



GNOMAN

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Gnoman 2.0 User Manual

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1

Gnoman 2.0 Desktop Application



Gnoman is a cross-platform Electron desktop application that combines a local Express API with a React renderer to manage Gnosis Safe workflows from a single secured workspace. The project is written entirely in TypeScript and ships with tooling for simulating Safe transactions, managing wallets, and enforcing registration policies before operators can act on production Safes.

Tech stack

- **Electron 28** for the desktop shell, preload isolation, and IPC keyring bridge (main/).
- **Express** with TypeScript for the local API that powers wallet, Safe, sandbox, and registration flows (backend/).
- **React + Tailwind (Vite)** for the renderer UI (renderer/).
- **Better SQLite3** for persisting registration state and transaction holds under a local `.safevault/` directory.
- **Ethers v6** for wallet creation, encryption, and contract simulation utilities.

Repository layout

```

/ (root) |———
  backend/                # Express API, services, and
  route handlers |———
  main/                  # Entrypoint, preload, and OS
  keyring |———
  modules/sandbox/       # Shared sandbox engine, ABI
  parser,UI |———
  renderer/              # React renderer bundled with
  Vite |———
  scripts/               # Build utilities for
  packaging renderer |———
  docs/                  # Markdown documentation for
  app & wiki |———
  tests/                 # API smoke tests and
  fixtures |———

```

```
package.json      # Root npm scripts and
dependencies |_____
tsconfig*.json    # TypeScript project references
```

Prerequisites

RequirementNotes

Node.js 18+

Tested with the LTS release bundled with npm 9

npm 9+

Installed with Node.js

SQLite

Provided by better-sqlite3; native build tools (Xcode Command Line Tools / build-essential / Windows Build Tools) may be required on first install

Local fork tool (optional)

anvil or another Hardhat-compatible command for sandbox forking

Installation

```
npm install
(cd renderer && npm install)
```

Development workflow

The backend listens on `http://localhost:4399` by default. Run the services in separate terminals:

```
npm run dev:backend    # Start the Express API with  
ts-node-dev  
npm run dev:renderer  # Launch the Vite dev server  
for the renderer UI
```

You can also run both web stacks together:

```
npm run dev            # concurrently runs  
dev:backend and dev:renderer
```

To open the Electron shell, build the TypeScript bundles and launch the desktop window:

```
npm run dev:electron   # Builds backend/main/renderer  
then boots Electron
```

Production build

```
npm run build          # Compile backend, main  
process, and renderer  
npm start              # Launch Electron with the  
bundled renderer
```

Additional scripts

ScriptDescription

npm run clean

Remove the dist/ directory

npm run lint

Run ESLint across backend, main, renderer, and modules

npm run build:backend

Compile the Express API to dist/backend

npm run build:main

Compile the Electron main process to dist/main

npm run build:renderer

Build the renderer UI (renderer/dist)

Backend API summary

All endpoints are served from <http://localhost:4399/api>.

Health

- GET /health – service heartbeat with current timestamp.

Wallets (backend/routes/walletRoutes.ts)

- GET /wallets – list stored wallet metadata.
- POST /wallets/generate – create a new encrypted wallet.
- POST /wallets/import/mnemonic – import a wallet from a mnemonic phrase.
- POST /wallets/import/private-key – import a wallet from a raw private key.
- POST /wallets/vanity – brute-force vanity address genera-

tion with prefix/suffix filters.

- POST /wallets/:address/export – decrypt and export an encrypted JSON keystore for a stored wallet.

Wallet metadata and encrypted secrets live in-memory for now. Exports are re-encrypted with ethers.Wallet.encrypt so that secrets never leave the API unprotected. The UI currently surfaces wallet creation and listing from the /wallets page.

Safes (backend/routes/safeRoutes.ts)

- POST /safes/load – connect to a Safe on a specified RPC URL.
- GET /safes/:address/owners – list cached Safe owners.
- POST /safes/:address/owners – add an owner and update the threshold.
- DELETE /safes/:address/owners/:ownerAddress – remove an owner and update the threshold.
- POST /safes/:address/threshold – change the approval threshold.
- POST /safes/:address/modules – enable a Safe module.
- DELETE /safes/:address/modules/:moduleAddress – disable a module.
- POST /safes/:address/transactions – register a transaction proposal and enforce hold policy tracking.
- POST /safes/:address/transactions/:txHash/execute – execute a stored transaction (respecting hold timers).
- POST /safes/:address/hold/toggle – enable or disable the hold policy for a Safe.
- GET /safes/:address/transactions/held – list transactions currently under the hold policy.

Transactions and Safe metadata are kept in-memory while hold-state metadata is persisted to SQLite under `.safevault/holds.sqlite`.

Sandbox (backend/routes/sandboxRoutes.ts)

- `POST /sandbox/call-static` – legacy helper for single call-Static simulations using ad-hoc ABI JSON.
- `POST /sandbox/contract/abi` – parse and cache contract ABI definitions.
- `GET /sandbox/contract/abis` – list cached ABIs.
- `POST /sandbox/contract/simulate` – run contract simulations with decoded return data, gas estimates, and traces.
- `POST /sandbox/contract/safe` – execute Safe-specific simulations with the canonical Safe ABI.
- `GET /sandbox/contract/history` – retrieve the most recent simulation results for replay.
- `DELETE /sandbox/contract/history` – clear the persisted simulation history.
- `POST /sandbox/fork/start` – spawn a local fork (defaults to `anvil`) for simulations.
- `POST /sandbox/fork/stop` – stop the active fork.
- `GET /sandbox/fork/status` – inspect fork process status.

The sandbox writes JSON logs to `modules/sandbox/logs/` and coordinates optional local fork lifecycles.

