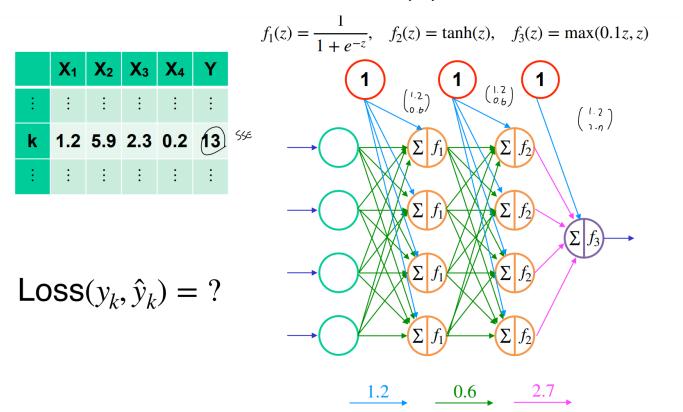
머신러닝을이용한재난설계 제출일 2022.06.03

201720970\_권대한

X1 = 1.2 X2 = 5.9 X3 = 2.3 X4 = 0.2 Y = 13

각 입출력 데이터는 다음과 같으며, Hidden Node 1, 2, Output Node 1 의 Activation Function 이 각 Sigmoid, Hyperbolic Tangent, Leaky RELU 이다.

Feed Forward NN 의 Loss 값을 구하여라. (입력 데이터가 1 개이므로 y – y.hat 이 되겠다.)



```
<코드>
forward_exer1 <- function(x)</pre>
{
 f.1 <- function(z)
   1 / (1 + \exp(-z))
 }
 f.2 <- function(z)
 {
   tanh(z)
 }
 f.3 <- function(z)
 {
   pmax(0.1 * z, z)
 }
 a.0 < -x
 b.1 <- c(rep(1.2, 4)) \%>\% matrix(., nrow = 4)
 b.2 < -b.1
 b.3 <- 1.2
 w.1 <- c(rep(0.6, 16)) \%>\% matrix(., ncol = 4)
 w.2 < - w.1
 w.3 <- c(rep(2.7, 4)) %>% matrix(., ncol = 4)
 a.1 <- (b.1 + w.1 %*% a.0) %>% f.1 %>% `colnames <-`("a.1") %>% print(.)
 a.2 <- (b.2 + w.2 %*% a.1) %>% f.2 %>% `colnames <-`("a.2") %>% print(.)
 a.3 <- (b.3 + w.3 %*% a.2) %>% f.3 %>% `colnames <- `("a.3") %>% print(.)
 (13 - a.3) / 1 %>% `colnames<-`("Loss") %>% print(.)
}
c(1.2, 5.9, 2.3, 0.2) %>% matrix(., nrow = 4) %>% forward_exer1
```

```
<출력 결과>
```

```
> forward_exer1 ← function(x)
+ f.1 \leftarrow function(z)
     1 / (1 + \exp(-z))
   f.2 \leftarrow function(z)
   {
     tanh(z)
   f.3 \leftarrow function(z)
+
+
     pmax(0.1 * z, z)
+
+
   a.0 \leftarrow x
+ b.1 \leftarrow c(rep(1.2, 4)) %>% matrix(., nrow = 4)
+ b.2 ← b.1
  b.3 \leftarrow 1.2
+ w.1 \leftarrow c(rep(0.6, 16)) %>% matrix(., ncol = 4)
   w.2 ← w.1
   w.3 \leftarrow c(rep(2.7, 4)) \%\% matrix(., ncol = 4)
+
+ a.1 ← (b.1 + w.1 ** a.0) *> f.1 *> `colnames←`("a.1") *> print(.)
 a.2 ← (b.2 + w.2 %*% a.1) %>% f.2 %>% `colnames←`("a.2") %>% print(.) a.3 ← (b.3 + w.3 %*% a.2) %>% f.3 %>% `colnames←`("a.3") %>% print(.)
+ ((13 - a.3) / 1) %>% `colnames←`("Loss") %>% print(.)
+
+ }
> c(1.2, 5.9, 2.3, 0.2) %>% matrix(., nrow = 4) %>% forward_exer1
[1,] 0.9990518
[2,] 0.9990518
[3,] 0.9990518
[4,] 0.9990518
             a.2
[1,] 0.9985011
[2,] 0.9985011
[3,] 0.9985011
[4,] 0.9985011
           a.3
[1,] 11.98381
          Loss
[1,] 1.016188
```