ingenious plan
if i understand
it correctly

minor fix no need to test on samples

i make no mistakes

seems proved *whistles a horny molly's song*

let me just fix

and resubmit

rofl it works

it's a bitset

how can it not pass

i kinda know how to prove it 5-10 mins to implement

there is a column of ACs so greedy works ofc





```
Содержание
                                                  comp.clear();
                                                  dfs1(v, v);
  centroids
  1.1 centroid_decomposition.cpp . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  int center = -1;
                                                  for (int x : comp) {
\mathbf{2}
                                                     if (max_cnt[x] <= cnt[v] / 2 && cnt[v] -
 fft
                                                   cnt[x] <= cnt[v] / 2) {
  center = x;
  3
                                                         break:
  }
                                                  }
                                                  assert(center != -1);
 flows
  v = center;
  perform actions with center v
                                                  used[v] = true;
  3.4 min_cost_ford_bellman.h .......
                                            7
                                                  for (int to : g[v]) {
                                                     kill_center(to, depth + 1);
  3.5 \text{ min\_cost\_negative\_cycles.h} \dots \dots
                                            8
  geometry
  4.1 halfplane_intersection.cpp .......
                                               void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool read) {
  4.2 segments_and_circles.cpp . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                            10
                                                  int n;
                                                  cin >> n;
                                            10
  graphs
  10
                                                  used.assign(n, false);
  5.2 dominator_tree.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  cnt.assign(n, 0);
                                                  max_cnt.assign(n, 0);
 maths
                                                  kill_center(0, 0);
  12
                                            13
  6.4 gauss_bitset_inverse.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
  6.5 \quad {\tt gauss\_bitset\_solve\_slu.h} \; \ldots \; \ldots \; \ldots \; \ldots
                                            13
                                                   fft
  13
  6.7
     2.1 fft_advanced_integer.h
                                            14
  7.1 ch_trick_with_binary_summation_struct.cpp..
                                               Poly derivative(Poly a) {
  7.2 tree_bidirectional_dp.h ......
                                           15
                                                  if (a.empty()) {
                                                     return a;
  strings
  15
                                                  for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {
                                            16
                                                     a[i] = a[i] * i % mod;
  8.3 palindromes_on_subsegment.h . . . . . . . . .
  8.4 prefix_function.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                            17
                                                  a.erase(a.begin());
  18
                                                  return a;
  8.6 suffix_automaton_kostroma.h . . . . . . . . .
                                            19
  8.7 \quad {\tt z\_function.h} \; \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots
                                                '/ returns b(x) = int_0^x{a(t)dt}
 templates
                                               Poly primitive(Poly a) {
                                           19
  if (a.empty()) {
     sync-template.txt .......
                                                     return a;
  for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {
10 treap
                                            20
                                                      a[i] = a[i] * pw(i + 1, mod - 2) % mod;
  10.1 \; \texttt{treap\_explicit\_keys.h} \; . \; . \; . \; . \; . \; . \; . \; . \; .
