)

void * data

Pointer to variable data.

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Algorithm communication variables (AC variables) are objects of this type. The member data is a pointer to the variable 'data'. This pointer has to be valid for the lifetime of this AC variable. The member 'data_type' can be one of the predefined types or any user defined type. The member 'num_entries' describes the number of elements of this base type stored at the pointer address.

```
An AC variable can be registered with the \ref algo_comm_t::insert_var "insert_var" function.
```

4.6.2 Member Data Documentation

4.6.2.1 comm_var_t::data_type

This can be one of the predefined types

- MHA_AC_CHAR
- · MHA AC INT
- MHA_AC_MHAREAL
- MHA_AC_FLOAT
- MHA_AC_DOUBLE
- MHA_AC_MHACOMPLEX
- MHA_AC_VEC_FLOAT or any user defined type with a value greater than
- MHA_AC_USER

4.7 DynComp::dc_afterburn_rt_t Class Reference

Real-time class for after burn effect.

Public Member Functions

• void **burn** (float &Gin, float Lin, unsigned int band, unsigned int channel) gain modifier method (afterburn).

4.7.1 Detailed Description

The constructor processes the parameters and creates pre-processed variables for efficient realtime processing.

4.7.2 Member Function Documentation

4.7.2.1 void DynComp::dc_afterburn_rt_t::burn (float & Gin, float Lin, unsigned int band, unsigned int channel) [inline]

Parameters

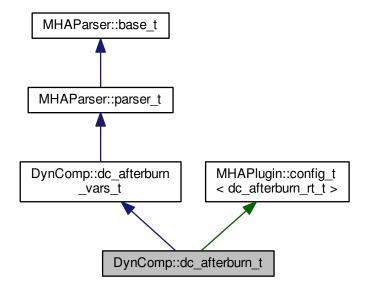
Gin	Linear gain.
Lin	Input level (Pascal).
band	Filter band number.
channel	Channel number.

Output level for MPO is estimated by Gin * Lin.

4.8 DynComp::dc_afterburn_t Class Reference

Afterburn class, to be defined as a member of compressors.

Inheritance diagram for DynComp::dc_afterburn_t:

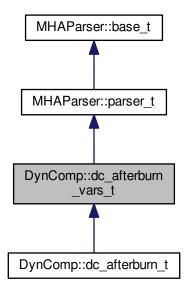


Additional Inherited Members

4.9 DynComp::dc_afterburn_vars_t Class Reference

Variables for dc_afterburn_t (p. 97) class.

Inheritance diagram for DynComp::dc_afterburn_vars_t:



Additional Inherited Members

4.10 DynComp::gaintable_t Class Reference

Gain table class.

Public Member Functions

- gaintable_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &LInput, const std::vector< mha_real_t > &FCenter, unsigned int channels)
 Constructor.
- void update (std::vector< std::vector< mha_real_t >> > newGain)
 Update gains from an external table.
- mha_real_t get_gain (mha_real_t Lin, mha_real_t Fin, unsigned int channel)
 Read Gain from gain table.
- mha_real_t get_gain (mha_real_t Lin, unsigned int band, unsigned int channel)
 Read Gain from gain table.
- void **get_gain** (const **mha_wave_t** &Lin, **mha_wave_t** &Gain)

 Read Gains from gain table.
- unsigned int **nbands** () const

Return number of frequency bands.

• unsigned int **nchannels** () const

Return number of audio channels.

 std::vector< std::vector< mha_real_t >> get_iofun () const Return current input-output function.

4.10.1 Detailed Description

This gain table is intended to efficient table lookup, i.e, interpolation of levels, and optional interpolation of frequencies. Sample input levels and sample frequencies are given in the constructor. The gain entries can be updated with the **update()** (p. 99) member function via a gain prescription rule from an auditory profile.

4.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.10.2.1 gaintable_t::gaintable_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > & LInput, const std::vector< mha_real_t > & FCenter, unsigned int channels)

Parameters

LInput	Input level samples, in equivalent LTASS_combined dB SPL.	
FCenter	Frequency samples in Hz (e.g., center frequencies of filterbank).	
channels	Number of audio channels (typically 2).	

4.10.3 Member Function Documentation

4.10.3.1 void gaintable_t::update (std::vector< std::vector< std::vector< mha_real_t >>> newGain)

Parameters

newGain	New gain table entries.
---------	-------------------------

Dimension change is not allowed. The number of entries are checked.

4.10.3.2 mha_real_t gaintable_t::get_gain (mha_real_t Lin, mha_real_t Fin, unsigned int channel)

Parameters

Lin	Input level
Fin	Input frequency (no match required)
channel	Audio channel

4.10.3.3 mha_real_t gaintable_t::get_gain (mha_real_t Lin, unsigned int band, unsigned int channel)

Parameters

Lin	Input level
band	Input frequency band
channel	Audio channel

4.10.3.4 void gaintable_t::get_gain (const mha wave t & Lin, mha wave t & Gain)

Parameters

Lin	Input levels.
Gain	Output gain.

The number of channels in Lin and Gain must match the number of bands times number of channels in the gaintable.

4.11 expression_t Class Reference

Class for separating a string into a left hand value and a right hand value.

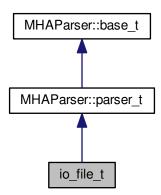
4.11.1 Detailed Description

A list of valid operators can be provided. After construction, the class members Ival, rval and op contain the apropriate contents.

4.12 io_file_t Class Reference

File IO.

Inheritance diagram for io_file_t:



Public Member Functions

void prepare (int, int)

Allocate buffers, activate FILE client and install internal ports.

• void release ()

Remove FILE client and deallocate internal ports and buffers.

Additional Inherited Members

```
4.12.1 Member Function Documentation
```

```
4.12.1.1 void io_file_t::prepare ( int nch_in, int nch_out )
```

```
4.12.1.2 void io_file_t::release ( )
```

4.13 io_lib_t Class Reference

Class for loading MHA sound IO module.

Inherits MHAParser::c_ifc_parser_t.

Public Member Functions

• io_lib_t (int fragsize, float samplerate, IOProcessEvent_t proc_event, void *proc_handle, IOStartedEvent_t start_event, void *start_handle, IOStoppedEvent_t stop_event, void *stop_handle, std::string libname)

load and initialize MHA sound io module.

• ~io lib t ()

Deinitialize and unload this MHA sound io module.

• void **prepare** (unsigned int inch, unsigned int outch)

Prepare the sound io module.

void start ()

Tell the sound io module to start sound processing.

4.13.1 Detailed Description

4.13.2 Member Function Documentation

4.13.2.1 void io_lib_t::prepare (unsigned int *inch*, unsigned int *outch*)

After preparation, the sound io module may start the sound processing at any time (external trigger). When the sound processing is started, the sound io module will call the start_event callback.

Parameters

inch	number of input channels
outch	number of output channels

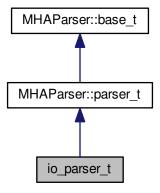
4.13.2.2 void io_lib_t::start()

Some io modules need this, for others that wait for external events this method might do nothing.

4.14 io_parser_t Class Reference

Main class for Parser IO.

Inheritance diagram for io_parser_t:



Public Member Functions

void prepare (int, int)

Allocate buffers, activate JACK client and install internal ports.

• void release ()

Remove JACK client and deallocate internal ports and buffers.

Additional Inherited Members

4.14.1 Detailed Description

4.14.2 Member Function Documentation

```
4.14.2.1 void io_parser_t::prepare ( int nch_in, int nch_out )
```

```
4.14.2.2 void io_parser_t::release ( )
```

4.15 io tcp fwcb t Class Reference

TCP sound-io library's interface to the framework callbacks.

Public Member Functions

• io_tcp_fwcb_t (IOProcessEvent_t proc_event, void *proc_handle, IOStartedEvent_← t start_event, void *start_handle, IOStoppedEvent_t stop_event, void *stop_handle)

Constructor stores framework handles and initializes error numbers to 0.

virtual ~io_tcp_fwcb_t ()

Do-nothing destructor.

virtual void start ()

Call the framework's start callback.

virtual int process (mha_wave_t *sln, mha_wave_t *&sOut)

Call the frameworks processing callback.

virtual void set_errnos (int proc_err, int io_err)

Save error numbers to use during.

• virtual void stop ()

Call the frameworks stop callback.

Private Attributes

IOProcessEvent_t proc_event

Pointer to signal processing callback function.

IOStartedEvent_t start_event

Pointer to start notification callback function.

IOStoppedEvent_t stop_event

Pointer to stop notification callback function.

void * proc_handle

Handles belonging to framework.

int proc_err

Errors from the processing callback and from the TCP IO itself are stored here before closing Network handles.

- 4.15.1 Detailed Description
- 4.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.15.2.1 io_tcp_fwcb_t::io_tcp_fwcb_t (IOProcessEvent_t proc_event, void * proc_handle, IOStartedEvent_t start_event, void * start_handle, IOStoppedEvent_t stop_event, void * stop_handle)
- **4.15.2.2** virtual io_tcp_fwcb_t::~io_tcp_fwcb_t() [inline], [virtual]
- 4.15.3 Member Function Documentation
- 4.15.3.1 void io_tcp_fwcb_t::start() [virtual]
- 4.15.3.2 int io_tcp_fwcb_t::process (mha wave t * sln, mha wave t *& sOut) [virtual]

Parameters

sIn	The input sound data just received from TCP.
sOut	A pointer to output sound data. Will point to the output sound data storage when the
	callback finishes.

Returns

Status, an error number from the signal processing callback. If this is != 0, then the connection should be closed.

4.15.3.3 void io_tcp_fwcb_t::set_errnos (int *proc_err*, **int** *io_err*) [virtual]

See also

```
stop (p. 105)
```

Parameters

proc_err	The error number from the
----------	---------------------------

See also

process (p. 104) callback.

Parameters

4.15.3.4 void io_tcp_fwcb_t::stop() [virtual]

Uses the error numbers set previously with

See also

set_errnos (p. 104).

4.15.4 Member Data Documentation

4.15.4.1 IOProcessEvent_t io_tcp_fwcb_t::proc_event [private]

4.15.4.2 IOStartedEvent_t io_tcp_fwcb_t::start_event [private]

Called when a new TCP connection is established or the user issues the start command while there is a connection.

4.15.4.3 IOStoppedEvent_t io_tcp_fwcb_t::stop_event [private]

Called when the connection is closed.

4.15.4.4 void***io_tcp_fwcb_t::proc_handle** [private]

4.15.4.5 int io_tcp_fwcb_t::proc_err [private]

MHAIOTCP is notified by the server when the connection has been taken down, and calls

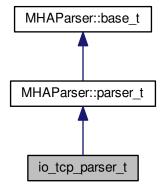
See also

stop (p. 105) from that callback. Within **stop** (p. 105), these error numbers are read again and transmitted to the framework.

4.16 io_tcp_parser_t Class Reference

The parser interface of the IOTCP library.

Inheritance diagram for io_tcp_parser_t:



Public Member Functions

virtual const std::string & get_local_address () const

Read parser variable local_address, this is the address of the network interface that should listen for incoming connections.

virtual unsigned short get_local_port () const

Read parser variable local_port, this is the TCP port that should be used for incoming connections.

virtual void set_local_port (unsigned short port)

Set parser variable local_port.

virtual bool get_server_port_open () const

Return the status of the server port as it is known to the parser.

virtual void set_server_port_open (bool open)

Inform the parser of the current status of the server socket.

• virtual bool get connected () const

Return the parser's knowledge concerning wether there currently exists an established sound data TCP connection or not.

virtual void set_connected (bool connected)

Inform the parser about the existance of a sound data connection.

virtual void set_new_peer (unsigned short port, const std::string &host)

Set parser monitor variables peer_port and peer_address, and calls set_connected(true).

io_tcp_parser_t ()

Constructor initializes parser variables.

virtual ~io_tcp_parser_t ()

Do-nothing destructor.

Private Attributes

MHAParser::string t local address

Lets the user set the local network interface to listen on.

MHAParser::int_t local_port

Lets the user choose the local tcp port to listen on.

MHAParser::int_mon_t server_port_open

Indicates wether the TCP server socket is currently open.

MHAParser::int mon t connected

Indicator if there currently is a sound data connection over TCP.

MHAParser::string_mon_t peer_address

Display the ip address of the currently connected sound data client.

MHAParser::int_mon_t peer_port

Display the tcp port used by the current sound data client.

MHAParser::string_t debug_filename

filename to write debugging info to (if non-empty)

FILE * debug_file

file handle to write debugging info to

Additional Inherited Members

```
4.16.1 Detailed Description
```

4.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
4.16.2.1 io_tcp_parser_t::io_tcp_parser_t()
```

4.16.2.2 virtual io_tcp_parser_t::~io_tcp_parser_t() [inline], [virtual]

4.16.3 Member Function Documentation

4.16.3.1 virtual const std::string& io_tcp_parser_t::get_local_address () const [inline], [virtual]

Returns

A string containing the address of the local interface as it was set by the user.

```
4.16.3.2 unsigned short io_tcp_parser_t::get_local_port( ) const [virtual]
```

Returns

The local tcp port to listen on as it was chosen by the user. The port number is between MIN_TCP_PORT and MAX_TCP_PORT.

```
4.16.3.3 void io_tcp_parser_t::set_local_port( unsigned short port ) [virtual]
```

This is needed when it was set to 0 before: In this case, the OS chooses a free port for the TCP server socket, and the port that it chose has to be published to the user via the parser interface.

Parameters

```
port The TCP port number that is currently used. In the range [MIN_TCP_PORT, MAX_TCP_PORT], excluding 0.
```

Precondition

```
get local port() (p. 107) currently returns 0.
```

4.16.3.4 bool io_tcp_parser_t::get_server_port_open() const [virtual]

Returns

false after initialization, or the value most recently set via

See also

```
set_server_port_open (p. 108).
```

4.16.3.5 void io_tcp_parser_t::set_server_port_open (bool open) [virtual]

Parameters

open Indicates wether the server socket has just been opened or closed.

Precondition

open may only have the value true if **get_server_port_open()** (p. 107) currently returns false.

Postcondition

See also

```
get_server_port_open (p. 107) returns the value (p. 48) of open.
```

```
4.16.3.6 bool io_tcp_parser_t::get_connected( ) const [virtual]
```

Returns

false after initialization, or the value most recently set via

See also

```
set_connected (p. 108).
```

4.16.3.7 void io_tcp_parser_t::set_connected (bool connected **)** [virtual]

Parameters

connected | Indicates wether there currently is a connection or not.

Precondition

connected must not have the same value that is currently returned by

See also

```
get_connected (p. 108).
```

Postcondition

See also

get_connected (p. 108) returns the value (p. 48) of open.

4.16.3.8 void io_tcp_parser_t::set_new_peer (unsigned short *port*, const std::string & *host*) [virtual]

This method should be called when a new connection is established.

Parameters

port	The TCP port number used by the peer.
host	The Internet host where the peer is located.

Precondition

See also

get_connected (p. 108) currently returns false.

Postcondition

See also

get_connected (p. 108) returns true.

4.16.4 Member Data Documentation

```
4.16.4.1 MHAParser::string_t io_tcp_parser_t::local_address [private]
```

4.16.4.2 MHAParser::int_t io_tcp_parser_t::local_port [private]

4.16.4.3 MHAParser::int_mon_tio_tcp_parser_t::server_port_open [private]

4.16.4.4 MHAParser::int mon tio_tcp_parser_t::connected [private]

4.16.4.5 MHAParser::string_mon_t io_tcp_parser_t::peer_address [private]

4.16.4.6 MHAParser::int_mon_t io_tcp_parser_t::peer_port [private]

4.17 io_tcp_sound_t Class Reference

Sound data handling of io top library.

Classes

union float_union

This union helps in conversion of floats from host byte order to network byte order and back again.

Public Member Functions

• io_tcp_sound_t (int fragsize, float samplerate)

Initialize sound data handling.

virtual ~io_tcp_sound_t ()

Do-nothing destructor.

virtual void prepare (int num_inchannels, int num_outchannels)

Called during prepare, sets number of audio channels and allocates sound data storage.

virtual void release ()

Called during release.

virtual int chunkbytes_in () const

Number of bytes that constitute one input sound chunk.

• virtual std::string header () const

Create the tcp sound header lines.

• virtual mha_wave_t * ntoh (const std::string &data)

Copy data received from tcp into **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) structure.

virtual std::string hton (const mha wave t *s out)

Copy sound data from the output sound structure to a string.

Static Private Member Functions

static void check_sound_data_type () throw (MHA_Error)

Check if mha_real_t is a usable 32-bit floating point type.

Private Attributes

• int fragsize

Number of sound samples in each channel expected and returned from processing callback.

float samplerate

Sampling rate.

• int num_inchannels

Number of input channels.

MHASignal::waveform_t * s_in

Storage for input signal.

4.17.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.17.1.1 io_tcp_sound_t::io_tcp_sound_t (int fragsize, float samplerate)

Checks sound data type by calling

See also

check_sound_data_type (p. 111).

Parameters

	Number of sound samples in each channel expected and returned from processing callback.
samplerate	Number of samples per second in each channel.

4.17.2 Member Function Documentation

4.17.2.1 void io_tcp_sound_t::check_sound_data_type() throw MHA_Error) [static], [private]

Exceptions

4.17.2.2 void io_tcp_sound_t::prepare (int num_inchannels, int num_outchannels) [virtual]

Parameters

num_inchannels	Number of input audio channels.
num_outchannels	Number of output audio channels.

4.17.2.3 void io_tcp_sound_t::release() [virtual]

Deletes sound data storage.

4.17.2.4 int io_tcp_sound_t::chunkbytes_in() const [virtual]

Returns

Number of bytes to read from TCP connection before invoking signal processing.

```
4.17.2.5 std::string io_tcp_sound_t::header( ) const [virtual]
```

4.17.2.6 mha_wave_t * io_tcp_sound_t::ntoh (const std::string & data) [virtual]

Doing network-to-host byte order swapping in the process.

Parameters

data	One chunk (

See also

chunkbytes_in (p. 112)) of sound data to process.

Returns

Pointer to the sound data storage.

4.17.2.7 std::string io_tcp_sound_t::hton (const mha_wave_t * s_out) [virtual]

Doing host-to-network byte order swapping while at it.

Parameters

 s_out Pointer to the storage of the sound to put out.

Returns

The sound data in network byte order.

4.17.3 Member Data Documentation

4.17.3.1 int io_tcp_sound_t::fragsize [private]

4.17.3.2 float io_tcp_sound_t::samplerate [private]

Number of samples per second in each channel.

4.17.3.3 int io_tcp_sound_t::num_inchannels [private]

Number of channels expected from and returned by signal processing callback.

4.17.3.4 MHASignal::waveform_t*io_tcp_sound_t::s_in [private]

4.18 io_tcp_sound_t::float_union Union Reference

This union helps in conversion of floats from host byte order to network byte order and back again.

4.18.1 Detailed Description

4.19 io tcp t Class Reference

The tcp sound io library.

Public Member Functions

• void **prepare** (int num_inchannels, int num_outchannels)

Allocate server socket and start thread waiting for sound data exchange.

· void start ()

Call frameworks start callback if there is a sound data connection at the moment.

• void stop ()

Close the current connection if there is one.

• void release ()

Close the current connection and close the server socket.

virtual void accept_loop ()

IO thread executes this method.

virtual void connection_loop (MHA_TCP::Connection *c)

IO thread executes this method for each connection.

virtual void parse (const char *cmd, char *retval, unsigned int len)

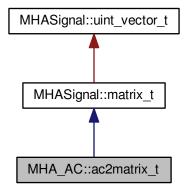
Parser interface.

```
4.19.1 Detailed Description
4.19.2 Member Function Documentation
4.19.2.1 void io_tcp_t::prepare ( int num_inchannels, int num_outchannels )
prepare opens the tcp server socket and starts the io thread that listens for audio data on the
tcp socket after doing some sanity checks
4.19.2.2 void io_tcp_t::start ( )
4.19.2.3 void io_tcp_t::stop ( )
stop IO thread
4.19.2.4 void io_tcp_t::release ( )
Stop IO thread and close server socket.
4.19.2.5 void io_tcp_t::accept_loop( ) [virtual]
4.19.2.6 void io_tcp_t::connection_loop ( MHA_TCP::Connection * c ) [virtual]
Parameters
     pointer to connection. connection_loop deletes connection before exiting.
4.19.2.7 virtual void io_tcp_t::parse ( const char * cmd, char * retval, unsigned int len ) [inline],
         [virtual]
```

4.20 MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t Class Reference

Copy AC variable to a matrix.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t:



Public Member Functions

- ac2matrix_t (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)
 Constructor.
- void update ()

Update contents of the matrix from the AC space.

- const std::string & **getname** () const
 - Return name of AC variable/matrix.
- const std::string & getusername () const
 Return user specified name of AC variable/matrix.
- void insert (algo_comm_t ac)

Insert matrix into an AC space (other than source AC space)

4.20.1 Detailed Description

This class constructs a matrix of same size as an AC variable and can copy the AC variable to itself. The **update()** (p. 116) function is real-time safe.

4.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.20.2.1 MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t::ac2matrix_t (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string & name)

Parameters

ac	AC handle	
name	Name of AC variable to be copied	

4.20.3 Member Function Documentation

4.20.3.1 void MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t::update ()

This function is real-time safe. The copy operation performance is of the order of the number of elements in the matrix.

4.20.3.2 void MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t::insert (algo comm t ac)

Parameters

ac | AC space handle to insert data

Note

The AC variable data buffer points to the data of the matrix. Modifications of the AC variable directly modify the data of the matrix; after deletion of the matrix, the data buffer is invalid.

4.21 MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t Class Reference

Copy all or a subset of all numeric AC variables into an array of matrixes.

Public Member Functions

- acspace2matrix_t (algo_comm_t ac, const std::vector< std::string > &names)
 Constructor.
- acspace2matrix_t (const MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t &src)

Constructor with initialization from an instance.

- MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t & operator= (const MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t &src)

 Copy all contents (deep copy).
- MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t & operator[] (unsigned int k)

Access operator.

const MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t & operator[] (unsigned int k) const

Constant access operator.

void update ()

Update function.

• unsigned int size () const

Number of matrixes in AC space.

• unsigned int frame () const

Actual frame number.

void insert (algo_comm_t ac)

Insert AC space copy into an AC space (other than source AC space)

4.21.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.21.1.1 MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t::acspace2matrix_t (algo_comm_t ac, const std::vector < std::string > & names)

Scan all given AC variables and allocate corresponding matrixes.

Parameters

ac	AC handle.
names	Names of AC variables, or empty for all.

4.21.1.2 MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t::acspace2matrix_t (const MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t & src)

Parameters

src Instance to be copied.

4.21.2 Member Function Documentation

4.21.2.1 MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t & MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t::operator= (const MHA AC::acspace2matrix t & src)

Parameters

src Array of matrixes to be copied.

4.21.2.2 MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t& MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t::operator[](unsigned int k) [inline]

Parameters

k index into array; should not exceed **size()** (p. 116)-1.

Return values

Reference to matrix.

4.21.2.3 const MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t& MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t::operator[](unsigned int k) const [inline]

Parameters

k index into array; should not exceed **size()** (p. 116)-1.

Return values

Constant reference to matrix.

4.21.2.4 void MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t::update() [inline]

This function updates all matrixes from their corresponding AC variables. It can be called from the MHA Framework prepare function or in the processing callback.

4.21.2.5 void MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t::insert (algo_comm_t ac)

Parameters

ac AC space handle to insert data

4.22 MHA_AC::double_t Class Reference

Insert a double precision floating point variable into the AC space.

Public Attributes

• double data

Floating point value variable.

4.22.1 Detailed Description

The variable is automatically removed on destruction.

4.23 MHA_AC::float_t Class Reference

Insert a float point variable into the AC space.

Public Member Functions

• float_t (algo_comm_t, std::string, float=0)

Constructor.

Public Attributes

• float data

Floating point value variable.

4.23.1 Detailed Description

The variable is automatically removed on destruction.

4.24 MHA_AC::int_t Class Reference

Insert a integer variable into the AC space.

Public Attributes

• int data

Integer value variable.

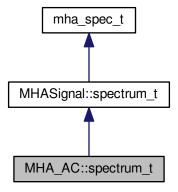
4.24.1 Detailed Description

The variable is automatically removed on destruction.

4.25 MHA_AC::spectrum_t Class Reference

Insert a MHASignal::spectrum_t (p. 261) class into the AC space.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_AC::spectrum_t:



Public Member Functions

spectrum_t (algo_comm_t ac, std::string name, unsigned int bins, unsigned int channels, bool insert_now)

Create the AC variable.

• void insert ()

Insert AC variable into AC space.

Additional Inherited Members

4.25.1 Detailed Description

The variable is automatically removed on destruction.

4.25.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.25.2.1 MHA_AC::spectrum_t (algo_comm_t ac, std::string name, unsigned int bins, unsigned int channels, bool insert_now)

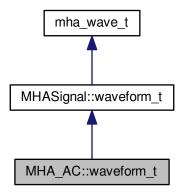
Parameters

ac	AC handle
name	Name of variable in AC space
bins	Number of FFT bins in the waveform_t (p. 120) class
channels	Number of audio channels in the waveform_t (p. 120) class
insert_now	Insert implicitely in the constructor (true) or explicitely in the insert() (p. 120) function (false)

4.26 MHA_AC::waveform_t Class Reference

Insert a MHASignal::waveform_t (p. 268) class into the AC space.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_AC::waveform_t:



Public Member Functions

waveform_t (algo_comm_t ac, std::string name, unsigned int frames, unsigned int channels, bool insert_now)

Create the AC variable.

• void insert ()

Insert AC variable into AC space.

Additional Inherited Members

4.26.1 Detailed Description

The variable is automatically removed on destruction.

4.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.26.2.1 MHA_AC::waveform_t::waveform_t (algo_comm_t ac, std::string name, unsigned int frames, unsigned int channels, bool insert_now)

Parameters

ac	AC handle
name	Name of variable in AC space
frames	Number of frames in the waveform_t (p. 120) class
channels	Number of audio channels in the waveform_t (p. 120) class
insert_now	Insert implicitely in the constructor (true) or explicitely in the insert() (p. 121)
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4.27 mha_audio_descriptor_t Struct Reference

Description of an audio fragment (planned as a replacement of **mhaconfig_t** (p. 155)).

Public Attributes

• unsigned int n_samples

Number of samples.

unsigned int n_channels

Number of audio channels.

unsigned int n_freqs

Number of frequency bands.

unsigned int is_complex

Flag about sample type.

mha_real_t dt

Time distance between samples (only equidistant samples allowed)

· mha real t * cf

Center frequencies of frequency bands.

mha real t * chdir

Hint on source direction of channel, values below zero is left, values above zero is right, zero means unknown.

4.28 mha_audio_t Struct Reference

An audio fragment in the openMHA (planned as a replacement of **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) and **mha_spec_t** (p. 141)).

Public Attributes

· mha audio descriptor t descriptor

Dimension and description of the data.

mha real t * rdata

Data pointer if flag mha_audio_descriptor_t::is_complex (p. 122) is unset.

mha complex t * cdata

Data pointer if flag mha_audio_descriptor_t::is_complex (p. 122) is set.

4.28.1 Detailed Description

The data alignment is $(t_0, c_0, f_0), (t_0, c_0, f_1), \dots, (t_0, c_0, f_{freqs}), (t_0, c_1, f_0), \dots$ This allows a direct cast of the current **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) and **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) data pointers into corresponding **mha_audio_t** (p. 122) objects.

4.28.2 Member Data Documentation

4.28.2.1 mha_audio_descriptor_t mha_audio_t::descriptor

4.28.2.2 mha_real_t* mha_audio_t::rdata

4.28.2.3 mha_complex_t* mha_audio_t::cdata

4.29 mha_channel_info_t Struct Reference

Channel information structure.

Public Attributes

• int id

channel id

• char idstr [32]

channel id

• unsigned int side

side (left/right)

mha_direction_t dir

source direction

mha_real_t peaklevel

Peak level corresponds to this SPL (dB) level.

4.30 mha_complex_t Struct Reference

Type for complex floating point values.

Public Attributes

· mha_real_t re

Real part.

mha_real_t im

Imaginary part.

4.30.1 Member Data Documentation

- 4.30.1.1 mha_real_t mha_complex_t::re
- 4.30.1.2 mha_real_t mha_complex_t::im
- 4.31 mha_dblbuf_t< FIFO > Class Template Reference

The doublebuffer adapts blocksizes between an outer process, which provides input data and takes output data, and an inner process, which processes the input signal and generates output data using a different block size than the outer process.

Public Types

typedef FIFO::value_type value_type

The datatype exchanged by the FIFO and this doublebuffer.

Public Member Functions

mha_dblbuf_t (unsigned outer_size, unsigned inner_size, unsigned delay, unsigned input_channels, unsigned output_channels, const value_type &delay_data)

Constructor creates FIFOs with specified delay.

virtual void process (const value_type *input_signal, value_type *output_signal, un-signed count)

The outer process has to call this method to propagate the input signal to the inner process, and receives back the output signal.

virtual void input (value_type *input_signal)

The inner process has to call this method to receive its input signal.

virtual void output (const value_type *output_signal)

The outer process has to call this method to deliver its output signal.

Private Attributes

unsigned outer_size

The block size used by the outer process.

• unsigned inner size

The block size used by the inner process.

unsigned delay

The delay introduced by bidirectional buffer size adaptation.

unsigned fifo size

The size of each of the FIFOs.

unsigned input_channels

The number of input channels.

unsigned output_channels

The number of output channels.

FIFO input_fifo

The FIFO for transporting the input signal from the outer process to the inner process.

FIFO output_fifo

The FIFO for transporting the output signal from the inner process to the outer process.

MHA_Error * inner_error

Owned copy of exception to be thrown in inner thread.

MHA_Error * outer_error

Owned copy of exception to be thrown in outer thread.

4.31.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class FIFO > class mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >
```

This class introduces the channels concept. Input and output may have different channel counts.

