1. This exercise shows the finite sample problem of weak instruments in the two-stage least squares. Please hand in five kernel density plots together with your code.

Let the structural equation be

$$y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 x_i + \epsilon_i$$

while the reduced-form equation be

$$x_i = \gamma_1 + \gamma_2 z_i + e_i.$$

Let the sample be i.i.d., with $z_i \sim N\left(0,1\right)$, and $\begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_i \\ e_i \end{pmatrix} \sim N\left(\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$. Set the true parameter values as $\beta_1 = 1$, $\beta_2 = 2$, $\gamma_1 = 0$.

For each n and γ_2 combination below, please use the standard two-stage least square estimator to estimate β_2 (Write down the estimator by yourself. Do not invoke any built-in function.) Repeat this experiment for 1000 times so that we have 1000 estimated $\hat{\beta}_2$'s. Plot the kernel density of these $\hat{\beta}_2$'s so that we can see the sampling distribution.

- (a) $n = 100 \text{ and } \gamma_2 = 1.$
- (b) n = 100 and $\gamma_2 = 0.1$.
- (c) n = 100 and $\gamma_2 = 0.01$.
- (d) n = 1000 and $\gamma_2 = 0.01$.
- (e) n = 10000 and $\gamma_2 = 0.01$.