Report

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How to use: Client: ./rsclient <ipaddress> <port> example: ./rsclient 127.0.0.1 1234 Server: ./rsserver <port> example: ./rsserver 1234 Main function: Input port is verified by portVarify () function. portVarify(const char* port) Client:

1. Use the socket to create connection with server. Set the time out by

```
int ret_send=setsockopt(sockfd,SOL_SOCKET,SO_SNDTIMEO,(const
char*)&timeout_send, sizeof(timeout_send));
int ret_recv=setsockopt(sockfd,SOL_SOCKET,SO_RCVTIMEO,(const
char*)&timeout_recv,sizeof(timeout_recv));
```

2. Use the **readline()** function to get the input command and send it through the socket. (Limited the command size to 1024 bytes). At last free the readline.

- 3. Then wait for the reply from server and receive the data by recv(). If some network error and reach the timeout, stop recv().
- 4. The client print out the return data and then waiting for another command. If exit, close the connection socket.

Server:

 Create the server socket. Bind the listening port with the server and wait for the coming command.

```
bind(listenfd, (struct sockaddr*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr))
```

2. When accept a socket connection, start to receive command from client.

```
connfd = accept(listenfd, (struct sockaddr*)NULL, NULL)
```

- 3. Handle the command use **popen()** function to get the stdout of the command. Add "2>&1" to the command to get the stderr.
- 4. Then send back the popen out put to the client and wait for next command.
 If exit received, close the socket with client and wait from next client connection.