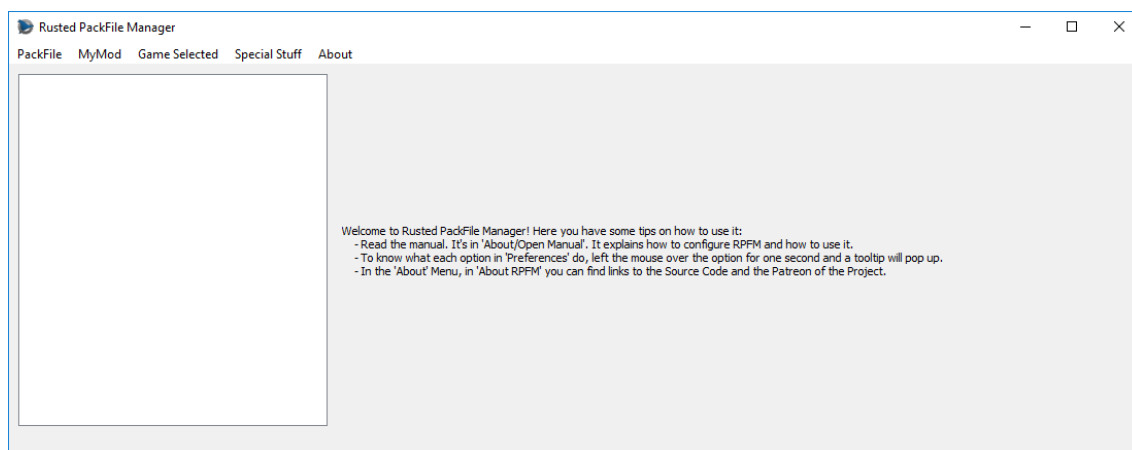


Rusted PackFile Manager

By *Ismael Gutiérrez González*, A.K.A “**Frodo45127**”

Version 1.3, available here: <https://github.com/Frodo45127/rpfm>

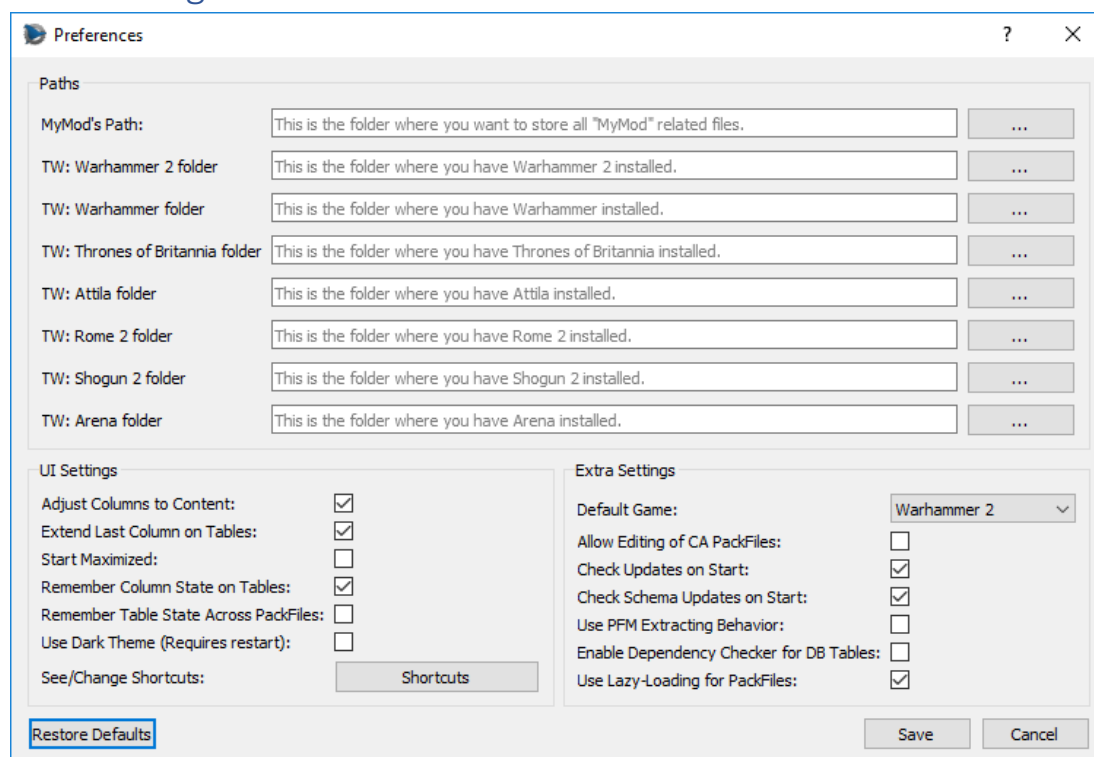
Introduction



This is **Rusted PackFile Manager**, or **RPFM**, a modding tool for modern Total War Games. If you've used PFM before, you can see it has a similar UI. It's done that way to make it easier to use for modders coming from PFM. We are going to do the initial configuration first, and then we are going to take a look at the different features RPFM has to offer.

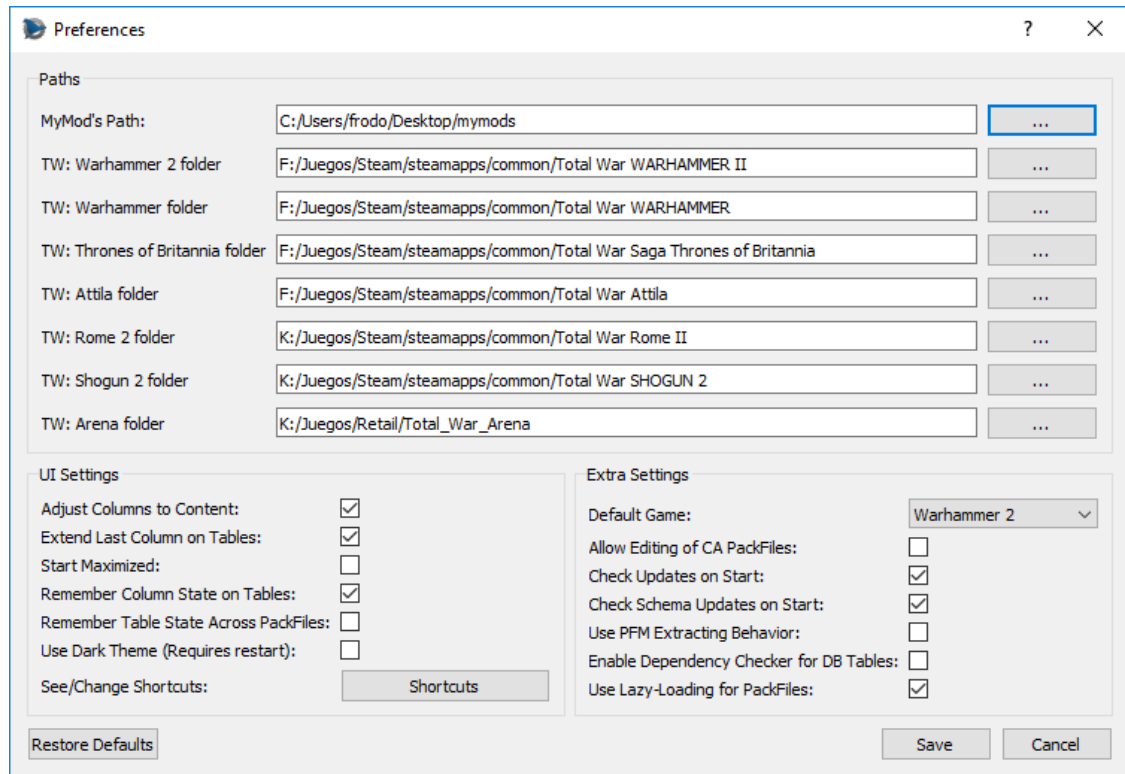
Remember that, since version 1.0, this manual should always be in RPFM's folder, or accessible from “**About/Open Manual**” in RPFM's Menu Bar, in case you want to check it later.