4.31.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.31.2.1 template < class FIFO > mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >::mha_dblbuf_t (unsigned outer_size, unsigned inner_size, unsigned delay, unsigned input_channels, unsigned output_channels, const value type & delay_data)

Warning

The doublebuffer may block or raise an exception if the delay is too small. To avoid this, the delay should be

$$delay >= (inner_size - gcd(inner_size, outer_size))$$

Parameters

outer_sizeThe block size used by the outer process.inner_sizeThe block size used by the inner process.delayThe total delayinput_channelsNumber of input channelsoutput_channelsNumber of output channelsdelay_dataThe delay consists of copies of this value.

4.31.3 Member Function Documentation

4.31.3.1 template < class FIFO > void mha_dblbuf_t< FIFO >::process (const value_type * input_signal, value_type * output_signal, unsigned count) [virtual]

Parameters

input_signal	Pointer to the input signal array.
output_signal	Pointer to the output signal array.
count	The number of data instances provided and expected, lower or equal to inner_size given to constructor.

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	When count is > outer_size as given to constructor or the underlying
	fifo implementation detects an error.

4.31.3.2 template < class FIFO > void mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >::input (value_type * input_signal) [virtual]

Parameters

input_signal	Array where the doublebuffer can store the signal.

Exceptions

4.31.3.3 template < class FIFO > void mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >::output (const value_type * output_signal) [virtual]

Parameters

output_signal	Array from which doublebuffer reads outputsignal.
---------------	---

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132) When the underlying fifo implementation detects an error	r.
---	----

- 4.31.4 Member Data Documentation
- **4.31.4.1** template < class FIFO > unsigned mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >::outer_size [private]

- **4.31.4.2** template < class FIFO > unsigned mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >::inner_size [private]
- 4.31.4.3 template < class FIFO > unsigned mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >::delay [private]
- **4.31.4.4** template < class FIFO > FIFO mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >::input_fifo [private]
- **4.31.4.5** template < class FIFO > FIFO mha_dblbuf_t < FIFO >::output_fifo [private]
- 4.32 mha_direction_t Struct Reference

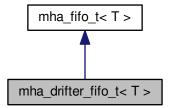
Channel source direction structure.

Public Attributes

- mha_real_t azimuth
 azimuth in radiants
- mha_real_t elevation
 elevation in radiants
- mha_real_t distance distance in meters
- 4.33 mha_drifter_fifo_t < T > Class Template Reference

A FIFO class for blocksize adaptation without Synchronization.

Inheritance diagram for mha_drifter_fifo_t< T >:



Public Member Functions

virtual void write (const T *data, unsigned count)

write data to fifo

virtual void read (T *buf, unsigned count)

Read data from fifo.

virtual unsigned get_fill_count () const

Return fill_count, adding **mha_drifter_fifo_t**<**T**>::**startup_zeros** (p. 131) to the number of samples actually in the fifo's buffer.

• virtual unsigned get_available_space () const

Return available space, subtracting number of **mha_drifter_fifo_t**<**T**>::startup_zeros (p. 131) from the available_space actually present in the fifo's buffer.

· virtual unsigned get des fill count () const

The desired fill count of this fifo.

virtual unsigned get_min_fill_count () const

The minimum fill count of this fifo.

virtual void stop ()

Called by **mha_drifter_fifo_t**<**T**>::**read** (p. 130) or **mha_drifter_fifo_t**<**T**>::**write** (p. 129) when their xrun in succession counter exceeds its limit.

virtual void starting ()

Called by mha_drifter_fifo_t<T>::read (p. 130) or mha_drifter_fifo_t<T>::write (p. 129) when the respective flag (mha_drifter_fifo_t<T>::reader_started (p. 131) or mha_drifter fifo_t<T>::writer started (p. 131)) is about to be toggled from false to true.

mha_drifter_fifo_t (unsigned min_fill_count, unsigned desired_fill_count, unsigned max_fill_count)

Create drifter FIFO.

mha_drifter_fifo_t (unsigned min_fill_count, unsigned desired_fill_count, unsigned max_fill_count, const T &t)

Create drifter FIFO where all (initially unused) copies of T are initialized as copies of t.

Private Attributes

const unsigned minimum_fill_count

The minimum fill count of this fifo.

const unsigned desired_fill_count

The desired fill count of the fifo.

• bool writer_started

Flag set to true when write is called the first time.

· bool reader started

Flag set to true when read is called for the first time.

unsigned writer_xruns_total

The number of xruns seen by the writer since object instantiation.

unsigned reader xruns total

The number of xruns seen by the reader since object instantiation.

unsigned writer_xruns_since_start

The number of xruns seen by the writer since the last start of processing.

unsigned reader_xruns_since_start

The number of xruns seen by the reader since the last start of processing.

unsigned writer_xruns_in_succession

The number of xruns seen by the writer in succession.

unsigned reader xruns in succession

The number of xruns seen by the reader in succession.

unsigned maximum_writer_xruns_in_succession_before_stop

A limit to the number of xruns seen in succession during write before the data transmission through the FIFO is stopped.

unsigned maximum_reader_xruns_in_succession_before_stop

A limit to the number of xruns seen in succession during read before the data transmission through the FIFO is stopped.

mha_fifo_t< T >::value_type null_data

The value used in place of missing data.

unsigned startup zeros

When processing starts, that is when both mha_drifter_fifo_t<T>::reader_started (p. 131) and mha_drifter_fifo_t<T>::writer_started (p. 131) are true, then first mha_drifter_fifo← _t<T>::desired_fill_count (p. 131) instances of mha_drifter_fifo_t<T>::null_data (p. 129) are delivered to the reader.

Additional Inherited Members

4.33.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class mha_drifter_fifo_t< T >
```

Features: delay concept (desired, minimum and maximum delay), drifting support by throwing away data or inserting zeroes.

- 4.33.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.33.2.1 template < class T > mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::mha_drifter_fifo_t (unsigned min_fill_count, unsigned desired_fill_count, unsigned max_fill_count)
- 4.33.3 Member Function Documentation
- 4.33.3.1 template < class T > void mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::write (const T * data, unsigned count) [virtual]

Sets writer_started (p. 131) to true.

When processing has started, i.e. both **reader_started** (p. 131) and **writer_started** (p. 131) are true, write specified ammount of data to the fifo. If there is not enough space available, then the exceeding data is lost and the writer xrun counters are increased.

Processing is stopped when writer_xruns_in_succession (p. 131) exceeds maximum_ writer_xruns_in_succession_before_stop (p. 131).

Parameters

data	Pointer to source data.
count	Number of instances to copy

Reimplemented from $mha_fifo_t < T > (p. 136)$.

```
4.33.3.2 template < class T > void mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::read ( T * buf, unsigned count ) [virtual]
```

Sets reader_started (p. 131) to true.

When processing has started, i.e. both **reader_started** (p. 131) and **writer_started** (p. 131) are true, then read specified ammount of data from the fifo. As long as **startup_zeros** (p. 131) is > 0, **null_data** (p. 129) is delivered to the reader and **startup_zeros** (p. 131) is diminished. Only when **startup_zeros** (p. 131) has reached 0, data is actually read from the fifo's buffer.

If the read would cause the fifo's fill count to drop below **minimum_fill_count** (p. 131), then only so much data are read that **minimum_fill_count** (p. 131) entries remain in the fifo, the missing data is replaced with **null_data** (p. 129), and the reader xrun counters are increased.

Processing is stopped when **reader_xruns_in_succession** (p. 131) exceeds **maximum_** reader_xruns_in_succession_before_stop (p. 131).

Parameters

buf	Pointer to the target buffer
count	Number of instances to copy

Reimplemented from **mha_fifo_t**< **T**> (p. 137).

4.33.3.3 template
$$<$$
 class T $>$ unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t $<$ T $>$::get_fill_count () const [virtual]

Reimplemented from $mha_fifo_t < T > (p. 135)$.

```
4.33.3.4 template < class T > unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::get_available_space ( ) const [virtual]
```

TODO: uncertain if this is a good idea.

Reimplemented from $mha_fifo_t < T > (p. 135)$.

```
4.33.3.5 template < class T > void mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::stop() [virtual]
```

Called by **read** (p. 130) or **write** (p. 129) when their xrun in succession counter exceeds its limit. May also be called explicitly.

4.33.3.6 template < class T > void mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::starting() [virtual]

The fifo's buffer is emptied, this method resets **startup_zeros** (p. 131) to **desired_fill_count** (p. 131), and it also resets **reader_xruns_since_start** (p. 129) and **writer_xruns_since_start** (p. 131) to 0.

- 4.33.4 Member Data Documentation
- 4.33.4.1 template < class T > const unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::minimum_fill_count [private]
- 4.33.4.2 template < class T > const unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::desired_fill_count [private]

The fifo is initialized with this ammount of data when data transmission starts.

- **4.33.4.3** template < class T > bool mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::writer_started [private]
- **4.33.4.4** template < class T > bool mha_drifter_fifo_t < T > ::reader_started [private]
- 4.33.4.5 template < class T > unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::writer_xruns_since_start [private]
- 4.33.4.6 template < class T > unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::writer_xruns_in_succession [private]

Reset to 0 every time a write succeeds without xrun.

4.33.4.7 template < class T > unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::reader_xruns_in_succession [private]

Reset to 0 every time a read succeeds without xrun.

- 4.33.4.8 template < class T > unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::maximum_writer_xruns_in_← succession_before_stop [private]
- 4.33.4.9 template < class T > unsigned mha_drifter_fifo_t < T >::maximum_reader_xruns_in_ \leftarrow succession_before_stop [private]
- **4.33.4.10** template < class T > unsigned mha drifter fifo t < T >::startup_zeros [private]

These **null_data** (p. 129) instances are not transmitted through the fifo because filling the fifo with enough **null_data** (p. 129) might not be realtime safe and this filling has to be initiated by **starting** (p. 131) or **stop** (p. 130) (this implementation: **starting** (p. 131)) which are be called with realtime constraints.

4.34 MHA_Error Class Reference

Error reporting exception class.

Inherits exception.

Public Member Functions

- MHA_Error (const char *file, int line, const char *fmt,...)

 Create an instance of a MHA_Error (p. 132).
- const char * get_msg () const
 Return the error message without source position.
- const char * get_longmsg () const
 Return the error message with source position.
- const char * what () const throw ()
 overwrite std::execption::what()

4.34.1 Detailed Description

This class is used for error handling in the openMHA. It is used by the openMHA kernel and by the openMHA toolbox library. Please note that exceptions should not be used accross ANSI-C interfaces. It is necessary to catch exceptions within the library.

The MHA_Error (p. 132) class holds source file name, line number and an error message.

4.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.34.2.1 MHA_Error::MHA_Error (const char * s_file, int l, const char * fmt, ...)

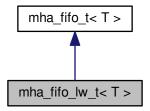
Parameters

s_file	source file name (FILE)
1	source line (LINE)
fmt	format string for error message (as in printf)

4.35 mha_fifo_lw_t < T > Class Template Reference

This FIFO uses locks to synchronize access.

Inheritance diagram for mha_fifo_lw_t< T >:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void write (const T *data, unsigned count)
 write specified ammount of data to the fifo.
- virtual void read (T *buf, unsigned count)
 read data from fifo.
- mha_fifo_lw_t (unsigned max_fill_count)
 Create FIFO with fixed buffer size.
- virtual ~mha_fifo_lw_t ()
 release synchronization object
- virtual void set_error (unsigned index, MHA_Error *error)
 Process waiting for more data or space should bail out, throwing this error.

Private Attributes

- mha_fifo_thread_platform_t * sync
 platform specific thread synchronization
- MHA_Error * error [2]

If waiting for synchronization should be aborted then exception to be thrown by reader process (index 0) or writer process (index 1) has to be placed here.

Additional Inherited Members

4.35.1 Detailed Description

$$\label{template} \begin{split} \text{template} \! < \! \text{class T} \! > \\ \text{class mha_fifo_lw_t} \! < \! \text{T} > \end{split}$$

Reading and writing can block until the operation can be executed.

4.35.2 Member Function Documentation

4.35.2.1 template
$$<$$
 class T $>$ void mha_fifo_lw_t $<$ T $>$::write (const T $*$ data, unsigned count) [virtual]

If there is not enough space, then wait for more space.

Parameters

data	Pointer to source data.
count	Number of instances to copy.

Exceptions

Reimplemented from $mha_fifo_t < T > (p. 136)$.

If there is not enough data, then wait for more data.

Parameters

buf	Pointer to the target buffer.
count	Number of instances to copy.

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	when detecting a deadlock situation.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------

Reimplemented from $mha_fifo_t < T > (p. 137)$.

Parameters

index	Use 0 for terminating reader, 1 for terminating writer.
error	MHA_Error (p. 132) to be thrown

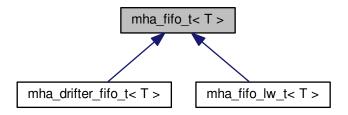
4.35.3 Member Data Documentation

4.35.3.1 template < class T > MHA Error* mha fifo wt < T >::error[2] [private]

4.36 mha fifo t < T > Class Template Reference

A FIFO class for blocksize adaptation Synchronization: None.

Inheritance diagram for mha_fifo_t< T >:



Public Types

typedef T value_type

The data type exchanged by this fifo.

Public Member Functions

virtual void write (const T *data, unsigned count)

write specified ammount of data to the fifo.

virtual void read (T *buf, unsigned count)

read data from fifo

virtual unsigned get_fill_count () const

Read-only access to fill count.

virtual unsigned get_available_space () const

Read-only access to available space.

virtual unsigned get_max_fill_count () const

The capacity of this fifo.

mha_fifo_t (unsigned max_fill_count)

Create FIFO with fixed buffer size.

mha_fifo_t (unsigned max_fill_count, const T &t)

Create FIFO with fixed buffer size, where all (initially unused) copies of T are initialized as copies of t.

mha_fifo_t (const mha_fifo_t &src)

Copy constructor.

virtual ~mha_fifo_t ()

Destroy FIFO.

mha_fifo_t< T > & operator= (const mha_fifo_t< T > &)

Assignment operator.

Protected Member Functions

• void clear ()

Empty the fifo at once.

Private Attributes

const unsigned max_fill_count

The maximum fill count of this FIFO.

• T * buf

The memory allocated to store the data.

• T * write_ptr

points to location where to write next

const T * read_ptr

points to location where to read next

bool buf_uses_placement_new

wether buf was allocated using placement new or array new.

4.36.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T > class mha_fifo_t < T >
```

Use external synchronisation or synchronization in inheriting class.

4.36.2 Member Function Documentation

4.36.2.1 template
$$<$$
 class T $>$ void mha_fifo_t $<$ T $>$::write (const T $*$ data, unsigned count) [virtual]

Parameters

data	Pointer to source data.
count	Number of instances to copy

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	when there is not enough space available.
-----------------------------------	---

Reimplemented in $mha_fifo_lw_t < T > (p. 134)$, and $mha_drifter_fifo_t < T > (p. 129)$.

4.36.2.2 template < class T > void mha_fifo_t < T >::read (T * buf, unsigned count) [virtual]

Parameters

buf	Pointer to the target buffer
count	Number of instances to copy

Exceptions

Reimplemented in $mha_fifo_lw_t < T > (p. 134)$, and $mha_drifter_fifo_t < T > (p. 130)$.

4.36.2.3 template < class T > void mha_fifo_t < T >::clear() [inline], [protected]

Should be called by the reader, or when the reader is inactive.

4.36.3 Member Data Documentation

4.36.3.1 template < class T > const unsigned mha_fifo_t < T >::max_fill_count [private]

4.36.3.2 template < class T > T* mha_fifo_t < T >::buf [private]

max_fill_count + 1 locations are allocated: At least one location is always unused, because we have max_fill_count + 1 possible fillcounts [0:max_fill_count] that we need to distinguish.

4.36.3.3 template < class T > bool mha fifo t < T >::buf_uses_placement_new [private]

4.37 mha_fifo_thread_guard_t Class Reference

Simple Mutex Guard Class.

4.38 mha_fifo_thread_platform_t Class Reference

Abstract base class for synchronizing multithreaded (producer/consumer) fifo operations.

Inherited by mha_fifo_posix_threads_t.

Public Member Functions

virtual void aquire_mutex ()=0

Calling thread waits until it aquires the lock.

• virtual void release_mutex ()=0

Calling thread releases the lock.

virtual void wait_for_decrease ()=0

Calling producer thread must own the lock.

virtual void wait_for_increase ()=0

Calling consumer thread must own the lock.

• virtual void increment ()=0

To be called by producer thread after producing.

• virtual void **decrement** ()=0

To be called by consumer thread after consuming.

virtual ~mha_fifo_thread_platform_t ()

Make destructor virtual.

mha_fifo_thread_platform_t ()

Make default constructor accessible.

4.38.1 Detailed Description

Works only with single producer and single consumer.

4.38.2 Member Function Documentation

4.38.2.1 virtual void mha_fifo_thread_platform_t::aquire_mutex() [pure virtual]

Must not be called when the lock is already aquired.

4.38.2.2 virtual void mha_fifo_thread_platform_t::release_mutex() [pure virtual]

May only be called when lock is owned.

4.38.2.3 virtual void mha_fifo_thread_platform_t::wait_for_decrease() [pure virtual]

Method releases lock, and waits for consumer thread to call decrease(). Then reaquires lock and returns

4.38.2.4 virtual void mha fifo thread platform t::wait for increase () [pure virtual]

Method releases lock, and waits for producer thread to call increase(). Then reaquires lock and returns

4.38.2.5 virtual void mha_fifo_thread_platform_t::increment() [pure virtual]

Producer thread needs to own the lock to call this method.

4.38.2.6 virtual void mha_fifo_thread_platform_t::decrement() [pure virtual]

Consumer thread needs to own the lock to call this method.

4.39 mha_rt_fifo_element_t< T > Class Template Reference

Object wrapper for mha_rt_fifo_t (p. 140).

Public Member Functions

• mha_rt_fifo_element_t (T *data)

Constructor.

Public Attributes

mha_rt_fifo_element_t< T > * next

Pointer to next fifo element. NULL for the last (newest) fifo element.

• bool abandonned

Indicates that this element will no longer be used and may be deleted.

• T * data

Pointer to user data.

- 4.39.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.39.1.1 template < class T > mha_rt_fifo_element_t < T > ::mha_rt_fifo_element_t (T * data) [inline]

This element assumes ownership of user data.

Parameters

data User data. Has to be allocated on the heap with standard operator new, because it will be deleted in this element's destructor.

4.40 mha_rt_fifo_t < T > Class Template Reference

Template class for thread safe, half real time safe fifo without explixit locks.

Public Member Functions

mha_rt_fifo_t ()

Construct empty fifo.

~mha_rt_fifo_t ()

Destructor will delete all data currently in the fifo.

• T * poll ()

Retrieve the latest element in the Fifo.

• T * poll_1 ()

Retrieve the next element in the Fifo, if there is one, and mark the previous element as abandonned.

void push (T *data)

Add element to the Fifo.

Private Member Functions

void remove_abandonned ()

Deletes abandonned elements.

• void remove all ()

Deletes all elements.

Private Attributes

mha_rt_fifo_element_t < T > * root

The first element in the fifo. Deleting elements starts here.

mha_rt_fifo_element_t< T > * current

The element most recently returned by **poll** (p. 141) or **poll_1** (p. 141).

4.40.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T > class mha_rt_fifo_t < T >
```

Reading from this fifo is realtime safe, writing to it is not. This fifo is designed for objects that were constructed on the heap. It assumes ownership of these objects and calls delete on them when they are no longer used. Objects remain inside the Fifo while being used by the reader.

A new fifo element is inserted by using **push** (p. 141). The push operation is not real time safe, it allocates and deallocates memory. The latest element is retrieved by calling **poll** (p. 141). This operation will skip fifo elements if more than one **push** (p. 141) has been occured since the last poll. To avoid skipping, call the **poll_1** (p. 141) operation instead.

4.40.2 Member Function Documentation

Will skip fifo elements if more than one element has been added since last poll invocation. Will return the same element as on last call if no elements have been added in the mean time. Marks former elements as abandonned.

Returns

The latest element in this Fifo. Returns NULL if the Fifo is empty.

4.40.2.2 template
$$<$$
 class T $>$ T* mha_rt_fifo_t $<$ T $>$::poll_1 () [inline]

Else, if there is no newer element, returns the same element as on last **poll()** (p. 141) or **poll_1()** (p. 141) invocation.

Returns

The next element in this Fifo, if there is one, or the same as before. Returns NULL if the Fifo is empty.

Deletes abandonned elements in the fifo.

Parameters

data The new user data to place at the end of the fifo. After this invocation, the fifo is the owner of this object and will delete it when it is no longer used. data must have been allocated on the heap with standard operator new.

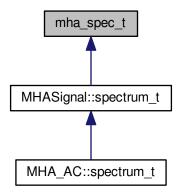
4.40.3 Member Data Documentation

Searching for new elements starts here.

4.41 mha_spec_t Struct Reference

Spectrum signal structure.

Inheritance diagram for mha_spec_t:



Public Attributes

- mha_complex_t * buf
 - signal buffer
- unsigned int num_channels

number of channels

unsigned int num_frames

number of frames in each channel

mha_channel_info_t * channel_info

detailed channel description

4.41.1 Detailed Description

This structure contains the short time fourier transform output of the windowed input signal. The member num_frames describes the number of frequency bins in each channel. For an even FFT length N, this is N/2+1. With odd FFT lengths, it is (N+1)/2. The imaginary part of the first bin is zero. For even FFT lengths, also the imaginary part at the Nyquist frequency is zero.

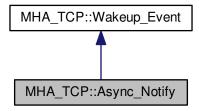
buf[k].re	Re(0)	Re(1)	Re(2)	Re(3)	Re(4)	 Re(n/2-1)	Re(n/2)
buf[k].im		Im(1)	Im(2)	Im(3)	Im(4)	 Im(n/2-1)	
k	0	1	2	3	4	n/2-1	n/2

Figure 4 Data order of FFT spectrum.

4.42 MHA_TCP::Async_Notify Class Reference

Portable Multiplexable cross-thread notification.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_TCP::Async_Notify:

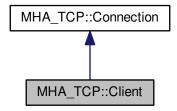


Additional Inherited Members

4.43 MHA_TCP::Client Class Reference

A portable class for a tcp client connections.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_TCP::Client:



Public Member Functions

- **Client** (const std::string &host, unsigned short port)

 Constructor connects to host, port via TCP.
- Client (const std::string &host, unsigned short port, Timeout_Watcher &timeout_← watcher)

Constructor connects to host, port via TCP, using a timeout.

Additional Inherited Members

4.43.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.43.1.1 Client::Client (const std::string & host, unsigned short port)

Parameters

host	The hostname of the TCP Server.
port	The port or the TCP Server.

4.43.1.2 Client::Client (const std::string & host, unsigned short port, Timeout_Watcher & timeout_watcher)

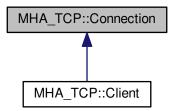
Parameters

host	The hostname of the TCP Server.	
port	The port or the TCP Server.	
timeout_watcher	an Event watcher that implements a timeout.	

4.44 MHA_TCP::Connection Class Reference

Connection (p. 144) handles Communication between client and server, is used on both sides.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_TCP::Connection:



Public Member Functions

- std::string **get_peer_address** ()

 Get peer's IP Address.
- unsigned short get_peer_port ()

Get peer's TCP port.

• SOCKET get_fd () const

Return the (protected) file descriptor of the connection.

virtual ~Connection ()

Destructor closes the underlying file descriptor.

• bool eof ()

Checks if the peer has closed the connection.

• bool can_read_line (char delim= '\n')

Checks if a full line of text has arrived by now.

bool can_read_bytes (unsigned howmany)

Checks if the specified ammount of data can be read.

• std::string read_line (char delim= '\n')

Reads a single line of data from the socket.

• std::string read_bytes (unsigned howmany)

Reads the specified ammount of dat from the socket.

void try_write (const std::string &data="")

Adds data to the internal "outgoing" buffer, and then tries to write as much data from that buffer to the socket as possible without blocking.

void write (const std::string &data="")

Adds data to the internal "outgoing" buffer, and then writes that that buffer to the socket, regardless of blocking.

bool needs_write ()

Checks if the internal "outgoing" buffer contains data.

unsigned buffered incoming bytes () const

Returns the number of bytes in the internal "incoming" buffer.

unsigned buffered_outgoing_bytes () const

Returns the number of bytes in the internal "outgoing" buffer.

Protected Member Functions

• Connection (SOCKET _fd) throw (MHA_Error)

Create a connection instance from a socket filedescriptor.

Protected Attributes

SOCKET fd

The file descriptor of the TCP Socket.

Private Member Functions

void init_peer_data ()

determine peer address and port

bool can_sysread ()

Determine wether at least 1 byte can be read without blocking.

• bool can_syswrite ()

Determine wether at least 1 byte can be written without blocking.

std::string sysread (unsigned bytes)

Call the system's read function and try to read bytes.

std::string syswrite (const std::string &data)

Call the system's write function and try to write all characters in the string data.

4.44.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.44.1.1 MHA_TCP::Connection::Connection (SOCKET_fd) throw MHA_Error) [protected]

Parameters

Exceptions

```
MHA_Error (p. 132) If the file descriptor is < 0.
```

4.44.2 Member Function Documentation

4.44.2.1 std::string Connection::sysread (unsigned bytes) [private]

This will block in a situation where can_sysread returns false.

Parameters

bytes The desired number of characters.

Returns

The characters read from the socket. The result may have fewer characters than specified by bytes. If the result is an empty string, then the socket has been closed by the peer.

4.44.2.2 std::string Connection::syswrite (const std::string & data) [private]

May write fewer characters, but will at least write one character.

Parameters

data	A string of characters to write to the socket.
------	--

Returns

The rest of the characters that have not yet been written.

