Using libcurl with SSH support in Visual Studio 2008

Version 1.6

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Revision History

Revision	Date	By	Comment
1.0 1.1	08 Dec. 2008 07 Jan. 2009	Andrei Jakab Andrei Jakab	Initial version • section 3.4, item 3.b.ii: o replaced CURL_STATIC by CURL STATICLIB
			 added CURL_DISABLE_LDAP section 4.3.2, item 4.b: removed wldap32.lib
1.2	10 Mar. 2009	Andrei Jakab	Updated the guide to reflect the latest versions of libcurl (7.19.4), libSSH2 (1.0) and OpenSSL (0.9.8j).
1.3	07 May 2009	Andrei Jakab	Updated the guide to reflect the latest versions of libSSH2 (1.1) and OpenSSL (1.0.0 Beta 2).
1.4	18 May 2009	Andrei Jakab	Updated the guide for libcurl 7.19.5.
1.5	06 Jan. 2010	Andrei Jakab	 Updated the guide to reflect the latest versions of: ActivePerl (5.10.1.1006) libcurl (7.19.7) libSSH2 (1.2.2) NASM (2.8 RC 6) OpenSSL (1.0.0 Beta 4). New section added: 'Appendix A – Adding OpenSSL support directly to libcurl'
1.6	11 Nov. 2010	Andrei Jakab	Updated the guide to reflect the latest versions of: O ActivePerl (5.12.2) O libcurl (7.21.2) O libSSH2 (1.2.7) O NASM (2.09.03) O OpenSSL (1.0.0a)

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Conventions

The following font conventions are used in this document:

- italic is used for filenames, directory names, and URLs
- constant width is used to indicate commands and code sections
- red, bold and underlined text indicates important items
- **bold** is used to represent GUI items (e.g. menus, menu items, list nodes etc.)

1. Introduction

Libcurl is a widely-used open-source library for transferring files. It supports many protocols (e.g. FTP, HTTP, SFTP etc.) and it is very well designed.

One of libcurl's strengths is its portability. You can build it on numerous platforms and you can be sure that it will work the same way on all of them. This wide support also means that the developers cannot constantly update the readme files for all the supported platforms. Thus, I have decided to create this document in order to share my experiences while compiling a static version of the curl library with SSH support in Visual Studio 2008.

This guide is inspired from Rosso Salmanzadeh's excellent "Using libcurl in Visual Studio" guide.

2. Downloading the latest software

Libcurl requires two additional open-source libraries in order to provide the SSH functionality: libSSH2 and OpenSSL. Also, since the compilation of OpenSSL makes use of Perl scripts, you need to have a Perl distribution installed on your machine. I have chosen ActivePerl, a free distribution by ActiveState, for this purpose. OpenSSL also requires the Netwide Assembler to be present on your computer.

The OpenSSL and libSSH2 libraries are distributed as tarballs compressed using gzip. Hence, you will need a utility to uncompress and subsequently open the tar file. I recommend the open-source archiver 7-Zip.

In order to obtain the latest version of the Netwide Assembler, click on the link in the table below and, on the webpage that appears, follow the link that takes you to the latest stable version of NASM. You have the choice between downloading the source code or pre-compiled binaries. I strongly encourage you to download the binary files since I will not cover the compilation of NASM in this guide. The archives that contain the binary distributions are located in folders named after their intended architecture e.g. win32, dos, os2 etc.

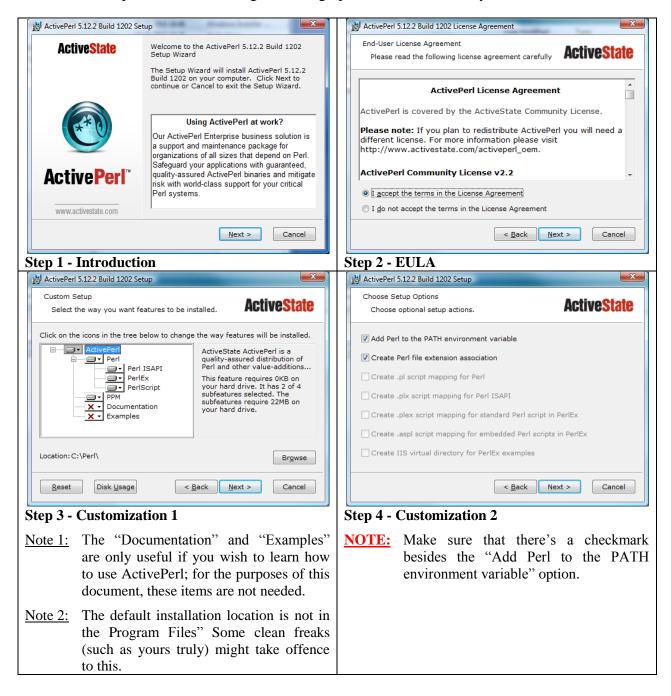
Software	URL	Current Version
ActivePerl	http://www.activestate.com/downloads/index.mhtml	5.12.2.1202
OpenSSL	http://www.openssl.org/source	1.0.0a
libSSH2	http://www.libssh2.org	1.2.7
libcurl	http://curl.haxx.se/download.html	7.21.2
Netwide Assembler	http://www.nasm.us	2.09.03
7-Zip	http://www.7-zip.org	9.19 beta