Initial Configuration

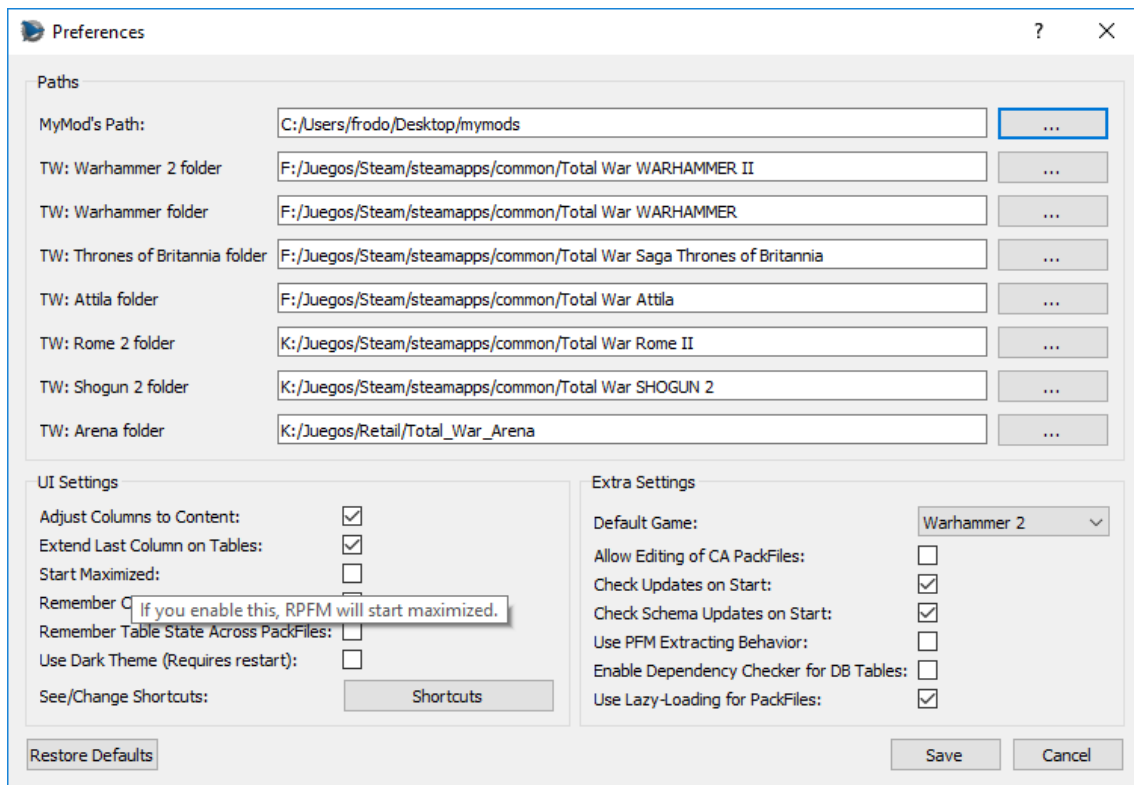


After the first start, we need to go to **“PackFile/Preferences”**, and configure the stuff we want. First, the **“MyMod”** Path. This is the path where **“MyMods”** and their data will be stored. We'll see later in the tutorial what this **“MyMods”** thing is. For this tutorial, we'll pick an empty folder. Then, the games paths. These are the folders where each game is installed. We'll fill the ones for the games we have installed.

In the end, it should look something like this:

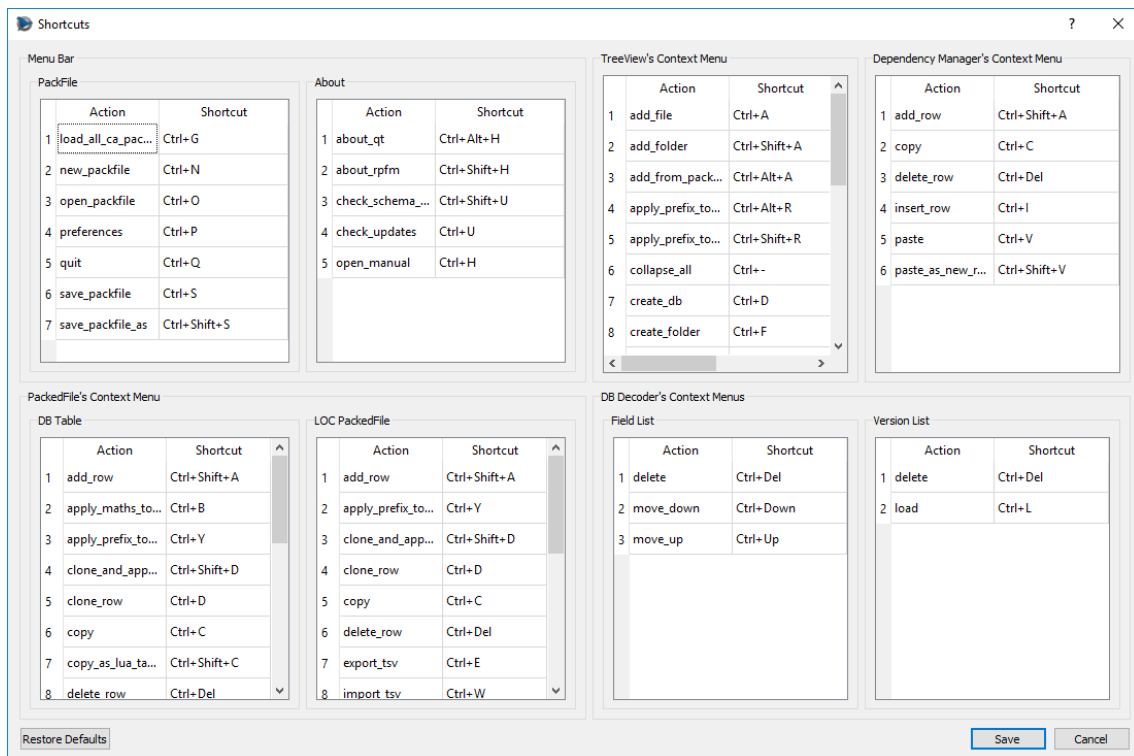


Now we choose our **“Default Game”**. RPFM uses a **“Game Selected”** setting to configure certain parts of the program to work with a game or another. For example, it changes the way the mods are saved, the default folder to save them, the schema used for the tables,.... Here you can set the game that'll be selected by default when you open the program. We'll leave it in **“Warhammer 2”** for this tutorial. Next, all these checkboxes. You can get an explanation about what they do just by hovering them with the mouse, like this.



One special setting is the **“Use Dark Theme”** checkbox. That setting is only available in Windows. The Linux version uses the system’s Qt Theme instead.

And finally, the **“Shortcuts”** button. Hitting it will open the **“Shortcuts”** window, where you can see and edit all the shortcuts currently used by RPFM.



Just keep in mind that some of **the shortcuts are applied when the program starts**, so you’ll have to close and re-open RPFM for the changes to take effect.

When you're done with the settings, just hit "**Save**". You can restore them to the defaults with the button of the left (same for the shortcuts with their "**Restore Defaults**" button).

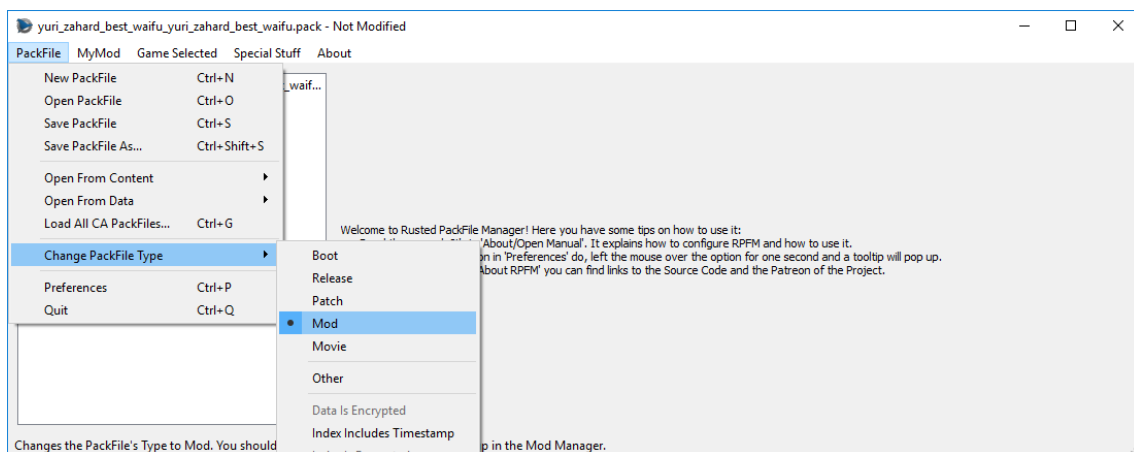
With that, we have completed the initial configuration. Starting on version 1.0, new updates should continue to work with the same settings/shortcuts (as long as new big things aren't added), updating them automatically in case a new setting/shortcut is introduced, storing the saved configurations in the files "**settings.json**" and "**shortcuts.json**", in RPFM's folder.