  10.2 treap_implicit_keys.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                           21
                                                  a.insert(a.begin(), 0);
                                                  return a;
                                            22 }
11 fuckups.tex
                                               Poly add(Poly a, const Poly& b) {
1
    centroids
                                                  a.resize(max(a.size(), b.size()));
                                                  for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {
                                                      a[i] = (a[i] + b[i]) \% mod;
     centroid_decomposition.cpp
vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                  return a;
vector<int> cnt, max_cnt;
vector<int> comp;
                                               Poly sub(Poly a, const Poly& b) {
void dfs1(int v, int p) {
                                                  a.resize(max(a.size(), b.size()));
   cnt[v] = 1;
                                                  for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {
                                                     a[i] = (a[i] + mod - b[i]) % mod;
   \max_{cnt[v] = 0}
                                                  }
   comp.push_back(v);
   for (int to : g[v]) {
                                                  return a;
      if (to == p || used[to]) continue;
      dfs1(to, v);
      max_cnt[v] = max(max_cnt[v], cnt[to]);
                                               Poly normalize(Poly a) {
                                                  while (!a.empty() && a.back() == 0) {
      cnt[v] += cnt[to];
   }
                                                     a.pop_back();
                                                  return a:
                                               }
void kill_center(int v, int depth) {
   if (used[v]) {
      return;
                                               // get such b that a * b = 1 mod x^{prec}
```

```
Poly getInversed(Poly a, int prec) {
                                                                       segment_polys.pop_back();
    assert(a[0]);
                                                                       return:
                                                                   }
    Poly res = \{pw(a[0], mod - 2)\};
                                                                   segment_polys.pop_back();
    int k = 1;
                                                                   fill_ans(divMod(p,
    while (k < prec) {
                                                               segment_polys.back()).second);
        k *= 2;
                                                                   fill_ans(divMod(p,
        Poly tmp = multiply(res, Poly({a.begin(),
                                                               segment_polys.back()).second);
    a.begin() + min(k, (int)a.size())}));
        for (auto& x : tmp) {
                                                               fill_ans(poly);
            x = x ? mod - x : 0;
                                                               reverse(all(ans));
        tmp[0] = (tmp[0] + 2) \% mod;
                                                               return ans;
        res = multiply(tmp, res);
        res.resize(k);
                                                           // get \{x1, \ldots, xn\} and \{y1, \ldots, yn\}, return
                                                              such p that p(xi) = yi
                                                           Poly interpolate(const vector<long long>& xs,
    res.resize(prec);
    return res;

→ const vector<long long>& ys) {
                                                               assert(xs.size() == ys.size());
                                                               if (xs.empty()) {
// get such q and r that a = b * q + r, deg(r) < deg(b)
                                                                   return {0};
pair<Poly, Poly> divMod(Poly a, Poly b) {
    int n = a.size();
    int m = b.size();
                                                               vector<Poly> segment_polys =
    if (n < m) {
                                                              getSegmentProducts(xs);
                                                               auto der = derivative(segment_polys.back());
        return {{0}, a};
                                                               auto coeffs = multipoint(der, xs);
    reverse(all(a));
                                                               for (auto& c : coeffs) {
    reverse(all(b));
                                                                   c = pw(c, mod - 2);
    auto quotient = multiply(a, getInversed(b, n -
   m + 1));
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < (int)ys.size(); ++i) {
                                                                   coeffs[i] = coeffs[i] * ys[i] % mod;
    quotient.resize(n - m + 1);
    reverse(all(a));
    reverse(all(b));
                                                               function<Poly()> get_ans = [&]() {
    reverse(all(quotient));
    auto remainder = sub(a, multiply(b, quotient));
                                                                   Poly res;
    while (!remainder.empty() && remainder.back()
                                                                   if (segment_polys.back().size() <= 2) {</pre>
    == 0) {
                                                                       segment_polys.pop_back();
                                                                       res = {coeffs.back()};
        remainder.pop_back();
    }
                                                                       coeffs.pop_back();
    return {quotient, remainder};
                                                                   } else {
}
                                                                       segment_polys.pop_back();
// this is for multipoint and interpolate functions
                                                                       auto p1 = segment_polys.back();
vector<Poly> getSegmentProducts(const vector<long</pre>
                                                                       auto q1 = get_ans();
→ long>& pts) {
    vector<Poly> segment_polys;
                                                                       auto p2 = segment_polys.back();
    function<int(int, int)> fill_polys = [&](int
                                                                       auto q2 = get_ans();
    1, int r) {
        if (1 + 1 == r) {
                                                                       res = add(multiply(p1, q2),
            segment_polys.push_back({(mod -
                                                               multiply(p2, q1));
   pts[1]) % mod, 1});
                                                                   }
            return (int)segment_polys.size() - 1;
                                                                   return res;
                                                               };
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
                                                               return normalize(get_ans());
        int i = fill_polys(1, m);
        int j = fill_polys(m, r);
        auto new_poly = multiply(segment_polys[i],
                                                          // takes 1 + b, returns b - b^2/2 + b^3/3 - ...