```
4.44.2.3 SOCKET MHA_TCP::Connection::get_fd( ) const [inline]
```

Will be required for SSL.

```
4.44.2.4 bool Connection::eof ( )
```

As a side effect, this method fills the internal "incoming" buffer if it was empty and the socket is readable and not eof.

```
4.44.2.5 bool Connection::can_read_line ( char delim = ' \n' )
```

This method reads data from the socket into the internal "incoming" buffer if it can be done without blocking.

Parameters

delim	The line delimiter.
uellill	THE IIIIE GEIIIIIILEI.

Returns

true if at least one full line of text is present in the internal buffer after this method call, false otherwise.

4.44.2.6 bool Connection::can_read_bytes (unsigned *howmany*)

This method reads data from the socket into an internal "incoming" buffer if it can be done without blocking.

Parameters

howmany	The number of bytes that the caller wants to have checked.
---------	--

Returns

true if at least the specified ammount of data is present in the internal buffer after this method call, false otherwise

4.44.2.7 std::string Connection::read_line (char delim = '\n')

Blocks if necessary.

Parameters

Returns

The string of characters in this line, including the trailing delimiter. The delimiter may be missing if the last line before EOF does not have a delimiter.

4.44.2.8 std::string Connection::read_bytes (unsigned howmany)

Blocks if necessary.

Parameters

howmany	The number of bytes to read.
Howinary	The humber of bytes to read.

Returns

The string of characters read. The string may be shorter if EOF is encountered.

4.44.2.9 void Connection::try_write (const std::string & data = " ")

Parameters

data	data to send over the socket.

4.44.2.10 void Connection::write (const std::string & data = " ")

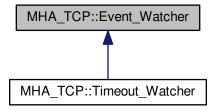
Parameters

data	data to cond over the cocket
uala	data to send over the socket.

4.45 MHA_TCP::Event_Watcher Class Reference

OS-independent event watcher, uses select on Unix and WaitForMultipleObjects on Windows.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_TCP::Event_Watcher:



Public Member Functions

void observe (Wakeup_Event *event)

Add an event to this observer.

void ignore (Wakeup_Event *event)

Remove an event from this observer.

std::set< Wakeup_Event * > wait ()

\ Wait for some event to occur.

Private Attributes

std::set< Wakeup_Event * > events

The list of events to watch.

4.45.1 Member Function Documentation

4.45.1.1 void Event_Watcher::observe (Wakeup_Event * event)

4.45.1.2 std::set < Wakeup_Event * > Event_Watcher::wait ()

Return all events that are ready

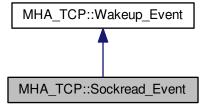
4.45.2 Member Data Documentation

4.45.2.1 std::set<Wakeup_Event*> MHA_TCP::Event_Watcher::events [private]

4.46 MHA_TCP::Sockread_Event Class Reference

Watch socket for incoming data.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_TCP::Sockread_Event:



Public Member Functions

Sockread_Event (SOCKET s)

Set socket to watch for.

4.46.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.46.1.1 MHA_TCP::Sockread_Event::Sockread_Event (SOCKET s)

Parameters

s The socket to observe incoming data on.

4.47 MHA_TCP::Thread Class Reference

A very simple class for portable threads.

Public Types

typedef void *(* thr_f) (void *)
 The thread function signature to use with this class.

Public Member Functions

Thread (thr_f func, void *arg=0)

Constructor starts a new thread.

virtual ∼Thread ()

The destructor should only be called when the **Thread** (p. 150) is finished.

• virtual void run ()

The internal method that delegated the new thread to the registered **Thread** (p. 150) function.

Public Attributes

Async_Notify thread_finish_event

Event will be triggered when the thread exits.

enum MHA_TCP::Thread:: { ... } state

The current state of the thread.

thr_f thread_func

The thread function that the client has registered.

void * thread_arg

The argument that the client wants to be handed through to the thread function.

MHA_Error * error

The MHA_Error (p. 132) that caused the thread to abort, if any.

Protected Member Functions

• Thread ()

Default constructor may only be used by derived classes that want to start the thread themselves.

Protected Attributes

void * arg

The argument for the client's thread function.

void * return_value

The return value from the client's thread function is stored here When that function returns.

Private Attributes

pthread_t thread_handle

The posix thread handle.

pthread_attr_t thread_attr

The posix thread attribute structure.

4.47.1 Member Typedef Documentation

```
4.47.1.1 typedef void*(* MHA_TCP::Thread::thr_f) (void *)
```

Derive from this class and call protected standard constructor to start threads differently.

4.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
4.47.2.1 Thread::Thread ( Thread::thr_f func, void * arg = 0 )
```

Parameters

func	The function to be executed by the thread.
arg	The argument given to pass to the thread function.

```
4.47.2.2 Thread::~Thread( ) [virtual]
```

There is preliminary support for forceful thread cancellation in the destructor, but probably not very robust or portable..

4.47.3 Member Data Documentation

```
4.47.3.1 pthread_attr_t MHA_TCP::Thread::thread_attr [private]
```

Required for starting a thread in detached state. Detachment is required to eliminate the need for joining this thread.

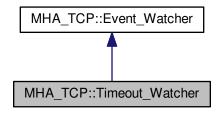
```
4.47.3.2 void* MHA_TCP::Thread::arg [protected]
```

4.47.3.3 void* MHA_TCP::Thread::thread_arg

4.48 MHA_TCP::Timeout_Watcher Class Reference

OS-independent event watcher with internal fixed-end-time timeout.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_TCP::Timeout_Watcher:

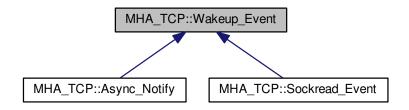


Additional Inherited Members

4.49 MHA_TCP::Wakeup_Event Class Reference

A base class for asynchronous wakeup events.

Inheritance diagram for MHA_TCP::Wakeup_Event:



Public Member Functions

Wakeup_Event ()

Event Constructor.

- virtual void observed_by (Event_Watcher *observer)
 - Called by the **Event_Watcher** (p. 149) when this event is added to its list of observed events.
- virtual void **ignored_by** (**Event_Watcher** *observer)
 - Called by the **Event_Watcher** (p. 149) when this event is removed from its list of observed events.
- virtual ~Wakeup Event ()

Destructor deregisters from observers.

virtual OS_EVENT_TYPE get_os_event ()

Get necessary information for the Event Watcher.

• virtual void reset ()

For pure notification events, reset the "signalled" status.

• virtual bool status ()

Query wether the event is in signalled state now.

Private Attributes

std::set< class Event Watcher * > observers

A list of all **Event_Watcher** (p. 149) instances that this **Wakeup_Event** (p. 153) is observed by (stored here for proper deregistering).

4.49.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

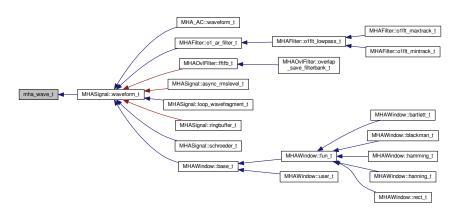
4.49.1.1 Wakeup_Event::Wakeup_Event()

The new event has invalid state.

4.50 mha_wave_t Struct Reference

Waveform signal structure.

Inheritance diagram for mha_wave_t:



Public Attributes

mha_real_t * buf

signal buffer

unsigned int num_channels

number of channels

unsigned int num_frames

number of frames in each channel

mha_channel_info_t * channel_info

detailed channel description

4.50.1 Detailed Description

This structure contains one fragment of a waveform signal. The member num_frames describes the number of audio samples in each audio channel.

The field channel_info must be an array of num_channels entries or NULL.

4.51 mhaconfig_t Struct Reference

MHA prepare configuration structure.

Public Attributes

· unsigned int channels

Number of audio channels.

• unsigned int domain

Signal domain (MHA_WAVEFORM or MHA_SPECTRUM)

unsigned int fragsize

Fragment size of waveform data.

• unsigned int wndlen

Window length of spectral data.

unsigned int fftlen

FFT length of spectral data.

mha_real_t srate

Sampling rate in Hz.

4.51.1 Detailed Description

This structure contains information about channel number and domain for input and output signals of a openMHA Plugin. Each plugin can change any of these parameters, e.g. by resampling of the signal. The only limitation is that the callback frequency is fixed (except for the plugins db and dbasync).

4.52 MHAEvents::emitter t Class Reference

Class for emitting openMHA events.

Public Member Functions

void operator() ()

Emit an event without parameter.

• void operator() (const std::string &)

Emit an event with string parameter.

void operator() (const std::string &, unsigned int, unsigned int)
 Emit an event with string parameter and two unsigned int parameters.

4.52.1 Detailed Description

Use the template class **MHAEvents::patchbay_t** (p. 156) for connecting to an emitter.

4.53 MHAEvents::patchbay t < receiver t > Class Template Reference

Patchbay which connects any event emitter with any member function of the parameter class.

Public Member Functions

- void connect (emitter_t *, receiver_t *, void(receiver_t::*)())
 Connect a receiver member function void (receiver_t::*)() with an event emitter.
- void connect (emitter_t *, receiver_t *, void(receiver_t::*)(const std::string &))
 Connect a receiver member function void (receiver_t::*)(const std::string&) with an event emitter.

4.53.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class receiver_t > class MHAEvents::patchbay_t < receiver_t >
```

The connections created by the **connect()** (p. 156) function are hold until the destructor is called. To avoid access to invalid function pointers, it is required to destruct the patchbay before the receiver, usually by declaring the patchbay as a member of the receiver.

The receiver can be any claas or structure; the event callback can be either a member function without arguments or with const std::string& argument.

4.53.2 Member Function Documentation

```
4.53.2.1 template < class receiver_t > void MHAEvents::patchbay_t < receiver_t > ::connect ( emitter_t * e, receiver_t * r, void(receiver_t::*)() rfun )
```

Create a connection.

The connection is removed when the patchbay is destructed.

Parameters

е	Pointer to an event emitter
r	Pointer to the receiver
rfun	Pointer to a member function of the receiver class

4.53.2.2 template < class receiver_t > void MHAEvents::patchbay_t < receiver_t > ::connect (emitter_t * e, receiver_t * r, void(receiver_t::*)(const std::string &) rfun)

Create a connection.

The connection is removed when the patchbay is destructed.

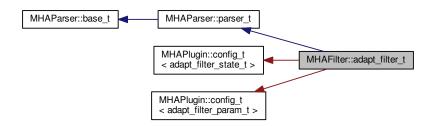
Parameters

е	Pointer to an event emitter
r	Pointer to the receiver
rfun	Pointer to a member function of the receiver class

4.54 MHAFilter::adapt_filter_t Class Reference

Adaptive filter.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::adapt_filter_t:



Additional Inherited Members

4.55 MHAFilter::blockprocessing_polyphase_resampling_t Class Reference

A class that does polyphase resampling and takes into account block processing.

Public Member Functions

 blockprocessing_polyphase_resampling_t (float source_srate, unsigned source_← fragsize, float target_srate, unsigned target_fragsize, float nyquist_ratio, float irslen, unsigned nchannels, bool add_delay)

Contructs a polyphase resampling filter that can be used for blockprocessing with the given parameters.

void write (mha_wave_t &signal)

Write signal to the ringbuffer.

void read (mha_wave_t &signal)

Read resampled signal.

• bool can_read () const

Checks if the resampling ring buffer can produce another output signal block.

- 4.55.1 Detailed Description
- 4.55.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.55.2.1 MHAFilter::blockprocessing_polyphase_resampling_t::blockprocessing_polyphase_← resampling_t (float source_srate, unsigned source_fragsize, float target_srate, unsigned target_fragsize, float nyquist_ratio, float irslen, unsigned nchannels, bool add_delay)

Parameters

source_srate	Source sampling rate / Hz
source_fragsize	Fragment size of incoming audio blocks / frames at source_srate
target_srate	Target sampling rate / Hz
target_fragsize	Fragment size of produced audio blocks / frames at target_srate
nyquist_ratio	Low pass filter cutoff frequency relative to the nyquist frequency of the smaller of the two sampling rates. Example values: 0.8, 0.9
irslen	Impulse response length used for low pass filtering / s
nchannels	Number of audio channels
add_delay	To avoid underruns, a delay is generally necessary for round trip block size adaptations. It is only necessary to add this delay to one of the two resampling chains. Set this parameter to true for the first resampling object of a round trip pair. It will add the necessary delay, and calculate the size of the ring buffer appropriately, When set to false, only the ringbuffer size will be set sufficiently.

- 4.55.3 Member Function Documentation
- 4.55.3.1 void MHAFilter::blockprocessing_polyphase_resampling_t::write (mha_wave_t & signal)

Parameters

signal	input signal in original sampling rate
9.151.	

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	Raises exception if there is not enough room, if the number of
	channels does not match, or if the number of frames is not equal to
	the number specified in the constructor

4.55.3.2 void MHAFilter::blockprocessing_polyphase_resampling_t::read (mha_wave_t & signal)

Will perform the resampling and remove no longer needed samples from the input buffer.

Parameters

signal	buffer to write the resampled signal to.
--------	--

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	Raises exception if there is not enough input signal, if the number of
	channels of frames does not match.

4.56 MHAFilter::complex_bandpass_t Class Reference

Complex bandpass filter.

Public Member Functions

• complex_bandpass_t (std::vector< mha_complex_t > A, std::vector< mha_ \leftarrow complex_t > B)

Constructor with filter coefficients (one per channel)

void set_weights (std::vector< mha_complex_t > new_B)

Allow to modify the input weights at a later stage.

void filter (const mha_wave_t &X, mha_spec_t &Y)

Filter method for real value input.

• void filter (const mha_wave_t &X, mha_wave_t &Yre, mha_wave_t &Yim)

Filter method for real value input.

void filter (const mha_spec_t &X, mha_spec_t &Y)

Filter method for complex value input.

 void filter (const mha_wave_t &Xre, const mha_wave_t &Xim, mha_wave_t &Yre, mha_wave_t &Yim)

Filter method for complex value input.

4.56.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

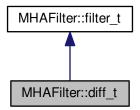
4.56.1.1 MHAFilter::complex_bandpass_t::complex_bandpass_t (std::vector< mha_complex_t > A, std::vector< mha_complex_t > B)

Parameters

A	complex filter coefficients, one per band
В	complex weights

4.57 MHAFilter::diff_t Class Reference

Differentiator class (non-normalized)
Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::diff_t:

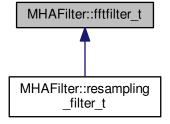


Additional Inherited Members

4.58 MHAFilter::fftfilter_t Class Reference

FFT based FIR filter implementation.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::fftfilter_t:



Public Member Functions

- fftfilter_t (unsigned int fragsize, unsigned int channels, unsigned int fftlen)
 Constructor.
- void update_coeffs (const mha_wave_t *pwIRS)
 Update the set of coefficients.
- void filter (const mha_wave_t *pwln, mha_wave_t **ppwOut, const mha_wave_t *pw← IRS)

Apply filter with changing coefficients to a waveform fragment.

- void filter (const mha_wave_t *pwIn, mha_wave_t **ppwOut)
 Apply filter to waveform fragment, without changing the coefficients.
- void filter (const mha_wave_t *pwln, mha_wave_t **ppwOut, const mha_spec_t *ps
 Weights)

Apply filter with changing coefficients to a waveform fragment.

4.58.1 Detailed Description

The maximal number of coefficients can be FFT length - fragsize + 1.

4.58.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.58.2.1 MHAFilter::fftfilter_t::fftfilter_t (unsigned int *fragsize*, unsigned int *channels*, unsigned int *fftlen*)

Parameters

fragsize	Number of frames expected in input signal (each cycle).
channels	Number of channels expected in input signal.
fftlen	FFT length of filter.

4.58.3 Member Function Documentation

4.58.3.1 void MHAFilter::fftfilter_t::update_coeffs (const mha_wave_t * pwlRS)

Parameters

pwIRS	Coefficients structure
-------	------------------------

Note

The number of channels in h must match the number of channels given in the constructor. The filter length is limited to fftlen-fragsize+1 (longer IRS will be shortened).

4.58.3.2 void MHAFilter::fftfilter_t::filter (const mha_wave_t * pwln, mha_wave_t ** ppwOut, const mha_wave_t * pwlRS)

Parameters

рw⊷	Input signal pointer.
In	

Return values

ppwOut	Pointer to output signal pointer, will be set to a valid signal.
--------	--

Parameters

4.58.3.3 void MHAFilter::fftfilter_t::filter (const mha_wave_t * pwln, mha_wave_t ** ppwOut)

Parameters

pw⇔	Input signal pointer.
In	

Return values

	l _
nnw()ut	Dointor to output cianal pointor will be eet to a valid cianal
DDWOUL	i diriler la dalpal signal politier, will be sel la a valla signal
ρρινοιι	Pointer to output signal pointer, will be set to a valid signal

4.58.3.4 void MHAFilter::fftfilter_t::filter (const mha_wave_t * pwln, mha_wave_t ** ppwOut, const mha_spec_t * psWeights)

Parameters

	land the signature of the signature
pw⊷	Input signal pointer.
In	

Return values

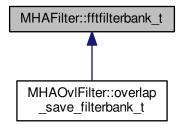
Parameters

porroigino i onitto to into tronginto otractaro.	psWeights	Pointer to filter weights structure.
--	-----------	--------------------------------------

4.59 MHAFilter::fftfilterbank t Class Reference

FFT based FIR filterbank implementation.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::fftfilterbank_t:



Public Member Functions

• **fftfilterbank_t** (unsigned int fragsize, unsigned int inputchannels, unsigned int firchannels, unsigned int fftlen)

Constructor.

void update_coeffs (const mha_wave_t *h)

Update the set of coefficients.

void filter (const mha_wave_t *s_in, mha_wave_t **s_out, const mha_wave_t *h)

Apply filter with changing coefficients to a waveform fragment.

void filter (const mha_wave_t *s_in, mha_wave_t **s_out)

Apply filter to waveform fragment, without changing the coefficients.

• const mha wave t * get irs () const

Return the current IRS.

4.59.1 Detailed Description

This class convolves n input channels with m filter coefficient sets and returns n*m output channels.

The maximal number of coefficients can be FFT length - fragsize + 1.

4.59.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.59.2.1 MHAFilter::fftfilterbank_t::fftfilterbank_t (unsigned int *fragsize*, unsigned int *inputchannels*, unsigned int *firchannels*, unsigned int *fftlen*)

Parameters

fragsize	Number of frames expected in input signal (each cycle).
inputchannels	Number of channels expected in input signal.
firchannels	Number of channels expected in FIR filter coefficients (= number of bands).
fftlen	FFT length of filter.

The number of output channels is inputchannels*firchannels.

4.59.3 Member Function Documentation

4.59.3.1 void MHAFilter::fftfilterbank_t::update_coeffs (const mha_wave_t * h)

Parameters

h Coefficients structure

Note

The number of channels in h must match the number of channels given in the constructor, and the number of frames can not be more than fftlen-fragsize+1.

4.59.3.2 void MHAFilter::fftfilterbank_t::filter (const mha_wave_t * s_in, mha_wave_t ** s_out, const mha_wave_t * h)

Parameters

<i>S</i> ⊷	Input signal pointer.
_in	

Return values

s_out	Pointer to output signal pointer, will be set to a valid signal
-------	---

Parameters

```
h FIR coefficients
```

4.59.3.3 void MHAFilter::fftfilterbank_t::filter (const mha_wave_t * s_in, mha_wave_t ** s_out)

Parameters

S⇔	Input signal pointer.
_in	

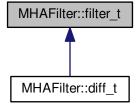
Return values

|--|

4.60 MHAFilter::filter_t Class Reference

Generic IIR filter class.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::filter_t:



Public Member Functions

- filter_t (unsigned int ch, unsigned int lena, unsigned int lenb)
 Constructor.
- filter_t (unsigned int ch, const std::vector< mha_real_t > &vA, const std::vector< mha←
 _real_t > &vB)

Constructor with initialization of coefficients.

void filter (mha_wave_t *out, const mha_wave_t *in)

Filter all channels in a waveform structure.

void filter (mha_real_t *dest, const mha_real_t *src, unsigned int dframes, unsigned int frame_dist, unsigned int channel_begin, unsigned int channel_begin, unsigned int channel_end)

Filter parts of a waveform structure.

mha_real_t filter (mha_real_t x, unsigned int ch)

Filter one sample.

unsigned int get_len_A () const

Return length of recursive coefficients.

unsigned int get_len_B () const

Return length of non-recursive coefficients.

Public Attributes

double * A

Pointer to recursive coefficients.

• double * B

Pointer to non-recursive coefficients.

4.60.1 Detailed Description

This class implements a generic multichannel IIR filter. It is realized as direct form II. It can work on any float array or on **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) structs. The filter coefficients can be directly accessed.

4.60.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.60.2.1 MHAFilter::filter_t::filter_t (unsigned int *ch*, unsigned int *lena*, unsigned int *lenb*)

Parameters

ch	Number of channels
lena	Number of recursive coefficients
lenb	Number of non-recursive coefficients

4.60.2.2 MHAFilter::filter_t: (unsigned int $\it ch$, const std::vector< mha_real_t > & $\it vA$, const std::vector< mha_real_t > & $\it vB$)

Parameters

ch	Number of channels.
vΑ	Recursive coefficients.
νB	Non-recursive coefficients.

4.60.3 Member Function Documentation

4.60.3.1 void MHAFilter::filter_t::filter (mha_wave_t * out, const mha_wave_t * in)

Parameters

out	Output signal
in	Input signal

4.60.3.2 void MHAFilter::filter_t::filter (mha_real_t * dest, const mha_real_t * src, unsigned int dframes, unsigned int frame_dist, unsigned int channel_dist, unsigned int channel_begin, unsigned int channel_end)

Parameters

dest	Output signal.
src	Input signal.
dframes	Number of frames to be filtered.
frame_dist	Index distance between frames of one channel
channel_dist	Index distance between audio channels
channel_begin	Number of first channel to be processed
channel_end	Number of last channel to be processed

4.60.3.3 mha_real_t MHAFilter::filter_t::filter (mha_real_t x, unsigned int ch)

Parameters

X	Input value	
ch	Channel number to use in filter state	

4.61 MHAFilter::gamma_flt_t Class Reference

Class for gammatone filter.

Public Member Functions

gamma_flt_t (std::vector< mha_real_t > cf, std::vector< mha_real_t > bw, mha_real ←
 _t srate, unsigned int order)

Constructor.

void operator() (mha_wave_t &X, mha_spec_t &Y)

Filter method.

- void operator() (mha_wave_t &X, mha_wave_t &Yre, mha_wave_t &Yim) Filter method.
- void **operator()** (**mha_wave_t** &Yre, **mha_wave_t** &Yim, unsigned int stage) Filter method for specific stage.
- 4.61.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.61.1.1 MHAFilter::gamma_flt_t::gamma_flt_t (std::vector< mha_real_t > cf, std::vector< mha_real_t > bw, mha_real_t srate, unsigned int order)

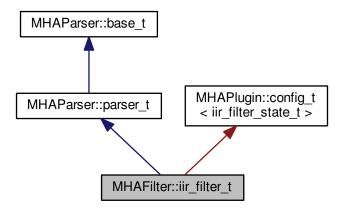
Parameters

cf	Center frequency in Hz.	
bw	Bandwidth in Hz (same number of entries as in cf).	
srate	Sampling frequency in Hz.	
order	Filter order.	

4.62 MHAFilter::iir_filter_t Class Reference

IIR filter class wrapper for integration into parser structure.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::iir_filter_t:



Public Member Functions

• iir_filter_t (std::string help="IIR filter structure", std::string def_A="[1]", std::string def_← B="[1]", unsigned int channels=1)

Constructor of the IIR filter.

void filter (mha_wave_t *y, const mha_wave_t *x)

The filter processes the audio signal.

• mha_real_t filter (mha_real_t x, unsigned int ch)

Filter a single audio sample.

• void resize (unsigned int channels)

Change the number of channels after object creation.

Additional Inherited Members

4.62.1 Detailed Description

This class implements an infinite impulse response filter. Since it inherits from **MHAParser**← ::parser_t (p. 220), it can easily be integrated in the openMHA configuration tree. It provides the configuration language variables "A" (vector of recursive filter coefficients) and "B" (vector of non-recursive filter coefficients).

The filter instance reacts to changes in filter coefficients through the openMHA configuration language, and uses the updated coefficients in the next invocation of the filter method.

Update of the coefficients is thread-safe and non-blocking. Simply add this subparser to your parser items and use the "filter" member function. Filter states are reset to all 0 on update.

4.62.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
4.62.2.1 MHAFilter::iir_filter_t: dst::string help = "IIR filter structure", std::string def_A = "[1]", std::string def_B = "[1]", unsigned int channels = 1)
```

Initialises the sub-parser structure and the memory for holding the filter's state.

Parameters

help	The help string for the parser that groups the configuration variables of this filter. Could be used to describe the purpose of this IIR filter.
def_A	The initial value of the vector of the recursive filter coefficients, represented as string.
def_B	The initial value of the vector of the non-recursive filter coefficients, represented as string.
channels	The number of indipendent audio channels to process with this filter. Needed to
	allocate a state vector for each audio channel.

4.62.3 Member Function Documentation

```
4.62.3.1 void MHAFilter::iir_filter_t::filter ( mha_wave_t * y, const mha_wave_t * x )
```

All channels in the audio signal are processed using the same filter coefficients. Indipendent state is stored between calls for each audio channel.

Parameters

У	Pointer to output signal holder. The output signal is stored here. Has to have the same
	signal dimensions as the input signal x. In-place processing (y and x pointing to the
	same signal holder) is possible.

x Pointer to input signal holder. Number of channels has to be the same as given to the constructor, or to the **resize** (p. 170) method.

4.62.3.2 mha_real_t MHAFilter::iir_filter_t::filter (mha_real_t x, unsigned int ch)

Parameters

Χ	The single audio sample
ch	Zero-based channel index. Use and change the state of channel ch. ch has to be less
	than the number of channels given to the constructor or the resize (p. 170) method.

Returns

the filtered result sample.

4.62.3.3 void MHAFilter::iir_filter_t::resize (unsigned int *channels*)

Parameters

channels The new number of ch	annels. Old filter states are lost.
-------------------------------	-------------------------------------

4.63 MHAFilter::iir_ord1_real_t Class Reference

First order recursive filter.

Public Member Functions

- iir_ord1_real_t (std::vector< mha_real_t > A, std::vector< mha_real_t > B)
 Constructor with filter coefficients (one per channel)
- iir_ord1_real_t (std::vector < mha_real_t > tau, mha_real_t srate)
 Constructor for low pass filter (one time constant per channel)
- mha_real_t operator() (unsigned int ch, mha_real_t x)

Filter method for real value input, one element.

- mha_complex_t operator() (unsigned int ch, mha_complex_t x)

 Filter method for complex input, one element.
- void **operator()** (const **mha_wave_t** &X, **mha_wave_t** &Y) Filter method for real value input.
- void operator() (const mha_spec_t &X, mha_spec_t &Y)

Filter method for complex value input.

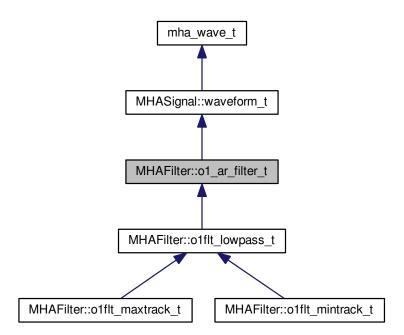
 void operator() (const mha_wave_t &Xre, const mha_wave_t &Xim, mha_wave_t &Yre, mha_wave_t &Yim)

Filter method for complex value input.