So now that we're done configuring RPFM, let's take a look at the features it has to offer.

Menu Bar Features

Any action in the Menu Bar has a little tip that'll show up in the Status Bar when selecting it, just in case you want to know what them do. So, we are going to explain here the.... Not very common features, menu by menu.

PackFile Menu

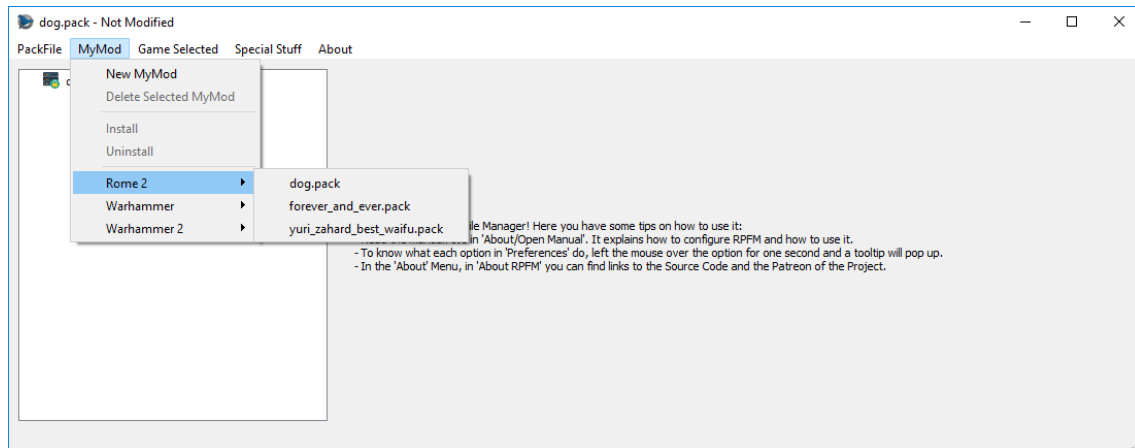


Here, we can find the "Basic" actions: **New**, **Open**, **Save**, **Save As**, **Preferences** and **Quit**. Then we have some extra actions:

- **Open From Content.../xxx.pack**: Open the selected PackFile from the "Content" folder (Workshop mods) of the game. Requires the game's path to be configured.
- **Open From Data.../xxx.pack**: Open the selected PackFile from the "Data" folder of the game. Requires the game's path to be configured.
- **Load All CA PackFiles**: Creates a fake PackFile in memory and tries to load into it all the data from every Vanilla PackFile of the game. Keep in mind that this takes a while and may fail to work with PackFile with any kind of encryption.
- **Change PackFile Type**: Allows you to change the open PackFile's Type and configure some options for it. About the types, for modding you'll only want to use the "**Mod**" type, and maybe, in very specific situations, the "**Movie**" type. "**Boot**", "**Release**", and "**Patch**" are types used by CA PackFiles, not suitable for modding. "**Other**" is for weird or special PackFiles. Do not use it.

Something to remember is that, by default, RPFM doesn't let you save a PackFile if it's "**Boot**", "**Release**" or "**Patch**". If you still want to do it, enable the "Allow Editing of CA PackFiles" setting. "**Other**" PackFiles and PackFiles with "**Data Is Encrypted**", "**Index Is Encrypted**" or "**Header Is Extended**" cannot be saved in any way.

MyMod's Menu

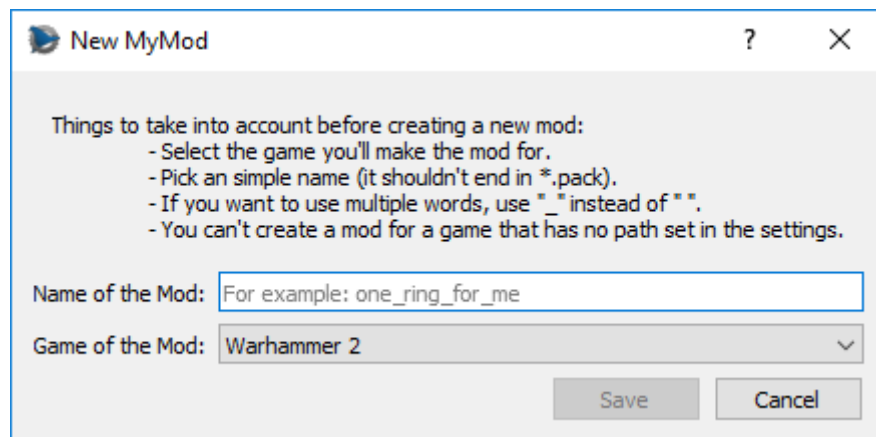


MyMods are a way to keep data organized when creating a mod. The system is almost a 1:1 clone of PFM's "MyMods" feature so it should be easy to use for veterans too.

To those new with the concept, each "MyMod" has a **PackFile (the mod)** and a **folder**. Each time you extract something from the PackFile, it'll be automatically extracted in his folder, mirroring the structure it has in the PackFile. For example, extracting a table will result in the table being extracted at `"mymod_folder/db/table_name/file"`. Adding Files/Folders from the MyMod folder will also add them mirroring the path they have. For example, adding a file from `"mymod_folder/db/table_name/file"` will add the file in `"PackFile/db/table_name/file"`.

This makes easier to keep track of the mod files, and you can even put that folder under .git, or any other version control system.

To create a MyMod, just hit "**MyMod/New MyMod**" and this dialog will appear:



Here you can configure the name and game the mod is for. Once you hit save, your new **MyMod** will be created and opened.

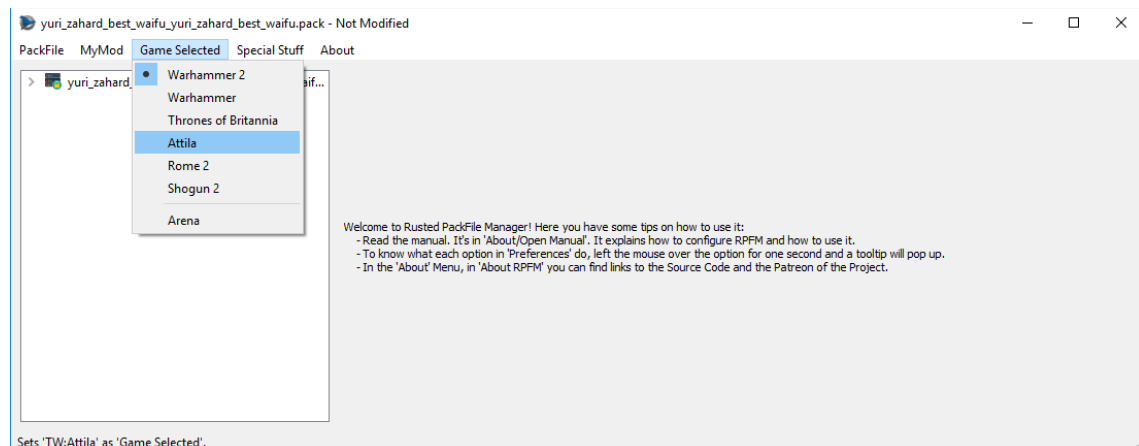
To delete a **MyMod**, open it and hit "**MyMod/Delete Selected MyMod**". As this operation will delete the MyMod and the folder, a warning will popup, just in case.

Once you want to test your mod in the game, hit "**MyMod/Install**" and the PackFile will automatically be copied to the /data folder of the game, ready to test. If you make any change in the mod, you'll need to hit install again to update the /data copy of the mod.

If you don't want your mod to show up ingame anymore, hit **"MyMod/Uninstall"**. This will remove your mod from the data folder.