    segment_polys[j]);
                                                           → mod x^{prec}
                                                           // ofc b must be divisible by x
        segment_polys.push_back(new_poly);
        return (int)segment_polys.size() - 1;
                                                           Poly logarithm(Poly a, int prec) {
                                                               assert(a[0] == 1);
                                                               auto res = primitive(multiply(derivative(a),
    fill_polys(0, pts.size());

→ getInversed(a, prec)));
    return segment_polys;
                                                               res.resize(prec);
                                                               return res;
// get p and \{x1, x2, \ldots, xn\}, return \{p(x1),
    p(x2), \ldots, p(xn)
                                                           // returns 1 + a + a^2/2 + a^3/6 + ... \mod x^{prec}
vector<long long> multipoint(const Poly& poly,
                                                           // ofc a must be divisible by x
   const vector<long long>& pts) {
                                                           Poly exponent(Poly a, int prec) {
    if (pts.empty()) {
                                                               assert(a[0] == 0);
        return {};
                                                               Poly res = \{0\};
                                                               int k = 1;
    vector<Poly> segment_polys =
                                                               while (k < prec) {

    getSegmentProducts(pts);

                                                                   k = 2;
                                                                   Poly tmp = {a.begin(), a.begin() + min(k,
    vector<long long> ans;
    function<void(const Poly&)> fill_ans =
                                                              (int)a.size())};
    [%](const Poly% p) {
                                                                   tmp[0] += 1;
        if ((int)segment_polys.back().size() <= 2) {</pre>
                                                                   tmp = sub(tmp, logarithm(res, k));
            ans.push_back(p.empty() ? 0 : p[0]);
```

```
res = multiply(tmp, res);
        res.resize(k);
    res.resize(prec);
                                                            Poly multiply(Poly a, Poly b) {
    return res;
                                                                int n = 1;
                                                                while (n < (int)a.size() || n < (int)b.size()) {
2.2 fft_double.h
                                                                clock_t start = clock();
                                                                vector \langle base \rangle ar (n + n), br (n + n);
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {</pre>
const int N = 1 \ll L;
                                                                    ar[i] = a[i];
bool fft_initialized = false;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {</pre>
using ld = long double;
                                                                    br[i] = b[i];
using base = complex<ld>;
                                                                7
using Poly = vector<ld>;
                                                                fft(ar);
                                                                fft(br):
const ld pi = acosl(-1);
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n + n; ++i) {
base angles[N + 1];
                                                                    ar[i] = ar[i] * br[i];
int bitrev[N];
                                                                fft(ar, true);
// don't know why such eps, may be changed
                                                                while (!ar.empty() && eq(norm(ar.back()), 0)) {
const ld eps = 1e-7;
                                                                    ar.pop_back();
inline bool eq(ld x, ld y) {
                                                                a.resize(ar.size());
   return abs(x - y) < eps;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                    a[i] = real(ar[i]);
void fft_init() {
    for (int i = 0; i <= N; ++i) {
    angles[i] = {cosl(2 * pi * i / N), sinl(2</pre>
                                                                return a;
    * pi * i / N)};
                                                            2.3 fft_integer.h
    for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
                                                            const int mod = 998244353;
        int x = i;
                                                            const int L = 22;
                                                                                  // can be 23 for 998244353
        for (int j = 0; j < L; ++j) {
                                                            const int N = 1 \ll L;
            bitrev[i] = (bitrev[i] << 1) | (x & 1);
                                                            bool fft_initialized = false;
            x >>= 1;
                                                            using Poly = vector<long long>;
    }
                                                            long long pw(long long a, long long b) {
                                                                long long res = 1;
    fft_initialized = true;
}
                                                                while (b) {
                                                                    if (b & 111) {
inline int revBit(int x, int len) {
                                                                        res = res * a % mod;
    return bitrev[x] >> (L - len);
                                                                    b >>= 1;
                                                                    a = a * a \% mod;
void fft(vector<base>& a, bool inverse = false) {
                                                                }
    assert(fft_initialized &&
                                                                return res;
    "you fucking cunt just write fft_init()");
   int n = a.size();
                              // work only with
    assert(!(n & (n - 1)));
                                                            int getRoot() {
   powers of two
                                                                int root = 1;
                                                                while (pw(root, 1 << L) != 1 || pw(root, 1 <<
   int 1 = __builtin_ctz(n);
                                                                (L - 1)) == 1) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                    ++root:
                                                                }
        int j = revBit(i, 1);
        if (i < j) {
                                                                return root;
            swap(a[i], a[j]);
    }
                                                            const int root = getRoot();
    for (int len = 1; len < n; len *= 2) {
                                                            long long angles[N + 1];
        for (int start = 0; start < n; start += 2</pre>
                                                           int bitrev[N];
    * len) {
            for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {</pre>
                                                            void fft_init() {
                base x = a[start + i], y = a[start
                                                                angles[0] = 1;