4.64 MHAFilter::o1_ar_filter_t Class Reference

First order attack-release lowpass filter.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::o1_ar_filter_t:



Public Member Functions

• o1_ar_filter_t (unsigned int channels, mha_real_t fs=1.0f, std::vector< mha_real_t > tau_a=std::vector< float >(1, 0.0f), std::vector< mha_real_t > tau_r=std::vector< float >(1, 0.0f))

Constructor, setting all taus to zero.

void set_tau_attack (unsigned int ch, mha_real_t tau)

Set the attack time constant.

void set_tau_release (unsigned int ch, mha_real_t tau)

Set the release time constant.

mha_real_t operator() (unsigned int ch, mha_real_t x)

Apply filter to value x, using state channel ch.

void operator() (const mha_wave_t &in, mha_wave_t &out)

Apply filter to a **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) data.

Additional Inherited Members

4.64.1 Detailed Description

This filter is the base of first order lowpass filter, maximum tracker and minimum tracker.

4.64.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

The filter state can be accessed through the member functions of **MHASignal::waveform_t** (p. 268).

Parameters

channels	Number of independent filters
fs	Sampling rate (optional, default = 1)
tau_a	Attack time constants (optional, default = 0)
tau_r	Release time constants (optional, default = 0)

4.64.3 Member Function Documentation

4.64.3.1 void MHAFilter::o1_ar_filter_t::set_tau_attack (unsigned int *ch*, mha_real_t *tau*)

Parameters

ch	Channel number
tau	Time constant

4.64.3.2 void MHAFilter::o1_ar_filter_t::set_tau_release (unsigned int ch, mha_real_t tau)

Parameters

ch	Channel number
tau	Time constant

4.64.3.3 mha_real_t MHAFilter::o1_ar_filter_t::operator() (unsigned int *ch*, mha_real_t *x*) [inline]

Parameters

ch	Cannel number
Χ	Input value

Returns

Output value

Parameters

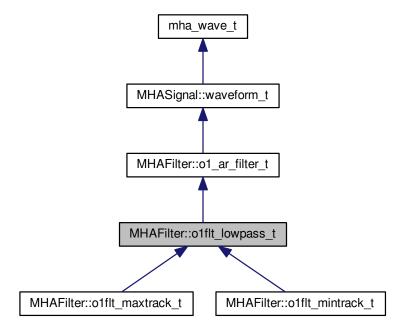
in	Input signal
out	Output signal

The number of channels must match the number of filter bands.

4.65 MHAFilter::o1flt_lowpass_t Class Reference

First order low pass filter.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::o1flt_lowpass_t:



Public Member Functions

• o1flt_lowpass_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &, mha_real_t, mha_real_t=0)

Constructor of low pass filter, sets sampling rate and time constants.

void set_tau (unsigned int ch, mha_real_t tau)
 change the time constant in one channel

void set_tau (mha_real_t tau)
 set time constant in all channels to tau

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.65.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.65.1.1 MHAFilter::o1flt_lowpass_t::o1flt_lowpass_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > & tau, mha_real_t fs, mha_real_t startval = 0)

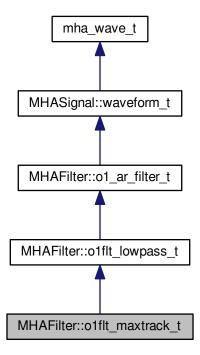
Parameters

tau	Vector of time constants
fs	Sampling rate
startval	Initial internal state value

4.66 MHAFilter::o1flt_maxtrack_t Class Reference

First order maximum tracker.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::o1flt_maxtrack_t:



Public Member Functions

- o1flt_maxtrack_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &, mha_real_t, mha_real_t=0)

 Constructor of low pass filter, sets sampling rate and time constants.
- void set_tau (unsigned int ch, mha_real_t tau)
 change the time constant in one channel
- void set_tau (mha_real_t tau)
 set time constant in all channels to tau

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.66.1 Detailed Description
- 4.66.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.66.2.1 MHAFilter::o1flt_maxtrack_t::o1flt_maxtrack_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > & tau, mha_real_t fs, mha_real_t startval = 0)

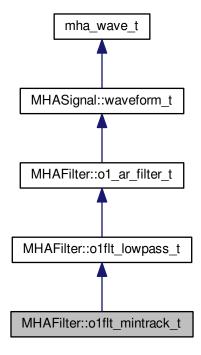
Parameters

tau	Vector of time constants
fs	Sampling rate
startval	Initial internal state value

4.67 MHAFilter::o1flt_mintrack_t Class Reference

First order minimum tracker.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::o1flt_mintrack_t:



Public Member Functions

- void set_tau (unsigned int ch, mha_real_t tau)
 change the time constant in one channel
- void set_tau (mha_real_t tau)
 set time constant in all channels to tau

Additional Inherited Members

4.67.1 Detailed Description

4.68 MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t Class Reference

A filter class for partitioned convolution.

Classes

struct index_t

Bookkeeping class.

Public Member Functions

• partitioned_convolution_t (unsigned int fragsize, unsigned int nchannels_in, unsigned int nchannels_out, const transfer_matrix_t &transfer)

Create a new partitioned convolver.

~partitioned_convolution_t ()

Free fftw resource allocated in constructor.

mha_wave_t * process (const mha_wave_t *s_in)processing

Public Attributes

unsigned int fragsize

Audio fragment size, always equal to partition size.

unsigned int nchannels_in

Number of audio input channels.

unsigned int nchannels_out

Number of audio output channels.

unsigned int output_partitions

The maximum number of partitions in any of the impulse responses.

unsigned int filter_partitions

The total number of non-zero impulse response partitions.

MHASignal::waveform_t input_signal_wave

Buffer for input signal.

unsigned int current_input_signal_buffer_half_index

A counter modulo 2.

MHASignal::spectrum_t input_signal_spec

Buffer for FFT transformed input signal.

MHASignal::spectrum_t frequency_response

Buffers for frequency response spectra of impulse response partitions.

std::vector< index_t > bookkeeping

Keeps track of input channels, output channels, impulse response partition, and delay.

std::vector< MHASignal::spectrum_t > output_signal_spec

Buffers for FFT transformed output signal.

unsigned int current_output_partition_index

A counter modulo output_partitions, indexing the "current" output partition.

MHASignal::waveform_t output_signal_wave

Buffer for the wave output signal.

mha fft t fft

The FFT transformer.

4.68.1 Detailed Description

Impulse responses are partitioned into sections of fragment size. Audio signal is convolved with every partition and delayed as needed. Convolution is done according to overlap-save. FFT length used is 2 times fragment size.

4.68.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.68.2.1 MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::partitioned_convolution_t (unsigned int *fragsize*, unsigned int *nchannels_in*, unsigned int *nchannels_out*, const transfer_matrix_t & *transfer*)

Parameters

fragsize	Audio fragment size, equal to partition size.	
nchannels_in	Number of input audio channels.	
nchannels_out	Number of output audio channels.	
transfer	A sparse matrix of impulse responses.	

4.68.3 Member Data Documentation

- 4.68.3.1 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::fragsize
- 4.68.3.2 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned convolution t::nchannels in
- 4.68.3.3 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned convolution t::nchannels out
- 4.68.3.4 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::output_partitions

Determines the size if the delay line.

- 4.68.3.5 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned convolution t::filter partitions
- 4.68.3.6 MHASignal::waveform_t MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::input_signal_wave

Has nchannels_in channels and fragsize*2 frames

4.68.3.7 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::current_input_signal_buffer_half_index

Indicates the buffer half in input signal wave into which to copy the current input signal.

4.68.3.8 MHASignal::spectrum_t MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::input_signal_spec

Has nchannels_in channels and fragsize+1 frames (fft bins).

4.68.3.9 MHASignal::spectrum t MHAFilter::partitioned convolution t::frequency response

Each "channel" contains another partition of some impulse response. The bookkeeping array is used to keep track what to do with these frequency responses. This container has filter_ partitions channels and fragsize+1 frames (fft bins).

4.68.3.10 std::vector<index t> MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::bookkeeping

The index into this array is the same as the "channel" index into the frequency_response array. Array has filter_partitions entries.

4.68.3.11 std::vector<MHASignal::spectrum_t> MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::output_← signal_spec

For each array member, Number of channels is equal to nchannels_out, number of frames (fft bins) is equal to fragsize+1. Array size is equal to output_partitions.

- 4.68.3.12 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::current_output_partition_index
- 4.68.3.13 MHASignal::waveform t MHAFilter::partitioned convolution t::output signal wave

Number of channels is equal to nchannels_out, number of frames is equal to fragsize

4.69 MHAFilter::partitioned convolution t::index t Struct Reference

Bookkeeping class.

Public Member Functions

index_t (unsigned int src, unsigned int tgt, unsigned int dly)
 Data constructor.

index_t ()

Default constructor for STL compatibility.

Public Attributes

unsigned int source_channel_index

The input channel index to apply the current partition to.

unsigned int target_channel_index

The index of the output channel to which the filter result should go.

unsigned int delay

The delay (in blocks) of this partition.

4.69.1 Detailed Description

For each impulse response partition, keeps track of which input to filter, which output channel to filter to, and the delay in blocks. Objects of class Index should be kept in an array with the same indices as the corresponding inpulse response partitions.

4.69.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.69.2.1 MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::index_t::index_t (unsigned int *src*, unsigned int *tgt*, unsigned int *dly*) [inline]

Parameters

src	The input channel index to apply the current partition to.
tgt	The index of the output channel to which the filter result should go.
dly	The delay (in blocks) of this partition

4.69.3 Member Data Documentation

- 4.69.3.1 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::index_t::source_channel_index
- 4.69.3.2 unsigned int MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::index_t::target_channel_index
- 4.70 MHAFilter::polyphase_resampling_t Class Reference

A class that does polyphase resampling.

Public Member Functions

polyphase_resampling_t (unsigned n_up, unsigned n_down, mha_real_t nyquist_ratio, unsigned n_irs, unsigned n_ringbuffer, unsigned n_channels, unsigned n_prefill)
 Initialize a polyphase resampler.

void write (mha_wave_t &signal)

Write signal to the ringbuffer.

void read (mha_wave_t &signal)

Read resampled signal.

• unsigned readable_frames () const

Number of frames at target sampling rate that can be produced.

Private Attributes

unsigned upsampling_factor

Interpolation rate / source rate.

unsigned downsampling_factor

Interpolation rate / target rate.

• unsigned now index

points to "now" in the interpolated sampling rate

· bool underflow

indicates if an underflow has occurred. Object cannot be used then.

MHAWindow::hanning_t impulse_response

contains the lowpass impulse response at interpolation rate

MHASignal::ringbuffer_t ringbuffer

storage of input signal

- 4.70.1 Detailed Description
- 4.70.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.70.2.1 MHAFilter::polyphase_resampling_t::polyphase_resampling_t (unsigned *n_up*, unsigned *n_down*, mha_real_t *nyquist_ratio*, unsigned *n_irs*, unsigned *n_ringbuffer*, unsigned *n_channels*, unsigned *n_prefill*)

Parameters

n_up	upsampling factor
n_down	downsampling factor
nyquist_ratio	low pass filter cutoff frequency relative to the nyquist frequency of the smaller of the two sampling rates. Example values: 0.8, 0.9
n_irs	length of impulse response (in samples at interpolation rate)
n_ringbuffer	length of ringbuffer, in samples at source sampling rate
n_channels	audio channels count
n_ <i>prefill</i> © 2005-2017 HörTed	Prefill the ringbuffer with this many zero frames in samples at source

4.70.3 Member Function Documentation

4.70.3.1 void MHAFilter::polyphase_resampling_t::write (mha_wave_t & signal)

Parameters

signal input signal in original sam	pling rate
-------------------------------------	------------

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	Raises exception if there is not enough room or if the number of
	channels does not match.

4.70.3.2 void MHAFilter::polyphase_resampling_t::read (mha_wave_t & signal)

Will perform the resampling and remove no longer needed samples from the input buffer.

Parameters

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	Raises exception if there is not enough input signal or if the number
	of channels is too high.

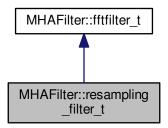
4.70.3.3 unsigned MHAFilter::polyphase_resampling_t::readable_frames () const [inline]

Warning: This method only checks for enough future samples present, therefore, this number can be positive and a read operation can still fail if there are not enough past samples present to perform the filtering for the first output sample.

4.71 MHAFilter::resampling_filter_t Class Reference

Hann shaped low pass filter for resampling.

Inheritance diagram for MHAFilter::resampling_filter_t:



Public Member Functions

resampling_filter_t (unsigned int fftlen, unsigned int irslen, unsigned int channels, unsigned int Nup, unsigned int Ndown, double fCutOff)
 Constructor.

4.71.1 Detailed Description

This class uses FFT filter at upsampled rate.

4.71.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.71.2.1 MHAFilter::resampling_filter_t::resampling_filter_t (unsigned int *fftlen*, unsigned int *irslen*, unsigned int *channels*, unsigned int *Nup*, unsigned int *Ndown*, double *fCutOff*)

Parameters

fftlen	FFT length.
irslen	Length of filter.
channels	Number of channels to be filtered.
Nup	Upsampling ratio.
Ndown	Downsampling ratio.
fCutOff	Cut off frequency (relative to lower Nyquist Frequency)

4.72 MHAFilter::smoothspec_t Class Reference

Smooth spectral gains, create a windowed impulse response.

Public Member Functions

smoothspec_t (unsigned int fftlen, unsigned int nchannels, const MHAWindow::base
 _t &window, bool minphase, bool linphase_asym=false)

Constructor.

• void **smoothspec** (const **mha_spec_t** &s_in, **mha_spec_t** &s_out)

Create a smoothed spectrum.

void smoothspec (mha_spec_t &spec)

Create a smoothed spectrum (in place)

void spec2fir (const mha_spec_t &spec, mha_wave_t &fir)

Return FIR coefficients.

4.72.1 Detailed Description

Spectral gains are smoothed by multiplicating the impulse response with a window function.

If a minimal phase is used, then the original phase is discarded and replaced by the minimal phase function. In this case, the window is applied to the beginning of the inverse Fourier transform of the input spectrum, and the remaining signal set to zero. If the original phase is kept, the window is applied symmetrical arround zero, i.e. to the first and last samples of the inverse Fourier transform of the input spectrum. The **spec2fir()** (p. 185) function creates a causal impulse response by circular shifting the impulse response by half of the window length.

The signal dimensions of the arguments of **smoothspec()** (p. 184) must correspond to the FFT length and number of channels provided in the constructor. The function **spec2fir()** (p. 185) can fill signal structures with more than window length frames.

4.72.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.72.2.1 MHAFilter::smoothspec_t::smoothspec_t (unsigned int *fftlen,* unsigned int *nchannels,* const MHAWindow::base_t & window, bool minphase, bool linphase_asym = false)

Parameters

fftlen	FFT length of input spectrum (fftlen/2+1 bins)
nchannels	Number of channels in input spectrum
window	Window used for smoothing
minphase	Use minimal phase (true) or original phase (false)
linphase_asym	Keep phase, but apply full window at beginning of IRS

4.72.3 Member Function Documentation

4.72.3.1 void MHAFilter::smoothspec_t::smoothspec (const mha_spec_t & s_in, mha_spec_t & s_out)

Parameters

S⊷	Input spectrum
_in	

Return values

s_out Output spectrun	า
-----------------------	---

4.72.3.2 void MHAFilter::smoothspec_t::smoothspec (mha_spec_t & spec) [inline]

Parameters

```
spec | Spectrum to be smoothed.
```

4.72.3.3 void MHAFilter::smoothspec_t::spec2fir (const mha_spec_t & spec, mha_wave_t & fir)

Parameters

spec Input spectre

Return values

fir FIR coefficients, minimum length is window I	ength
--	-------

4.73 MHAFilter::transfer_function_t Struct Reference

a structure containing a source channel number, a target channel number, and an impulse response.

Public Member Functions

transfer_function_t ()

Default constructor for STL conformity.

 transfer_function_t (unsigned int source_channel_index, unsigned int target_← channel_index, const std::vector< float > &impulse_response)

Data constructor.

- unsigned int $\mbox{\bf partitions}$ (unsigned int fragsize) const
 - for the given partition size, return the number of partitions of the impulse response.
- unsigned int non_empty_partitions (unsigned int fragsize) const
 - for the given partition size, return the number of non-empty partitions of the impulse response.
- bool isempty (unsigned int fragsize, unsigned int index) const
 - checks if the partition contains only zeros

Public Attributes

unsigned int source_channel_index

Source audio channel index for this transfer function.

unsigned int target_channel_index

Target audio channel index for this transfer function.

std::vector< float > impulse_response

Impulse response of transfer from source to target channel.

- 4.73.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.73.1.1 MHAFilter::transfer_function_t::transfer_function_t() [inline]

Not used.

4.73.1.2 MHAFilter::transfer_function_t::transfer_function_t (unsigned int *source_channel_index*, unsigned int *target channel index*, const std::vector< float > & *impulse response*)

Parameters

source_channel_index	Source audio channel index for this transfer function
target_channel_index	Target audio channel index for this transfer function
impulse_response	Impulse response of transfer from source to target channel

- 4.73.2 Member Function Documentation
- **4.73.2.1** unsigned int MHAFilter::transfer_function_t::partitions (unsigned int *fragsize*) const [inline]

Parameters

fragsize partition size

Returns

number of partitions occupied by the impulse response

4.73.2.2 unsigned int MHAFilter::transfer_function_t::non_empty_partitions (unsigned int *fragsize*) const [inline]

Parameters

fragsize	partition size
----------	----------------

Returns

the number of non-empty partitions of the impulse response, i.e. partitions containing only zeros are not counted.

4.73.2.3 bool MHAFilter::transfer_function_t::isempty (unsigned int *fragsize*, unsigned int *index*) const [inline]

Parameters

fragsize	partition size
index	partition index

Returns

true when this partition of the impulse response contains only zeros.

4.74 MHAFilter::transfer_matrix_t Struct Reference

A sparse matrix of transfer function partitionss.

Inherits vector< transfer_function_t >.

Public Member Functions

- std::valarray< unsigned int > partitions (unsigned fragsize) const
 Returns an array of the results of calling the partitions() (p. 187) method on every matrix member.
- std::valarray< unsigned int > non_empty_partitions (unsigned int fragsize) const
 Returns an array of the results of calling the non_empty_partitions() (p. 187) method on every matrix member.

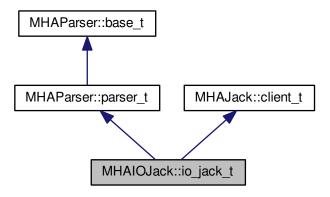
4.74.1 Detailed Description

Each matrix element knows its position in the matrix, so they can be stored as a vector.

4.75 MHAIOJack::io_jack_t Class Reference

Main class for JACK IO.

Inheritance diagram for MHAIOJack::io_jack_t:



Public Member Functions

• void prepare (int, int)

Allocate buffers, activate JACK client and install internal ports.

Private Member Functions

void reconnect_inports ()

Connect the input ports when connection variable is accessed.

void reconnect_outports ()

Connect the output ports when connection variable is accessed.

Additional Inherited Members

4.75.1 Detailed Description

This class registers a JACK client. JACK and framework states are managed by this class.

4.75.2 Member Function Documentation

4.75.2.1 void io_jack_t::prepare (int nch_in, int nch_out)

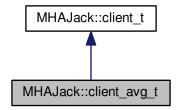
4.75.2.2 void io_jack_t::reconnect_inports() [private]

4.75.2.3 void io_jack_t::reconnect_outports() [private]

4.76 MHAJack::client_avg_t Class Reference

Generic JACK client for averaging a system response across time.

Inheritance diagram for MHAJack::client_avg_t:



Public Member Functions

- client_avg_t (const std::string &name, const unsigned int &nrep_)

 Constructor for averaging client.
- void io (mha_wave_t *s_out, mha_wave_t *s_in, const std::vector< std::string > &p_← out, const std::vector< std::string > &p_in, float *srate=NULL, unsigned int *fragsize=N← ULL)

Recording function.

4.76.1 Detailed Description

4.76.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.76.2.1 MHAJack::client_avg_t::client_avg_t (const std::string & name_, const unsigned int & nrep_)

Parameters

name⊷	Name of JACK client
_	
nrep⊷	Number of repetitions
_	

4.76.3 Member Function Documentation

4.76.3.1 void MHAJack::client_avg_t::io (mha_wave_t * is_out, mha_wave_t * is_in, const std::vector< std::string > & p_out, const std::vector< std::string > & p_in, float * srate = NULL, unsigned int * fragsize = NULL)

long-description

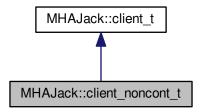
Parameters

is_out	Input (test) signal, which will be repeated
is_in	System response (averaged, same length as input required)
p_out	Ports to play back the test signal
p_in	Ports to record from the system response
srate	Pointer to sampling rate variable, will be filled with server sampling rate
fragsize	Pointer to fragment size variable, will be filled with server fragment size

4.77 MHAJack::client_noncont_t Class Reference

Generic client for synchronous playback and recording of waveform fragments.

Inheritance diagram for MHAJack::client_noncont_t:

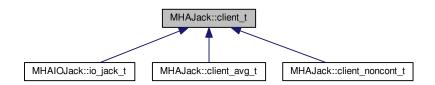


Additional Inherited Members

4.78 MHAJack::client_t Class Reference

Generic asynchronous JACK client.

Inheritance diagram for MHAJack::client_t:



Public Member Functions

 void prepare (const std::string &client_name, const unsigned int &nchannels_in, const unsigned int &nchannels_out)

Allocate buffers, activate JACK client and install internal ports.

void prepare (const std::string &server_name, const std::string &client_name, const unsigned int &nchannels_in, const unsigned int &nchannels_out)

Allocate buffers, ports, and activates JACK client.

• void release ()

Remove JACK client and deallocate internal ports and buffers.

void connect_input (const std::vector< std::string > &)

Connect the input ports when connection variable is accessed.

void connect_output (const std::vector< std::string > &)

Connect the output ports when connection variable is accessed.

void get_ports (std::vector< std::string > &, unsigned long jack_flags)

Get a list of Jack ports.

Private Member Functions

• void **prepare_impl** (const char *server_name, const char *client_name, const unsigned int &nchannels in, const unsigned int &nchannels out)

Allocate buffers, activate JACK client and allocates jack ports Registers the jack client with the given server and activates it.

int jack_proc_cb (jack_nframes_t)

This is the main processing callback.

- 4.78.1 Detailed Description
- 4.78.2 Member Function Documentation
- 4.78.2.1 void MHAJack::client_t::prepare (const std::string & *client_name*, const unsigned int & *nch_in*, const unsigned int & *nch_out*)

Registers the jack client with the default jack server and activates it.

Parameters

client_name	Name of this jack client
nch_in	Input ports to register
nch_out	Output ports to register

4.78.2.2 void MHAJack::client_t::prepare (const std::string & server_name, const std::string & client_name, const unsigned int & nch_in, const unsigned int & nch_out)

Registers the jack client with specified jack server and activates it.

Parameters

server_name	Name of the jack server to register with
client_name	Name of this jack client
nch_in	Input ports to register
nch_out	Output ports to register

- 4.78.2.3 void MHAJack::client_t::release ()
- 4.78.2.4 void MHAJack::client_t::connect_input (const std::vector< std::string > & con)
- 4.78.2.5 void MHAJack::client_t::connect_output (const std::vector < std::string > & con)
- 4.78.2.6 void MHAJack::client_t::get_ports (std::vector< std::string > & res, unsigned long jack_flags)

Parameters

res	Result string vector
jack_flags	Jack port flags (JackPortInput etc.)

4.78.2.7 void MHAJack::client_t::prepare_impl (const char * server_name, const char * client_name, const unsigned int & nch_in, const unsigned int & nch_out) [private]

Parameters

server_name	Name of the jack server to register with
client_name	Name of this jack client
nch_in	Input ports to register
nch_out	Output ports to register

4.78.2.8 int MHAJack::client_t::jack_proc_cb (jack_nframes_t *n*) [private]

Here happens double buffering and downsampling.

4.79 MHAJack::port_t Class Reference

Class for one channel/port.

Public Member Functions

- port t (jack client t *jc, dir t dir, int id)
- port_t (jack_client_t *jc, dir_t dir, const std::string &id)

Constructor to create port with specific name.

- void read (mha_wave_t *s, unsigned int ch)
- void write (mha_wave_t *s, unsigned int ch)
- void **mute** (unsigned int n)
- void connect_to (const char *pn)
- const char * get_short_name ()

Return the port name.

4.79.1 Detailed Description

This class represents one JACK port. Double buffering for asynchronous process callbacks is managed by this class.

- 4.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.79.2.1 MHAJack::port_t::port_t (jack_client_t * jc, dir_t dir, int id)

Parameters

jc JACK client.	
dir	Direction (input/output).
id	Number in port name (starting with 1).

4.79.2.2 MHAJack::port_t::port_t (jack_client_t * jc, dir_t dir, const std::string & id)

Parameters

jc	JACK client.
dir	Direction (input/output).
id	Port name.

4.79.3 Member Function Documentation

4.79.3.1 void MHAJack::port_t::read (mha_wave_t * s, unsigned int ch)

Parameters

s	Signal structure to store the audio data.	
ch	Channel number in audio data structure to be used.	

4.79.3.2 void MHAJack::port_t::write (mha_wave_t * s, unsigned int ch)

Parameters

s	Signal structure from which the audio data is read.	
ch	Channel number in audio data structure to be used.	

4.79.3.3 void MHAJack::port_t::mute (unsigned int *n*)

Parameters

n	Number of samples to be muted (must be the same as reported by Jack processing
	callback).

4.79.3.4 void MHAJack::port_t::connect_to (const char * pn)

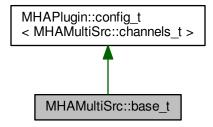
Parameters

nn	Port name to connect to
μπ	Fort name to connect to

4.80 MHAMultiSrc::base_t Class Reference

Base class for source selection.

Inheritance diagram for MHAMultiSrc::base_t:



Public Member Functions

• void **select_source** (const std::vector< std::string > &src, int in_channels)

Change the selection of input sources.

4.80.1 Detailed Description

See also

MHAMultiSrc::channel_t MHAMultiSrc::channels_t

4.80.2 Member Function Documentation

4.80.2.1 void MHAMultiSrc::base_t::select_source (const std::vector< std::string > & src, int in_channels)

This function is real-time and thread safe.

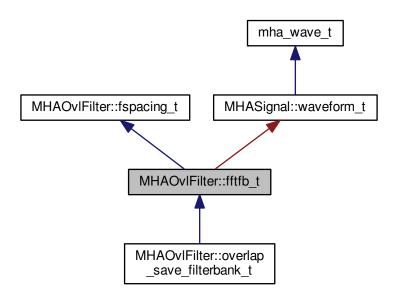
Parameters

src	List of input sources
in_channels	Number of input channels in direct input (the processed signal)

4.81 MHAOvlFilter::fftfb_t Class Reference

FFT based overlapping filter bank.

Inheritance diagram for MHAOvIFilter::fftfb_t:



Public Member Functions

- fftfb_t (MHAOvlFilter::fftfb_vars_t &par, unsigned int nfft, mha_real_t fs)

 Constructor for a FFT-based overlapping filter bank.
- unsigned int bin1 (unsigned int band) const
 Return index of first non-zero filter shape window.
- unsigned int bin2 (unsigned int band) const
 Return index of first zero filter shape window above center frequency.
- unsigned int **get_fftlen** () const Return fft length.
- mha_real_t w (unsigned int k, unsigned int b) const Return filter shape window at index k in band b.

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.81.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.81.1.1 MHAOvIFilter::fftfb_t::fftfb_t (MHAOvIFilter::fftfb_vars_t & par, unsigned int nfft, mha_real_t fs)

Parameters

par	Parameters for the FFT filterbank that can not be deduced from the signal dimensi are taken from this set of configuration variables.	
nfft	FFT length	
fs	Sampling rate / Hz	

4.81.2 Member Function Documentation

4.81.2.1 mha_real_t MHAOvIFilter::fftfb_t::w (unsigned int k, unsigned int b) const [inline]

Parameters

k	Frequency index
b	Band index

4.82 MHAOvlFilter::fftfb_vars_t Class Reference

Set of configuration variables for FFT-based overlapping filters.