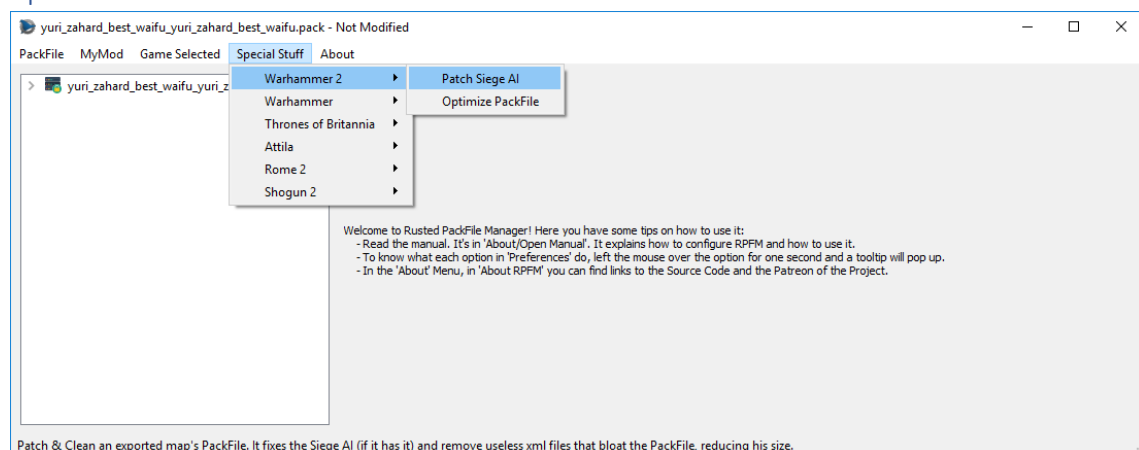
Keep in mind that, to execute those last two commands, you need to have your *MyMod* open. Under them you'll find the list of *MyMods* you've created, separated by game. Only *MyMod* PackFiles opened from these submenus or created using **"MyMod/New MyMod"** will enjoy the features like keeping the paths when adding/extracting files. Manually opened *MyMods* will be treated as regular PackFiles.

Game Selected Menu



This is where you choose the **"Game Selected"** we talked before. When opening PackFiles, RPFM tries to be smart and auto-select a game, but there are some PackFiles that are the same between games (for example, Attila and Warhammer 1 PackFiles are identical), so... just make sure the right game is selected after opening a PackFile, as that affects how many parts of the program work. Also, **Arena support is READ-ONLY**. You can't save Arena PackFiles.

Special Stuff Menu

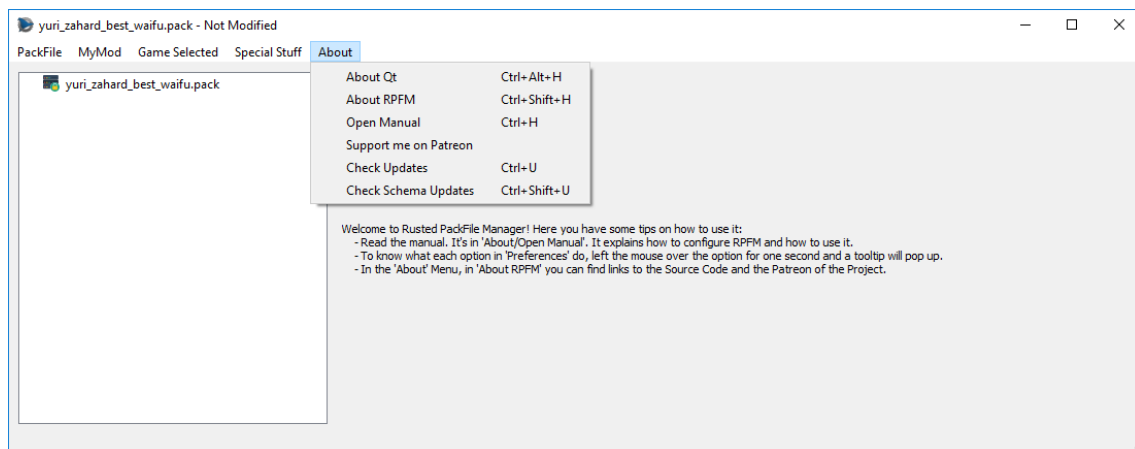


This has special features implemented for specific games. Here we have **"Patch SiegeAI"**, used in Warhammer 1&2 for creating siege maps that the AI can handle.

Also, we have **"Optimize PackFile"**, that reduces the size of your PackFile by *"cleaning"* your tables from data that's the same as the one present in the game. It also does the same for Loc PackedFiles, if you have the game's language set to "English". For example, if you have a table where all rows but one are exactly the same as the ones in vanilla tables and another table that's a 1:1 copy of a vanilla table without changes, RPFM remove all the rows but the one you

changed from the first table, and it'll remove the second table. This is meant to **improve compatibility with other mods**, and to reduce the size of the PackFile.

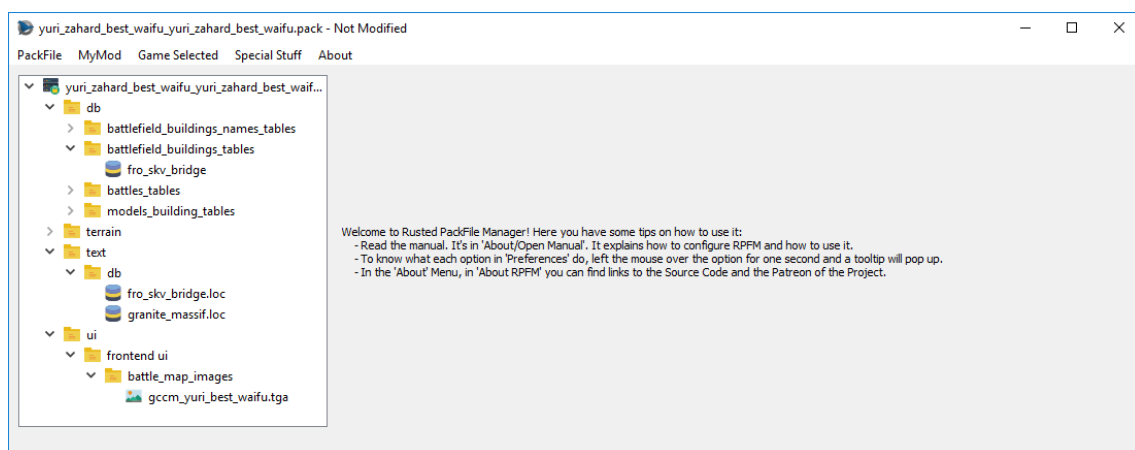
About Menu



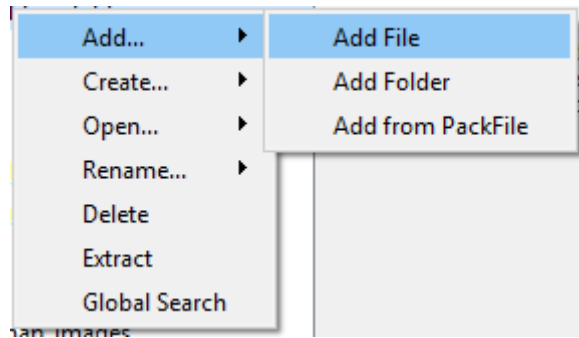
Here you can find info **“About Qt”** (the UI toolkit use to make RPFM), **“About RPFM”**, a button to open this manual in an PDF Reader, a link to RPFM's Patreon that I'm using for important releases, and as a kind of dev blog, and the updaters. The **“Check Updates”** checks if there is any update available for RPFM, and it gives you a link to download it if it finds one. And **“Check Schema Updates”** checks for schema updates and downloads and applies them if you wish. The **“Schema”** is what tells RPFM how to decode the tables of the game. It's very common that after an update a few tables change his structure and are no longer decodables. To get them to work again, the schema has to be updated.

And that's all for the Menu Bar. Now we'll take a look at the TreeView. The TreeView is where all the files inside the PackFile will show up.

PackFile's TreeView



That thing on the left with folders and stuff is the **“TreeView”**. When you Right-Click on any of that stuff, it shows this context menu:



These are the actions we can use to alter the PackFile. Each one of them has a hotkey, in case you're a lazy bastard. These are all the actions in the menu:

- **Add.../Add File:** Allows you to add one or more files to the PackFile.
- **Add.../Add Folder:** Allows you to add a folder to the PackFile.
- **Add.../Add from PackFile:** Allows you to add files or folders from another PackFile. Just, select whatever you want to add, double click it and it'll be added to your PackFile, keeping his path.
- **Create.../Create Folder:** Allows you to create an empty folder. Due to how PackFiles work empty folders are not saved so, if you want to keep the folder, add a file to it.
- **Create .../Create Loc:** Allows you to create an empty Loc PackedFile.
- **Create .../Create DB:** Allows you to create an empty DB Table.
- **Create .../Create Text:** Allows you to create an empty text file.
- **Create .../Mass-Import TSV:** Allows you to import a bunch of TSV files at once. The system is able to distinguish between DB and Loc TSV files, so you can import all of them at the same time, and RPFM will create all the files needed, in their correct place.
- **Create .../Mass-Export TSV:** Allows you to export as TSV every DB Table and Loc PackedFiles inside your PackFile at once.
- **Open .../Open with Decoder:** Allows you to open a table in the DB Decoder. Only used to decode new tables, so.... You shouldn't touch this.
- **Open .../Open Dependency Manager:** Allows you to open the list of dependencies included in the PackFile. Read a bit more to see what this Dependency Manager thing is about.
- **Open .../Open with External Program:** Allows you to open a PackedFile with an external program. Keep in mind that, if you modify the file, changes will NOT BE INCLUDED in the PackedFile itself, but in a file in the TMP folder of your system. If you want to conserve these changes, save that file somewhere, edit it and then add it back to the PackFile.
- **Open.../Open in Multi-View:** Allows you to open a PackFile in a "secondary view", so you can have up to two PackedFiles open side-by-side.
- **Rename .../Rename Current:** Allows you to rename whatever is selected, except the PackFile.
- **Rename .../Apply Prefix to Selected:** Allows you to apply a prefix to every file inside the selected folder.
- **Rename .../Apply Prefix to All:** Allows you to apply a prefix to every file in the PackFile.
- **Delete:** Allows you to delete whatever is selected. If the PackFile is selected, it removes every file from it.
- **Extract:** Allows you to extract whatever is selected out of the PackFile.