    + len + i];
                                                                for (int i = 1; i <= N; ++i) {
                                                                    angles[i] = angles[i - 1] * root % mod;
                 int idx = N / 2 / len * i;
                 base w = y * angles[inverse ? N -
    idx : idx];
                a[start + i] = x + w;
a[start + len + i] = x - w;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
                                                                    int x = i;
            }
                                                                    for (int j = 0; j < L; ++j) {
        }
                                                                        bitrev[i] = (bitrev[i] << 1) | (x & 1);
    }
                                                                        x >>= 1;
    if (inverse) {
                                                                }
        for (auto& x : a) {
            x /= n;
                                                                fft_initialized = true;
```

```
co[i] = cos(2 * PI * i / MAX_FFT_N);
inline int revBit(int x, int len) {
   return bitrev[x] >> (L - len);
                                                                     si[i] = sin(2 * PI * i / MAX_FFT_N);
                                                             }
void fft(vector<long long>& a, bool inverse = false) {
                                                             #define double 1d
    assert(fft_initialized &&
    "you fucking cunt just write fft_init()");
                                                             using base = complex<double>;
                                                             using Poly = vector<long long>;
    int n = a.size();
    assert(!(n & (n - 1)));
                              // work only with
                                                             void fft(vector<base> & a, bool invert) {
    powers of two
    int 1 = __builtin_ctz(n);
                                                                 int n = (int)a.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                 for (int i = 1, j = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        int j = revBit(i, 1);
if (i < j) {</pre>
                                                                     int bit = n \gg 1;
                                                                     for (; j >= bit; bit >>= 1)
                                                                         j -= bit;
            swap(a[i], a[j]);
                                                                     j += bit;
        }
                                                                     if (i < j)
    }
                                                                          swap(a[i], a[j]);
    for (int len = 1; len < n; len *= 2) {
        for (int start = 0; start < n; start += 2</pre>
                                                                 for (int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1) {
    * len) {
                                                                     int dom = (invert ? -1 : 1);
            for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
                                                                     int DOM = MAX_FFT_N / len;
                long long x = a[start + i], y =
    a[start + len + i];
                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < n; i += len) {
                 int idx = N / 2 / len * i;
                                                                         base w(1);
                                                                          for (int j = 0; j < len_{ }/ 2; ++j) {
                 long long w = angles[inverse ? N -
    idx : idx];
                                                                              w = base(co[DOM * j], si[DOM * j]
                 w = w * y % mod;
a[start + i] = x + w;
                                                             \rightarrow * dom);
                                                                              auto u = a[i + j], v = a[i + j +
                 if (a[start + i] >= mod) {
                                                             \rightarrow len / 2] * w;
                     a[start + i] -= mod;
                                                                              a[i + j] = u + v;
                                                                              a[i + j + len / 2] = u - v;
                 a[start + len + i] = x - w;
                                                                          }
                 if (a[start + len + i] < 0) {
                                                                     }
                     a[start + len + i] += mod;
                                                                 }
                                                                 if (invert) {
            }
                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                          a[i] /= (double)n;
        }
    }
                                                                 }
    if (inverse) {
                                                             }
        int rev_deg = 1;
        for (int i = 0; i < 1; ++i) {
            rev_deg = (rev_deg \% 2) ? ((rev_deg +
                                                            Poly multiply(const Poly& a, const Poly& b) {
   mod) / 2) : (rev_deg / 2);
                                                                 int n = 1;
                                                                 while (n <= a.size() || n <= b.size())
        for (auto& x : a) {
                                                                    n <<= 1;
            x = x * rev_deg % mod;
                                                                 n <<= 1:
                                                                 vector<base> input[2];
                                                                 for (int w = 0; w < 2; ++w)
  input[w].assign(n, base(0, 0));</pre>
    }
}
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i)
Poly multiply(Poly a, Poly b) {
                                                                     input[0][i] = a[i];
    int n = 1;
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < b.size(); ++i)
                                                                     input[1][i] = b[i];
    while (n < (int)a.size() || n < (int)b.size()) {
                                                                 for (auto& vec : input) {
        n *= 2;
                                                                     fft(vec, false);
    a.resize(n + n);
    b.resize(n + n);
                                                                 vector <base> res(n);
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    fft(a);
                                                                     res[i] = input[0][i] * input[1][i];
    fft(b);
    for (int i = 0; i < n + n; ++i) {
                                                                 fft(res, true);
        a[i] = a[i] * b[i] % mod;
                                                                 Polv answer(n):
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                     answer[i] = (li)(res[i].real() + 0.5);
    fft(a, true);
    while (!a.empty() && a.back() == 0) {
                                                                     answer[i] %= mod;
        a.pop_back();
                                                                 return answer;
    return a:
                                                             const int shift = 15;
2.4 fft_mod_10_9_7.h
