The Flow of TensorFlow

# A TensorFlow Tutorial

Email Classification with Logistic Regression

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Let's get to the script!

#### Preamble

### Import the Email Data

```
### IMPORT DATA ###
def csv_to_numpy_array(filePath, delimiter):
    return np.genfromtxt(filePath. delimiter=delimiter. dtvpe=None)
def import_data():
    if "data" not in os.listdir(os.getcwd()):
        # Untar directory of data if we haven't already
        tarObject = tarfile.open("data.tar.gz")
        tarObject.extractall()
        tarObject.close()
        print("Extracted tar to current directory")
    else:
        # we've already extracted the files
        pass
    print("loading training data")
    trainX = csv_to_numpy_array("data/trainX.csv", delimiter="\t")
    trainY = csv_to_numpy_array("data/trainY.csv", delimiter="\t")
    print("loading test data")
    testX = csv_to_numpy_array("data/testX.csv", delimiter="\t")
    testY = csv_to_numpy_array("data/testY.csv", delimiter="\t")
    return trainX, trainY, testX, testY
train X , train Y , test X , test Y = import_data()
```

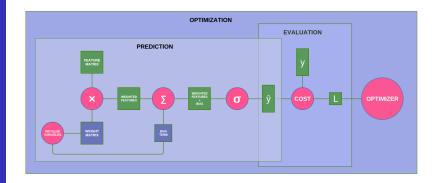
#### Some Global Parameters

```
### GLOBAL PARAMETERS ###
# DATA SET PARAMETERS
# Get our dimensions for our different variables and placeholders:
# numFeatures = the number of words extracted from each email
numFeatures = trainX.shape[1]
# numLabels = number of classes we are predicting (here just 2: Ham or Spam)
numLabels = trainY.shape[1]
# TRAINING SESSION PARAMETERS
# number of times we iterate through training data
# tensorboard shows that accuracy plateaus at ~25k epochs
numEpochs = 27000
# a smarter learning rate for gradientOptimizer
learningRate = tf.train.exponential_decay(learning_rate=0.0008,
                                           global_step= 1.
                                          decay_steps=trainX.shape[0],
                                          decay_rate= 0.95,
                                           staircase=True)
```

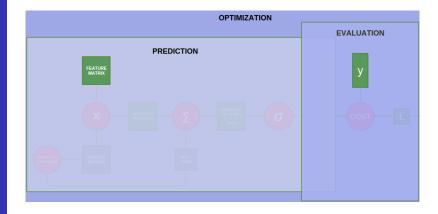
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# The Computational Graph

# The Full Computational Graph

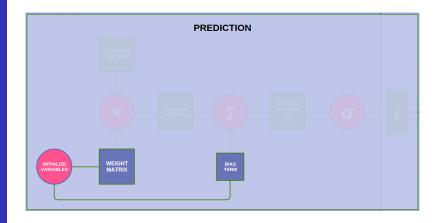


#### Define Feature and Label Placeholders



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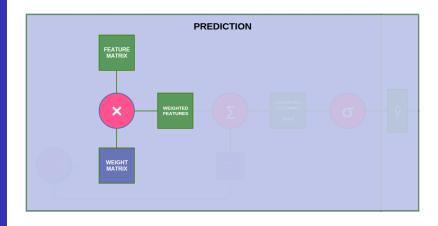
# Initialize Weights & Bias Terms Op



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```
### VARIABLES ###
# all values are randomly assigned:
# sart(6 / (numInputNodes + numOutputNodes + 1))
weights = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([numFeatures.numLabels],
          mean=0.
          stddev=(np.sqrt(6/numFeatures+numLabels+1)),
          name="weights"))
bias = tf. Variable(tf.random_normal([1.numLabels].
       mean=0,
       stddev=(np.sgrt(6/numFeatures+numLabels+1)).
       name="bias"))
# INITIALIZE our weights and biases
init_OP = tf.initialize_all_variables()
```

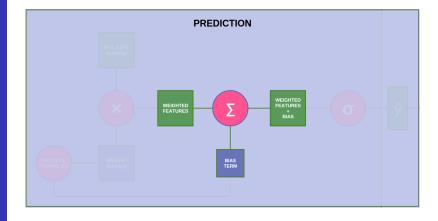
# Apply Weights to Features Op



# Apply Weights to Features Op

