S.E.(Computer/A.I.&D.S.)(Insem) DATASTRUCTURESANDALGORITHMS (2019Pattern)(Semester-II)(210252)

Time:1Hour] [Max.Marks:30

Instructionstothecandidates:

- 1) SolveQ.1orQ.2,Q.3orQ.4.
- 2) Figurestotherightsideindicatefullmarks.
- 4) Assumesuitable data, if necessary.
- Q1)a)Wehaveahashtableofsize10tostoreintegerkeys,withhashfunction h(x)=xmod10.Constructahashtablestepbystepusinglinearprobin g withoutreplacementstrategyand insertelementsin the order 31,3,4,21,61,6,71,8,9,25. Calculate average number of comparisons requiredtosearchgivendatarromhashtableusinglinearprobingwitho ut replacement.
 - b) Explain the concept of quadratic probing using example. What are the advantagesanddisadvantagesofquadratic probing overlinear probing?
 - c) Whatishashing?Explainthepropertiesofgoodhashfunctionwith examples.

OR

- **Q2)**a)Insertthefollowingdatainthehashtableofsize10usinglinearprobing withchainingbyapplyingwithreplacement:11,33,20,88,79,98,68,44,66,24.Calculateaveragenumberofcomparisonsrequiredtosear ch givendatafromhashtable. [6]
 - b) Add following keys in hash table by applying extendible hashing mechanism. Assume capacity of each directory to store buckets is 3. Keysare10,20,15,12,25,30,7,11,08. [5]
 - c) Writeshortnoteonskiplist. [4]

- *Q3)*a) WriteanalgorithmtodeleteanodefromThreadedbinarySearchTree. **[6]**
 - b) Thefollowingnumbersareinsertedintoanemptybinarysearchtreei n the given order: G, C, B,A, D, E, F, I, H. Construct tree step by step. Representtheconstructedtreeusingstaticmemoryallocation.[5]
 - c) Let characters a, b, c, d, e, f has probabilities 0.07, 0.09, 0.12, 0.22, 0.23, 0.27 respectively. Find an optimal Huffman code and draw Huffman tree. [4]

OR

- **Q4)**a) Construct threaded binary tree step by step if the preorder traversal is G,B,D,C,A,K,Q,P,R&in-ordertraversalisB,A,C,D,G,K,P,Q, R.DeleteGandredrawatree. [6]
 - b) Writeanon-recursivefunctiontodisplaydatainBinarySearchTreein descendingorder. [5]
 - c) Explainhowtoconvertgeneraltreetobinarytreewithexample. [4]