                                                             const int first_mod = 1 << shift;</pre>
const int MAX_FFT_N = 1 << 19;</pre>
                                                             Poly large_part(const Poly& a) {
                                                                 Poly res(a.size());
ld PI = acos((ld)-1.0);
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
                                                                     res[i] = a[i] >> shift;
ld co[MAX_FFT_N], si[MAX_FFT_N];
                                                                 }
                                                                 return res;
void precalc() {
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_FFT_N; ++i) {</pre>
```

```
if (e.cap > e.flow && d[e.to] == INF) {
Poly small_part(const Poly& a) {
                                                                                   d[e.to] = d[v] + 1;
    Poly res(a.size());
                                                                                   q.push(e.to);
    for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
        res[i] = a[i] & (first_mod - 1);
                                                                          }
                                                                      }
                                                                      return d[t] != INF;
    return res;
Poly add(const Poly& q, const Poly& w) {
                                                                 vector<int> pointer;
    auto res = q;
    res.resize(max(q.size(), w.size()));
                                                                 int dfs(int v, int t, int flow_add) {
    for (int i = 0; i < w.size(); ++i) {
                                                                      if (!flow_add) {
        res[i] += w[i];
                                                                          return 0;
                                                                      if (v == t) {
    return res;
                                                                          return flow_add;
Poly multiply_large(const Poly& a, const Poly& b,
                                                                      int added_flow = 0;
    int k) {
                                                                      for (int& i = pointer[v]; i < g[v].size();</pre>
                                                              \hookrightarrow ++i) {
    Poly largeA = large_part(a), largeB =
                                                                          int id = g[v][i];
int to = edges[id].to;
    large_part(b);
    Poly smallA = small_part(a), smallB =
                                                                          if (d[to] != d[v] + 1) {
   small_part(b);
    Poly large_mult = multiply(largeA, largeB);
                                                                              continue;
    Poly small_mult = multiply(smallA, smallB);
    Poly middle_mult = multiply(add(smallA,
                                                                          int pushed = dfs(to, t, min(flow_add,
→ largeA), add(smallB, largeB));
                                                              \  \, \to \  \, \texttt{edges[id].cap - edges[id].flow));}
                                                                          if (pushed) {
                                                                              edges[id].flow += pushed;
    Poly result(large_mult.size());
    for (int i = 0; i < result.size(); ++i) {
   result[i] = ((large_mult[i] * first_mod) %</pre>
                                                                              edges[id ^ 1].flow -= pushed;
                                                                              return pushed;
    mod * first_mod + small_mult[i] +
                      first_mod * (middle_mult[i] -
                                                                      }
    large_mult[i] - small_mult[i]) % mod) % mod;
                                                                      return 0;
    if (result.size() > k + 1) {
        result.resize(k + 1);
                                                                  int max_flow(int s, int t) {
                                                                      int flow = 0;
                                                                      while (bfs(s, t)) {
    return result;
                                                                          pointer.assign(n, 0);
                                                                          while (int pushed = dfs(s, t, INF)) {
                                                                              flow += pushed;
     flows
                                                                      }
                                                                      return flow;
3.1 dinic.h
                                                                 }
                                                             };
struct Edge {
    int from, to, cap, flow;
                                                             3.2 min_cost_bellman_queue.h
const int INF = (int)2e9;
                                                             using cost_type = li;
const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
struct Dinic {
                                                             const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
    int n;
    vector<Edge> edges;
                                                             struct MinCost {
    vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                                  explicit MinCost(int n) {
                                                                      g.resize(n);
    Dinic(int n) : n(n) {
        g.resize(n);
                                                                  struct edge {
                                                                      int from, to;
    void add_edge(int from, int to, int cap) {
                                                                      int cap;
        Edge e = {from, to, cap, 0};
                                                                      cost_type cost;
        g[from].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                      int flow;
        edges.push_back(e);
                                                                 };
        e = \{to, from, 0, 0\};
        g[to].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                  vector<edge> edges;
        edges.push_back(e);
                                                                 vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                                 void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
    vector<int> d;
                                                              \rightarrow cost, int cap) {
                                                                      edge e = {from, to, cap, cost, 0};
    bool bfs(int s, int t) {
    d.assign(n, INF);
                                                                      g[from].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                      edges.push_back(e);
        d[s] = 0;
                                                                      edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
        queue<int> q;
                                                                      g[to].push_back(edges.size());
        q.push(s);
                                                                      edges.push_back(e2);
        while (!q.empty()) {
            int v = q.front();
