**第二十八次课课堂笔记**

**1.他觉得很累，/所以他决定回家休息。**

**从（原因）：He feels very tired.**

**主：He decides to go home and have a rest.**

**-- As he feels very tired, he decides to go home and have a rest.**

***Feeling very tired, he decides to go home and have a rest.***

**2.他们玩的很开心，都不情愿地(unwillingly/reluctantly)离开了这个地方。**

**主：They enjoyed themselves.**

**从：They left the place reluctantly.**

***They enjoyed themselves, leaving the place reluctantly.***

***Enjoying themselves, they left the place reluctantly.***

**3.被发现偷吃冰箱里(fridge)的食物，这只猫赶紧(in a hurry)躲进(hide in)了楼梯下的橱柜(cabin)里。**

***Find sb/sth do sth/doing sth***

**Find sb do sth (省略to的不定式) – sb be found to do sth (被动语态中，还原to)**

**The cat is found to steal food in the fridge.**

**The cat hid in the cabin under the stairs in a hurry.**

***Found to steal food in the fridge, the cat hid in the cabin under the stairs in a hurry.***

**4.主人(master)发现猫猫偷吃家里的罐头(tins)，决定三天不喂它*以惩罚它*。**

**The master found the cat steal food at home.**

**The master decided not to feed him for three days *to punish him –to do不定式做目的状语*.**

***Finding the cat steal food at home, the master decided not to feed him for three days to punish him.***

**5.不知道如何(what)是好，他打电话给了当地的警察求助。**

**从：He didn’t know what to do.**

**主：He called the local police for help.**

***Not knowing what to do, he called the local police for help.***

**8.如果你不知道真相，就不要发表你的观点。*(if条件句 二/三 – 从句)***

**If you don’t know the truth, please don’t express your opinion. 主祈从现**

***~~Not knowing the truth, please don’t express your opinion.~~***

**6.在森林里迷了路(lost adj.)，探险队员们(explorer)在树林里的小河边(by the river)支起了帐篷，决定在这里过夜。**

**The explorers were lost in the forest.**

**The explorers set up several tents by the river.**

**The explorers decided to spend the night here.**

***~~Being~~ Lost in the forest, the explorers set up several tents by the river, deciding to spend the night here.***

**7.这辆新发布的(newly launched car)车配备了(be equipped with)最新款的(latest)发动机(engine)，将会横扫市场(sweep the market)，引起巨大的关注(attract tremendous attention)。**

**The newly launched car is equipped with the latest engine.**

**The newly launched car will sweep the market.**

**The newly launched car will attract tremendous attention.**

***Equipped with the latest engine, the newly launched car will sweep the market, attracting tremendous attention.***

1. taken for a ride bus ride

Take sth for… 把…当作…

e.g. Take it for a ride. It is *taken for a ride*.

2. lose one’s way 迷路

3. go on an excursion 去远足

4. ticket office 售票处

5. get on 上车

get off 下车

6. I will tell you where ***to get*** off.

I will tell you [where you should get off.宾语从句]

I don’t know wha***t to do***.

I don’t know what I should do.

why to do it

--“疑问词+不定式” 等于一个名词性从句的概念

常用在tell/show/know/decide/teach/remember/learn/wonder等动词之后

7. in the front of 在…（内部）前面

in front of 在…前面

8. a good view sea view/ocean view/park view/lake view/swimming pool view

city view/beach view

9. [Looking around分词做状语], I realized *with a shock* that I was the only passenger [left on the bus过去分词做后置定语]

10. will have to

~~will must 错~~

11. forget – forgot – forgot/forgotten

forget to do sth 忘记要做某事（事实未做）

forget doing sth 忘记已经做了某事（已做）

e.g. I forget to do the homework.

I forget taking the medicine.

12. It doesn’t matter. 没关系

sorry/thanks

-- Thank you very much.

-- Don’t mention it. /No problem. No pro.

13. in the/this/that case 在…情况下

14. prefer to do (瞬时性)

prefer doing (常态性) (like/hate)

相较于b更喜欢a

prefer to do a rather than do b

would rather do a than do b

prefer doing a to doing b

prefer doing a instead of doing b

e.g. 相比香蕉，我更喜欢吃猕猴桃。

I prefer to eat kiwi rather than eat banana.