NOTE: This guide assumes that you already have successfully installed Microsoft Visual Studio 2008 (VS2008) and the Windows SDK. The examples in this document were built using version 9.0.30729.1 SP of VS2008 and Version 6.1 of the Windows SDK.

3. Installation / Compilation

3.1 ActivePerl

Installing ActivePerl is fairly straightforward as long as you are logged in with an <u>Administrator</u> account. Below are screenshots from each step of the installation process. Please pay particular attention to Step 4 because choosing the wrong option there will make your life harder later.





3.2 Netwide Assembler

1. Extract the *nasm-2.09.03* folder from the zip file and place it in the C: root directory

3.3 OpenSSL

Compiling the OpenSSL library is a bit tricky. The following step-by-step guide should help you get through the compilation process as quickly and as painlessly as possible.

- 1. Extract the *openssl-1.0.0a.tar* file from the gzip file to a temporary directory
- 2. Extract the openssl-1.0.0a folder from the tar file and place it in the C: root directory
- Close the VS2008 IDE and open a Visual Studio 2008 command prompt (if you've installed VS 2008 with the default settings, the command prompt shortcut should be located in Start -> All Programs -> Microsoft Visual Studio 2008 -> Visual Studio Tools -> Visual Studio 2008 Command Prompt)
- 4. Add the NASM executable to the PATH environment variable: path = PATH%; C: nasm-2.09.03
- 5. Create the directory where the output of the compilation process will be stored: mkdir c:\openssl_lib
- 6. Change the working directory to the OpenSSL directory: cd /D c:\openssl-1.0.0a
- 7. Configure the OpenSSL installation with:

perl Configure VC-WIN32 --prefix=c:/openssl_lib where the --prefix argument specifies where OpenSSL header and library files will be copied at the end of the compilation process.

NOTE: The path that is passed to the --prefix argument must be in the UNIX format i.e. <u>forward slashes</u> are used to separate directories and <u>not backward slashes</u> like it is customary in Windows.

The output of this command should look like this:

8. Create the required assembly files:

Note: Using assembly files makes the execution of library functions much faster. If you do not wish to use assembly files, use the following command instead and jump to step 8:

$$ms\do_ms$$

9. Compile the static library:

```
nmake -f ms\nt.mak
```

- 10. The compilation process takes a while so you can go grab some coffee/tea at this point.
- 11. If all is well, at the end of the compilation you will have some libraries and a number of executables in d:\openssl-1.0.0a\out32
- 12. The library contains some built in tests that allow you to check if everything has compiled properly and if the library is in working order:

```
nmake -f ms\nt.mak test
```

If the library has compiled properly, you should obtain a "passed all tests" message once this command finishes executing.

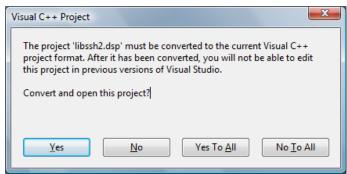
13. To install OpenSSL to the location you specified in step 6, run:

```
nmake -f ms\nt.mak install
```

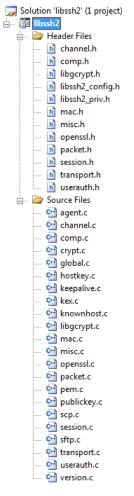
Note: You can find additional compiling instructions in *C:\openssl-1.0.0a\INSTALL.W32*; this file also contains a troubleshooting section that could help you out if something goes wrong during the compilation process.