             q.pop();
                                                                 pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s,
             for (auto id : g[v]) {
                                                                  int t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value
                 auto e = edges[id];
                                                              \hookrightarrow = FLOW_INF) {
```

```
cost_type cost = 0;
        int flow = 0;
                                                                 void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
        while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                                                                 cost, int cap) {
             queue<int> q;
                                                                      edge e = {from, to, cap, cost, 0};
             q.push(s);
                                                                      g[from].push_back(edges.size());
             vector<int> in_q(n, 0);
                                                                      edges.push_back(e);
             in_q[s] = 1;
                                                                      edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
            vector<int> p(n, -1);
vector<cost_type> d(n);
                                                                      g[to].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                      edges.push_back(e2);
             d[s] = 0;
             p[s] = s;
             while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                 pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s,
                int v = q.front();
                                                                 int t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value
                 q.pop();
                                                              \hookrightarrow = FLOW_INF) {
                 in_q[v] = false;
                                                                     cost_type cost = 0;
                                                                      int flow = 0;
                 for (size_t i: g[v]) {
                     edge& e = edges[i];
                                                                      vector<cost_type> potential;
                     if (e.cap == e.flow ||
                                                                      {
    p[e.from] == -1)
                                                                          vector<int> p(n, -1);
                          continue;
                                                                          vector<cost_type> d(n);
                     if (p[e.to] == -1 || d[e.to] >
                                                                          d[s] = 0;
    d[e.from] + e.cost) {
                                                                          p[s] = s;
                         d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
                                                                          bool changed = true;
                         p[e.to] = i;
                                                                          while (changed) {
                          if (!in_q[e.to]) {
                                                                              changed = false;
                              in_q[e.to] = 1;
                                                                              for (size_t i = 0; i <
                             q.push(e.to);
                                                                  edges.size(); ++i) {
                                                                                  edge &e = edges[i];
                         }
                     }
                                                                                  if (e.cap == e.flow ||
                 }
                                                                 p[e.from] == -1)
             }
                                                                                       continue;
             if (p[t] == -1)
                                                                                   if (p[e.to] == -1 || d[e.to] >
                 break;
                                                                 d[e.from] + e.cost) {
                                                                                       d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
             if(d[t] \ge 0 \&\& !need_max_flow) {
                                                                                       p[e.to] = i;
                                                                                       changed = true;
                 break:
             }
                                                                                  }
                                                                              }
                                                                          }
             int cur = t;
                                                                          potential = std::move(d);
             int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
             while (cur != s) {
                                                                      }
                 edge& e = edges[p[cur]];
                                                                      while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                 cur = e.from;
                                                                          vector<cost_type> d(n);
                 maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
                                                                          vector<int> p(n, -1);
                                                                          using queue_type = pair<cost_type, int>;
             flow += maxAdd;
                                                                          priority_queue<queue_type,</pre>
             cost += d[t] * maxAdd;

→ vector<queue_type>, greater<queue_type>> q;

             cur = t;
             while (cur != s) {
                                                                          q.push({0, s});
                 int id = p[cur];
                 edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
                                                                          while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                              int v = q.top().second;
                 cur = edges[id].from;
                                                                              cost_type oldD = q.top().first;
                                                                              q.pop();
                                                                              if (oldD != d[v])
                                                                                   continue;
        return make_pair(flow, cost);
                                                                              for (int id: g[v]) {
                                                                                   edge &e = edges[id];
    }
                                                                                   if (e.to == s)
};
                                                                                       continue;
                                                                                   if (e.cap > e.flow) {
3.3 min_cost_dijkstra.h
                                                                cost_type newd = d[v] +
