

# Advanced Manual Smart Contract Audit

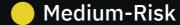


**Project:** Arcade Kingdoms

Website: https://arcadekingdoms.com/



6 low-risk code issues found



1 medium-risk code issues found



0 high-risk code issues found

### **Contract Address**

0x52EC25E58a9e144ff002625BB2AA58Cc6DA24Cb2

Disclaimer: Coinsult is not responsible for any financial losses. Nothing in this contract audit is financial advice, please do your own research.

## Disclaimer

Coinsult is not responsible if a project turns out to be a scam, rug-pull or honeypot. We only provide a detailed analysis for your own research.

Coinsult is not responsible for any financial losses. Nothing in this contract audit is financial advice, please do your own research.

The information provided in this audit is for informational purposes only and should not be considered investment advice. Coinsult does not endorse, recommend, support or suggest to invest in any project.

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## **Tokenomics**

Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	0x54819c2532034acc33d2af60db493335e60fde53	100,000,000	100.0000%

## **Source Code**

Coinsult was comissioned by Arcade Kingdoms to perform an audit based on the following smart contract:

https://bscscan.com/address/0x52EC25E58a9e144ff002625BB2AA58Cc6DA24Cb2#code

## **Manual Code Review**

In this audit report we will highlight all these issues:



6 low-risk code issues found

Medium-Risk

1 medium-risk code issues found

High-Risk

0 high-risk code issues found

The detailed report continues on the next page...

### **Contract contains Reentrancy vulnerabilities**

Additional information: This combination increases risk of malicious intent. While it may be justified by some complex mechanics (e.g. rebase, reflections, buyback).

More information: Slither

```
Reentrancy in ArcadeKingdoms._transfer(address,address,uint256) (#450-475):
State variables written after the call(s):
_transferWithoutTax(sender,recipient,amount) (#463)
- _balances[sender] = _balances[sender].sub(amount,BEP20: transfer amount exceeds balance) (#516-519
- balances[recipient] = balances[recipient].add(amount) (#520)
- _transferWithTax(sender,recipient,amount) (#467)

    balances[sender] = balances[sender].sub(amount,BEP20: transfer amount exceeds balance) (#495-498

- balances[recipient] = balances[recipient].add(taxedAmount) (#499)
- balances[ taxStoreAddr] = balances[ taxStoreAddr].add(tTax) (#503)
- _transferWithoutTax(sender,recipient,amount) (#469)
- _balances[sender] = _balances[sender].sub(amount,BEP20: transfer amount exceeds balance) (#516-519
- balances[recipient] = balances[recipient].add(amount) (#520)

    transferWithoutTax(sender, recipient, amount) (#473)

- _balances[sender] = _balances[sender].sub(amount,BEP20: transfer amount exceeds balance) (#516-519
- _balances[recipient] = _balances[recipient].add(amount) (#520)
- _transferWithTax(sender,recipient,amount) (#467)
- totalSupply = totalSupply.sub(tTax) (#505)
```

#### Recommendation

Apply the check-effects-interactions pattern.

### **Exploit scenario**

```
function withdrawBalance(){
    // send userBalance[msg.sender] Ether to msg.sender
    // if mgs.sender is a contract, it will call its fallback function
    if( ! (msg.sender.call.value(userBalance[msg.sender])() ) ){
        throw;
    }
    userBalance[msg.sender] = 0;
}
```

Bob uses the re-entrancy bug to call withdrawBalance two times, and withdraw more than its initial deposit to the contract.

## **Too many digits**

Literals with many digits are difficult to read and review.

```
_totalSupply = 1000000000 * 1e18;
```

### **Recommendation**

Use: Ether suffix, Time suffix, or The scientific notation

## **Exploit scenario**

```
contract MyContract{
    uint 1_ether = 100000000000000000000;
}
```

While 1\_ether looks like 1 ether, it is 10 ether. As a result, it's likely to be used incorrectly.

### No zero address validation for some functions

Detect missing zero address validation.

```
function setTaxStoreAddr(address _addr) external onlyOwner {
    _taxStoreAddr = _addr;
}
```

#### **Recommendation**

Check that the new address is not zero.

## **Exploit scenario**

```
contract C {

modifier onlyAdmin {
   if (msg.sender != owner) throw;
   _;
}

function updateOwner(address newOwner) onlyAdmin external {
   owner = newOwner;
}
```

Bob calls updateOwner without specifying the newOwner, soBob loses ownership of the contract.

## **Missing events arithmetic**

Detect missing events for critical arithmetic parameters.

```
function updateBuyTax(uint256 _percentage) external onlyOwner {
    _BUY_TAX = _percentage;
}

function updateSellTax(uint256 _percentage) external onlyOwner {
    _SELL_TAX = _percentage;
}

function setTaxEnabled(bool _enabled) external onlyOwner {
    _taxEnabled = _enabled;
}

function setTaxStoreEnabled(bool _enabled) external onlyOwner {
    _taxStoreEnabled = _enabled;
}
```

#### Recommendation

Emit an event for critical parameter changes.