3.4 libSSH2

- 1. Extract the *libssh2-1.2.7.tar* file from the gzip file to a temporary directory.
- 2. Extract the *libssh2-1.2.7* directory from the tar file and place it in the C: root directory.
- 3. Open *C:\libssh2-1.2.7\win32\libssh2.dsp* in the Visual Studio 2008 IDE. Since this project file was created using an older version of Visual Studio, the following message box will appear:



Click on "Yes To All". Once the conversion is completed, you should see the following in the **Solution Explorer** window:



4. If you do not wish to use the zlib compression library, open *libssh2_config.h* and comment out line 38:

```
//#define LIBSSH2 HAVE ZLIB 1
```

- 5. Set the LIB Debug as the active solution configuration. On the **Build** menu in Visual Studio, click **Configuration Manager...** and in the window that appears select **LIB Debug** from the **Active solution configuration** drop-down list. Close the Configuration Manager.
- 6. Next, you must tell the compiler and the librarian where the OpenSSL library is located and how to compile the library:
 - a. Right-click on the libssh2 project in the **Solution Explorer** window and select **Properties** from the pop-up menu.
 - b. Expand the **Configuration Properties** node, click on the **C/C++** node and select **General**. Choose the **Additional Include Directories** property and add the following:
 - $, C: \land openssl_lib \land include$

(the comma is needed since other paths are already present)

- c. Also in the **Configuration Properties** node, expand the **Librarian** node, and select **General**.
 - *i.* Change the Output File property to: Debug_lib\libssh2.lib
 - ii. Click on the **Additional Dependencies** property and set it to: *libeay32.lib ssleay32.lib*
 - iii. Choose the **Additional Library Directories** and add the following path: *C:\openssl_lib\lib*
- d. Click on the **OK** button.
- 7. Now we are ready to compile. Right-click on the libssh2 project and select **Build** from the pop-up menu. VS2008 will prompt you to save the solution file that was created for this project. Once you save it, compilation will begin.
- 8. The compiler might display a couple of security warnings and/or "possible loss of data" warnings. For our purposes, both of these types of warnings can be safely ignored.

3.5 libcurl

- 1. Extract the *curl-7.21.2* folder from the archive and place it in the C: root directory. For our purposes, we will need the files located in the *lib* and *include* directories.
- 2. Open *C:\curl-7.21.2\lib\libcurl.vcproj* in the Visual Studio 2008 IDE. Since this is a Visual Studio 2005 project file, the "Visual Studio Conversion Wizard" will appear. The wizard should not encounter any problems converting the project to the VS2008 format. You will only get a warning concerning the User Account Control (UAC) feature of Windows Vista. Since we are building a library and not an executable, we can safely ignore this warning.
- 3. Next, you must tell the compiler and the librarian to use the libSSH2 library and where this library is located:
 - a. Right-click on the libcurl project in the **Solution Explorer** window and select **Properties** from the pop-up menu.
 - b. Expand the **Configuration Properties** node, then the **C/C++** node.
 - i. Click on the **General** node. Next to **Additional Include Directories**, add the following:

,*C*:\libssh2-1.2.7\include (the comma is needed since there are already two additional include directories specified)

- ii. Select the **Preprocessor** node and click on the **Preprocessor Definitions** property. Add in the following to the existing definitions: ;CURL_STATICLIB;USE_LIBSSH2;CURL_DISABLE_LDAP;HAVE_LIBSSH2;HAVE_LIBSSH2_H;LIBSSH2_WIN32 ;LIBSSH2_LIBRARY
- c. In the Configuration Properties node, expand the Librarian node, and select General.
 - i. Select **Additional Dependencies** and type in: *libssh2.lib*
 - ii. Next to **Additional Library Directories**, type in the path: *C:\libssh2-1.2.7\win32\Debug_lib*
- d. Click on the **OK** button.
- 4. After all this work, we are finally ready to compile the libcurl library. Right-click on the curllib project in the **Solution Explorer** and select **Build** from the pop-up menu. VS2008 will prompt you to save the solution file that was created for this project. Once you save it, compilation will begin:

1>----- Build started: Project: libcurl, Configuration: Debug Win32 -----1>Compiling...

1>connect.c

1>content_encoding.c

1>cookie.c

. . .

1>timeval.c

1>transfer.c

1>url.c

1>version.c

1>warnless.c

1>wildcard.c

1>base64.c

1>Generating Code...