- **Global Search:** Allows you to perform a simple search across every DB Table or Loc PackedFile inside your PackFile, providing you with a filterable list of results.

Additionally, with the shortcuts “**Ctrl++**” and “**Ctrl+-**” you can expand/collapse the entire TreeView. This action is shortcut only, it’s not in the Contextual Menu.

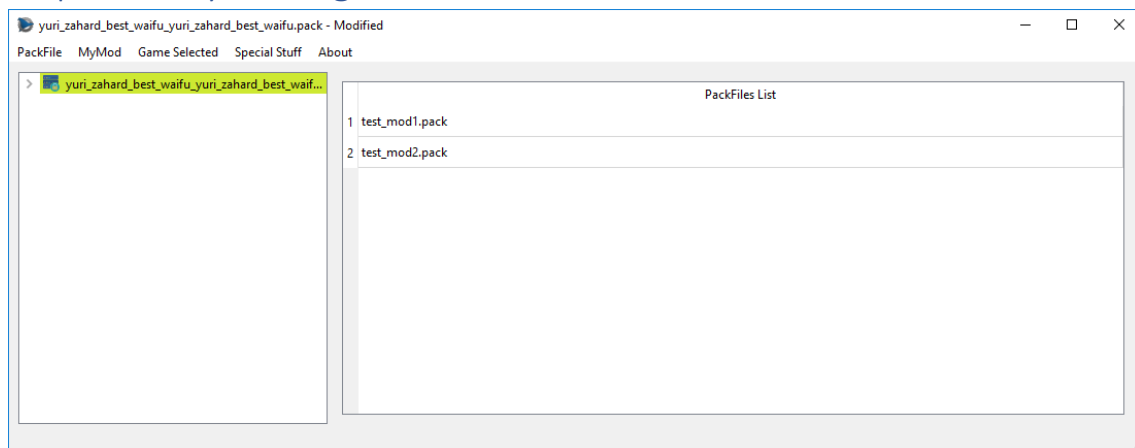
Keep in mind that the availability of these actions depends on what is selected, and on the currently loaded schemas and Dependency PackFile. For example, you can’t add anything if you have selected a PackedFile. Also, keep in mind that if there is a “*MyMod*” loaded, some of these actions may work different.

Also, when you add/modify a file, it changes in the TreeView with the following colour code:

- **Green/Dark Green:** added file.
- **Yellow/Dark Yellow:** modified file.
- **Magenta/Dark Magenta:** added AND modified file.

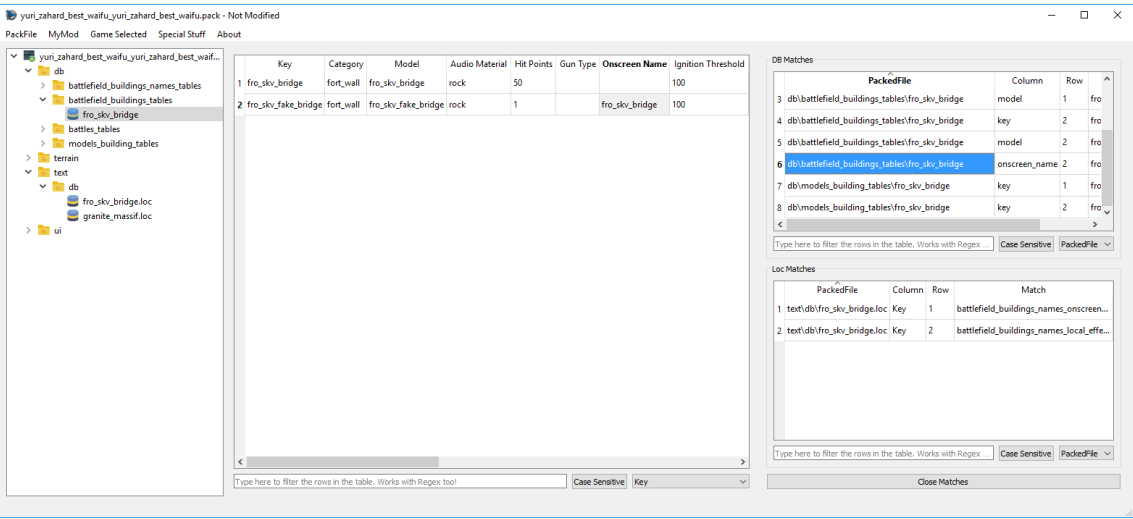
This colour code is applied to the parents too, up to the PackFile, so you easily know what you changed since the last time you saved the PackFile.

Dependency Manager



The **Dependency Manager** allows you to modify a special list of PackFiles saved inside your mod’s PackFile. When starting the game, the launcher will try to load the PackFiles in this list BEFORE your PackFile. If a PackFile is not found, it’ll be ignored. This list can be used to hardcode dependencies into your PackFile. In his Contextual Menu (right-click) you can find some basic commands to manipulate the list, like **Add Row, Insert Row, Copy, Paste...**

Global Search



Global Search allows you to perform a simple search (accepts Regex) across every DB Table or Loc PackedFile inside your PackFile, providing you with a filterable list of results in the right of the screen. You can use it from the TreeView's Context Menu, or with the shortcut **"Ctrl+Shift+F"** while the TreeView is focused.

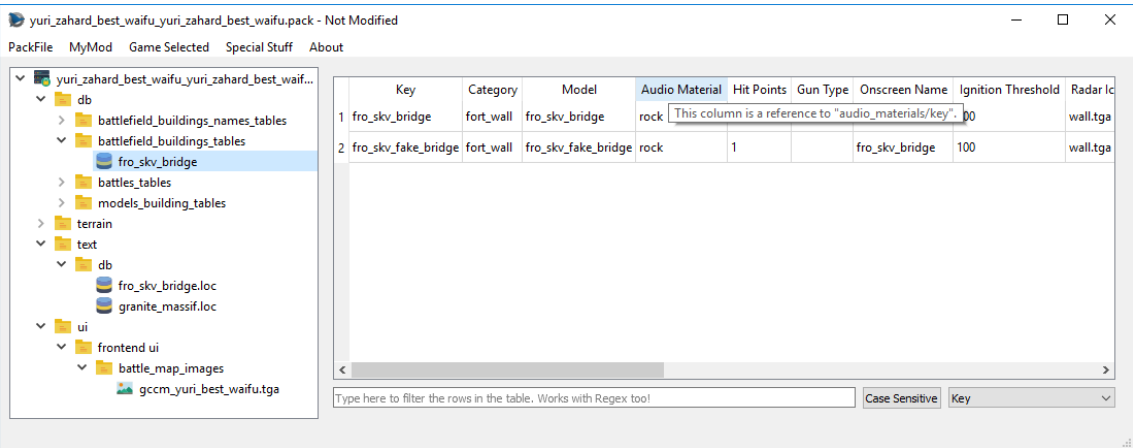
The **"Matches"** lists on the right of the screen shows every match for your search in **DB Tables** (top table) and **Loc PackedFiles** (bottom table). Both lists **are filterable** (with regex support) and contain the path to the PackedFile, Column, Row, and Matched Text. If you double-click on them, their PackedFile **will be open and the match selected**. Also, these lists are updated when you make changes, so if you, for example, remove a match from a table, that match will be removed on-the-fly from the list.

The only inconvenient is that doing this in PackFiles with an enormous number of tables and a brutal number of matches will cause RPFM to hang a second after each edit.

PackedFile's Views

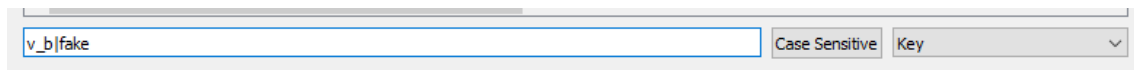
Now, time to see the views of each PackedFile's Type RPFM can open.

