

第二次课课堂笔记

1. 时态：用**动词的不同形式**表示动作发生的不同**时间**。

写一个动词—**形式—对应一个时间**

一般现在时（频率副词及其位置）

1) **含义**：描述一个习惯性/经常发生的动作

客观事实真理

2) 动词形式：do 动词原形

does 动词三单形式—第三人称/单数

(助动词 do/does)

3) 句式变化

I **get up** early on Sundays.

一般疑问句：Do you get up early on Sundays?

What do you do early on Sundays?

She has **a book**.

Does she have a book?

What does she have?

现在 / 进行时：

1) **含义**：说话当前 / 正在发生的动作

2) 动词进行时动词形式：【**am/is/are** + doing】

doing: 动词**现在分词**形式

I am sleeping.

is 三单形式

are you are

I am/you are/He/she/it is/we are/they are + doing

3) 句式变化

陈述句：The man is catching **the fish** in the tank.

a. 一般疑问句（yes/no question）

be 动词提前：不是句首 / 而是主语前

Is **the man** catching **the fish** in the tank?

b. 特殊疑问句

对 the man 提问

who is catching the fish in the tank?

对 the fish 提问

What is the man catching in the tank?

对 in the tank 提问

where is the man catching the fishing?

2. meal 餐 / 一顿饭 have a meal 吃顿饭

Every day we have three meals.

breakfast (不可数名词)

lunch

dinner/supper the Last Supper 最后的晚餐

snack 零食

吃早饭 have/eat breakfast

The breakfast is not very wonderful.

3. on Sundays 每个星期日 (习惯/经常发生)

4. stay in bed 躺在床上

5. late adj. 迟的 the late bus

adv. 迟地 arrive late

lately adv. 最近 = recently

hard adj. 坚硬的 / 苦难的 a hard question

adv. work hard 努力工作 hardly adv. 几乎不

6. just then 就在当时

7. am coming 进行时表将来

8. 频率副词 (通常与一般现在时连用)

位置: 实义动词之前

always 总是/usually / frequently 通常 / often 经常 / sometimes 有时候

seldom / rarely 很少/hardly 几乎不 / never 从不

9. 感叹句结构

"what + 冠词 + 形容词 + 名词 + 主 + 谓"

真是一个漂亮的公园。

What a beautiful park it is.

It is a beautiful park.

10. 双宾语结构

send me a card = send a card to me

send sb sth = send sth to sb

1) find sb sth = find sth for sb

2) do sb sth = do sth for sb

3) buy sb sth = buy sth for sb

4) order sb sth = order sth for sb

11. spoil v. 使...无趣

v. 宠爱/溺爱

spoil the holiday

Your performance spoils the game. 你的表现毁了这个游戏。

Grandparents always spoil their grandchildren.

12. visit a/the museum

visit museums

13. a few 一些 + 可数名词复数

few 没几个

a little + 不可数名词

little

There are a few eggs in the fridge.(暂时不用买)

There are few eggs in the fridge. (现在得买了)

14. make a decision 做一个决定

15. lend 借出 (lent/lent)

borrow 借入

你能借我一本书吗？

Can you lend me a book?

Lend sb sth = lend sth to sb 借给某人某物

Can I borrow a book from you?

16. spend 花费 (时间/钱) (spent/spent)

1) take 表示花时间：It takes sb some time to do sth

2) cost 表示花钱：it costs sb some money to do sth

3) spend (both):

spend money/time on sth 在...上面花时间/钱

spend money/time (in) doing sth 做...花了多少钱 / 时间

在这个项目 program 上，他花了差不多一年的时间。

He spent almost a year on this program.

他花了他所有的积蓄买了这辆车。

He spent all his savings/deposits on this car/in buying this car.