1>Creating library...

1>Creating browse information file...

1>Microsoft Browse Information Maintenance Utility Version 9.00.21022

1>Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

1>Build log was saved at file://c:\curl-7.21.2\lib\Debug\BuildLog.htm

1>libcurl - 0 error(s), 1 warning(s)

====== Build: 1 succeeded, 0 failed, 0 up-to-date, 0 skipped ========

By default, the output directory is $C:\langle curl-7.21.2 \rangle lib \rangle Debug$. In order to create an application that uses the libcurl library, we only need the libcurl.lib file from the output directory and the $C:\langle curl-7.21.2 \rangle include \rangle curl$ directory, which contains the library's header files.

4. Using the libcurl library in your Visual Studio project

In this section we will create a test project, which will at the same time test the library's functionality and demonstrate how to integrate libcurl into one of your projects. I suggest that you follow the example step by step (i.e. use the same project names, paths etc.) so that you obtain the same figures as the ones shown below. This will make your life easier in case you encounter any problems along the way.

4.1 Preparing the project's file structure

Create the following folder structure in you C: root directory:



Copy the *curl* folder from the $C:\curl-7.21.2\curl$ directory into the $C:\curl$ directory should contain the following files:

•		•
18.9.2010 23:00	C/C++ Header	78 KB
13.10.2010 0:04	C/C++ Header	22 KB
18.9.2010 23:00	CMAKE File	7 KB
13.10.2010 0:04	IN File	7 KB
18.9.2010 23:00	C/C++ Header	9 KB
13.10.2010 0:04	C/C++ Header	3 KB
18.9.2010 23:00	C/C++ Header	4 KB
18.9.2010 23:00	AM File	1 KB
1.10.2010 22:49	IN File	16 KB
18.9.2010 23:00	C/C++ Header	3 KB
18.9.2010 23:00	C/C++ Header	13 KB
18.9.2010 23:00	C/C++ Header	2 KB
18.9.2010 23:00	C/C++ Header	36 KB
20.3.2010 23:51	C/C++ Header	1 KB
	13.10.2010 0:04 18.9.2010 23:00 13.10.2010 0:04 18.9.2010 23:00 13.10.2010 0:04 18.9.2010 23:00 18.9.2010 23:00 1.10.2010 22:49 18.9.2010 23:00 18.9.2010 23:00 18.9.2010 23:00 18.9.2010 23:00 18.9.2010 23:00	13.10.2010 0:04

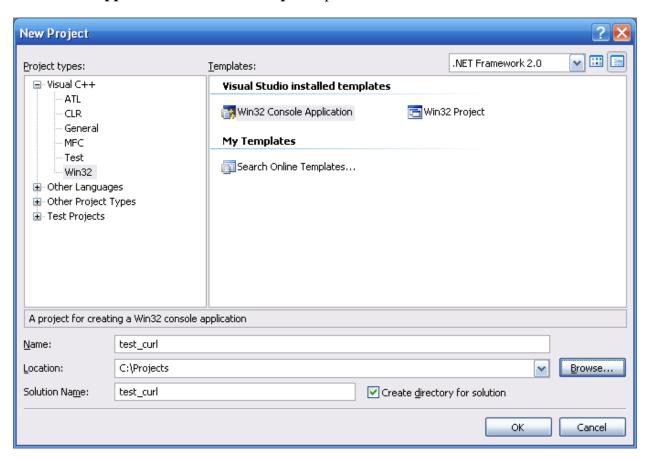
Notice that there are also 4 make files in this directory. We won't need them so they can be safely deleted, if you wish.

Finally, you need to copy *liburl.lib* from $C:\langle curl-7.21.2 \rangle lib \rangle Debug$ to $C:\langle Projects \rangle custom$ *libraries* $\langle lib_dbg \rangle$.

4.2 Creating the test project

The libcurl library can be used in any type of application. In order to keep things simple, we will create a simple Win32 console application.