DB PackedFiles



These are encoded tables with most of the “*data*” of the games. This is how a DB Table shows up in RPFM. First, if you hover over the header of any column that references another table, or has a “*description*” in the schema, you can see in the tooltip to what that column references. All columns are also movable, so you can arrange them however you want. Also, numeric columns have a numeric-only editor, and reference columns allows you to choose from the referenced data or to write your own data (no more swapping tables trying to copy paste a key).

In the bottom of the window you have a **real-time filter**. Select the column you want to use to filter, if you want it to filter as “*Case Sensitive*”, and just write and see how the table gets filtered as you type. It works with Regex too. For example, the following will only show up the rows that contain in their “*Key*” column “**v_b**” or “**fake**”:

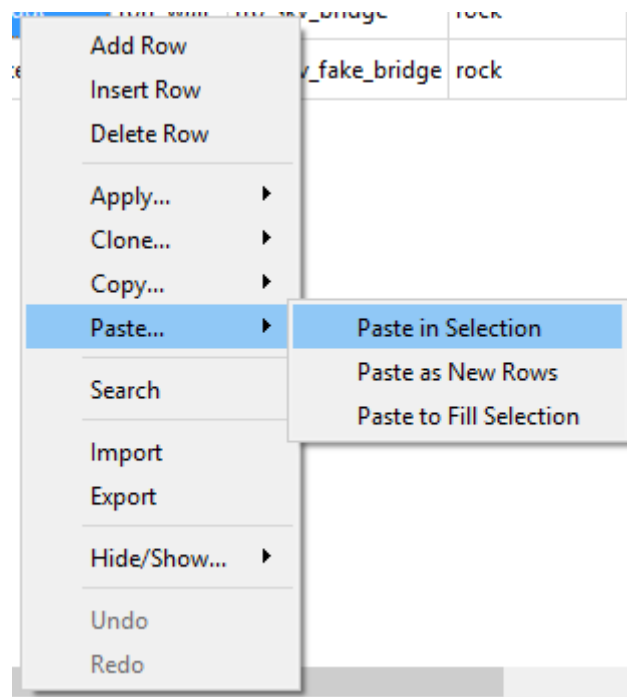


Here you have a “**Regex Cheatsheet**” in case you want to use more complex filters:

<https://www.cheatography.com/davechild/cheat-sheets/regular-expressions/>

One last thing to consider is that the “*Filter*” settings you use on a table, along with the “*Search&Replace*” settings (and the “*Column State*” if you enabled it in the “*Preferences*” dialog) are remembered so, if you close the table and open it again later, it’ll have the “*Filter*” and the “*Search&Replace*” panels just like you left them. This memory lasts only until the open PackFile changes, but you can configure RPFM to remember it even in that case by enabling “**Remember Table State Across PackFiles**” in the “*Preferences*” dialog.

Now, with the Right-Click Menu:



These are all the actions available for tables:

- **Add Row:** Appends an empty row at the end of the table.
- **Insert Row:** Insert an empty row after every row with a selected cell.

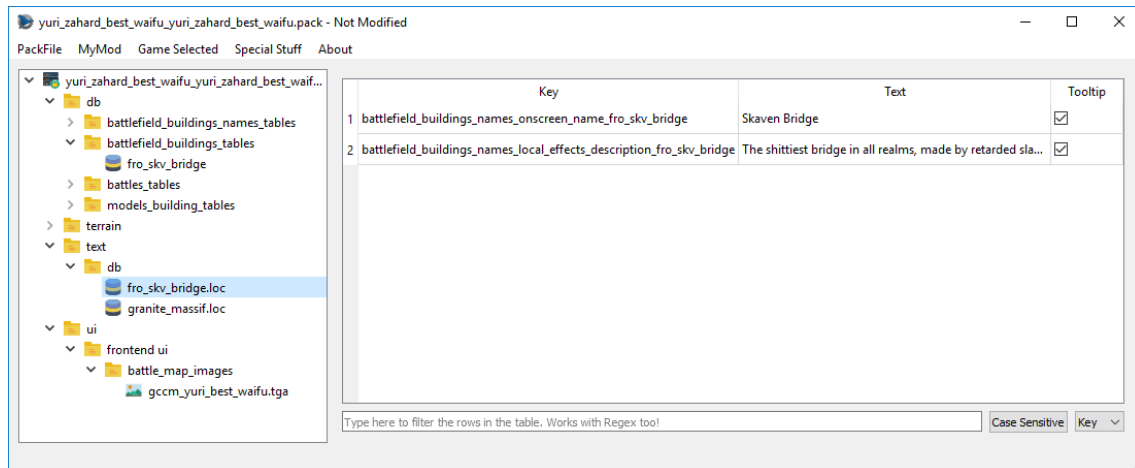
- **Delete Row:** Uses the computational power of your GPU to mine cryptocurrencies. Joking, it deletes any row with a selected cell.
- **Apply.../Apply Maths to Selection:** Allows you to apply a mathematical operation to the selected cells. Only enabled if all the selected cells are numeric cells.
- **Apply.../Apply Prefix to Selection:** Allows you to apply a prefix to the text in the selected cells. Only enabled if all the selected cells are text cells.
- **Clone.../Clone and Insert:** Creates a duplicate of every row with a selected cell and inserts the duplicate just below the original row.
- **Clone.../Clone and Append:** Creates a duplicate of every row with a selected cell and appends the duplicates at the end of the table.
- **Copy .../Copy:** It copies whatever is selected to the Clipboard, in a format compatible with Excel, LibreOffice Calc and others.
- **Copy .../Copy as LUA Table:** It copies the entire table as a Lua "Map<String, Vector<data>>" if the table has a key field, or as a series of Vectors if it hasn't, ready to paste it in a script. For scripters.
- **Paste.../Paste in Selection:** It tries to paste whatever is in the Clipboard to the selected cells. It does nothing if there are no selected cells, or the clipboard's contents cannot be pasted into the selected cells without errors. This works by pasting until it ran out of selected cells, or contents to paste.
- **Paste.../Paste as New Rows:** It tries to paste whatever is in the Clipboard as new rows, appended at the end of the table. It doesn't do anything if the contents of the Clipboard cannot be pasted without errors. In case the contents could be pasted as a "Partial" row, it creates an empty row, and paste what it can paste, leaving the rest of the row empty.
- **Paste.../Paste to Fill Selection:** It tries to paste whatever is in the in every selected cell.
- **Search:** Open the "**Search&Replace**" panel, that you can use to search any text pattern you want in the table, and replace it if you want. It works in combination with the filter, so you can even do more precise searches combining them!
- **Import:** Allows you to import TSV files to the table, overwriting whatever the table currently has. **IT'S NOT COMPATIBLE WITH PFM TSV FILES.**
- **Export:** Allows you to export the table as a TSV File, compatible with Excel, Calc....
- **Hide/Show.../xxx:** Allows you to hide/show the columns of the table at will. If the right setting is enabled in the preferences, this configuration is remembered when changing between tables.
- **Undo:** Allows you to undo... almost every action done in the table. Even TSV Imports.
- **Redo:** Allows you to undo every undo action. This goes deeper into the rabbit hole...

Tables uses the same colour code for cells and rows as the TreeView. And that's more or less what you can do with a DB Table.

Apart of these, the "**Del**" key in DB Tables and PackedFiles acts as an "**Smart Delete**" key. This means depending on what you have selected when you press "Delete" it'll delete:

- **If you have selected random cells,** it'll delete their contents.
- **If you have selected a full row,** it'll remove the row from the table.
- **If you have a combination of both,** it'll delete rows where all cells are selected, and it'll delete the contents of the cells where not all cells in a row are selected. Fancy.

