

## planetmath.org

Math for the people, by the people.

## wreath product

Canonical name WreathProduct
Date of creation 2014-12-30 11:23:20
Last modified on 2014-12-30 11:23:20

Owner mps (409)

Last modified by juanman (12619)

Numerical id 21

Author mps (12619)
Entry type Definition
Classification msc 20E22
Defines wreath product

Let A and B be groups, and let B act on the set  $\Gamma$ . Define the action of B on the direct product  $A^{\Gamma}$  by

$$bf(\gamma) := f(b^{-1}\gamma),$$

for any  $f \in A^{\Gamma}$  and  $\gamma \in \Gamma$ . The wreath product of A and B according to the action of B on  $\Gamma$ , denoted  $A \wr_{\Gamma} B$ , is the semidirect product of groups  $A^{\Gamma} \rtimes B$ .

Let us pause to unwind this definition. The elements of  $A \wr_{\Gamma} B$  are ordered pairs (f, b), where  $f \in A^{\Gamma}$  and  $b \in B$ . The group operation is given by

$$(f,b)(f',b') = (fbf',bb').$$

Note that by definition of the action of B on  $A^{\Gamma}$ ,

$$(fbf')(\gamma) = f(\gamma)f'(b^{-1}\gamma).$$

The action of B on  $\Gamma$  in the semidirect product permutes the elements of a tuple  $f \in A^{\Gamma}$ , and the group operation defined on  $A^{\Gamma}$  gives pointwise multiplication. To be explicit, suppose  $\Gamma$  is an n-tuple, and let (f, b),  $(f', b') \in A \wr_{\Gamma} B$ . Let  $b_i$  denote  $b^{-1}(i)$ . Then

$$(f,b)(f',b') = ((f(1), f(2), ..., f(n)), b)((f'(1), f'(2), ..., f'(n)), b')$$

$$= ((f(1), f(2), ..., f(n))(f'(b_1), f'(b_2), ..., f'(b_n)), bb')(*)$$

$$= ((f(1)f'(b_1), f(2)f'(b_2), ..., f(n)f'(b_n)), bb').$$

Notice the permutation of the indices in (\*).

A bit amount of thought to understand this slightly messy notation will be illuminating, and might also shed some light on the choice of terminology.