- 1. Fire up VS2008 and go to: File -> New -> Project...
- 2. First expand the **Visual C++** node, then select the **Win32** node and click on the **Win32 Console Application** item in the **Templates** panel:



3. Type in "test_curl" for the project name. The project location should be: *C:\Projects*

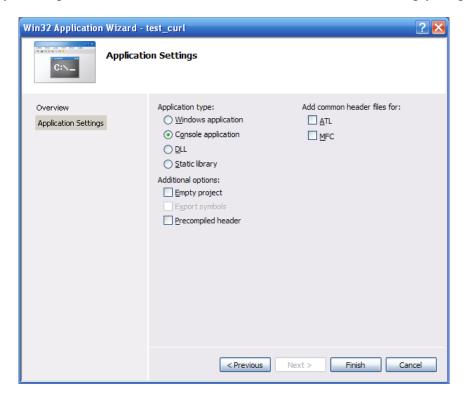
Make sure that the checkbox **Create directory for solution** is checked and click on **OK**.

4. The Win32 Application Wizard will appear. In the first window click on **Next**:

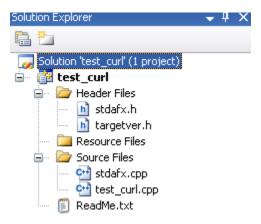


- 5. In the following window:
 - a. Make sure that Console application is selected from the Application type: list
 - b. In Additional options, uncheck the Precompiled header option.
 - c. Ensure that both **ATL** and **MFC** are unchecked in the **Add common header files for:** list.

Now you can press on the **Finish** button and wait for VS2008 to set up your project.



6. In the **Solution Explorer** window you should see the following project structure:



Double-click on test_curl.cpp to open it (if VS2008 didn't already do so for you). The source code should look like this:

4.3 How to use the libcurl library

4.3.1 Sample source code

Replace all the code in *test_curl.cpp* with this code:

```
// headers
#include "stdafx.h"
#include <conio.h>
#include <curl/curl.h>
#include <windows.h>
// prototypes
           libcurl progress callback (void * clientp, double dltotal,
int
                                      double dlnow, double ultotal,
                                      double ulnow);
size t
           libcurl read callback(void * pBuffer, size t size, size t nmemb,
                                 void * hFile);
void SSHUpload(char * strFileName, char * strFilePath);
int tmain(int argc, TCHAR* argv[])
     SSHUpload("test.txt", "C:\\");
     printf("Press any key to continue...");
     getch();
     return 0;
void SSHUpload(char * strFileName, char * strFilePath)
     char strBuffer[1024];
     CURL * hCurl;
     CURLcode ccCurlResult = CURL LAST;
     curl off t cotFileSize;
     HANDLE hFile;
     LARGE INTEGER liFileSize;
     // check parameters
     if((strFileName == NULL || strlen(strFileName) == 0) ||
         (strFilePath == NULL || strlen(strFilePath) == 0))
           return;
     // parse file path
     if (strFilePath[strlen(strFilePath) - 1] == '\\')
           sprintf s(strBuffer, 1024, "%s%s", strFilePath, strFileName);
     else
           sprintf s(strBuffer, 1024, "%s\\%s", strFilePath, strFileName);
     // create a handle to the file
     hFile = CreateFileA(strBuffer,
                                                    // file to open
                                                    // open for reading
                         GENERIC READ,
                                                 // share for reading
                         FILE SHARE READ,
                                                    // default security
                         NULL,
                                                    // existing file only
                         OPEN EXISTING,
                         FILE ATTRIBUTE NORMAL,
                                                    // normal file
                         NULL);
                                                    // no attr. template
```

```
if(hFile != INVALID HANDLE VALUE)
      // global libcurl initialisation
      ccCurlResult = curl global init(CURL GLOBAL WIN32);
      if(ccCurlResult == 0)
            // start libcurl easy session
            hCurl = curl easy init();
            if (hCurl)
                  // enable verbose operation
                  curl_easy_setopt(hCurl, CURLOPT VERBOSE, TRUE);
                  // enable uploading
                  curl easy setopt(hCurl, CURLOPT UPLOAD, TRUE);
                  // inform libcurl of the file's size
                  GetFileSizeEx(hFile, &liFileSize);
                  cotFileSize = liFileSize.QuadPart;
                  curl easy setopt (hCurl,
                                   CURLOPT INFILESIZE LARGE,
                                   cotFileSize);
                  // enable progress report function
                  curl easy setopt (hCurl, CURLOPT NOPROGRESS, FALSE);
                  curl easy setopt(hCurl,
                                   CURLOPT PROGRESSFUNCTION,
                                   libcurl progress callback);
                  // use custom read function
                  curl easy setopt (hCurl,
                                   CURLOPT READFUNCTION,
                                   libcurl read callback);
                  // specify which file to upload
                  curl easy setopt (hCurl, CURLOPT READDATA, hFile);
                  // specify full path of uploaded file (i.e. server
                  // address plus remote path)
                  sprintf s(strBuffer,
                            1024,
                            "sftp://123.123.123.123/home/user/%s",
                            strFileName);
                  curl easy setopt(hCurl, CURLOPT URL, strBuffer);
                  // set SSH server port
                  curl_easy_setopt(hCurl, CURLOPT PORT, 22);
                  // set SSH user name and password in libcurl in this
                  // format "user:password"
                  curl easy setopt (hCurl,
                                   CURLOPT USERPWD,
                                    "user:password");
                  // set SSH authentication to user name and password
```

```
curl easy setopt (hCurl,
                                          CURLOPT SSH AUTH TYPES,
                                          CURLSSH AUTH PASSWORD);
                        // execute command
                        ccCurlResult = curl easy perform(hCurl);
                        // end libcurl easy session
                        curl easy cleanup(hCurl);
                  }
            // release file handle
            CloseHandle(hFile);
            // global libcurl cleanup
            curl global cleanup();
            if (ccCurlResult == CURLE OK)
                  printf("File uploaded successfully.\n");
            else
                  printf("File upload failed. Curl error: %d\n",
                         ccCurlResult);
      else
            printf("File upload failed! Could not open local file");
size t libcurl read callback(void * pBuffer, size t size,
                             size t nmemb, void * hFile)
      DWORD dwNumberOfBytesRead = 0;
      BOOL bResult = ReadFile((HANDLE) hFile, pBuffer, size * nmemb,
                              &dwNumberOfBytesRead, NULL);
      return dwNumberOfBytesRead;
int libcurl progress callback (void * clientp, double dltotal, double dlnow,
                               double ultotal, double ulnow)
      printf("Uploaded: %d / %d\n", (int) ulnow, (int) ultotal);
      return 0;
```