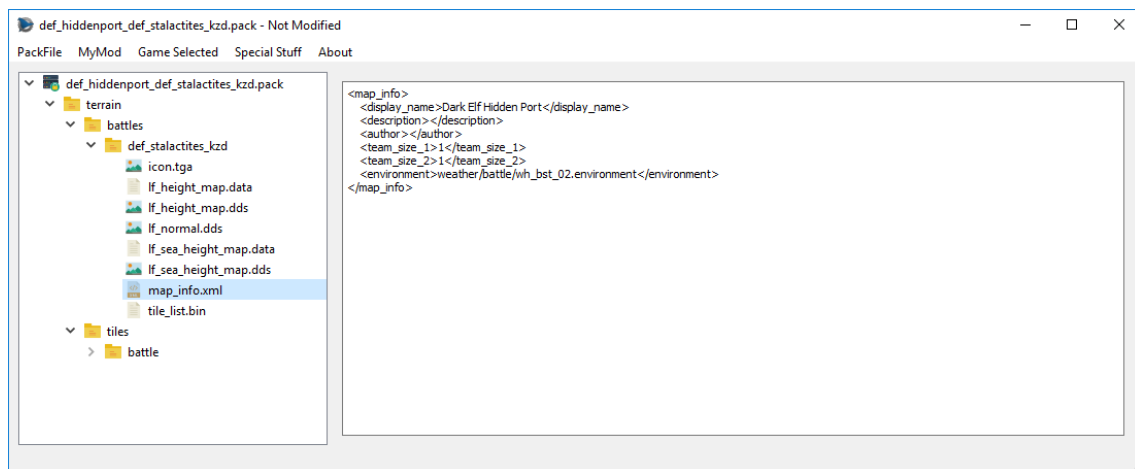
LOC PackedFiles



Loc PackedFiles are files that end in **“.loc”**, and contain most of the texts you see ingame. When you open them, you can see they work like a... minimal DB Table. The only real difference with tables is that it doesn't have a **“Apply Maths to Selection”** action. Other than that, it's just a little table. Loc PackedFiles uses the same colour code for cells and rows as the TreeView.

One thing to take into account is that if you want to write multiple lines in a cell (for example, for multiple paragraphs in one single cell) you can write **“\n”** and RPFM will take care of saving it properly, so you see multiple lines ingame. Same with **“\t”** for tabulations.

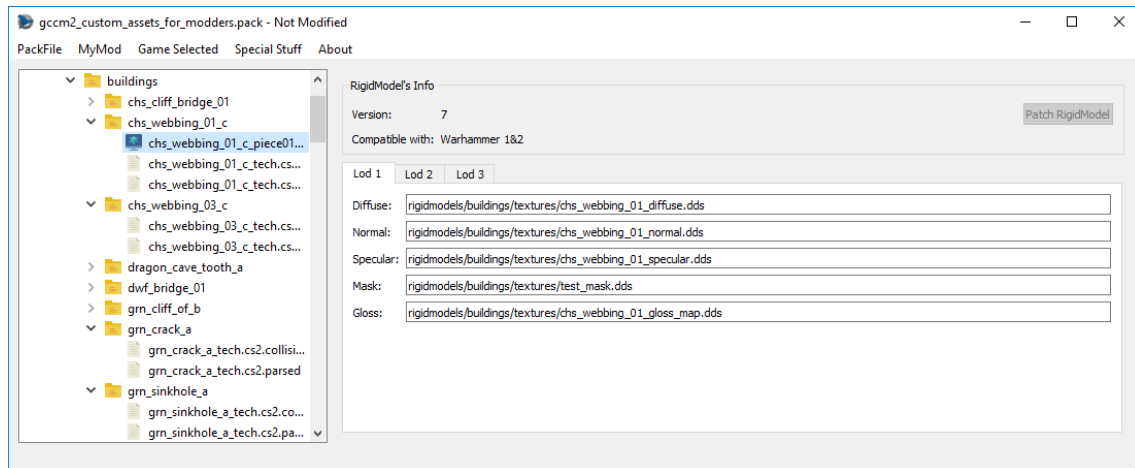
Text PackedFiles



RPFM can open and edit a wide variety of Text PackedFiles, such as **XML, HTML, LUA, TXT,....** It has native **Undo/Redo support, Copy/Paste support...** the normal things for a basic text editor.

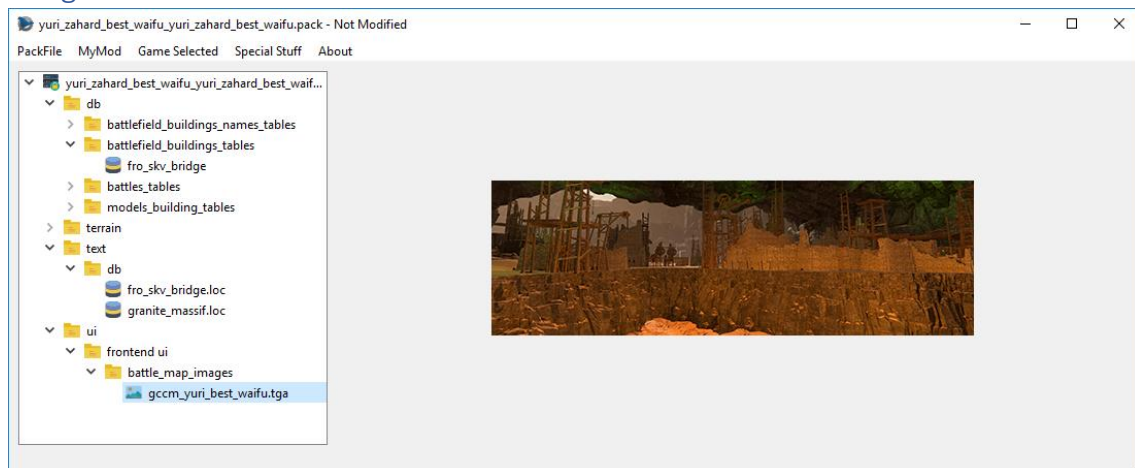
Also, exclusive for Warhammer 2 Lua files, there is an option to **“Check Syntax”**. This will pass the file through **Kailua** (if installed and in the Path) and return you a list of errors encountered. Keep in mind this is experimental, exclusive to Warhammer 2 Lua Files and it may fail.

Rigid Model PackedFiles



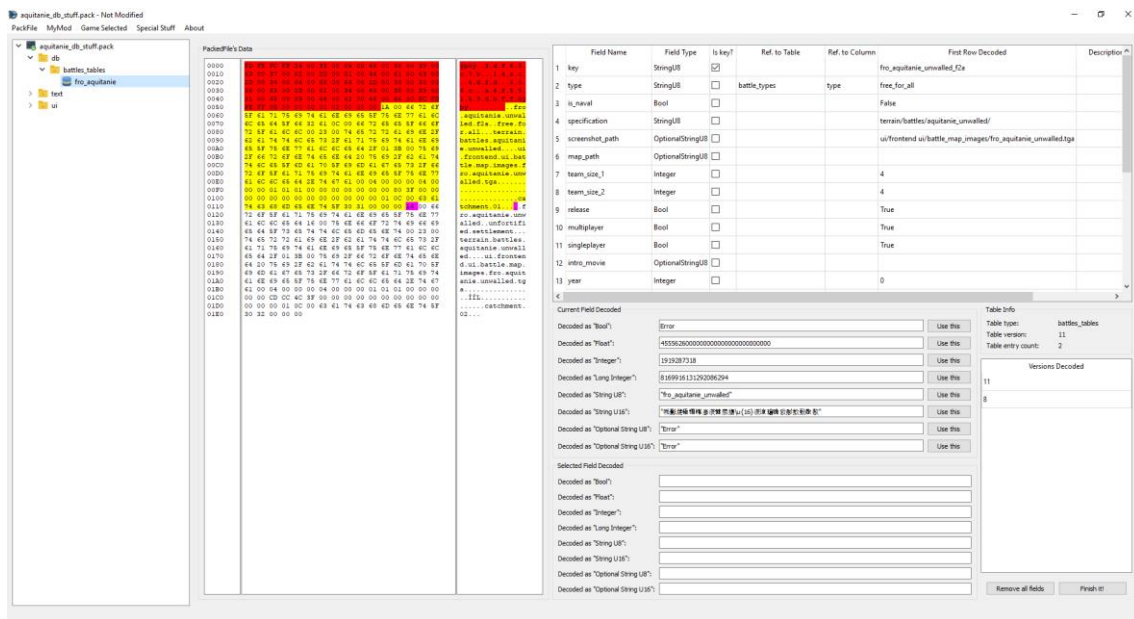
RPFM allows some limited editing of RigidModels (3D models). It allows you to change any of the textures each model uses and to patch Attila's RigidModels for being loadable in Warhammer games (just the model, it doesn't patch collisions or logic). It doesn't work with all the RigidModels.