Inherited by MHAOvIFilter::overlap_save_filterbank_t::vars_t.

Public Member Functions

fftfb_vars_t (MHAParser::parser_t &p)

construct a set of openMHA configuration language variables suitable for configuring the FFT-based overlapping filterbank.

Public Attributes

• scale_var_t fscale

Frequency scale type (lin/bark/log/erb).

scale_var_t ovltype

Filter shape (rect/lin/hann).

MHAParser::float_t plateau

relative plateau width.

MHAParser::kw_t ftype

Flag to decide wether edge or center frequencies are used.

fscale_t f

Frequency.

MHAParser::bool_t normalize

Normalize sum of channels.

MHAParser::bool_t fail_on_nonmonotonic

Fail if frequency entries are non-monotonic (otherwise sort)

MHAParser::bool_t fail_on_unique_bins

Fail if center frequencies share the same FFT bin.

MHAParser::vfloat_mon_t cf
 Final center frequencies in Hz.

MHAParser::vfloat_mon_t ef
 Final edge frequencies in Hz.

MHAParser::vfloat_mon_t cLTASS

Bandwidth correction for LTASS noise (level of 0 dB RMS LTASS noise)

4.82.1 Detailed Description

This class enables easy configuration of the FFT-based overlapping filterbank. An instance of **fftfb_vars_t** (p. 197) creates openMHA configuration language variables needed for configuring the filterbank, and inserts these variables in the openMHA configuration tree.

This way, the variables are visible to the user and can be configured using the openMHA configuration language.

- 4.82.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.82.2.1 MHAOvlFilter::fftfb_vars_t::fftfb_vars_t (MHAParser::parser_t & p)

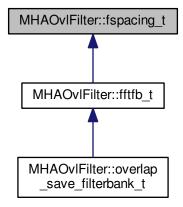
Parameters

p The node of the configuration tree where the variables created by this instance are inserted.

4.83 MHAOvlFilter::fspacing_t Class Reference

Class for frequency spacing, used by filterbank shape generator class.

Inheritance diagram for MHAOvIFilter::fspacing_t:



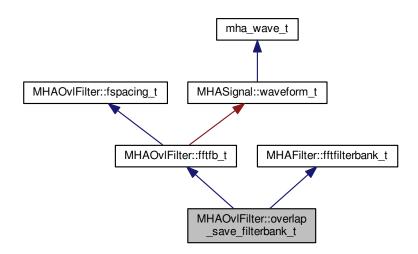
Public Member Functions

unsigned int **nbands** () const
 Return number of bands in filter bank.

4.84 MHAOvlFilter::overlap_save_filterbank_t Class Reference

A time-domain minimal phase filter bank with frequency shapes from **MHAOvIFilter::fftfb_t** (p. 196).

Inheritance diagram for MHAOvlFilter::overlap_save_filterbank_t:

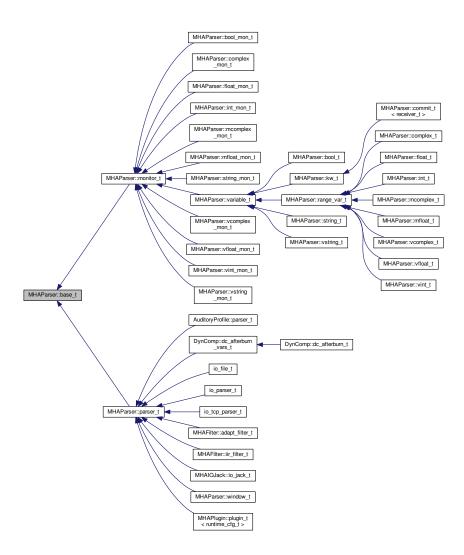


Additional Inherited Members

4.85 MHAParser::base_t Class Reference

Base class for all parser items.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::base_t:



Public Member Functions

- base_t (const std::string &)
 - Constructor for base class of all parser nodes.
- virtual std::string **parse** (const std::string &)
 - Causes this node to process a command in the openMHA configuration language.
- virtual void parse (const char *, char *, unsigned int)

This function parses a command and writes the parsing result into a C character array.

void set_node_id (const std::string &)

Set the identification string of this parser node.

void set_help (const std::string &)

Set the help comment of a variable or parser.

const std::string & fullname () const

Return the full dot-separated path name of this parser node in the openMHA configuration tree.

Public Attributes

MHAEvents::emitter_t writeaccess

Event emitted on write access.

MHAEvents::emitter_t valuechanged

Event emitted if the value has changed.

MHAEvents::emitter t readaccess

Event emitted on read access.

MHAEvents::emitter_t prereadaccess

Event emitted on read access, before the data field is accessed.

4.85.1 Detailed Description

The key method of the parser base class is the std::string parse(const std::string&) (p. 201) method. Parser proxy derivatives which overwrite any of the other parse() (p. 201) methods to be the key method must make sure that the original parse() (p. 201) method utilizes the new key method.

- 4.85.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.85.2.1 MHAParser::base_t (const std::string & h)

Parameters

h Help text describing this parser node. This help text is accessible to the configuration language through the "?help" query command.

- 4.85.3 Member Function Documentation
- 4.85.3.1 std::string MHAParser::base_t::parse (const std::string & cs) [virtual]

Parameters

cs | The command to parse

Returns

The response to the command, if successful

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	If the command cannot be executed successfully. The reason for
	failure is given in the message string of the exception.

```
4.85.3.2 void MHAParser::base_t::parse ( const char * cmd, char * retv, unsigned int len ) [virtual]
```

This base class implementation delegates to parse(const std::string &) (p. 201).

Parameters

cmd	Command to be parsed
retv	Buffer for the result
len	Length of buffer

4.85.3.3 void MHAParser::base_t::set_node_id (const std::string & s)

The id can be queried from the configuration language using the ?id query command. Nodes can be found by id using the ?listid query command on a containing parser node.

Parameters

```
s The new identification string.
```

4.85.3.4 void MHAParser::base_t::set_help (const std::string & s)

Parameters

```
s New help comment.
```

- 4.85.3.5 const std::string & MHAParser::base_t::fullname () const
- 4.85.4 Member Data Documentation
- 4.85.4.1 MHAEvents::emitter_t MHAParser::base_t::writeaccess

To connect a callback that is invoked on write access to this parser variable, use MHAEvents :: patchbay_t < receiver_t > method connect(&writeaccess,&receiver_t::callback) where callback is a method that expects no parameters and returns void.

4.85.4.2 MHAEvents::emitter_t MHAParser::base_t::valuechanged

To connect a callback that is invoked when write access to this parser variable actually changes its value, use MHAEvents::patchbay_t<receiver_t> method connect(&valuechanged,&receiver — t::callback) where callback is a method that expects no parameters and returns void.

4.85.4.3 MHAEvents::emitter_t MHAParser::base_t::readaccess

To connect a callback that is invoked after the value of this variable has been read through the configuration interface, use MHAEvents::patchbay_t<receiver_t> method connect(&readaccess,&receiver_t::callback) where callback is a method that expects no parameters and returns void.

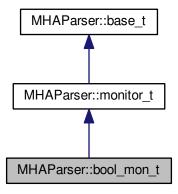
4.85.4.4 MHAEvents::emitter t MHAParser::base_t::prereadaccess

To connect a callback that is invoked when the value of this variable is about to be read through the configuration interface, so that the callback can influence the value that is reported, use MHAEvents::patchbay_t<receiver_t> method connect(&prereadaccess,&receiver_t::callback) where callback is a method that expects no parameters and returns void.

4.86 MHAParser::bool_mon_t Class Reference

Monitor with string value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::bool mon t:



Public Member Functions

bool_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a monitor variable for string values.

Public Attributes

• bool data

Data field.

4.86.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.86.1.1 MHAParser::bool_mon_t::bool_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

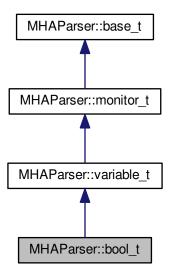
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.87 MHAParser::bool_t Class Reference

Variable with a boolean value ("yes"/"no")

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::bool_t:



Public Member Functions

• **bool_t** (const std::string &help_text, const std::string &initial_value)

Constructor for a configuration language variable for boolean values.

Public Attributes

• bool data

Data field.

4.87.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.87.1.1 MHAParser::bool_t::bool_t (const std::string & help_text, const std::string & initial_value)

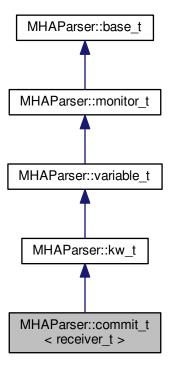
Parameters

help_text	A human-readable text describing the purpose of this configuration variable.
initial_value	The initial value for this variable as a string. The string representation of 'true'
	is either "yes" or "1". The string representation of 'false' is either "no" or "0".

4.88 MHAParser::commit_t< receiver_t > Class Template Reference

Parser variable with event-emission functionality.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::commit_t< receiver_t >:



Additional Inherited Members

4.88.1 Detailed Description

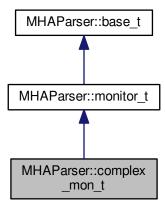
```
template < class receiver_t > class MHAParser::commit t < receiver t >
```

The **commit_t** (p. 205) variable can register an event receiver in its constructor, which is called whenever the variable is set to "commit".

4.89 MHAParser::complex_mon_t Class Reference

Monitor with complex value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::complex_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

complex_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a complex monitor variable.

Public Attributes

mha_complex_t data
 Data field.

4.89.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.89.1.1 MHAParser::complex_mon_t::complex_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

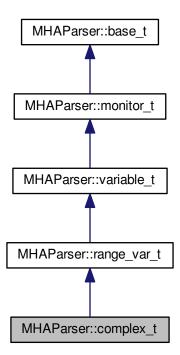
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.90 MHAParser::complex_t Class Reference

Variable with complex value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::complex_t:



Public Attributes

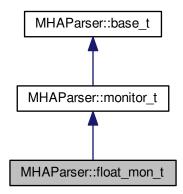
mha_complex_t data
 Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

4.91 MHAParser::float_mon_t Class Reference

Monitor with float value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::float_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

float_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Initialize a floating point (32 bits) monitor variable.

Public Attributes

- float **data**Data field.
- 4.91.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.91.1.1 MHAParser::float_mon_t::float_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

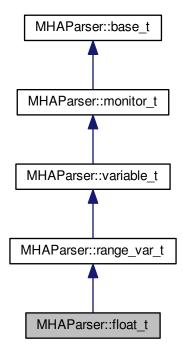
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.92 MHAParser::float_t Class Reference

Variable with float value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::float_t:



Public Member Functions

float_t (const std::string &help_text, const std::string &initial_value, const std::string &range="")

Constructor for a configuration language variable for 32bit ieee floating-point values.

Public Attributes

· float data

Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.92.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.92.1.1 MHAParser::float_t (const std::string & help_text, const std::string & initial_value, const std::string & range = " ")

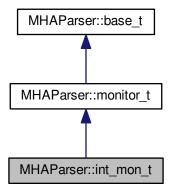
Parameters

help_text	A human-readable text describing the purpose of this configuration variable.
initial_value	The initial value for this variable as a string (decimal representation of the floating-point variable). If a range is given in the third parameter, then the initial value has to be within the range. A human-readable text describing the purpose of this configuration variable.
range	The range of values that this variable can hold can be restricted. A range is a string of the form "[a,b]", where a and b are decimal representations of the inclusive boundaries of the range. a<=b. In a range of the form "]a,b[", both boundaries are excluded. Mixed forms are permitted. a or b can also be omitted if there is no lower or upper limit. The range of values is always restricted by the representable range of the underlying C data type.

4.93 MHAParser::int_mon_t Class Reference

Monitor variable with int value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::int_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

int_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a monitor variable for integral values.

Public Attributes

• int data

Data field.

4.93.1 Detailed Description

Monitor variables can be of many types. These variables can be queried through the parser. The public data element contains the monitored state. Write access is only possible from the C++ code by direct access to the data field.

4.93.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.93.2.1 MHAParser::int_mon_t::int_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

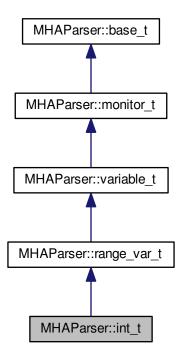
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.94 MHAParser::int_t Class Reference

Variable with integer value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::int_t:



Public Member Functions

• int_t (const std::string &help_text, const std::string &initial_value, const std::string &range="")

Constructor for a configuration language variable for integral values.

Public Attributes

• int data

Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.94.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.94.1.1 MHAParser::int_t::int_t (const std::string & help_text, const std::string & initial_value, const std::string & range = " ")

Parameters

help_text	A human-readable text describing the purpose of this configuration variable.
initial_value	The initial value for this variable as a string (decimal representation of the integer variable). If a range is given in the third parameter, then the initial value has to be within the range.
range	The range of values that this variable can hold can be restricted. A range is a string of the form "[a,b]", where a and b are decimal representations of the integral inclusive boundaries of the range. a<=b. In a range of the form "]a,b[", both boundaries are excluded. Mixed forms are permitted. a or b can also be omitted if there is no lower or upper limit. The range of values is always restricted by the representable range of the underlying C data type (usually 32 bits, [-2147483648,2147483647]).

4.95 MHAParser::keyword_list_t Class Reference

Keyword list class.

Public Member Functions

- void set_value (const std::string &)
 Select a value from keyword list.
- void set_entries (const std::string &)
 Set keyword list entries.

const std::string & get_value () const

Return selected value.

const std::vector< std::string > & get_entries () const

Return keyword list.

const size_t & get_index () const

Return index of selected value.

• void validate () const

Check if index of selected value is valid.

keyword_list_t()

Constructor.

Private Attributes

size_t index

Index into list.

std::vector< std::string > entries

List of valid entries.

4.95.1 Detailed Description

The stucture **keyword_list_t** (p. 212) defines a keyword list (vector of strings) with an index into the list. Used as **MHAParser::kw_t** (p. 214), it can be used to access a set of valid keywords through the parser (i.e. one of "pear apple banana").

4.95.2 Member Function Documentation

4.95.2.1 void MHAParser::keyword_list_t::set_value (const std::string & s)

This function selects a value from the keyword list. The index is set to the last matching entry.

Parameters

s Value to be selected.

4.95.2.2 void MHAParser::keyword_list_t::set_entries (const std::string & s)

With this function, the keyword list can be set from a space separated string list.

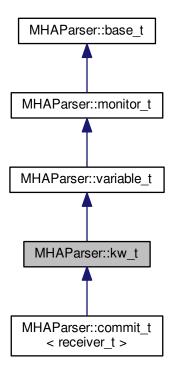
Parameters

s | Space separated entry list.

4.96 MHAParser::kw_t Class Reference

Variable with keyword list value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::kw t:



Public Member Functions

- **kw_t** (const std::string &, const std::string &, const std::string &)

 Constructor of a keyword list openMHA configuration variable.
- kw_t (const kw_t &)

Copy constructor.

• void **set_range** (const std::string &)

Set/change the list of valid entries.

• bool isval (const std::string &) const

Test if the given value is selected.

Public Attributes

keyword_list_t data

Variable data in its native type.

4.96.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.96.1.1 MHAParser::kw_t::kw_t (const std::string & h, const std::string & v, const std::string & rg)

Parameters

h	A help string describing the purpose of this variable.
V	The initial value, has to be a value from the list of possible values given in the last parameter.
rg	A string containing the list of valid entries. The entries have to be separated by spaces. The list of entries has to be delimited by brackets "[", "]".

4.96.2 Member Function Documentation

4.96.2.1 void MHAParser::kw_t::set_range (const std::string & r)

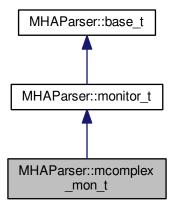
Parameters

r A string containing the list of valid entries. The entries have to be separated by spaces. The list of entries has to be delimited by brackets "[", "]".

4.97 MHAParser::mcomplex_mon_t Class Reference

Matrix of complex numbers monitor.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::mcomplex_mon_t:



Public	Member	Functions
---------------	--------	------------------

mcomplex_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a matrix of complex floating point monitor values.

Public Attributes

- std::vector< std::vector< mha_complex_t >> data
 Data field.
- 4.97.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.97.1.1 MHAParser::mcomplex_mon_t::mcomplex_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

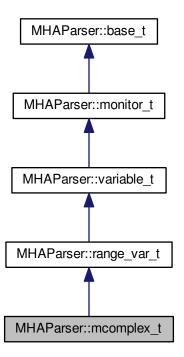
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.98 MHAParser::mcomplex_t Class Reference

Matrix variable with complex value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::mcomplex_t:



Public Attributes

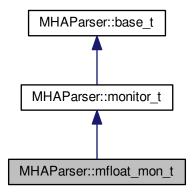
std::vector< std::vector< mha_complex_t >> data
 Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

4.99 MHAParser::mfloat_mon_t Class Reference

Matrix of floats monitor.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::mfloat_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

mfloat_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a matrix of floating point monitor values.

Public Attributes

- std::vector< std::vector< float > > data
 Data field.
- 4.99.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.99.1.1 MHAParser::mfloat_mon_t::mfloat_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

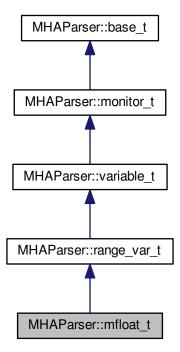
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.100 MHAParser::mfloat_t Class Reference

Matrix variable with float value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::mfloat_t:



Public Member Functions

mfloat_t (const std::string &, const std::string &="")
 Create a float matrix parser variable.

Public Attributes

std::vector< std::vector< float >> data
 Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.100.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.100.1.1 MHAParser::mfloat_t::mfloat_t (const std::string & h, const std::string & v, const std::string & rg = " ")

Parameters

h	A human-readable text describing the purpose of this configuration variable.
V	The initial value of the variable, as a string, in openMHA configuration language: (e.g. "[[0 1]; [2 3]]" for a matrix), described in the "Multidimensional Variables" s2.1.3 section of the openMHA User Manual.
rg	The numeric range to enforce on all members of the matrix.

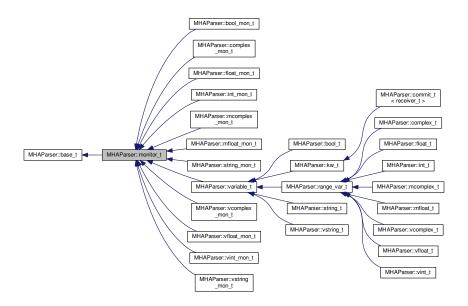
4.101 MHAParser::mhapluginloader_t Class Reference

Class to create a plugin loader in a parser, including the load logic.

4.102 MHAParser::monitor_t Class Reference

Base class for monitors and variable nodes.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::monitor_t:

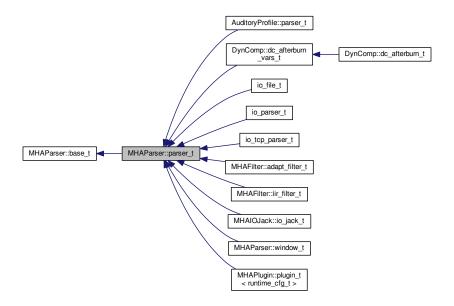


Additional Inherited Members

4.103 MHAParser::parser_t Class Reference

Parser node class.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::parser_t:



Public Member Functions

- parser_t (const std::string &help_text="")
 Construct detached node to be used in the configuration tree.
- void insert_item (const std::string &, base_t *)

Register a parser item into this sub-parser.

• void remove_item (const std::string &)

Remove an item by name.

void force remove item (const std::string &)

Remove an item by name.

void remove_item (const base_t *)

Remove an item by address.

Private Attributes

 std::string id_string identification string

Additional Inherited Members

4.103.1 Detailed Description

A parser_t (p. 220) instance is a node in the configuration tree. A parser node can contain any number of other parser_t (p. 220) instances or configuration language variables. These items are inserted into a parser node using the parser_t::insert_item (p. 222) method.

4.103.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.103.2.1 MHAParser::parser_t::parser_t (const std::string & help_text = " ")

Parameters

help_text	A text describing this node. E.g. if this node lives at the root of some openMHA
	plugin, then the help text should describe the functionality of the plugin.

4.103.3 Member Function Documentation

4.103.3.1 void MHAParser::parser_t::insert_item (const std::string & n, MHAParser::base_t * e)

This function registers an item under a given name into this sub-parser and makes it accessible to the parser interface.

Parameters

n	Name of the item in the configuration tree	
е	C++ pointer to the item instance. e can either point to a variable, to a monitor, or to	
	another sub-parser.	

4.103.3.2 void MHAParser::parser_t::remove_item (const std::string & n)

If the item does not exist, an error is being reported.

Parameters

n Name of parser item to be removed from list.

4.103.3.3 void MHAParser::parser_t::force_remove_item (const std::string & n)

Non-existing items are ignored.

Parameters

n Name of parser item to be removed from list.

4.103.3.4 void MHAParser::parser_t::remove_item (const base_t * addr)

The item belonging to an address is being removed from the list of items.

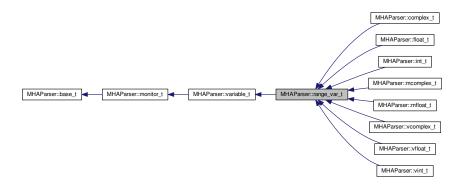
Parameters

addr Address of parser item to be removed.

4.104 MHAParser::range_var_t Class Reference

Base class for all variables with a numeric value range.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::range_var_t:



Public Member Functions

void set_range (const std::string &r)
 Change the valid range of a variable.

Protected Attributes

float low_limit

Lower limit of range.

• float up_limit

Upper limit of range.

bool low_incl

Lower limit is included (or excluded) in range.

bool up_incl

Upper limit is included (or excluded) in range.

· bool check_low

Check lower limit.

bool check_up

Check upper limit.

bool check_range

Range checking is active.

Additional Inherited Members

4.104.1 Member Function Documentation

4.104.1.1 void MHAParser::range_var_t::set_range (const std::string & r)

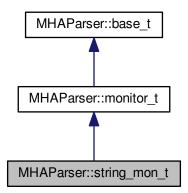
Parameters

r New range of the variable (string representation)

4.105 MHAParser::string_mon_t Class Reference

Monitor with string value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::string_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

string_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a monitor variable for string values.

Public Attributes

• std::string data

Data field.

4.105.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.105.1.1 MHAParser::string_mon_t::string_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

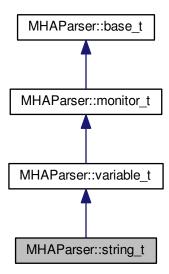
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.106 MHAParser::string_t Class Reference

Variable with a string value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::string_t:



Public Member Functions

string_t (const std::string &, const std::string &)
 Constructor of a openMHA configuration variable for string values.

Public Attributes

- std::string data

 Data field.
- 4.106.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.106.1.1 MHAParser::string_t::string_t (const std::string & h, const std::string & v)

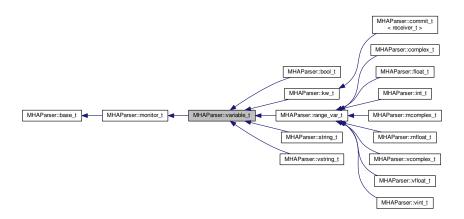
Parameters

h	A help string describing the purpose of this variable.
V	The initial string value

4.107 MHAParser::variable_t Class Reference

Base class for variable nodes.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::variable_t:



Public Member Functions

void setlock (const bool &)
 Lock a variable against write access.

Additional Inherited Members

4.107.1 Member Function Documentation

4.107.1.1 void MHAParser::variable_t::setlock (const bool & b)

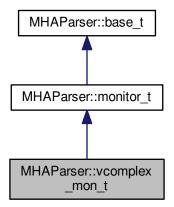
Parameters

b Lock state

4.108 MHAParser::vcomplex_mon_t Class Reference

Monitor with vector of complex values.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::vcomplex_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

vcomplex_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a vector of complex monitor values.

Public Attributes

- std::vector< mha_complex_t > data
 Data field.
- 4.108.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.108.1.1 MHAParser::vcomplex_mon_t::vcomplex_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

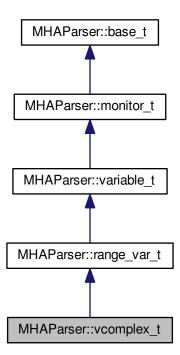
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.109 MHAParser::vcomplex_t Class Reference

Vector variable with complex value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::vcomplex_t:



Public Attributes

• std::vector< mha_complex_t > data

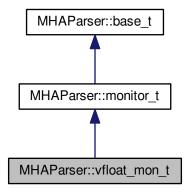
Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

4.110 MHAParser::vfloat_mon_t Class Reference

Vector of floats monitor.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::vfloat_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

vfloat_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a vector of floating point monitor values.

Public Attributes

std::vector< float > data
 Data field.

4.110.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.110.1.1 MHAParser::vfloat_mon_t::vfloat_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

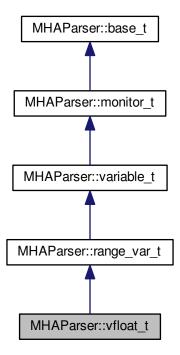
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.111 MHAParser::vfloat_t Class Reference

Vector variable with float value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::vfloat_t:



Public Member Functions

vfloat_t (const std::string &, const std::string &="")
 Create a float vector parser variable.

Public Attributes

std::vector< float > data
 Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.111.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.111.1.1 MHAParser::vfloat_t::vfloat_t (const std::string & h, const std::string & v, const std::string & rg = " ")

Parameters

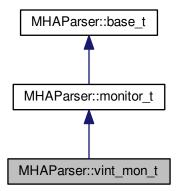
h)	A human-readable text describing the purpose of this configuration variable.
ν	,	The initial value of the variable, as a string, in openMHA configuration language:
		(e.g. "[0 1 2.1 3]" for a vector), described in the "Multidimensional Variables"
		s2.1.3 section of the openMHA User Manual.
r	g	The numeric range to enforce on all members of the vector.

•

4.112 MHAParser::vint_mon_t Class Reference

Vector of ints monitor.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::vint_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

vint_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a vector of integer monitor values.

Public Attributes

std::vector< int > data
 Data field.

4.112.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.112.1.1 MHAParser::vint_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

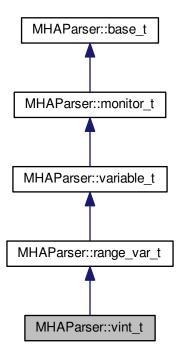
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.113 MHAParser::vint_t Class Reference

Variable with vector<int> value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::vint_t:



Public Member Functions

vint_t (const std::string &, const std::string &="")
 Constructor.

Public Attributes

std::vector< int > data
 Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

4.113.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.113.1.1 MHAParser::vint_t::vint_t (const std::string & h, const std::string & v, const std::string & rg = """)

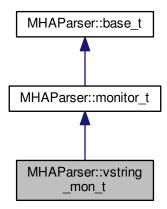
Parameters

h	help string
V	initial value
rg	optional: range constraint for all elements

4.114 MHAParser::vstring_mon_t Class Reference

Vector of monitors with string value.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::vstring_mon_t:



Public Member Functions

vstring_mon_t (const std::string &hlp)
 Create a vector of string monitor values.

Public Attributes

std::vector< std::string > data
 Data field.

4.114.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.114.1.1 MHAParser::vstring_mon_t::vstring_mon_t (const std::string & hlp)

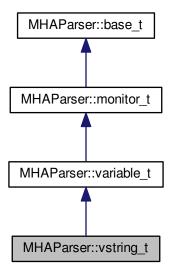
Parameters

hlp A help text describing this monitor variable.

4.115 MHAParser::vstring_t Class Reference

Vector variable with string values.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::vstring_t:



Public Attributes

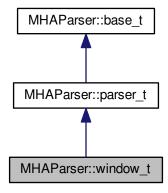
std::vector< std::string > data
 Data field.