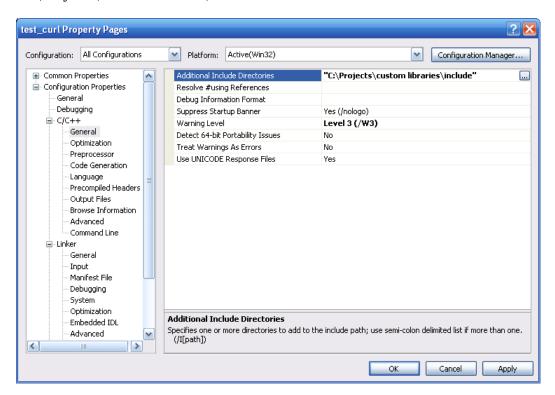
NOTE: You must replace some of the information in the sample code:

- line 17: enter a file name to be uploaded and its location on your computer
- line 93: type in your server's IP address and the remote path where the file should be stored (here I assume that you have access to a computer that is running a SSH server)
- line 104: the login credentials for the SSH server

4.3.2 Adding libcurl to the list of libraries

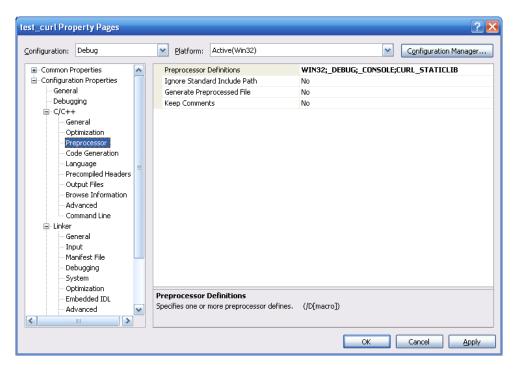
Now let's tell the compiler where to find the libcurl header files and the library itself:

- 1. In the **Solution Explorer** window, right-click on the test_curl project window and select **Properties** from the pop-up menu.
- 2. Expand the **Configuration Properties** node.
- 3. Expand the C/C++ node
 - a. Select the **General** node, choose the **Additional Include Directories** property and add the path:
 - "C:\Projects\custom libraries\include"