```
apply_weights_OP = tf.matmul(X, weights, name="apply_weights")
```

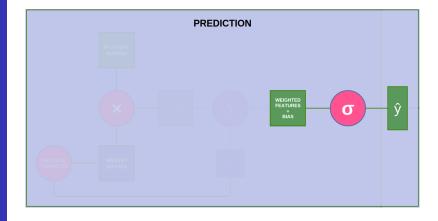
# Add Bias to Weighted Features Op



# Add Bias to Weighted Features Op

```
add_bias_OP = tf.add(apply_weights_OP, bias, name="add_bias")
```

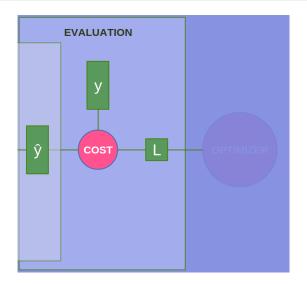
# Activation Op



# Activation Op

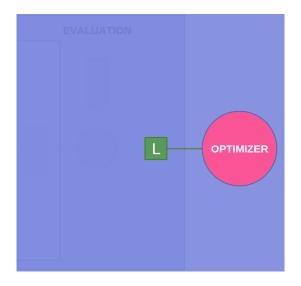
```
activation_OP = tf.nn.sigmoid(add_bias_OP, name="activation")
```

# Evaluation Op: Mean Squared Error



# Evaluation Op: Mean Squared Error

### Optimization Op: Gradient Descent



### Optimization Op: Gradient Descent

# Run the Graph

```
### RUN THE GRAPH ###
# Create a tensorflow session
sess = tf. Session()
# Initialize all tensorflow variables
sess.run(init_OP)
## Ops for vizualization
# argmax(activation_OP, 1) gives the label our model thought was most likely
# argmax(yGold, 1) is the correct label
correct_predictions_OP=tf.equal(tf.argmax(activation_OP,1),tf.argmax(vGold,1))
# False is 0 and True is 1, what was our average?
accuracy_OP = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_predictions_OP, "float"))
# Summary op for regression output
activation_summary_OP = tf.histogram_summary("output", activation_OP)
# Summary op for accuracy
accuracy_summary_OP = tf.scalar_summary("accuracy", accuracy_OP)
# Summary op for cost
cost_summary_OP = tf.scalar_summary("cost", cost_OP)
# Summary ops to check how variables (W, b) are updating after each iteration
weightSummary = tf.histogram_summary("weights", weights.eval(session=sess))
biasSummary = tf.histogram_summary("biases", bias.eval(session=sess))
# Merge all summaries
all\_summarv\_OPS = tf.merge\_all\_summaries()
# Summary writer
writer = tf.train.SummaryWriter("summary_logs", sess.graph_def)
```

# Still 'Running the Graph'

```
# Initialize reporting variables
diff = 1
# Training epochs
for i in range(numEpochs):
    if i ; 1 and diff i .0001:
        print("change in cost %g; convergence."%diff)
        break
    else:
        # Run training step
        step = sess.run(training_OP, feed_dict={X: trainX, yGold: trainY})
        # Report occasional stats
        if i % 10 = 0:
            # Add epoch to epoch_values
            epoch_values.append(i)
            # Generate accuracy stats on test data
            summary_results, train_accuracy, newCost = sess.run(
                [all_summary_OPS, accuracy_OP, cost_OP],
                feed_dict={X: trainX . vGold: trainY}
            # Add accuracy to live graphing variable
            accuracy_values.append(train_accuracy)
            # Add cost to live graphing variable
            cost_values.append(newCost)
            # Write summary stats to writer
            writer.add_summarv(summarv_results.i)
            # Re-assign values for variables
            diff = abs(newCost - cost)
            cost = newCost
```

# Still 'Still Running the Graph'

# Reuse, Recycle

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