Additional Inherited Members

4.116 MHAParser::window_t Class Reference

MHA configuration interface for a window function generator.

Inheritance diagram for MHAParser::window_t:



Public Member Functions

- window_t (const std::string &help="Window type configuration.")
 Constructor to create parser class.
- MHAWindow::base_t get_window (unsigned int len) const Create a window instance, use default parameters.
- MHAWindow::base_t get_window (unsigned int len, float xmin) const Create a window instance.
- MHAWindow::base_t get_window (unsigned int len, float xmin, float xmax) const Create a window instance.
- MHAWindow::base_t get_window (unsigned int len, float xmin, float xmax, bool minincluded) const

Create a window instance.

• MHAWindow::base_t get_window (unsigned int len, float xmin, float xmax, bool minincluded, bool maxincluded) const

Create a window instance.

 MHAParser::window_t::wtype_t get_type () const Return currently selected window type.

Additional Inherited Members

4.116.1 Detailed Description

This class implements a configuration interface (sub-parser) for window type selection and user-defined window type. It provides member functions to generate an instance of **MHA**← **Window::base_t** (p. 278) based on the values provided by the configuration interface.

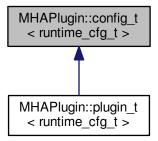
The configuration interface is derived from **MHAParser::parser_t** (p. 220) and can thus be inserted into the configuration tree using the **insert_item()** (p. 222) method of the parent parser.

If one of the pre-defined window types is used, then the window is generated using the MHA← Window::fun_t (p. 280) class constructor; for the user-defined type the values from the "user" variable are copied.

4.117 MHAPlugin::config_t< runtime_cfg_t > Class Template Reference

Template class for thread safe configuration.

Inheritance diagram for MHAPlugin::config_t< runtime_cfg_t >:



Protected Member Functions

- runtime_cfg_t * poll_config ()
 Receive the latest run time configuration.
- runtime_cfg_t * last_config ()
 Receive the latest run time configuration.
- void push_config (runtime_cfg_t *ncfg)
 Push a new run time configuration into the configuration fifo.

4.117.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class runtime_cfg_t > class MHAPlugin::config_t < runtime_cfg_t >
```

This template class provides a mechanism for the handling of thread safe configuration which is required for run time configuration changes of the openMHA plugins.

The template parameter runtime_cfg_t is the run time configuration class of the openMHA plugin. The constructor of that class should transform the **MHAParser** (p. 76) variables into derived runtime configuration. The constructor should fail if the configuration is invalid by any reason.

A new runtime configuration is provided by the function **push_config()** (p. 238). In the processing thread, the actual configuration can be received by a call of **poll_config()** (p. 237).

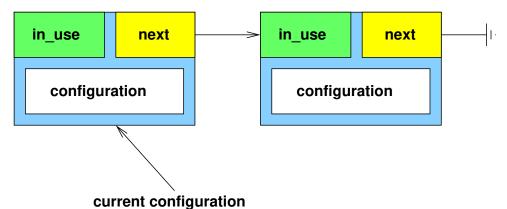


Figure 5 Schematic drawing of runtime configuration update: configuration updated, but not used yet.

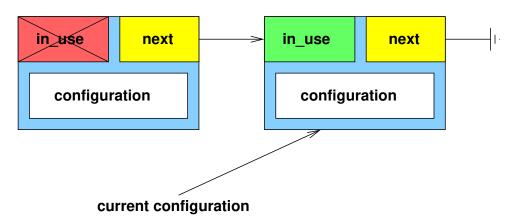


Figure 6 Schematic drawing of runtime configuration update: configuration in use.

4.117.2 Member Function Documentation

4.117.2.1 template < class runtime_cfg_t > runtime_cfg_t * MHAPlugin::config_t < runtime_cfg_t >::poll_config() [protected]

This function stores the latest run time configuration into the protected class member variable 'cfg'. If no configuration exists, then an exception will be thrown. If no changes occured, then the value of 'cfg' will be untouched. This function should be called before any access to the 'cfg' variable, typically once in each signal processing call.

This function should be only called from the *processing* thread.

Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132)	if the resulting runtime configuration is NULL. This usually means
	that no push_config has occured.

```
4.117.2.2 template < class runtime_cfg_t > runtime_cfg_t * MHAPlugin::config_t < runtime_cfg_t >::last_config() [protected]
```

This function stores the latest run time configuration into the protected class member variable 'cfg'. If no configuration exists, then an exception will be thrown. If no changes occured, then the value of 'cfg' will be untouched. This function may be called instead of poll_config.

The difference between poll_config and last_config is that poll_config marks previous configurations as ready for deletion, while this function does not. Therefore, memory usage of all runtime configurations will accumulate if only this function is called, but it enables safe access to previous runtime configurations.

Also, last_config does not raise an Exception when the latest run time configuration is NULL.

```
4.117.2.3 template < class runtime_cfg_t > void MHAPlugin::config_t < runtime_cfg_t >::push_config ( runtime_cfg_t * ncfg ) [protected]
```

This function adds a new run time configuration. The next time **poll_config** (p. 237) is called, this configuration will be available. Configurations which are not in use or are outdated will be removed.

This function should be only called from the *configuration* thread.

Parameters

nofa	pointer on a new configuration
ricig	pointer on a new configuration

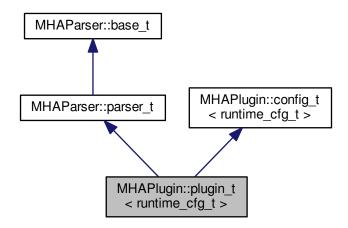
Warning

The runtime configuration passed to this function will be removed by the internal garbage collector. Do not free manually.

4.118 MHAPlugin::plugin_t< runtime_cfg_t > Class Template Reference

The template class for C++ openMHA plugins.

Inheritance diagram for MHAPlugin::plugin_t< runtime_cfg_t >:



Public Member Functions

- plugin_t (const std::string &, const algo_comm_t &)
 Constructor of plugin template.
- bool is_prepared () const

Flag, if the prepare method is successfully called (or currently evaluated)

- mhaconfig_t input_cfg () const
 Current input channel configuration.
- mhaconfig_t output_cfg () const
 Current output channel configuration.

Protected Attributes

mhaconfig_t tftype

Member for storage of plugin interface configuration.

algo_comm_t ac

AC handle of the chain.

Additional Inherited Members

4.118.1 Detailed Description

template < class runtime_cfg_t > class MHAPlugin::plugin_t < runtime_cfg_t >

Template Parameters

runtime_ <i>←</i>	run-time configuration.
cfg_t	

This template class provides thread safe configuration handling and standard methods to be compatible to the C++ openMHA plugin wrapper macro **MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS** (p. 9).

The template parameter runtime cfg t should be the runtime configuration of the plugin.

See **MHAPlugin::config_t** (p. 236) for details on the thread safe communication update mechanism.

- 4.118.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.118.2.1 template < class runtime_cfg_t > MHAPlugin::plugin_t < runtime_cfg_t >::plugin_t (const std::string & help, const algo_comm_t & iac)

Parameters

help	Help comment to provide some general information about the plugin.
iac	AC space handle (will be stored into the member variable ac).

- 4.118.3 Member Data Documentation
- 4.118.3.1 template < class runtime_cfg_t > mhaconfig_t MHAPlugin::plugin_t < runtime_cfg_t >::tftype [protected]

This member is defined for convenience of the developer. Typically, the actual contents of **mhaconfig t** (p. 155) are stored in this member in the prepare() method.

Note

This member is likely to be removed in later versions, use **input_cfg()** (p. 239) and **output_cfg()** (p. 239) instead.

4.118.3.2 template < class runtime_cfg_t > algo_comm_t MHAPlugin::plugin_t < runtime_cfg_t >::ac [protected]

This variable is initialized in the constructor and can be used by derived plugins to access the AC space. Its contents should not be modified.

4.119 mhaserver t Class Reference

MHA Framework listening on TCP port for commands.

Inherits fw t.

Public Member Functions

- mhaserver_t (const std::string &ao, const std::string &af, const std::string &lf)
- virtual std::string received_group (const std::string &line)

A line of text was received from network client.

virtual void acceptor_started (int status)

Notification: "TCP port is open".

virtual void set_announce_port (unsigned short announce_port)

If set to nonzero, the spawning process has asked to be notified of the TCP port used by this process.

void logstring (const std::string &)

Log a message to log file.

int run (unsigned short port, const std::string &_interface)

Accept network connections and act on commands.

4.119.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.119.1.1 mhaserver_t::mhaserver_t (const std::string & ao, const std::string & af, const std::string & If)

Parameters

ao	Acknowledgement string at end of successful command responses	
af	Achknoledgement string at end of failed command responses	
If	If File system path of file to use as log file. MHA appends.	

4.119.2 Member Function Documentation

- **4.119.2.1** void mhaserver_t::set_announce_port (unsigned short announce_port) [virtual]
- 4.119.2.2 int mhaserver_t::run (unsigned short *port*, const std::string & _*interface*)

Calls **acceptor_started()** (p. 241) when the TCP port is opened. Calls received_group for every line received.

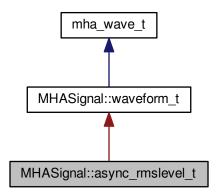
Returns

exit code that can be used as process exit code

4.120 MHASignal::async_rmslevel_t Class Reference

Class for asynchronous level metering.

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::async rmslevel t:



Public Member Functions

- async_rmslevel_t (unsigned int frames, unsigned int channels)

 Constructor for level metering class.
- std::vector< float > rmslevel () const
 Read-only function for querying the current RMS level.
- std::vector< float > peaklevel () const
 Read-only function for querying the current peak level.
- void process (mha_wave_t *s)

Function to store a chunk of audio in the level meter.

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.120.1 Detailed Description
- 4.120.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.120.2.1 MHASignal::async_rmslevel_t::async_rmslevel_t (unsigned int *frames*, unsigned int *channels*)

Allocate memory for metering. The RMS integration time corresponds to the number of frames in the buffer.

Parameters

frames	Number of frames to integrate.
channels	Number of channels used for level-metering.

4.120.3 Member Function Documentation

4.120.3.1 std::vector< float > MHASignal::async_rmslevel_t::rmslevel () const

Returns

Vector of floats, one value for each channel, containing the RMS level in dB (SPL if calibrated properly).

4.120.3.2 std::vector< float > MHASignal::async_rmslevel_t::peaklevel () const

Returns

Vector of floats, one value for each channel, containing the peak level in dB (SPL if calibrated properly).

4.120.3.3 void MHASignal::async_rmslevel_t::process (mha_wave_t * s)

Parameters

s Audio chunk (same number of channels required as given in the constructor).

4.121 MHASignal::delay_t Class Reference

Class to realize a simple delay of waveform streams.

Public Member Functions

- delay_t (std::vector< int > delays, unsigned int channels)
 Constructor.
- mha_wave_t * process (mha_wave_t *s)
 Processing method.

4.121.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.121.1.1 MHASignal::delay_t::delay_t (std::vector< int > delays, unsigned int channels)

Parameters

delays	Vector of delays, one entry for each channel.
channels	Number of channels expected.

4.121.2 Member Function Documentation

4.121.2.1 mha_wave_t * MHASignal::delay_t::process (mha_wave_t * s)

Parameters

s | Input waveform fragment, with number of channels provided in constructor.

Returns

Output waveform fragment.

4.122 MHASignal::delay_wave_t Class Reference

Delayline containing wave fragments.

4.122.1 Detailed Description

The delayline contains waveform fragments. The delay can be configured in integer fragments (sample delay or sub-sample delay is not possible).

4.123 MHASignal::doublebuffer_t Class Reference

Double-buffering class.

Public Member Functions

 doublebuffer_t (unsigned int nchannels_in, unsigned int nchannels_out, unsigned int outer_fragsize, unsigned int inner_fragsize)

Constructor of double buffer.

mha_wave_t * outer_process (mha_wave_t *s)

Method to pass audio fragments into the inner layer.

Protected Member Functions

virtual mha_wave_t * inner_process (mha_wave_t *s)=0

Method to realize inner processing callback.

4.123.1 Detailed Description

This class has two layers: The outer layer, with an outer fragment size, and an inner layer, with its own fragment size. Data is passed into the inner layer through the doublebuffer_t.::outr_process() callback. The pure virtual method **doublebuffer_t::inner_process()** (p. 245) is called whenever enough data is available.

- 4.123.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.123.2.1 MHASignal::doublebuffer_t::doublebuffer_t (unsigned int *nchannels_in*, unsigned int *nchannels_out*, unsigned int *outer_fragsize*, unsigned int *inner_fragsize*)

Parameters

nchannels_in	Number of channels at the input (both layers).
nchannels_out	Number of channels at the output (both layers).
outer_fragsize	Fragment size of the outer layer (e.g., hardware fragment size)
inner_fragsize	Fragment size of the inner layer (e.g., software fragment size)

- 4.123.3 Member Function Documentation
- 4.123.3.1 mha_wave_t * MHASignal::doublebuffer_t::outer_process (mha_wave_t * s)

Parameters

s Pointer to input waveform fragment.

Returns

Pointer to output waveform fragment.

4.123.3.2 virtual mha_wave_t* MHASignal::doublebuffer_t::inner_process (mha_wave_t * s) [protected], [pure virtual]

To be overwritten by derived classes.

Parameters

s Pointer to input waveform fragment.

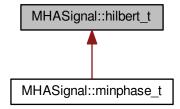
Returns

Pointer to output waveform fragment.

4.124 MHASignal::hilbert_t Class Reference

Hilbert transformation of a waveform segment.

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::hilbert_t:



Public Member Functions

- hilbert_t (unsigned int len)
- void operator() (const mha_wave_t *, mha_wave_t *)

Apply Hilbert transformation on a waveform segment.

4.124.1 Detailed Description

Returns the imaginary part of the inverse Fourier transformation of the Fourier transformed input signal with negative frequencies set to zero.

4.124.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.124.2.1 MHASignal::hilbert_t::hilbert_t (unsigned int len)

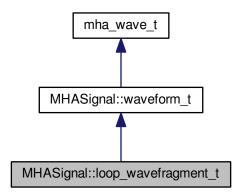
Parameters

len	Length of waveform segment
-----	----------------------------

4.125 MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t Class Reference

Copy a fixed waveform fragment to a series of waveform fragments of other size.

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• loop_wavefragment_t (const mha_wave_t &src, bool loop, level_mode_t level_mode, std::vector< int > channels, unsigned int startpos=0)

Constructor to create an instance of **loop_wavefragment_t** (p. 247) based on an existing waveform block.

void playback (mha_wave_t *s, playback_mode_t pmode, mha_wave_t *level_pa, const std::vector< int > &channels)

Add source waveform block to an output block.

- void playback (mha_wave_t *s, playback_mode_t pmode, mha_wave_t *level_pa)
 Add source waveform block to an output block.
- void playback (mha_wave_t *s, playback_mode_t pmode)
 Add source waveform block to an output block.

Additional Inherited Members

4.125.1 Detailed Description

This class is designed to continously play back a waveform to an output stream, with variable output block size.

4.125.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

4.125.2.1 enum MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t::level_mode_t

Enumerator

relative The nominal level is applied as a gain to the source signal.

peak The nominal level is the peak level of source signal in Pascal.

rms The nominal level is the RMS level of the source signal in Pascal.

4.125.2.2 enum MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t::playback_mode_t

Enumerator

add Add source signal to output stream.

replace Replace output stream by source signal.

input Do nothing, keep output stream (source position is unchanged).

mute Mute output stream (source position is unchanged).

4.125.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.125.3.1 MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t::loop_wavefragment_t (const mha_wave_t & src, bool loop, level_mode_t level_mode, std::vector< int > channels, unsigned int startpos = 0)

Parameters

src	Waveform block to copy data from.
loop	Flag whether the block should be looped or played once.
level_mode	Configuration of playback level (see MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t::level_mode_t (p. 248) for details)
channels	Mapping of input to output channels.
startpos	Starting position

4.125.4 Member Function Documentation

4.125.4.1 void MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t::playback (mha_wave_t * s, playback_mode_t pmode, mha_wave_t * level_pa, const std::vector< int > & channels)

Parameters

S	Output block (streamed signal).
pmode	Playback mode (add, replace, input, mute).
level_pa	Linear output level/gain (depending on level_mode parameter in constructor); one value for each sample in output block.

Parameters

channels	Output channels		
----------	-----------------	--	--

4.125.4.2 void MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t::playback (mha_wave_t * s, playback_mode_t pmode, mha_wave_t * level_pa)

Parameters

S	Output block (streamed signal).
pmode	Playback mode (add, replace, input, mute).
level_pa	Linear output level/gain (depending on level_mode parameter in constructor); one value for each sample in output block.

4.125.4.3 void MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t::playback (mha_wave_t * s, playback_mode_t pmode)

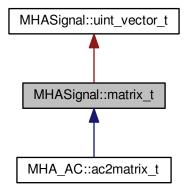
Parameters

s	Output block (streamed signal).
pmode	Playback mode (add, replace, input, mute).

4.126 MHASignal::matrix_t Class Reference

n-dimensional matrix with real or complex floating point values.

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::matrix_t:



Public Member Functions

matrix_t (unsigned int nrows, unsigned int ncols, bool b_is_complex=true)

Create a two-dimensional matrix.

• matrix t (const mha spec t &spec)

Create a two-dimensional matrix from a spectrum, copy values.

matrix_t (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t &size, bool b_is_complex=true)

Create n-dimensional matrix, descriped by size argument.

matrix_t (const uint8_t *buf, unsigned int len)

Construct from memory area.

MHASignal::matrix_t & operator= (const comm_var_t &v)

Fill matrix with data of an AC variable object.

comm_var_t get_comm_var ()

Return a AC communication variable pointing to the data of the current matrix.

• unsigned int dimension () const

Return the dimension of the matrix.

• unsigned int size (unsigned int k) const

Return the size of the matrix.

unsigned int get_nelements () const

Return total number of elements.

bool is_same_size (const MHASignal::matrix_t &)

Test if matrix has same size as other.

• bool iscomplex () const

Return information about complexity.

mha_real_t & real (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t &index)

Access real part of an element in a n-dimensional matrix.

mha_real_t & imag (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t &index)

Access imaginary part of an element in a n-dimensional matrix.

mha_complex_t & operator() (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t &index)

Access complex value of an element in a n-dimensional matrix.

const mha_real_t & real (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t &index) const

Access real part of an element in a n-dimensional matrix.

• const mha_real_t & imag (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t &index) const

Access imaginary part of an element in a n-dimensional matrix.

• const mha_complex_t & operator() (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t &index) const

Access complex value of an element in a n-dimensional matrix.

mha real t & real (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Access real part of an element in a two-dimensional matrix.

mha_real_t & imag (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Access imaginary part of an element in a two-dimensional matrix.

• mha_complex_t & operator() (unsigned int row, unsigned int col)

Access complex value of an element in a two-dimensional matrix.

const mha_real_t & real (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Access real part of an element in a two-dimensional matrix.

const mha_real_t & imag (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Access imaginary part of an element in a two-dimensional matrix.

• const **mha_complex_t** & **operator()** (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) const

Access complex value of an element in a two-dimensional matrix.

• unsigned int **numbytes** () const

Return number of bytes needed to store into memory.

unsigned int write (uint8_t *buf, unsigned int len) const
 Copy to memory area.

• const mha_real_t * get_rdata () const

Return pointer of real data.

const mha_complex_t * get_cdata () const

Return pointer of complex data.

Additional Inherited Members

4.126.1 Detailed Description

Warning

The member functions **imag()** (p. 253) and operator() should only be called if the matrix is defined to hold complex values.

4.126.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.126.2.1 MHASignal::matrix_t::matrix_t (unsigned int *nrows*, unsigned int *ncols*, bool *b_is_complex* = true)

Parameters

nrows	Number of rows
ncols	Number of columns
b_is_complex	Add space for complex values

4.126.2.2 MHASignal::matrix_t::matrix_t (const mha_spec_t & spec)

Parameters

spec	Source spectrum structure
opco	Course opeon ann strastare

4.126.2.3 MHASignal::matrix_t::matrix_t (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t & size, bool b_is_complex = true)

Parameters

size	Size vector
b_is_complex	Add space for complex values

4.126.2.4 MHASignal::matrix_t::matrix_t (const uint8_t * buf, unsigned int len)

Warning

This constructor is not real time safe

4.126.3 Member Function Documentation

4.126.3.1 MHASignal::matrix_t & MHASignal::matrix_t::operator= (const comm_var_t & v)

Parameters

```
v Source AC variable (comm_var_t (p. 95))
```

Note

The type and dimension of the AC variable must match the type and dimension of the matrix.

4.126.3.2 comm_var_t MHASignal::matrix_t::get_comm_var()

Returns

AC variable object (**comm_var_t** (p. 95)), valid for the life time of the matrix.

4.126.3.3 unsigned int MHASignal::matrix_t::dimension () const [inline]

Returns

Dimension of the matrix

4.126.3.4 unsigned int MHASignal::matrix_t::size (unsigned int k) const [inline]

Parameters

k Dimension

Returns

Size of the matrix in dimension k

4.126.3.5 mha_real_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::real (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t & index) [inline]

Parameters

index Index vector

4.126.3.6 mha_real_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::imag (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t & index) [inline]

Parameters

index Index vector

4.126.3.7 mha_complex_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::operator() (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t & index) [inline]

Parameters

index Index vector

4.126.3.8 const mha_real_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::real (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t & index) const [inline]

Parameters

index Index vector

4.126.3.9 const mha_real_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::imag (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t & index) const [inline]

Parameters

index Index vector

4.126.3.10 const mha_complex_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::operator() (const MHASignal::uint_vector_t & index) const [inline]

Parameters

index	Index vector

4.126.3.11 mha_real_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::real (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) [inline]

Parameters

row	Row number of element
col	Column number of element

4.126.3.12 mha_real_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::imag (unsigned int row, unsigned int col) [inline]

Parameters

row	Row number of element
col	Column number of element

4.126.3.13 mha_complex_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::operator() (unsigned int *row*, unsigned int *col*) [inline]

Parameters

row	Row number of element
col	Column number of element

4.126.3.14 const mha_real_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::real (unsigned int *row*, unsigned int *col*) const [inline]

Parameters

row	Row number of element
col	Column number of element

4.126.3.15 const mha_real_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::imag (unsigned int *row*, unsigned int *col*) const [inline]

Parameters

row	Row number of element
col	Column number of element

4.126.3.16 const mha_complex_t& MHASignal::matrix_t::operator() (unsigned int *row*, unsigned int *col*) const [inline]

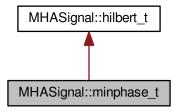
Parameters

row	Row number of element
col	Column number of element

4.127 MHASignal::minphase_t Class Reference

Minimal phase function.

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::minphase_t:



Public Member Functions

- minphase_t (unsigned int fftlen, unsigned int ch)
 Constructor.
- void operator() (mha_spec_t *s)

Transform input spectrum to a minimal-phase spectrum, discarding the original phase.

Additional Inherited Members

4.127.1 Detailed Description

The output spectrum Y(f) is

$$Y(f) = |X(f)|e^{i\mathcal{H}\{\log|X(f)|\}},$$

with the input spectrum X(f) and the Hilbert transformation $\mathcal{H}\{\cdots\}$.

- 4.127.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.127.2.1 MHASignal::minphase_t::minphase_t (unsigned int *fftlen*, unsigned int *ch*)

Parameters

fftlen	FFT length
ch	Number of channels

4.127.3 Member Function Documentation

4.127.3.1 void MHASignal::minphase_t::operator() (mha_spec_t * s)

Parameters

s Spectrum to operate on.

4.128 MHASignal::quantizer_t Class Reference

Simple simulation of fixpoint quantization.

Public Member Functions

- quantizer_t (unsigned int num_bits)
 Constructor.
- void operator() (mha_wave_t &s)

Quantization of a waveform fragment.

- 4.128.1 Detailed Description
- 4.128.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.128.2.1 MHASignal::quantizer_t::quantizer_t (unsigned int *num_bits*)

Parameters

1	num_bits	Number of bits to simulate, or zero for limiting to [-1,1] only.
---	----------	--

- 4.128.3 Member Function Documentation
- 4.128.3.1 void MHASignal::quantizer_t::operator() (mha_wave_t & s)

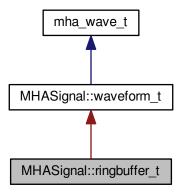
Parameters

s Waveform fragment to be quantized.

4.129 MHASignal::ringbuffer_t Class Reference

A ringbuffer class for time domain audio signal, which makes no assumptions with respect to fragment size.

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::ringbuffer_t:



Public Member Functions

- ringbuffer_t (unsigned frames, unsigned channels, unsigned prefilled_frames)
 Creates new ringbuffer.
- unsigned contained_frames () const number of currently contained frames
- mha_real_t & value (unsigned frame, unsigned channel)

Access to value stored in ringbuffer.

void discard (unsigned frames)

Discards the oldest frames Makes room for new write (p. 259), alters base frame index for value (p. 258).

void write (mha_wave_t &signal)

Copies the contents of the signal into the ringbuffer if there is space.

Private Attributes

unsigned next_read_frame_index
 identifies place with oldest frame in ringbuffer

unsigned next_write_frame_index

identifies place to store next frame in ringbuffer

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.129.1 Detailed Description
- 4.129.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.129.2.1 ringbuffer_t::ringbuffer_t (unsigned frames, unsigned channels, unsigned prefilled_frames)

Parameters

frames	Size of ringbuffer. Maximum frames can be stored in ringbuffer.
channels	Number of audio channels.
prefilled_frames	Number of frames to be prefilled with zero values

Exceptions

```
MHA_Error (p. 132) | if prefilled_frames > frames
```

- 4.129.3 Member Function Documentation
- **4.129.3.1** mha_real_t& MHASignal::ringbuffer_t::value (unsigned *frame*, unsigned *channel*) [inline]

Parameters

frame	frame index, 0 corresponds to oldest frame stored.
channel	audio channel

Returns

reference to contained sample value

Exceptions

4.129.3.2 void MHASignal::ringbuffer_t::discard (unsigned *frames*) [inline]

Parameters

frames	how many frames to discard.

Exceptions

