

1. Integration:

$$\int_0^1 x^2 e^x dx$$

2. A coin is tossed twice. The following table shows the probability distribution of the number of tails:

X	0	1	2
P(X)	K	6K	9K

- (a) Find the value of  $K$ .
- (b) Determine whether the coin toss is biased or unbiased, and provide a justification for your answer.

3. Find the general solution for this differential equation:

$$\sec^2 x \tan y dx + \sec^2 y \tan x dy = 0$$

4. If the area of the region bounded by the line  $y = mx$  and the curve  $x^2 = y$  is  $\frac{32}{3}$  sq. units, then find the positive value of  $m$  using integration.

5. Given vectors:

$$\mathbf{a} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}, \quad \mathbf{c} = \hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - \hat{k}$$

and the projection of the vector  $\mathbf{c} + \lambda\mathbf{b}$  on vector  $\mathbf{a}$  is  $2\sqrt{6}$ , find the value of  $\lambda$ .

6. Find:

$$\int \frac{1}{e^x + 1} dx$$

7. Evaluate:

$$\int_1^4 \{|x| + |3 - x|\} dx$$

8. Evaluate:

$$\int_{-3}^3 \frac{x^4}{1+e^x} dx$$

9. Find the particular solution of the differential equation:

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} + y + \frac{1}{1+x^2} = 0$$

given that  $y(1) = 0$ .

10. Find the general solution of the differential equation:

$$x(y^3 + x^3) dy = (2y^4 + 5x^3y) dx$$

11. Find:

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}}$$

12. Find the general solution of the following equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x - yx^2e^{-y}$$

13. Let  $X$  be a random variable which assumes values  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  such that

$$2P(X = x_1) = 3P(X = x_2) = P(X = x_3) = 5P(X = x_4)$$

Find the probability distribution of  $X$ .

14. Find:

$$\int e^x \sin(2x) dx$$

15. Find:

$$\int \frac{2x}{(x^2+1)(x^2+2)} dx$$

16. Evaluate:

$$\int_1^3 \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{4-x}} dx$$

17. Solve the following differential equations:

$$(y - \sin^2 x) dx + \tan(x) dy = 0$$

18. Find the general solution of the differential equation:

$$(x^3 + y^3) dy = x^2 y dx$$

19. Find:

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{12 + 4x - x^2}} dx$$

20. Find:

$$\int \frac{xe^x}{(x+4)^5} dx$$

21. Find the general solution of the following differential equation:

$$(4 + y^2)(3 + \log x) dx + x dy = 0$$

22. Evaluate:

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} |\cos(3x)| dx$$

23. Find the general solution of the following differential equation:

$$2xe^{\frac{y}{x}} dy + (x - 2ye^{\frac{y}{x}}) dx = 0$$

24. Find the particular solution of the differential equation:

$$(2x^2 + y) \frac{dx}{dy} = x$$

given that  $y = 2$  when  $x = 1$ .

25. Find:

$$\int \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{(x + 1)(x^2 + 4)} dx$$

26. Find the area bounded by the ellipse  $x^2 + 4y^2 = 16$  and the ordinates  $x = 0$  and  $x = 2$ , using integration.

27. Find the area of the region  $\{(x, y) : x^2 \leq y \leq x\}$ , using integration.

28. Find:

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{\cot x}} dx$$

is equal to:

(a)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$

(b)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$

(c)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

(d)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

29. Find:

$$\int \frac{(x + 2)(x + 2 \log x)^3}{x} dx$$

30. Find:

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\tan x) dx$$

31. Find:

$$\int_{-1}^2 |x| dx$$

32. Find:

$$\int x^2 \log x . dx$$

33. Find the general solution of the following differential equation :

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (1 + x)(1 + y)$$

34. Find the integrating factor for the following differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = 2x + x^2 \cot x (x \neq 0)$$

35. Find:

$$\int \frac{x}{(x-1)^2(x+2)} dx$$

36. Find the following differential equation :

$$x \cos\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) \frac{dy}{dx} = y \cos\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + x$$