Image PackedFiles



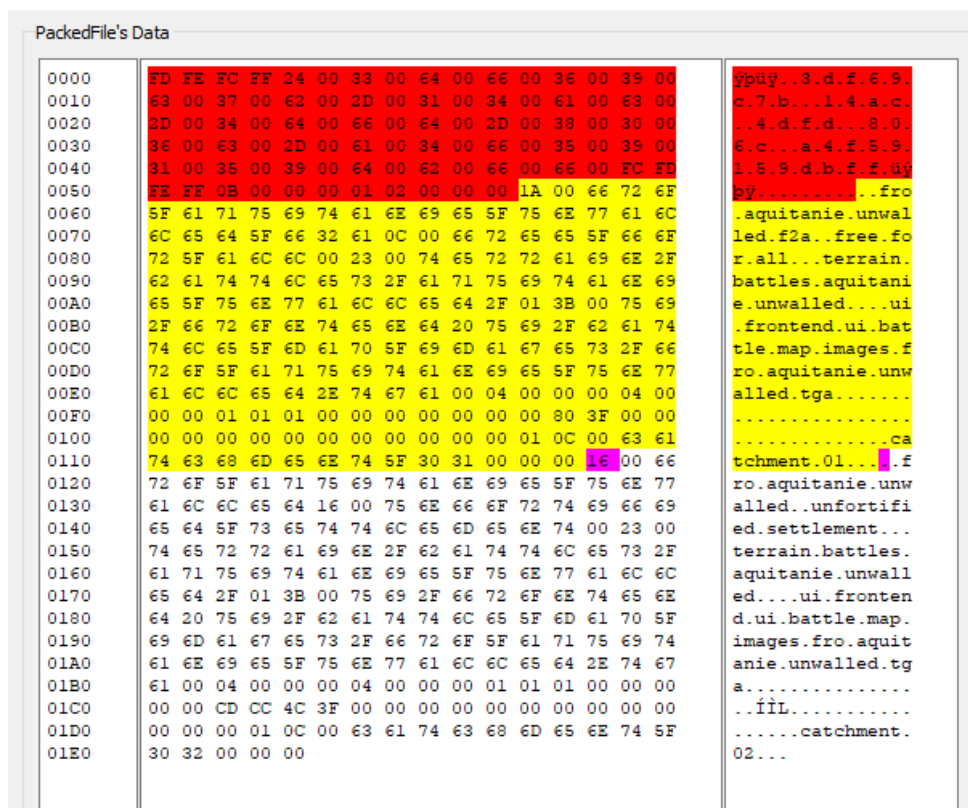
RPFM can open a variety of image formats, such as **PNG, JPG, TGA, DDS (most of them)**... Just select the image you want to see, and it'll open in the right side of the window.

DB Decoder



RPFM has an integrated database decoder, to speed up a lot the decoding process of the **“structure”** (or **“Definition”**) of a table. It can be opened by right-clicking on a table and selecting **“Open/Open with Decoder”**. Only works on tables.

Starting by the left we have this:



This is the **“PackedFile's Data”** view. It's similar to a hexadecimal editor, but far less powerful, and it's not editable. In the middle you have **“Raw Hexadecimal Data”**, and in the right, you have a **“Decoded”** version of that data. To make it easier to work with it, both scrolling and

selection are synchronised between both TextViews. So you can select a byte in the middle view, and it'll get selected in the right one too. The colour code here means:

- **Red**: header of the table. It contains certain info about what's in the table.
- **Yellow**: the part of the table already decoded following the structure from the fields table.
- **Magenta**: the byte where the next field after all the fields from the fields table starts.

For performance reasons, this view is limited to 60 lines, which should be more than enough to decode the first row of almost every table.

Next, to the right, we have this:

| | Field Name | Field Type | Is key? | Ref. to Table | Ref. to Column | First Row Decoded | Description ^ |
|----|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | key | StringU8 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | | fro_aquitania_unwalled_f2a | |
| 2 | type | StringU8 | <input type="checkbox"/> | battle_types | type | free_for_all | |
| 3 | is_naval | Bool | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | False | |
| 4 | specification | StringU8 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | terrain/battles/aquitania_unwalled/ | |
| 5 | screenshot_path | OptionalStringU8 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | ui/frontend ui/battle_map_images/fro_aquitania_unwalled.tga | |
| 6 | map_path | OptionalStringU8 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | |
| 7 | team_size_1 | Integer | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | 4 | |
| 8 | team_size_2 | Integer | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | 4 | |
| 9 | release | Bool | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | True | |
| 10 | multiplayer | Bool | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | True | |
| 11 | singleplayer | Bool | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | True | |
| 12 | intro_movie | OptionalStringU8 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | |
| 13 | year | Integer | <input type="checkbox"/> | | | 0 | |

This is the **“Fields List”**. Here are all the columns this table has, including their title, type, if they are a **“key”** column, their relation with other tables/columns, the decoded data on each field of the first row of the table, and a **“Description”** field, to add commentaries that’ll show up when hovering a cell of that column with the mouse.

If we right-click in any field of the table, we have these three self-explanatory options to help us with the decoding:

| | |
|-------------|------------------|
| map_path | OptionalStringU8 |
| team_size_1 | |
| team_size_2 | |
| release | Bool |

And finally, under the table, we have this:

| Current Field Decoded | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Decoded as "Bool": | <input type="text" value="Error"/> <button>Use this</button> |
| Decoded as "Float": | <input type="text" value="45556260000000000000000000000000"/> <button>Use this</button> |
| Decoded as "Integer": | <input type="text" value="1919287318"/> <button>Use this</button> |
| Decoded as "Long Integer": | <input type="text" value="8169916131292086294"/> <button>Use this</button> |
| Decoded as "String U8": | <input type="text" value="'fro_aquitanie_unwalled'"/> <button>Use this</button> |
| Decoded as "String U16": | <input type="text" value="'雉影健極惜精差淡樵茶漢\u{16}漢漢端曉致形款款歌歌'"/> <button>Use this</button> |
| Decoded as "Optional String U8": | <input type="text" value="'Error'"/> <button>Use this</button> |
| Decoded as "Optional String U16": | <input type="text" value="'Error'"/> <button>Use this</button> |

| Selected Field Decoded | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Decoded as "Bool": | <input type="text"/> |
| Decoded as "Float": | <input type="text"/> |
| Decoded as "Integer": | <input type="text"/> |
| Decoded as "Long Integer": | <input type="text"/> |
| Decoded as "String U8": | <input type="text"/> |
| Decoded as "String U16": | <input type="text"/> |
| Decoded as "Optional String U8": | <input type="text"/> |
| Decoded as "Optional String U16": | <input type="text"/> |

| Table Info | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Table type: | battles_tables |
| Table version: | 11 |
| Table entry count: | 2 |

| Versions Decoded | |
|------------------|--|
| 11 | |
| 8 | |

The “**Current Field Decoded**” will show up the field that starts in the magenta byte of the “*PackedFile’s Data*” View, decoded in the different types the tables use. His use is simple: check what type makes more sense (for example, in the screenshot, it’s evidently a “*StringU8*”), and click the “**Use this**” button in his row. Doing that will add a field of that type to the “Fields List”, and it’ll update the “*PackedFile’s Data*” View to show where the next field starts. Keep doing that until you think you’ve decoded the complete first row of the table, hit “**Finish It!**” at the right bottom corner, and select the table again. If the decoding is correct, the table will open. And that’s how I met your mother you decode a table.

Under “**Current Field Decoded**” we have “**Selected Field Decoded**”. It does the same that “**Current Field Decoded**”, but from the byte you selected in the “**PackedFile’s Data**” View. Just select a byte and it’ll try to decode any possible field starting from it. It’s for helping decoding complex tables.

To the right, we have a list of data about the table, and the list of versions of that table we have a definition for. If we right-click in one of them, we can load that version (useful to have something to start when a table gets “*updated*” in a patch) or delete it (in case we make a totally disaster and don’t want it to be in the schema).

| Versions Decoded | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 11 | <div>Load</div> <div>Delete</div> |
| 8 | |

And at the bottom, we have the “**Remove all fields**” and “**Finish It!**” buttons. The first one clears the “*Fields List*” and reset the decoding process. The second one saves the current “*Fields List*” into the game’s schema and reloads the schema, so the changes can be used immediately.

Extras

- Basic shortcuts (non-editable) for EVERY Table View provided by Qt:

| Keys | Functionality |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Arrow keys | Changes the current item and selects it. |
| Ctrl+Arrow keys | Changes the current item but does not select it. |
| Shift+Arrow keys | Changes the current item and selects it. The previously selected item(s) is not deselected. |
| Ctrl+Space | Toggles selection of the current item. |
| Tab/Backtab | Changes the current item to the next/previous item. |
| Home/End | Selects the first/last item in the model. |
| Page up/Page down | Scrolls the rows shown up/down by the number of visible rows in the view. |
| Ctrl+A | Selects all items in the model. |

- If RPFM crashes, it'll generate an error log in his folder called "error-report-xxxxxxx.toml". That file can help me find the problem, so if you want to help reporting the bug, send me that file too.