```
MHA_Error (p. 132) if frames > contained_frames (p. 257)
```

4.129.3.3 void MHASignal::ringbuffer_t::write (mha_wave_t & signal) [inline]

Parameters

signal | New signal to be appended to the signal already present in the ringbuffer

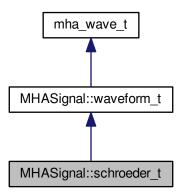
Exceptions

MHA_Error (p. 132) if there is not enough space or if the channel count mismatches.

4.130 MHASignal::schroeder_t Class Reference

Schroeder tone complex class.

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::schroeder_t:



Public Types

• typedef float(* **groupdelay_t**) (float f, float fmin, float fmax)

Function type for group delay definition.

Public Member Functions

 schroeder_t (unsigned int len, unsigned int channels=1, schroeder_t::sign_t sign=up, mha_real_t speed=1)

Constructor.

• schroeder_t (unsigned int len, unsigned int channels=1, schroeder_t::groupdelay_t freqfun=MHASignal::schroeder_t::identity, float fmin=0, float fmax=1, float eps=1e-10)

Construct create Schroeder tone complex from a given frequency function.

Additional Inherited Members

4.130.1 Detailed Description

The Schroeder tone complex is a sweep defined in the sampled spectrum:

$$\Phi(f) = \sigma 2\pi \tau (2f/f_s)^{2\alpha}, \quad S(f) = e^{i\Phi(f)}$$

f is the sampled frequency in Hz, σ is the sign of the sweep (-1 for up sweep, +1 for down sweep), τ is the sweep duration in samples, f_s is the sampling rate in Hz and α is the relative sweep speed.

- 4.130.2 Member Typedef Documentation
- 4.130.2.1 typedef float(* MHASignal::schroeder_t::groupdelay_t) (float f, float fmin, float fmax)

Parameters

f	Frequency relative to Nyquist frequency.
fmin	Minimum frequency relative to Nyquist frequency.
fmax	Maximum frequency relative to Nyquist frequency.

- 4.130.3 Member Enumeration Documentation
- 4.130.3.1 enum MHASignal::schroeder_t::sign_t

Enumerator

up Sweep from zero to Nyquist frequency ($\sigma = -1$)

down Sweep from Nyquist frequency to zero ($\sigma = +1$)

4.130.4 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.130.4.1 MHASignal::schroeder_t::schroeder_t (unsigned int *len*, unsigned int *channels* = 1, schroeder_t::sign_t sign = up, mha_real_t speed = 1)

Parameters of the Schroeder tone complex are configured in the constructor.

Parameters

len	Length $ au$ of the Schroeder tone complex in samples
channels	Number of channels
sign	Sign σ of Schroeder sweep
speed	Relative speed α (curvature of phase function)

4.130.4.2 MHASignal::schroeder_t::schroeder_t (unsigned int *len*, unsigned int *channels* = 1, schroeder_t::groupdelay_t *freqfun* = MHASignal::schroeder_t::dentity, float *fmin* = 0, float *fmax* = 1, float *eps* = 1e-10)

The frequency function g(f) defines the sweep speed and sign (based on the group delay). It must be defined in the interval [0,1) and should return values in the interval [0,1].

$$\Phi(f) = -4\pi\tau \int_{0}^{\tau} g(f) \,\mathrm{d}f, \quad S(f) = e^{i\Phi(f)}$$

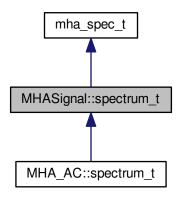
Parameters

len	Length $ au$ of the Schroeder tone complex in samples.
channels	Number of channels.
freqfun	Frequency function $g(f)$.
fmin	Start frequency (relative to Nyquist frequency).
fmax	End frequency (relative to Nyquist frequency).
eps	Stability constant for frequency ranges not covered by Schroeder tone complex.

4.131 MHASignal::spectrum_t Class Reference

a signal processing class for spectral data (based on **mha_spec_t** (p. 141))

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::spectrum_t:



Public Member Functions

- spectrum_t (const unsigned int &frames, const unsigned int &channels)
 constructor of spectrum class
- spectrum_t (const mha_spec_t &)

Copy constructor.

spectrum_t (const MHASignal::spectrum_t &)

Copy constructor.

• mha_complex_t & operator() (unsigned int f, unsigned int ch)

Access to element.

mha_complex_t & operator[] (unsigned int k)

Access to a single element, direct index into data buffer.

• mha_complex_t & value (unsigned int f, unsigned int ch)

Access to element.

void copy (const mha_spec_t &)

copy all elements from a spectrum

• void **copy_channel** (const **mha_spec_t** &s, unsigned sch, unsigned dch)

Copy one channel of a given spectrum signal to a target channel.

void export_to (mha_spec_t &)

copy elements to spectrum structure

void scale (const unsigned int &, const unsigned int &, const unsigned int &, const mha
 —real_t &)

scale section [a,b) in channel "ch" by "val"

• void scale channel (const unsigned int &, const mha real t &)

scale all elements in one channel

Additional Inherited Members

4.131.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.131.1.1 spectrum_t::spectrum_t (const unsigned int & frames, const unsigned int & channels)

Allocates buffers and initializes memory to zeros.

Parameters

frames	number of frames (fft bins) in one channel. Number of Frames is usually fftlen / 2 + 1
channels	number of channels

4.131.2 Member Function Documentation

4.131.2.1 mha_complex_t& MHASignal::spectrum_t::operator() (unsigned int f, unsigned int ch) [inline]

Parameters

f	Bin number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

4.131.2.2 mha_complex_t& MHASignal::spectrum_t::operator[](unsigned int k) [inline]

Parameters

k Buffer index

Returns

Reference to element

4.131.2.3 mha_complex_t& MHASignal::spectrum_t::value (unsigned int *f*, unsigned int *ch*) [inline]

Parameters

f	Bin number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

4.131.2.4 void spectrum_t::copy (const mha_spec_t & src)

Parameters

src	input spectrum
-----	----------------

4.131.2.5 void spectrum_t::copy_channel (const mha_spec_t & s, unsigned sch, unsigned dch)

Parameters

s	Input spectrum signal
sch	Channel index in source signal
dch	Channel index in destination (this) signal

4.131.2.6 void spectrum_t::export_to (mha_spec_t & dest)

Parameters

dest	destination spectrum structure

4.131.2.7 void spectrum_t::scale (const unsigned int & a, const unsigned int & b, const unsigned int & ch, const mha_real_t & val)

Parameters

а	starting frame
b	end frame (excluded)
ch	channel number
val	scale factor

4.131.2.8 void spectrum_t::scale_channel (const unsigned int & ch, const mha_real_t & src)

Parameters

ch	channel number
src	scale factor

4.132 MHASignal::subsample_delay_t Class Reference

implements subsample delay in spectral domain.

Public Member Functions

- **subsample_delay_t** (const std::vector< float > &subsample_delay, unsigned fftlen)

 Constructor computes complex phase factors to apply to achieve subsample delay.
- void process (mha_spec_t *s)

Apply the phase_gains to s to achieve the subsample delay.

void process (mha_spec_t *s, unsigned idx)
 Apply the pase gains to channel idx in s to achieve the subsample delay in channel idx.

Public Attributes

spectrum_t phase_gains

The complex factors to apply to achieve the necessary phase shift.

Private Attributes

unsigned last_complex_bin

index of the last complex fft bin for the used fft length.

4.132.1 Detailed Description

When transformed back to the time domain, the signal is delayed by the configured fraction of a sample. This operation must not be used in a smoothgains bracket.

- 4.132.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.132.2.1 MHASignal::subsample_delay_t::subsample_delay_t (const std::vector< float > & subsample_delay, unsigned fftlen)

Parameters

subsample_delay	The subsample delay to apply0.5 <= subsample_delay <= 0.5
fftlen	FFT length

Exceptions

4.132.3 Member Function Documentation

4.132.3.1 void MHASignal::subsample_delay_t::process ($mha_spec_t * s$, unsigned idx)

Parameters

s	signal
idx	channel index, 0-based

Exceptions

```
MHA_Error (p. 132) if idx >= s->num_channels
```

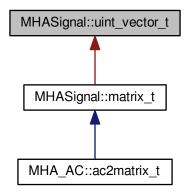
4.132.4 Member Data Documentation

4.132.4.1 unsigned MHASignal::subsample_delay_t::last_complex_bin [private]

4.133 MHASignal::uint_vector_t Class Reference

Vector of unsigned values, used for size and index description of n-dimensional matrixes.

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::uint_vector_t:



Public Member Functions

- uint_vector_t (unsigned int len)
 - Constructor, initializes all elements to zero.
- uint_vector_t (const uint8_t *buf, unsigned int len)
 Construct from memory area.
- bool operator== (const uint_vector_t &) const Check for equality.
- uint_vector_t & operator= (const uint_vector_t &)

Assign from other **uint_vector_t** (p. 266).

- unsigned int get_length () const
 - Return the length of the vector.
- const uint32_t & operator[] (unsigned int k) const

Read-only access to elements.

uint32_t & operator[] (unsigned int k)

Access to elements.

• unsigned int **numbytes** () const

Return number of bytes needed to store into memory.

- unsigned int write (uint8_t *buf, unsigned int len) const Copy to memory area.
- const uint32_t * **getdata** () const

Return pointer to the data field.

4.133.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.133.1.1 MHASignal::uint_vector_t::uint_vector_t (unsigned int *len*)

Parameters

len Length of vector.

4.133.1.2 MHASignal::uint_vector_t::uint_vector_t (const uint8_t * buf, unsigned int len)

Warning

This constructor is not real time safe

4.133.2 Member Function Documentation

4.133.2.1 uint_vector_t & MHASignal::uint_vector_t::operator= (const uint_vector_t & src)

Warning

This assignment will fail if the lengths mismatch.

4.133.2.2 unsigned int MHASignal::uint_vector_t::numbytes () const

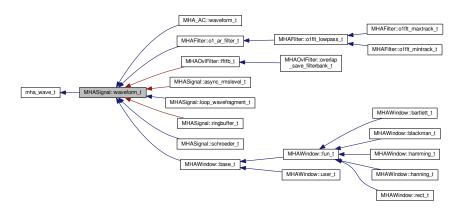
4.133.2.3 unsigned int MHASignal::uint_vector_t::write (uint8_t * buf, unsigned int len) const

4.133.2.4 const uint32_t* MHASignal::uint_vector_t::getdata() const [inline]

4.134 MHASignal::waveform_t Class Reference

signal processing class for waveform data (based on **mha_wave_t** (p. 154))

Inheritance diagram for MHASignal::waveform_t:



Public Member Functions

waveform_t (const unsigned int &frames, const unsigned int &channels)

constructor of waveform_t (p. 268)

waveform_t (const mhaconfig_t &cf)

Constructor to create a waveform from plugin configuration.

waveform_t (const mha_wave_t &src)

Copy contructor for mha_wave_t (p. 154) source.

waveform_t (const MHASignal::waveform_t &src)

Copy contructor.

waveform_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &src)

Copy contructor for std::vector<mha real t> source.

mha_real_t & value (unsigned int t, unsigned int ch)

Element accessor.

mha_real_t & operator() (unsigned int t, unsigned int ch)

Element accessor.

const mha_real_t & value (unsigned int t, unsigned int ch) const

Constant element accessor.

const mha_real_t & operator() (unsigned int t, unsigned int ch) const

Constant element accessor.

mha_real_t sum (const unsigned int &a, const unsigned int &b)

sum of all elements between [a,b) in all channels

• mha_real_t sum (const unsigned int &a, const unsigned int &b, const unsigned int &ch) sum of all elements between [a,b) in channel ch

mha_real_t sum ()

sum of all elements

mha_real_t sumsqr ()

sum of square of all elements

mha_real_t sum_channel (const unsigned int &)

return sum of all elements in one channel

void assign (const unsigned int &k, const unsigned int &ch, const mha_real_t &val)

set frame "k" in channel "ch" to value "val"

void assign (const mha_real_t &)

set all elements to value

• void assign frame (const unsigned int &k, const mha real t &val)

assign value "val" to frame k in all channels

• void assign channel (const unsigned int &c, const mha real t &val)

assign value "val" to channel ch in all frames

void copy (const mha_wave_t &)

copy data from source into current waveform

void copy_channel (const mha_wave_t &, unsigned int, unsigned int)

Copy one channel of a given waveform signal to a target channel.

void copy_from_at (unsigned int, unsigned int, const mha_wave_t &, unsigned int)

Copy part of the source signal into part of this waveform object.

void export_to (mha_wave_t &)

copy data into allocated mha_wave_t (p. 154) structure

void limit (const mha_real_t &min, const mha_real_t &max)

limit target to range [min,max]

void power (const waveform_t &)

transform waveform signal (in Pa) to squared signal (in W/m^2)

void powspec (const mha_spec_t &)

get the power spectrum (in W/m^2) from a complex spectrum

 void scale (const unsigned int &a, const unsigned int &b, const unsigned int &ch, const mha_real_t &val)

scale section [a,b) in channel "ch" by "val"

- void scale (const unsigned int &k, const unsigned int &ch, const mha_real_t &val)
 scale one element
- void scale_channel (const unsigned int &, const mha_real_t &)
 scale one channel of target with a scalar

Additional Inherited Members

4.134.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.134.1.1 waveform_t::waveform_t (const unsigned int & frames, const unsigned int & channels)

Allocates buffer memory and initializes values to zero.

Parameters

frames	number of frames in each channel
channels	number of channels

4.134.1.2 waveform_t::waveform_t (const mhaconfig_t & cf) [explicit]

Parameters

```
cf Plugin configuration
```

4.134.1.3 waveform_t::waveform_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > & src)

A waveform structure with a single channel is created, the length is equal to the number of elements in the source vector.

4.134.2 Member Function Documentation

4.134.2.1 mha_real_t& MHASignal::waveform_t::value (unsigned int *t*, unsigned int *ch*) [inline]

Parameters

t	Frame number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

4.134.2.2 mha_real_t& MHASignal::waveform_t::operator() (unsigned int *t*, unsigned int *ch*) [inline]

Parameters

t	Frame number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

4.134.2.3 const mha_real_t& MHASignal::waveform_t::value (unsigned int *t*, unsigned int *ch*) const [inline]

Parameters

t	Frame number
ch	Channel number

Returns

Reference to element

4.134.2.4 const mha_real_t& MHASignal::waveform_t::operator() (unsigned int *t*, unsigned int *ch*) const <code>[inline]</code>

Parameters

t	Frame number	
ch	Channel number	

Returns

Reference to element

4.134.2.5 mha_real_t waveform_t::sum (const unsigned int & a, const unsigned int & b)

Parameters

а	starting frame	
b	end frame (excluded)	

Returns

sum

4.134.2.6 mha_real_t waveform_t::sum (const unsigned int & a, const unsigned int & b, const unsigned int & ch)

Parameters

а	starting frame
b	end frame (exluded)
ch	channel number

Returns

sum

4.134.2.7 mha_real_t waveform_t::sum ()

Returns

sum of all elements

4.134.2.8 mha_real_t waveform_t::sumsqr()

Returns

sum of square of all elements

4.134.2.9 mha_real_t waveform_t::sum_channel (const unsigned int & ch)

Parameters

ch channel number

Returns

sum

4.134.2.10 void waveform_t::assign (const unsigned int & k, const unsigned int & ch, const mha_real_t & val)

Parameters

k	frame number
ch	channel number
val	new value

4.134.2.11 void waveform_t::assign (const mha_real_t & val)

Parameters

val	new value
-----	-----------

4.134.2.12 void waveform_t::assign_frame (const unsigned int & k, const mha_real_t & val)

Parameters

k	frame number
val	new value

4.134.2.13 void waveform_t::assign_channel (const unsigned int & ch, const mha_real_t & val)

Parameters

ch	channel number
val	new value

4.134.2.14 void waveform_t::copy (const mha_wave_t & src)

Parameters

src input data (need to be same size as target)

4.134.2.15 void waveform_t::copy_channel (const mha_wave_t & src, unsigned int src_channel, unsigned int dest_channel)

Parameters

src	Input waveform signal
src_channel	Channel in source signal
dest_channel	Channel number in destination signal

4.134.2.16 void waveform_t::copy_from_at (unsigned int *to_pos*, unsigned int *len*, const mha_wave_t & *src*, unsigned int *from_pos*)

Source and target have to have the same number of channels.

Parameters

to_pos	Offset in target	
len	Number of frames copied	
src	Source	
from_pos	Offset in source	

4.134.2.17 void waveform_t::export_to (mha_wave_t & dest)

Parameters

_		
ı	, ,	destination structure
П	aest	destination structure
ı	acot	acomination of actaic

4.134.2.18 void waveform_t::limit (const mha_real_t & min, const mha_real_t & max)

Parameters

min	lower limit	
max	upper limit	

4.134.2.19 void waveform_t::power (const waveform_t & src)

Parameters

src	linear waveform signal (in Pa)
-----	--------------------------------

4.134.2.20 void waveform_t::powspec (const mha_spec_t & src)

Parameters

src	complex spectrum (normalized to Pa)
	, ,

4.134.2.21 void waveform_t::scale (const unsigned int & a, const unsigned int & b, const unsigned int & ch, const mha_real_t & val)

Parameters

а	starting frame	
b	end frame (excluded)	
ch	channel number	
val	scale factor	

4.134.2.22 void waveform_t::scale (const unsigned int & k, const unsigned int & ch, const mha_real_t & val)

Parameters

k	frame number	
ch	channel number	
val	scale factor	

4.134.2.23 void waveform_t::scale_channel (const unsigned int & ch, const mha_real_t & src)

Parameters

ch	channel number
src	factor

4.135 MHATableLookup::xy_table_t Class Reference

Class for interpolation with non-equidistant x values.

Inherits MHATableLookup::table_t.

Inherited by MHAOvlFilter::barkscale::bark2hz t, and MHAOvlFilter::barkscale::hz2bark t.

Public Member Functions

mha_real_t lookup (mha_real_t x)

Return the y-value at the position of the nearest x value below input.

mha_real_t interp (mha_real_t x)

Linear interpolation function.

void add_entry (mha_real_t x, mha_real_t y)

Add a single x-y pair entry.

void add_entry (mha_real_t *pVX, mha_real_t *pVY, unsigned int len)

Add multiple entries at once.

· void clear ()

Clear the table and transformation functions.

void set_xfun (float(*pXFun)(float))

Set transformation function for x values.

void set_yfun (float(*pYFun)(float))

Set transformation function for y values during insertion.

void set_xyfun (float(*pYFun)(float, float))

Set transformation function for y values during insertion, based on x and y values.

4.135.1 Detailed Description

Linear interpolation of the x-y table is performed. A transformation of x and y-values is possible; if a transformation function is provided for the x-values, the same function is applied to the argument of **xy_table_t::interp()** (p. 276) and **xy_table_t::lookup()** (p. 276). The transformation of y values is applied only during insertion into the table. Two functions for y-transformation can be provided: a simple transformation which depends only on the y values, or a transformation which takes both (non-transformed) x and y value as an argument. The two-argument transformation is applied before the one-argument transformation.

```
4.135.2 Member Function Documentation
```

```
4.135.2.1 mha_real_t xy_table_t::lookup ( mha_real_t x )
```

Parameters

```
x Input value
```

Returns

y value at nearest x value below input.

