第三十八次课课堂笔记

1. 被动语态

# when & why? Doer – 动作发出者

1) 不知道动作发出者doer—被动语态

2) 明确的/不重要的动作发出者 – 强调动作承受者/动作本身（强调主题）

3) 文章更scientific/academic/objective

# Form:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 时态 | 形式 | 被动语态形式 |
| 现在进行时  说话当前正在发生 | Am/is/are + doing | Am/is/are being done  e.g. The road is being repaired. |
| 现在完成时  1) 动作过去发生/过去结束/强调结果  2) 动作延续 | Have/has done  e.g. I have had lunch.  e.g. I have lived in China **for 5 years/since 2010.** | Have/has been done  e.g. The road has been repaired. |
| 一般现在时  1) 习惯性动作  2) 客观事实真理 | Do/does  e.g. I like English.  e.g. Tom is a boy.  The earth goes around the sun. | Am/is/are done  e.g. The road is repaired. |
| 一般过去时  过去发生/过去结束 | Did  e.g. I beat the dog yesterday. | Was/were done  e.g. The road was repaired yesterday. |
| 一般将来时  将来发生的动作 | Will do  e.g. I will have breakfast the day after tomorrow. | Will be done  e.g. The road will be repaired tomorrow. |
| 过去进行时  过去某一时刻正在发生 | Was/were + doing  e.g. I was watching TV when the cat beat me. | Was/were being done  e.g. I was being beat by the cat when she knocked the window. |
| 过去完成时  过去的过去 | Had done  (after/before/until/when/as soon as/no sooner…than/  hardly… when)  e.g. He had no sooner got up when it began to snow. | Had been done  e.g. The road had been repaired before I arrived here. |

2. fail v. 失败（未能够）/不及格

# fail in **sth** 在…上失败

fail to do sth 未能够做某事

fail sth 不及格

e.g. He failed in his family business last year.

He failed to run his family business well last year.

I failed **~~(in)~~** my English test this time.

3. press/push the brake pedal hard 猛踩刹车/急刹车

4. driving licence

license v. 给…证书/授权

5. After **having been** **instructed** to drive out of town, I began to acquire confidence.

强调be instructed 发生在前/并且这个动作是后面动作发生的原因

After **being instructed** to drive out of town, I began to acquire confidence.

# acquire v. 获得 acquire knowledge 获得知识

acquisition n. 获得/习得 acquisition of language 语言习得

6. [***Being*** **Sure** that I had passed, I was almost beginning to enjoy my test.]

分词做状语/形容词做状语（表伴随）(省略being的现在分词做状语)

Tired of sleeping…

7. suppose v. 假设 suppose sth/sb to do sth 假设某人会做某事

# sb be supposed to do sth 某人被认为会做某事

e.g. You are supposed to arrive at 5 o’clock.

I am not supposed to know the answer.

should do = ought to 应该

had better do sth 最好（there is a consequence 后果）

8. it takes/took sb time to do sth

9. in a mournful voice 以悲伤的声音

10. practice n. 练习/advice n. 建议

practise doing sth v. 练习 /advise sb to do sth v. 建议

11. enjoy doing sth/oneself 玩的开心

entertain sb to dinner = invite 邀请

12. be aware/unaware of意识到

13. be busy with sth/sb 忙于某事

be busy in doing sth 忙于做某事

14. catch sight of 看见

15. charge at 冲向…

16. be sure of oneself 对..自己很有信心

17. clumsily adv. 笨拙地

18. break into 破门而入/突然爆发

e.g. They broke into the room and shouted.

Break into cheers

19. …. [for it looked on sympathetically ***until the drunk was out of the way/*** ***before once more turning its attention to the matador.*** 原因状语从句]

# look on 旁观

# sympathetically adv. sympathetic adj.

sympathy n. 同情

# turn its attention to 重新转移注意力到…

20. remark v. 评论 comment on n. 评论 言语 评价

remark the news

# remarkable adj. 了不起的/值得一提的

e.g. [That you can complete the difficult project in time] is remarkable.

It is remarkable that…