## **Exploit scenario**

```
contract C {

modifier onlyAdmin {
   if (msg.sender != owner) throw;
   _;
}

function updateOwner(address newOwner) onlyAdmin external {
   owner = newOwner;
}
```

updateOwner() has no event, so it is difficult to track off-chain changes in the buy price.

### **Conformance to Solidity naming conventions**

Allow \_ at the beginning of the mixed\_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

```
Parameter ArcadeKingdoms.updateBuyTax(uint256)._percentage (#230) is not in mixedCase
Parameter ArcadeKingdoms.updateSellTax(uint256)._percentage (#234) is not in mixedCase
Parameter ArcadeKingdoms.setTaxEnabled(bool)._enabled (#238) is not in mixedCase
Parameter ArcadeKingdoms.setTaxStoreEnabled(bool)._enabled (#242) is not in mixedCase
Parameter ArcadeKingdoms.setTaxStoreAddr(address)._addr (#246) is not in mixedCase
Variable ArcadeKingdoms._BUY_TAX (#189) is not in mixedCase
Variable ArcadeKingdoms._SELL_TAX (#190) is not in mixedCase
```

#### Recommendation

Follow the Solidity naming convention.

## **Rule exceptions**

- Allow constant variable name/symbol/decimals to be lowercase (ERC20).
- Allow \_ at the beginning of the mixed\_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

## Costly operations inside a loop

Costly operations inside a loop might waste gas, so optimizations are justified.

```
function removeTaxedAddress(address account) external onlyOwner {
    require(_isTaxedAddress[account], "ACK: Account is already removed");
    for (uint256 i = 0; i < _taxedAddress.length; i++) {
        if (_taxedAddress[i] == account) {
            _taxedAddress[i] = _taxedAddress[_taxedAddress.length - 1];
            _isTaxedAddress[account] = false;
            _taxedAddress.pop();
            break;
        }
    }
}
```

#### Recommendation

Use a local variable to hold the loop computation result.

### **Exploit scenario**

```
contract CostlyOperationsInLoop{
   function bad() external{
      for (uint i=0; i < loop_count; i++){
            state_variable++;
      }
   }
}

function good() external{
   uint local_variable = state_variable;
   for (uint i=0; i < loop_count; i++){
      local_variable++;
    }
   state_variable = local_variable;
}</pre>
```

Incrementing state\_variable in a loop incurs a lot of gas because of expensive SSTOREs, which might lead to an out-of-gas.

Medium-Risk: Should be fixed, could bring problems.

## Incorrect if-statement syntax − ✓ Acknowledged

```
function _beforeTokenTransfer(
   address from,
   address to,
   uint256 amount
) internal {
   if (from == address(0) || to == address(0)) return;
   if (!antisnipeDisable & amp; & amp; address(antisnipe) != address(0))
        antisnipe.assureCanTransfer(msg.sender, from, to, amount);
}
```

### Recommendation

✓ Acknowledged by the team:

Intentional use of no curly brackets. "it is acceptable"

## **Owner privileges**

- Owner cannot pause trading
- Owner cannot change max transaction amount
- Owner can set fees higher than 25%
- Owner can exclude from fees

## Extra notes by the team

No notes

## **Contract Snapshot**

```
contract ArcadeKingdoms is Context, IBEP20, Ownable {
using SafeMath for uint256;
mapping(address => uint256) private _balances;
mapping(address => mapping(address => uint256)) private _allowances;
bool private _taxEnabled;
bool private _taxStoreEnabled;
* @dev tax percentage to be deducted from taxed transaction
uint256 private _BUY_TAX = 1; // %
uint256 private _SELL_TAX = 1; // %
address private _taxStoreAddr;
IAntisnipe public antisnipe = IAntisnipe(address(0));
bool public antisnipeDisable;
* @dev Store addresses included in tax collection
* @dev Sending to addresses included in tax collection will remove tax using the percentage in _BUY
mapping(address => bool) private _isTaxedAddress;
address[] private _taxedAddress;
```

## **Website Review**

Coinsult checks the website completely manually and looks for visual, technical and textual errors. We also look at the security, speed and accessibility of the website. In short, a complete check to see if the website meets the current standard of the web development industry.



- Mobile Friendly
- Does not contain jQuery errors
- SSL Secured
- No major spelling errors

## **Project Overview**



Not KYC verified by Coinsult

# **Arcade Kingdoms**

Audited by Coinsult.net



Date: 8 July 2022

✓ Advanced Manual Smart Contract Audit