```
4.135.2.2 mha_real_t xy_table_t::interp ( mha_real_t x )
```

Parameters

```
x x value
```

Returns

interpolated y value

4.135.2.3 void xy_table_t::add_entry (mha real t x, mha real t y)

Parameters

X	x value
У	corresponding y value

4.135.2.4 void xy_table_t::add_entry (mha_real_t * pVX, mha_real_t * pVY, unsigned int uLength)

Parameters

pVX	array of x values
pVY	array of y values
uLength	Length of x and y arrays

4.135.2.5 void xy_table_t::set_xfun (float(*)(float) fun)

Parameters

fui	7	Transformation	function.
-----	---	----------------	-----------

4.135.2.6 void xy_table_t::set_yfun (float(*)(float) fun)

Parameters

fun	Transformation function.

4.135.2.7 void xy_table_t::set_xyfun (float(*)(float, float) fun)

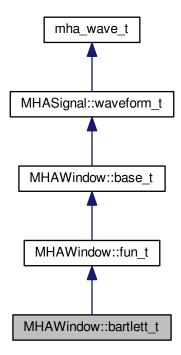
Parameters

fun Transformation function.

4.136 MHAWindow::bartlett_t Class Reference

Bartlett window.

Inheritance diagram for MHAWindow::bartlett_t:

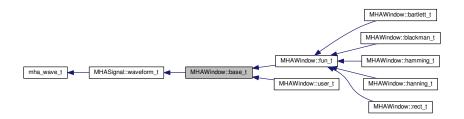


Additional Inherited Members

4.137 MHAWindow::base_t Class Reference

Common base for window types.

Inheritance diagram for MHAWindow::base_t:



Public Member Functions

base_t (unsigned int len)

Constructor.

base_t (const MHAWindow::base_t &src)

Copy constructor.

• void operator() (mha_wave_t &) const

Apply window to waveform segment (reference)

void operator() (mha_wave_t *) const

Apply window to waveform segment (pointer)

void ramp_begin (mha_wave_t &) const

Apply a ramp at the begining.

void ramp_end (mha_wave_t &) const

Apply a ramp at the end.

Additional Inherited Members

4.137.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.137.1.1 MHAWindow::base_t::base_t (unsigned int *len*)

Parameters

len Window length in samples.

4.137.1.2 MHAWindow::base_t::base_t (const MHAWindow::base_t & src)

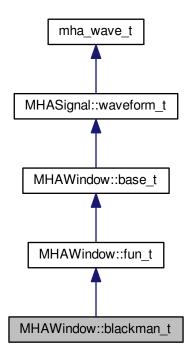
Parameters

src | Source to be copied

4.138 MHAWindow::blackman_t Class Reference

Blackman window.

Inheritance diagram for MHAWindow::blackman_t:



Additional Inherited Members

4.139 MHAWindow::fun_t Class Reference

Generic window based on a generator function.

Inheritance diagram for MHAWindow::fun_t:



Public Member Functions

• fun_t (unsigned int n, float(*fun)(float), float xmin=-1, float xmax=1, bool min_← included=true, bool max_included=false)

Constructor.

Additional Inherited Members

4.139.1 Detailed Description

The generator function should return a valid window function in the interval [-1,1[.

4.139.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.139.2.1 MHAWindow::fun_t::fun_t (unsigned int n, float(*)(float) fun, float xmin = -1, float xmax = 1, bool $min_included = true$, bool $max_included = false$)

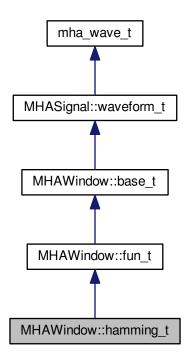
Parameters

n	Window length
fun	Generator function, i.e. MHAWindow::hanning() (p. 304)
xmin	Start value of window, i.e1 for full window or 0 for fade-out ramp.
xmax	Last value of window, i.e. 1 for full window
min_included	Flag if minimum value is included
max_included	Flag if maximum value is included

4.140 MHAWindow::hamming_t Class Reference

Hamming window.

Inheritance diagram for MHAWindow::hamming_t:

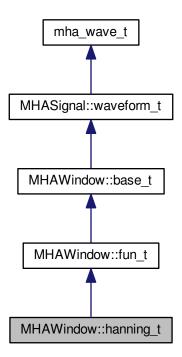


Additional Inherited Members

4.141 MHAWindow::hanning_t Class Reference

von-Hann window

Inheritance diagram for MHAWindow::hanning_t:

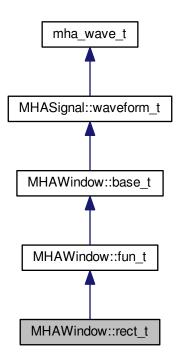


Additional Inherited Members

4.142 MHAWindow::rect_t Class Reference

Rectangular window.

Inheritance diagram for MHAWindow::rect_t:

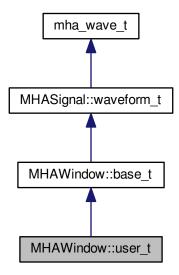


Additional Inherited Members

4.143 MHAWindow::user_t Class Reference

User defined window.

Inheritance diagram for MHAWindow::user_t:



Public Member Functions

user_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &wnd)
 Constructor.

Additional Inherited Members

- 4.143.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 4.143.1.1 MHAWindow::user_t::user_t (const std::vector< mha_real_t > & wnd)

Parameters

wnd User defined window

4.144 PluginLoader::fourway_processor_t Class Reference

This abstract class defines the interface for classes that implement all types of signal domain processing supported by the MHA: wave2wave, spec2spec, wave2spec, and spec2wave.

Inherited by PluginLoader::mhapluginloader_t.

Public Member Functions

- virtual void process (mha_wave_t *s_in, mha_wave_t **s_out)=0
 Pure waveform processing.
- virtual void **process** (**mha_spec_t** *s_in, **mha_spec_t** **s_out)=0 *Pure spectrum processing.*
- virtual void **process** (**mha_wave_t** *s_in, **mha_spec_t** **s_out)=0

 Signal processing with domain transformation from waveform to spectrum.
- virtual void **process** (**mha_spec_t** *s_in, **mha_wave_t** **s_out)=0

 Signal processing with domain transformation from spectrum to waveform.
- virtual void prepare (mhaconfig_t &settings)=0
 Prepares the processor for signal processing.
- virtual void release ()=0

Resources allocated for signal processing in **fourway_processor_t::prepare** (p. 287) are released here in **fourway_processor_t::release** (p. 287).

- virtual std::string **parse** (const std::string &query)=0 Parser interface.
- virtual ~fourway_processor_t ()
 Classes with virtual methods need virtual destructor.

4.144.1 Detailed Description

For supporting different output domains for the same input domain, the processing methods are overloaded with respect to input domain and output domain.

- 4.144.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- **4.144.2.1** virtual PluginLoader::fourway_processor_t::∼fourway_processor_t() [inline], [virtual]

This destructor is empty.

- 4.144.3 Member Function Documentation
- 4.144.3.1 virtual void PluginLoader::fourway_processor_t::process (mha_wave_t * s_in, mha wave t ** s out) [pure virtual]

Parameters

s_in	input waveform signal
s_out	output waveform signal

4.144.3.2 virtual void PluginLoader::fourway_processor_t::process (mha_spec_t * s_in, mha_spec_t ** s_out) [pure virtual]

Parameters

s_in	input spectrum signal
s_out	output spectrum signal

4.144.3.3 virtual void PluginLoader::fourway_processor_t::process (mha_wave_t * s_in, mha_spec_t ** s_out) [pure virtual]

Parameters

s_in	input waveform signal
s_out	output spectrum signal

4.144.3.4 virtual void PluginLoader::fourway_processor_t::process (mha_spec_t * s_in, mha_wave_t ** s_out) [pure virtual]

Parameters

s_in	input spectrum signal
s_out	output waveform signal

4.144.3.5 virtual void PluginLoader::fourway_processor_t::prepare (mhaconfig_t & settings)

[pure virtual]

Parameters

settings	domain and dimensions of the signal. The contents of settings may be modified
	by the prepare implementation. Upon calling fourway_processor_t::prepare
	(p. 287), settings reflects domain and dimensions of the input signal. When
	fourway_processor_t::prepare (p. 287) returns, settings reflects domain and
	dimensions of the output signal.

4.144.3.6 virtual void PluginLoader::fourway_processor_t::release() [pure virtual]

5 File Documentation

5.1 mha.h File Reference

common types for MHA kernel, MHA framework applications and external plugins

Classes

struct mha_complex_t

Type for complex floating point values.

struct mha_direction_t

Channel source direction structure.

• struct mha_channel_info_t

Channel information structure.

struct mha wave t

Waveform signal structure.

struct mha_spec_t

Spectrum signal structure.

• struct mha audio descriptor t

Description of an audio fragment (planned as a replacement of mhaconfig_t (p. 155)).

struct mha_audio_t

An audio fragment in the openMHA (planned as a replacement of **mha_wave_t** (p. 154) and **mha_spec_t** (p. 141)).

struct mhaconfig t

MHA prepare configuration structure.

struct comm_var_t

Algorithm communication variable structure.

struct algo_comm_t

A reference handle for algorithm communication variables.

Macros

#define MHA_CALLBACK_TEST(x)

Test macro to compare function type definition and declaration.

#define MHA_VERSION_MAJOR 4

Major version number of MHA.

#define MHA VERSION MINOR 5

Minor version number of MHA.

#define MHA_VERSION_RELEASE 1

Release number of MHA.

#define MHA VERSION BUILD 0

Build number of MHA (currently unused)

#define MHA_STRUCT_SIZEMATCH (unsigned int)((sizeof(mha_real_t)==4)+2*(sizeof(mha complex_t)==8)+4*(sizeof(mha_wave_t)==8+2*sizeof(void*))+8*(sizeof(mha_spec t)==8+2*sizeof(void*))+16*(sizeof(mhaconfig_t)==24))

Test number for structure sizes.

#define MHA_VERSION (unsigned int)((MHA_STRUCT_SIZEMATCH | (MHA_VERS ← ION_RELEASE << 8) | (MHA_VERSION_MINOR << 16) | (MHA_VERSION_MAJOR << 24)))

Full version number of MHA kernel.

#define MHA_VERSION_STRING MHA_XSTRF(MHA_VERSION_MAJOR) "." MHA_←
XSTRF(MHA_VERSION_MINOR)

Version string of MHA kernel (major.minor)

Typedefs

- typedef float mha_real_t
 openMHA type for real numbers
- typedef void * mha_fft_t
 Handle for an FFT object.

5.2 mha_algo_comm.h File Reference

Header file for Algorithm Communication.

Classes

class MHA_AC::spectrum_t

Insert a MHASignal::spectrum_t (p. 261) class into the AC space.

· class MHA AC::waveform t

Insert a MHASignal::waveform_t (p. 268) class into the AC space.

class MHA_AC::int_t

Insert a integer variable into the AC space.

· class MHA AC::float t

Insert a float point variable into the AC space.

class MHA_AC::double_t

Insert a double precision floating point variable into the AC space.

class MHA_AC::ac2matrix_t

Copy AC variable to a matrix.

class MHA_AC::acspace2matrix_t

Copy all or a subset of all numeric AC variables into an array of matrixes.

Namespaces

MHA AC

Functions and classes for Algorithm Communication (AC) support.

Functions

- mha_spec_t MHA_AC::get_var_spectrum (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)
 Convert an AC variable into a spectrum.
- mha_wave_t MHA_AC::get_var_waveform (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Convert an AC variable into a waveform.

• int MHA_AC::get_var_int (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Return value of an integer scalar AC variable.

• float MHA_AC::get_var_float (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Return value of an floating point scalar AC variable.

std::vector< float > MHA_AC::get_var_vfloat (algo_comm_t ac, const std::string &name)

Return value of an floating point vector AC variable as standard vector of floats.

5.3 mha_defs.h File Reference

Preprocessor definitions common to all MHA components.

Macros

#define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846

Define pi if it is not defined yet.

• #define **MIN**(a, b) (((a)<(b))?(a):(b))

Macro for minimum function.

• #define **MAX**(a, b) (((a)>(b))?(a):(b))

Macro for maximum function.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

This file contains all preprocessor and type definitions which are common to all Master Hearing Aid components.

5.4 mha_error.cpp File Reference

Implementation of openMHA error handling.

Functions

- static unsigned digits (unsigned n)
 Compute number of digits in an unsigned integer.
- void mha_debug (const char *fmt,...)

Print an info message (stderr on Linux, OutputDebugString in Windows).

5.4.1 Detailed Description

This file forms a seperate library.

5.5 mha_filter.hh File Reference

Header file for IIR filter classes.

Classes

· class MHAFilter::filter t

Generic IIR filter class.

• class MHAFilter::diff t

Differentiator class (non-normalized)

class MHAFilter::o1 ar filter t

First order attack-release lowpass filter.

class MHAFilter::o1flt lowpass t

First order low pass filter.

class MHAFilter::o1flt_maxtrack_t

First order maximum tracker.

class MHAFilter::o1flt_mintrack_t

First order minimum tracker.

class MHAFilter::iir_filter_t

IIR filter class wrapper for integration into parser structure.

class MHAFilter::adapt_filter_t

Adaptive filter.

class MHAFilter::fftfilter_t

FFT based FIR filter implementation.

class MHAFilter::fftfilterbank_t

FFT based FIR filterbank implementation.

struct MHAFilter::transfer_function_t

a structure containing a source channel number, a target channel number, and an impulse response.

struct MHAFilter::transfer_matrix_t

A sparse matrix of transfer function partitionss.

class MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t

A filter class for partitioned convolution.

struct MHAFilter::partitioned_convolution_t::index_t

Bookkeeping class.

class MHAFilter::smoothspec t

Smooth spectral gains, create a windowed impulse response.

class MHAFilter::resampling filter t

Hann shaped low pass filter for resampling.

class MHAFilter::polyphase_resampling_t

A class that does polyphase resampling.

class MHAFilter::blockprocessing_polyphase_resampling_t

A class that does polyphase resampling and takes into account block processing.

class MHAFilter::iir_ord1_real_t

First order recursive filter.

Namespaces

MHAFilter

Namespace for IIR and FIR filter classes.

Functions

void MHAFilter::o1_lp_coeffs (const mha_real_t tau, const mha_real_t fs, mha_real t &c1, mha_real_t &c2)

Set first order filter coefficients from time constant and sampling rate.

void MHAFilter::butter_stop_ord1 (double *A, double *B, double f1, double f2, double fs)

Setup a first order butterworth band stop filter.

MHASignal::waveform_t * MHAFilter::spec2fir (const mha_spec_t *spec, const unsigned int fftlen, const MHAWindow::base_t &window, const bool minphase)

Create a windowed impulse response/FIR filter coefficients from a spectrum.

• unsigned MHAFilter::gcd (unsigned a, unsigned b)

greatest common divisor

• double **MHAFilter::sinc** (double x)

sin(x)/x function, coping with x=0.

std::pair< unsigned, unsigned > MHAFilter::resampling_factors (float source_← sampling_rate, float target_sampling_rate, float factor=1.0f)

Computes rational resampling factor from two sampling rates.

5.6 mha_parser.hh File Reference

Header file for the MHA-Parser script language.

Classes

class MHAParser::keyword list t

Keyword list class.

class MHAParser::base_t

Base class for all parser items.

class MHAParser::parser_t

Parser node class.

class MHAParser::monitor_t

Base class for monitors and variable nodes.

class MHAParser::variable_t

Base class for variable nodes.

class MHAParser::range var t

Base class for all variables with a numeric value range.

class MHAParser::kw_t

Variable with keyword list value.

class MHAParser::string_t

Variable with a string value.

class MHAParser::vstring_t

Vector variable with string values.

class MHAParser::bool_t

Variable with a boolean value ("yes"/"no")

class MHAParser::int_t

Variable with integer value.

class MHAParser::float t

Variable with float value.

class MHAParser::complex_t

Variable with complex value.

class MHAParser::vint_t

Variable with vector<int> value.

class MHAParser::vfloat t

Vector variable with float value.

class MHAParser::vcomplex_t

Vector variable with complex value.

· class MHAParser::mfloat t

Matrix variable with float value.

class MHAParser::mcomplex_t

Matrix variable with complex value.

class MHAParser::int_mon_t

Monitor variable with int value.

class MHAParser::bool_mon_t

Monitor with string value.

class MHAParser::string_mon_t

Monitor with string value.

class MHAParser::vstring_mon_t

Vector of monitors with string value.

class MHAParser::vint_mon_t

Vector of ints monitor.

class MHAParser::vfloat mon t

Vector of floats monitor.

· class MHAParser::mfloat mon t

Matrix of floats monitor.

class MHAParser::float mon t

Monitor with float value.

class MHAParser::complex_mon_t

Monitor with complex value.

class MHAParser::vcomplex_mon_t

Monitor with vector of complex values.

class MHAParser::mcomplex_mon_t

Matrix of complex numbers monitor.

class MHAParser::commit_t< receiver_t >

Parser variable with event-emission functionality.

Namespaces

MHAParser

Name space for the openMHA-Parser configuration language.

MHAParser::StrCnv

String converter namespace.

Macros

#define insert_member(x) insert_item(#x,&x)

Macro to insert a member variable into a parser.

Functions

- void **MHAParser::strreplace** (std::string &, const std::string &, const std::string &) string replace function
- void MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val (const std::string &, bool &)

Convert from string.

• void MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val (const std::string &, float &)

Convert from string.

void MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val (const std::string &, mha_complex_t &)

Convert from string.

void MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val (const std::string &, int &)

Convert from string.

void MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val (const std::string &, keyword_list_t &)

Convert from string.

• void **MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val** (const std::string &, std::string &)

Convert from string.

template<class arg_t >

void **MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val** (const std::string &s, std::vector< arg t > &val)

Converter for vector types.

template<>

void MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val< mha_real_t > (const std::string &s, std::vector< mha real t > &v)

Converter for vector<mha_real_t> with Matlab-style expansion.

template<class arg_t >

void **MHAParser::StrCnv::str2val** (const std::string &s, std::vector< std::vector< arg_t >> &val)

Converter for matrix types.

• std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const bool &)

Convert to string.

• std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const float &)

Convert to string.

• std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const mha complex t &)

Convert to string.

• std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const int &)

Convert to string.

std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const keyword_list_t &)
 Convert to string.

• std::string **MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str** (const std::string &) Convert to string.

- std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const std::vector< float > &)
 Convert to string.
- std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const std::vector< mha_complex_t > &)
 Convert to string.
- std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const std::vector< int > &)
 Convert to string.
- std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const std::vector< std::string > &)
 Convert to string.
- std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const std::vector< std::vector< float > > &)
 Convert to string.
- std::string MHAParser::StrCnv::val2str (const std::vector< std::vector< mha_ \leftarrow complex_t >> &)

Convert to string.

5.6.1 Macro Definition Documentation

5.6.1.1 #define insert_member(x) insert_item(#x,&x)

Parameters

x Member variable to be inserted. Name of member variable will be used as configuration name.

See also MHAParser::parser t::insert item() (p. 222).

5.7 mha_plugin.hh File Reference

Header file for MHA C++ plugin class templates.

Classes

class MHAPlugin::config_t < runtime_cfg_t >
 Template class for thread safe configuration.

- class MHAPlugin::plugin_t< runtime_cfg_t >

The template class for C++ openMHA plugins.

Namespaces

MHAPlugin

Namespace for openMHA plugin class templates and thread-safe runtime configurations.

Macros

- #define **MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS_PREFIX**(prefix, classname, indom, outdom)

 C++ wrapper macro for the plugin interface.
- #define MHAPLUGIN_DOCUMENTATION_PREFIX(prefix, cat, doc)
- Wrapper macro for the plugin documentation interface.
 #define MHAPLUGIN_CALLBACKS(plugname, classname, indom, outdom) MHAPLU
 GIN_CALLBACKS_PREFIX(MHA_STATIC_## plugname ## _,classname,indom,outdom)

C++ wrapper macro for the plugin interface.

#define MHAPLUGIN_DOCUMENTATION(plugname, cat, doc) MHAPLUGIN_DOCU
 MENTATION_PREFIX(MHA_STATIC_## plugname ## _,cat,doc)

Wrapper macro for the plugin documentation interface.

Functions

__attribute__ ((unused)) static const char *mha_git_commit_hash
 store git commit hash in every binary plgin to support reproducible research

5.7.1 Detailed Description

This file defines useful macros and template classes for the development of MHA plugins. A set of macros wraps a C++ interface around the ANSI-C plugin interface. The plugin_t template class defines a corresponding C++ class with all required members. This class can make use of thread safe configurations (config_t).

5.8 mha_signal.hh File Reference

Header file for audio signal handling and processing classes.

Classes

class MHASignal::spectrum t

a signal processing class for spectral data (based on **mha_spec_t** (p. 141))

class MHASignal::waveform t

signal processing class for waveform data (based on **mha_wave_t** (p. 154))

class MHASignal::doublebuffer_t

Double-buffering class.

class MHASignal::ringbuffer_t

A ringbuffer class for time domain audio signal, which makes no assumptions with respect to fragment size.

class MHASignal::hilbert_t

Hilbert transformation of a waveform segment.

class MHASignal::minphase_t

Minimal phase function.

class MHAWindow::base_t

Common base for window types.

class MHAWindow::fun t

Generic window based on a generator function.

class MHAWindow::rect t

Rectangular window.

class MHAWindow::bartlett_t

Bartlett window.

class MHAWindow::hanning_t

von-Hann window

class MHAWindow::hamming_t

Hamming window.

class MHAWindow::blackman_t

Blackman window.

class MHAWindow::user_t

User defined window.

class MHASignal::delay_wave_t

Delayline containing wave fragments.

class MHASignal::async_rmslevel_t

Class for asynchronous level metering.

class MHASignal::uint vector t

Vector of unsigned values, used for size and index description of n-dimensional matrixes.

class MHASignal::matrix t

n-dimensional matrix with real or complex floating point values.

class MHASignal::schroeder_t

Schroeder tone complex class.

class MHASignal::quantizer t

Simple simulation of fixpoint quantization.

class MHASignal::loop_wavefragment_t

Copy a fixed waveform fragment to a series of waveform fragments of other size.

class MHASignal::delay_t

Class to realize a simple delay of waveform streams.

class MHASignal::subsample_delay_t

implements subsample delay in spectral domain.

Namespaces

MHASignal

Namespace for audio signal handling and processing classes.

MHAWindow

Collection of Window types.

Functions

void MHASignal::for_each (mha_wave_t *s, mha_real_t(*fun)(mha_real_t))
 Apply a function to each element of a mha_wave_t (p. 154).

mha_real_t MHASignal::lin2db (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from linear scale to dB (no SPL reference)

mha real t MHASignal::db2lin (mha real t x)

Conversion from dB scale to linear (no SPL reference)

mha_real_t MHASignal::pa2dbspl (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from linear Pascal scale to dB SPL.

mha_real_t MHASignal::pa22dbspl (mha_real_t x, mha_real_t eps=1e-20f)

Conversion from squared Pascal scale to dB SPL.

mha_real_t MHASignal::dbspl2pa (mha_real_t x)

Conversion from dB SPL to linear Pascal scale.

mha_real_t MHASignal::smp2sec (mha_real_t n, mha_real_t srate)

conversion from samples to seconds

mha_real_t MHASignal::sec2smp (mha_real_t sec, mha_real_t srate)

conversion from seconds to samples

- mha_real_t MHASignal::bin2freq (mha_real_t bin, unsigned fftlen, mha_real_t srate) conversion from fft bin index to frequency
- mha_real_t MHASignal::freq2bin (mha_real_t freq, unsigned fftlen, mha_real_t srate)
 conversion from frequency to fft bin index
- mha_real_t MHASignal::smp2rad (mha_real_t samples, unsigned bin, unsigned fftlen)
 conversion from delay in samples to phase shift
- mha_real_t MHASignal::rad2smp (mha_real_t phase_shift, unsigned bin, unsigned fftlen)

conversion from phase shift to delay in samples

template < class elem_type > std::vector < elem_type > MHASignal::dupvec (std::vector < elem_type > vec, unsigned n)

Duplicate last vector element to match desired size.

template < class elem_type >
 std::vector < elem_type > MHASignal::dupvec_chk (std::vector < elem_type > vec, unsigned n)

Duplicate last vector element to match desired size, check for dimension.

bool equal_dim (const mha_wave_t &a, const mha_wave_t &b)

Test for equal dimension of waveform structures.

bool equal_dim (const mha_wave_t &a, const mhaconfig_t &b)

Test for match of waveform dimension with mhaconfig structure.

• bool equal_dim (const mha_spec_t &a, const mha_spec_t &b)

Test for equal dimension of spectrum structures.

bool equal_dim (const mha_spec_t &a, const mhaconfig_t &b)

Test for match of spectrum dimension with mhaconfig structure.

bool equal_dim (const mha_wave_t &a, const mha_spec_t &b)

Test for equal dimension of waveform/spectrum structures.

bool equal_dim (const mha_spec_t &a, const mha_wave_t &b)

Test for equal dimension of waveform/spectrum structures.

void integrate (mha_wave_t &s)

Numeric integration of a signal vector (real values)

void integrate (mha_spec_t &s)

Numeric integration of a signal vector (complex values)

unsigned int size (const mha_wave_t &s)

Return size of a waveform structure.

unsigned int size (const mha_spec_t &s)

Return size of a spectrum structure.

unsigned int size (const mha_wave_t *s)

Return size of a waveform structure.

unsigned int size (const mha_spec_t *s)

Return size of a spectrum structure.

void clear (mha_wave_t &s)

Set all values of waveform to zero.

void clear (mha_wave_t *s)

Set all values of waveform to zero.

void clear (mha_spec_t &s)

Set all values of spectrum to zero.

void clear (mha_spec_t *s)

Set all values of spectrum to zero.

void assign (mha wave t self, mha real t val)

Set all values of waveform 'self' to 'val'.

void assign (mha_wave_t self, const mha_wave_t &val)

Set all values of waveform 'self' to 'val'.

void assign (mha_spec_t self, const mha_spec_t &val)

Set all values of spectrum 'self' to 'val'.

void timeshift (mha_wave_t &self, int shift)

Time shift of waveform chunk.

mha_wave_t range (mha_wave_t s, unsigned int k0, unsigned int len)

Return a time interval from a waveform chunk.

• mha_spec_t channels (mha_spec_t s, unsigned int ch_start, unsigned int nch)

Return a channel interval from a spectrum.

mha_real_t & value (mha_wave_t *s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

Access an element of a waveform structure.

- const mha_real_t & value (const mha_wave_t *s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)
 Constant access to an element of a waveform structure.
- mha_complex_t & value (mha_spec_t *s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)
 Access to an element of a spectrum.
- const **mha_complex_t** & **value** (const **mha_spec_t** *s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

 Constant access to an element of a spectrum.
- mha_real_t & value (mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

Access to an element of a waveform structure.

- const mha_real_t & value (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)
 Constant access to an element of a waveform structure.
- mha_complex_t & value (mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

 Access to an element of a spectrum.
- const **mha_complex_t** & **value** (const **mha_spec_t** &s, unsigned int fr, unsigned int ch)

 Constant access to an element of a spectrum.
- std::vector< float > std_vector_float (const mha_wave_t &)
 Converts a mha_wave_t (p. 154) structure into a std::vector<float> (interleaved order).
- std::vector< std::vector< float >> std_vector_vector_float (const mha_wave_t &)
 Converts a mha_wave_t (p. 154) structure into a std::vector< std::vector< float> > (outer vector represents channels).
- std::vector< std::vector< mha_complex_t > > std_vector_vector_complex (const mha_spec_t &)

Converts a **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) structure into a std::vector< std::vector< mha_complex_t>> (outer vector represents channels).

- mha_wave_t & operator+= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_real_t &)
 Addition operator.
- mha_wave_t & operator+= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_wave_t &)
 Addition operator.
- mha_wave_t & operator-= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_wave_t &)
 Subtraction operator.
- mha_spec_t & operator-= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_spec_t &)
 Subtraction operator.
- mha_wave_t & operator*= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_real_t &)

 Element-wise multiplication operator.
- mha_wave_t & operator*= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_wave_t &)

 Element-wise multiplication operator.
- mha_spec_t & operator*= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_real_t &)

 Element-wise multiplication operator.
- mha_spec_t & operator*= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_wave_t &)

 Element-wise multiplication operator.
- mha_spec_t & operator*= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_spec_t &)

Element-wise multiplication operator.

mha_spec_t & operator/= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_spec_t &)

Element-wise division operator.

mha_wave_t & operator/= (mha_wave_t &, const mha_wave_t &)

Element-wise division operator.

mha_spec_t & operator+= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_spec_t &)

Addition operator.

mha_spec_t & operator+= (mha_spec_t &, const mha_real_t &)

Addition operator.

mha_spec_t & safe_div (mha_spec_t &self, const mha_spec_t &v, mha_real_t eps)

In-Place division with lower limit on divisor.

mha_wave_t & operator^= (mha_wave_t &self, const mha_real_t &arg)

Exponent operator.

void MHASignal::copy_channel (mha_spec_t &self, const mha_spec_t &src, unsigned sch, unsigned dch)

Copy one channel of a source signal.

void MHASignal::copy_channel (mha_wave_t &self, const mha_wave_t &src, unsigned src_channel, unsigned dest_channel)

Copy one channel of a source signal.

mha_real_t MHASignal::rmslevel (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel, unsigned int fftlen)

Return RMS level of a spectrum channel.

• mha_real_t MHASignal::colored_intensity (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel, unsigned int fftlen, mha_real_t sqfreq_response[])

Colored spectrum intensity.

mha_real_t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha_spec_t &s, unsigned int channel)
 Find maximal absolute value.

• mha_real_t MHASignal::rmslevel (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Return RMS level of a waveform channel.

• mha_real_t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Find maximal absolute value.

mha real t MHASignal::maxabs (const mha wave t &s)

Find maximal absolute value.

mha_real_t MHASignal::max (const mha_wave_t &s)

Find maximal value.

mha_real_t MHASignal::min (const mha_wave_t &s)

Find minimal value.

mha_real_t MHASignal::sumsqr_channel (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int channel)

Calculate sum of squared values in one channel.

- mha_real_t MHASignal::sumsqr_frame (const mha_wave_t &s, unsigned int frame)

 Calculate sum over all channels of squared values.
- void MHASignal::limit (mha_wave_t &s, const mha_real_t &min, const mha_real_
 t &max)

Limit the singal in the waveform buffer to the range [min, max].

mha_complex_t & set (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t real, mha_real_t imag=0)

Assign real and imaginary parts to a **mha_complex_t** (p. 123) variable.

mha_complex_t mha_complex (mha_real_t real, mha_real_t imag=0)

Create a new mha_complex_t (p. 123) with specified real and imaginary parts.

mha_complex_t & set (mha_complex_t &self, const std::complex< mha_real_t > &stdcomplex)

Assign a **mha_complex_t** (p. 123) variable from a std::complex.

std::complex < mha_real_t > stdcomplex (const mha_complex_t &self)
 Create a std::complex from mha_complex_t (p. 123).

mha_complex_t & expi (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t angle)

replaces the value of the given $mha_complex_t$ (p. 123) with exp(i*b).

double angle (const mha_complex_t &self)

Computes the angle of a complex number in the complex plane.

- mha_complex_t & operator+= (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other)

 Addition of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.
- mha_complex_t operator+ (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_← t &other)

Addition of two complex numbers, result is a temporary object.

- mha_complex_t & operator+= (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Addition of a complex and a real number, overwriting the complex.
- mha_complex_t operator+ (const mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Addition of a complex and a real number, result is a temporary object.
- mha_complex_t & operator-= (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other)

 Subtraction of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.
- mha_complex_t operator- (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_
 t &other)

Subtraction of two complex numbers, result is a temporary object.

- mha_complex_t & operator-= (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Subtraction of a complex and a real number, overwriting the complex.
- mha_complex_t operator- (const mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Subtraction of a complex and a real number, result is a temporary object.
- mha_complex_t & operator*= (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other)

 Multiplication of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.
- mha_complex_t operator* (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_
 t &other)

Multiplication of two complex numbers, result is a temporary object.

- mha_complex_t & operator*= (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Multiplication of a complex and a real number, overwriting the complex.
- mha_complex_t & expi (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t angle, mha_real_t factor)
 replaces (!) the value of the given mha_complex_t (p. 123) with a * exp(i*b)
- mha_complex_t operator* (const mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

 Multiplication of a complex and a real number, result is a temporary object.
- mha real t abs2 (const mha complex t &self)

Compute the square of the absolute value of a complex value.

mha_real_t abs (const mha_complex_t &self)

Compute the absolute value of a complex value.

mha_complex_t & operator/= (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

Division of a complex and a real number, overwriting the complex.

mha_complex_t operator/ (const mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t other_real)

Division of a complex and a real number, result is a temporary object.

 mha_complex_t & safe_div (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other, mha_real_t eps, mha_real_t eps2)

Safe division of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.

• mha_complex_t & operator/= (mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other)

Division of two complex numbers, overwriting the first.

mha_complex_t operator/ (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_
 t &other)

Division of two complex numbers, result is a temporary object.

mha_complex_t operator- (const mha_complex_t &self)

Unary minus on a complex results in a negative temporary object.

• bool operator== (const mha_complex_t &x, const mha_complex_t &y)

Compare two complex numbers for equality.

• bool operator!= (const mha_complex_t &x, const mha_complex_t &y)

Compare two complex numbers for inequality.

void conjugate (mha_complex_t &self)

Replace (!) the value of this **mha_complex_t** (p. 123) with its conjugate.

void conjugate (mha spec t &self)

Replace (!) the value of this **mha_spec_t** (p. 141) with its conjugate.

mha_complex_t _conjugate (const mha_complex_t &self)

Compute the cojugate of this complex value.

void reciprocal (mha complex t &self)

Replace the value of this complex with its reciprocal.

mha_complex_t _reciprocal (const mha_complex_t &self)

compute the reciprocal of this complex value.

void normalize (mha_complex_t &self)

Divide a complex by its absolute value, thereby normalizing it (projecting onto the unit circle).

void normalize (mha_complex_t &self, mha_real_t margin)

Divide a complex by its absolute value, thereby normalizing it (projecting onto the unit circle), with a safety margin.

bool almost (const mha_complex_t &self, const mha_complex_t &other, mha_real_t times_epsilon=1e2)

Compare two complex numbers for equality except for a small relative error.

• bool operator< (const mha_complex_t &x, const mha_complex_t &y)

Compares the absolute values of two complex numbers.

• std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &o, const mha_complex_t &c)

ostream operator for **mha_complex_t** (p. 123)

std::istream & operator>> (std::istream &i, mha_complex_t &c)
 preliminary istream operator for mha_complex_t (p. 123) without error checking

mha_fft_t mha_fft_new (unsigned int n)

Create a new FFT handle.

void mha fft free (mha fft t h)

Destroy an FFT handle.

• void mha_fft_wave2spec (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t *in, mha_spec_t *out)

Tranform waveform segment into spectrum.

void mha_fft_wave2spec (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t *in, mha_spec_t *out, bool swaps)

Tranform waveform segment into spectrum.

• void mha_fft_spec2wave (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t *in, mha_wave_t *out)

Tranform spectrum into waveform segment.

void mha_fft_spec2wave (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t *in, mha_wave_t *out, unsigned int offset)

Tranform spectrum into waveform segment.

• void mha_fft_forward (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t *sIn, mha_spec_t *sOut)

Complex to complex FFT (forward).

• void mha_fft_backward (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t *sIn, mha_spec_t *sOut)

Complex to complex FFT (backward).

• void mha_fft_forward_scale (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t *sIn, mha_spec_t *sOut)

Complex to complex FFT (forward).

- void mha_fft_backward_scale (mha_fft_t h, mha_spec_t *sIn, mha_spec_t *sOut)

 Complex to complex FFT (backward).
- void mha_fft_wave2spec_scale (mha_fft_t h, const mha_wave_t *in, mha_spec_← t *out)

Tranform waveform segment into spectrum.

void mha_fft_spec2wave_scale (mha_fft_t h, const mha_spec_t *in, mha_wave_← t *out)

Tranform spectrum into waveform segment.

float MHAWindow::rect (float)

Rectangular window function.

float MHAWindow::bartlett (float)

Bartlett window function.

float MHAWindow::hanning (float)

Hanning window function.

float MHAWindow::hamming (float)

Hamming window function.

float MHAWindow::blackman (float)

Blackman window function.

template<class elem_type >

elem_type MHASignal::kth_smallest (elem_type array[], unsigned n, unsigned k)

Fast search for the kth smallest element of an array.

template<class elem_type >

elem_type MHASignal::median (elem_type array[], unsigned n)

Fast median search.

template < class elem type >

elem_type **MHASignal::mean** (const std::vector< elem_type > &data, elem_type start ← _val)

Calculate average of elements in a vector.

template < class elem_type >
 std::vector < elem_type > MHASignal::quantile (std::vector < elem_type > data, const std::vector < elem_type > &p)

Calculate quantile of elements in a vector.

 void MHASignal::saveas_mat4 (const mha_spec_t &data, const std::string &varname, FILE *fh)

Save a openMHA spectrum as a variable in a Matlab4 file.

 void MHASignal::saveas_mat4 (const mha_wave_t &data, const std::string &varname, FILE *fh)

Save a openMHA waveform as a variable in a Matlab4 file.

void MHASignal::saveas_mat4 (const std::vector< mha_real_t > &data, const std
 ::string &varname, FILE *fh)

Save a float vector as a variable in a Matlab4 file.

• void MHASignal::copy_permuted (mha_wave_t *dest, const mha_wave_t *src)

Copy contents of a waveform to a permuted waveform.

Variables

• unsigned long int **MHASignal::signal_counter** = 0 Signal counter to produce signal ID strings.

5.8.1 Detailed Description

The classes for waveform, spectrum and filterbank signals defined in this file are "intelligent" versions of the basic waveform, spectrum and filterbank structures used in the C function calls.

5.9 mha tablelookup.hh File Reference

Header file for table lookup classes.

Classes

class MHATableLookup::xy table t

Class for interpolation with non-equidistant x values.

Namespaces

MHATableLookup

Namespace for table lookup classes.

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