Product registration (backend/routes/registrationRoutes.ts)

- GET /registration – fetch current registration status.
- POST /registration – store a hashed product license and registration email using script hardening.

Registration data persists in .safevault/registration.sqlite and must match the previously registered license to update the email address.

Desktop application features

- **Dashboard** – high-level overview of stored wallets and the currently connected Safe.
- **Wallets** – generate encrypted wallets with optional aliases, hidden flag, and password overrides, then list stored meta-data.
- **Safes** – connect to a Safe, review owners/modules, and monitor transactions held under the enforced delay window.
- **Sandbox** – switch between the legacy Safe callStatic form and the advanced sandbox panel powered by modules/sandbox/ui. Upload or paste ABIs, choose functions, provide parameters, replay historical simulations, and manage an optional local fork.
- **Keyring** – interact with the Electron IPC bridge (window.safevault) to list and reveal secrets stored in the OS keyring (with an in-memory fallback when keytar is unavailable).
- **Settings** – register the product license, view current registration status, and jump to the in-app wiki.
- **Wiki Guide** – render Markdown documentation from doc-

s/wiki directly inside the renderer.

Data directories & security

- Registration and transaction-hold records are stored under `.safevault/` in the project working directory.
- Sandbox logs persist to `modules/sandbox/logs/` for replay and auditing purposes.
- Wallet private keys stay encrypted in-memory using AES-256-GCM with PBKDF2 key derivation. Exported keystores require the caller-supplied password.
- The Electron preload exposes a minimal `window.safevault.invoke` surface to keep privileged operations isolated from the renderer context.

Documentation

Additional guides live under `docs/`. Start with `docs/user-guide.md` for a comprehensive walkthrough and `docs/wiki/` for content surfaced in the in-app knowledge base.

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Gnoman 2.0 Wiki User Guide

Welcome to the Gnoman user guide. This wiki outlines the workflows that keep Safe owners in control of their assets while maintaining strong operational security.

Getting Started

1. **Install dependencies** using `npm install` at the repository root and within `renderer/`.
2. **Start the backend** with `npm run dev:backend` to unlock wallet and Safe orchestration APIs.
3. **Launch the renderer** with `npm run dev:renderer` or boot the Electron shell via `npm run dev:electron`.
4. **Register your product license** inside the application under **Settings → Product Registration** to enforce organization-wide compliance policies.

Wallet Management

- Generate, import, and export wallets from the **Wallets** tab. Secrets are encrypted with AES-256-GCM before touching disk.
- Use the vanity search tools to derive predictable addresses without revealing mnemonic phrases.
- Store aliases and metadata securely through the **Keyring** page, which leverages the host operating system keyring when available.

Safe Operations

- Review Safe owners, thresholds, and modules inside the **Safes** dashboard.
- Toggle the 24-hour transaction hold policy to force human-in-the-loop approvals for high-impact operations.
- Exercise the **Sandbox** for deterministic callStatic simulations before broadcasting any transaction bundle.

Security Checklist

- Validate workstation compliance by confirming product registration upon first launch.
- Rotate RPC credentials regularly and audit all connected services.
- Keep application dependencies patched and monitor release notes for security advisories.
- Protect the `.safevault/` directory with OS-level full disk encryption.

Need More Help?

Enhance this wiki with organization-specific procedures by adding Markdown files to docs/wiki/. Share PRs with your operations team to keep everyone aligned on Gnomon best practices.

3

Gnoman Wiki User Guide

This in-app wiki distills the core workflows and best practices for operating Gnoman securely. Use it as a quick reference while the desktop application is running.

Getting started

1. **Start the backend** with `npm run dev:backend`. The renderer expects the API on `http://localhost:4399`.
2. **Launch the renderer** with `npm run dev:renderer` or boot the full Electron shell via `npm run dev:electron` to access the keyring bridge.
3. **Register the product** inside **Settings → Product Registration** to store a scrypt-hardened license and email address under `.safevault/registration.sqlite`.

Wallet management

- Generate wallets from the **Wallets** tab. Each request calls the backend to create a new key pair, encrypt the private key with AES-256-GCM, and return metadata.
- Record the generated password (or provide your own) so you can export the wallet later via the API.
- Hidden wallets are marked for keyring storage; when keytar is available, secrets are written to the OS keychain instead of disk.

Safe operations

- Connect to an existing Safe from the **Safes** tab by supplying the Safe address and RPC URL. The backend verifies the network before caching owners, modules, and threshold.
- Monitor the **Held Transactions** panel to see proposals subject to the enforced hold period. Hold timers persist in `.safevault/holds.sqlite`.
- Use the backend endpoints to add/remove owners, change thresholds, and manage modules as required by your operational policies.

Sandbox simulations

- The **Sandbox** tab hosts two tools:
- A quick Safe callStatic form for validating guard contracts or Safe modules.
- An advanced panel (from `modules/sandbox/ui`) that lets you load ABIs, choose functions, provide parameters, replay previous simulations, and run against a local fork (defaults

to the anvil command).

- Simulation results are saved as JSON in `modules/sandbox/logs/` so you can audit or replay them later.

Keyring & secrets

- The **Keyring** view lists stored aliases via the Electron preload bridge (`window.safevault`).
- Select **Reveal** to fetch a secret securely from the OS keyring. In development environments without keytar, SafeVault transparently falls back to an in-memory store so testing can continue.

Security checklist

- Ensure product registration succeeds before managing production Safes.
- Rotate RPC credentials regularly and validate that your fork command (e.g., `anvil`) is patched.
- Keep dependencies updated and review release notes for security advisories.
- Protect the `.safevault/` directory with OS-level full-disk encryption.

Stay aligned with your organization's procedures by extending this wiki with additional Markdown files under `docs/wiki/`.

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