## Machine Translation Slides

CS 4650/7650, Prof Jacob Eisenstein

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# Translations, easy and hard

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Information goes in different places.

- Asha no comió pescado.
- Asha didn't eat fish.

#### More translations

Language express different types of information.

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Different ways of saying the same thing.

- Asha likes fish.
- A Asha le gusta el pescado.

# **BLEU** score

System	translation	$p_1$	$p_2$	$p_3$	$p_4$	BP	BLEU
Reference	Vinay likes programming in Python						
Sys1	To Vinay it like to program Python	$\frac{2}{7}$	0	0	0	1	.21
Sys2	Vinay likes Python	$\frac{3}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	.51	.33
Sys3	Vinay likes programming in his pajamas	$\frac{4}{6}$	$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{2}{4}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	1	.76

Figure 1: BLEU scores

# Performance by sentence length

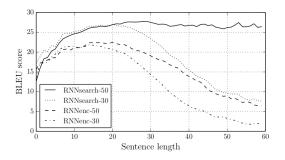


Figure 2: The BLEU scores of the generated translations on the test set with respect to the lengths of the sentences. The results are on the full test set which includes sentences having unknown words to the models.

Figure 2: Performance by sentence length, with and without attention

## Attention in En-Fr translation

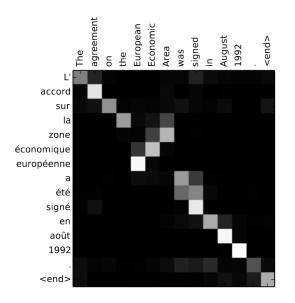


Figure 3: Example 1

## Attention in En-Fr translation

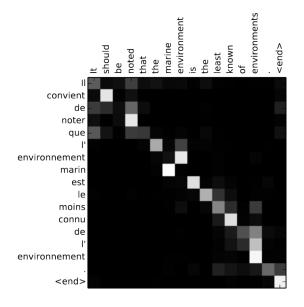


Figure 4: Example 2

### OOV words

```
en: The <u>ecotax</u> portico in <u>Pont-de-Buis</u>, ... [truncated] ..., was taken down on Thursday morning fr: Le <u>portique <u>écotaxe</u></u> de <u>Pont-de-Buis</u>, ... [truncated] ..., a été <u>démonté</u> jeudi matin
```

nn: Le  $\underline{unk}$  de  $\underline{unk}$  à  $\underline{unk}$ , ... [truncated] ..., a été pris le jeudi matin

Figure 1: **Example of the rare word problem** – An English source sentence (*en*), a human translation to French (*fr*), and a translation produced by one of our neural network systems (*mn*) before handling OOV words. We highlight <u>words</u> that are unknown to our model. The token <u>unk</u> indicates an OOV word. We also show a few important alignments between the pair of sentences.

Figure 5: Out-of-vocabulary words