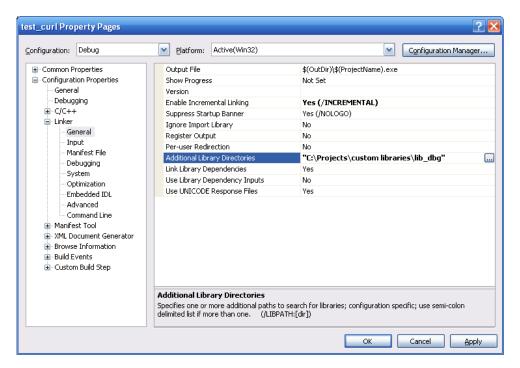


NOTE: While you might be tempted to include the "*C:\Projects\custom libraries\include\curl*" directory instead, we must add the parent directory since some libcurl files use #include statements like this one: "#include <curl/curlbuild.h>".

b. Select the **Preprocessor node** and click on the **Preprocessor Definitions** property. Add in the following to the existing definitions: ;CURL_STATICLIB

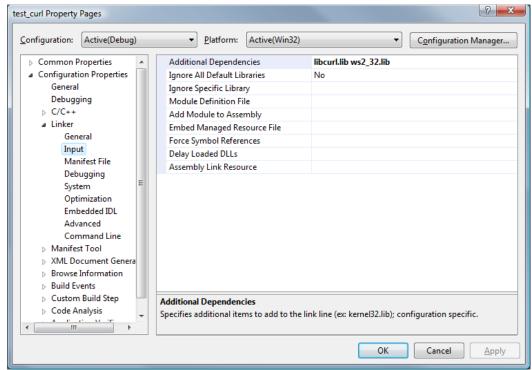


- 4. Expand the **Linker** node.
 - a. Select the **General** node, chose the **Additional Library Directories** property and add the path:
 - "C:\Projects\custom libraries\lib_dbg"



b. Select the **Input** node, click on the **Additional Dependencies** property and set it

libcurl.lib ws2_32.lib



5. Click on the **OK** button.

4.3.3 The test-drive

Now we are finally ready to reap the fruits of our labor: compile and run the program. Depending on the size of the file you chose to upload, the output should look similar to this:

```
* About to connect() to port 22 (#0)

* Trying * connected

* Connected to ( ) port 22 (#0)

* SSH authentication methods available: publickey.password

* Initialized password authentication

* Authentication complete
Uploaded: 0 / 4893
Uploaded: 4893 / 4893

Uploaded: 4893 / 4893

* Connection #0 to host

** Closing connection #0

*File uploaded successfully.

Press any key to continue..._
```

5. Final Notes

Congratulations! You are now ready to use libcurl in your own projects. If you run into trouble down the road, don't hesitate to post a message on libcurl's very active mailing list: http://cool.haxx.se/mailman/listinfo/curl-library. However, please take a moment and read the mailing list etiquette (http://curl.haxx.se/mail/etiquette.html) before posting.

Appendix A - Adding OpenSSL support directly to libcurl

Some of you might find it useful to have SSL/TLS support directly built into libcurl. In this case, compilation procedure that was presented in section 3.5 is identical with the exception of step 3, which must be replaced with the following:

- 3. Next, you must tell the compiler and the librarian to use the libSSH2 library and where this library is located:
 - a. Right-click on the libcurl project in the **Solution Explorer** window and select **Properties** from the pop-up menu.
 - b. Expand the **Configuration Properties** node, then the **C/C++** node.
 - i. Click on the **General** node. Next to **Additional Include Directories**, add the following:
 - ,*C*:\libssh2-1.2.7\include,c:\openssl_lib\include\,c:\openssl_lib\include\openssl (the comma is needed since there are already two additional include directories specified)
 - ii. Select the **Preprocessor** node and click on the **Preprocessor Definitions** property. Add in the following to the existing definitions: CURL_STATICLIB;USE_LIBSSH2;CURL_DISABLE_LDAP;HAVE_L IBSSH2;HAVE_LIBSSH2_H;LIBSSH2_WIN32;LIBSSH2_LIBRARY;USE_SSLEAY
 - c. In the Configuration Properties node, expand the Librarian node, and select General.
 - i. Select **Additional Dependencies** and type in: *libssh2.lib libeay32.lib ssleay32.lib*
 - ii. Next to **Additional Library Directories**, type in the path: *C:\libssh2-1.2.7\win32\Debug_lib,c:\openssl_lib\lib*

Since the OpenSSL library was already included as part of the libSSH2 compilation, at the end of the libcurl compilation, the linker will present a whole bunch of "second definition ignored" warnings, which can be safely ignored.