e.cost + potential[e.from] - potential[e.to];
#define int li
                                                                                       if (p[e.to] == -1 ||
                                                              \rightarrow d[e.to] > newd) {
using cost_type = li;
                                                                                           d[e.to] = newd;
p[e.to] = id;
const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
                                                                                           q.push({d[e.to], e.to});
                                                                                       }
struct MinCost {
                                                                                  }
    explicit MinCost(int n) {
                                                                              }
        g.resize(n);
                                                                          }
                                                                          if (p[t] == -1) {
    struct edge {
                                                                              break;
        int from, to;
        int cap;
        cost_type cost;
                                                                          if (d[t] + potential[t] >= 0 &&
        int flow;
                                                                !need_max_flow) {
    };
                                                                              break;
    vector<edge> edges;
    vector<vector<int>> g;
```

```
int cur = t;
                                                                                     d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
            int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
while (cur != s) {
                                                                                     p[e.to] = i;
                                                                                     changed = true;
                edge &e = edges[p[cur]];
                                                                                }
                                                                            }
                cur = e.from;
                maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
            }
                                                                        if(p[t] == -1)
                                                                            break;
            flow += maxAdd;
            cost += (potential[t] + d[t]) * maxAdd;
                                                                        if(d[t] \ge 0 \&\& !need_max_flow) {
            cur = t;
                                                                            break:
            while (cur != s) {
                int id = p[cur];
                edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
                                                                        int cur = t;
                edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
                                                                        int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
                                                                        while(cur != s) {
                cur = edges[id].from;
                                                                            edge& e = edges[p[cur]];
                                                                            cur = e.from;
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
   if (i != s && p[i] == -1) {
                                                                            maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
                    potential[i] = COST_INF;
                } else
                                                                        flow += maxAdd;
                    potential[i] =
                                                                        cost += d[t] * maxAdd;
   min(potential[i] + d[i], COST_INF);
                                                                        cur = t;
                                                                        while(cur != s) {
            }
                                                                            int id = p[cur];
                                                                            edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
                                                                            edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
        return make_pair(flow, cost);
    }
                                                                            cur = edges[id].from;
                                                                    }
                                                                    return make_pair(flow, cost);
3.4 min_cost_ford_bellman.h
                                                               }
                                                           };
using cost_type = li;
const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
                                                            3.5 min_cost_negative_cycles.h
                                                           using cost_type = int;
struct MinCost {
                                                           const cost_type COST_INF = (cost_type)1e9;
    explicit MinCost(int n) {
                                                           const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
        g.resize(n);
                                                           struct MinCost {
                                                                explicit MinCost(int n) {
    struct edge {
                                                                    g.resize(n);
        int from, to;
        int cap;
        cost_type cost;
                                                                struct edge {
        int flow;
                                                                    int from, to;
    };
                                                                    int cap;
                                                                    cost_type cost;
    vector<edge> edges;
                                                                    int flow;
    vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                               };
    void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
                                                                vector<edge> edges;
   cost, int cap) {
                                                               vector<vector<int>> g;
        edge e = {from, to, cap, cost, 0};
        g[from].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
        edges.push_back(e);
                                                              cur_cost, int cap) {
        edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
                                                                    edge e = {from, to, cap, cur_cost, 0};
        g[to].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                    g[from].push_back(edges.size());
        edges.push_back(e2);
                                                                    edges.push_back(e);
                                                                    edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cur\_cost, 0\};
                                                                    g[to].push_back(edges.size());
   pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s,
                                                                    edges.push_back(e2);
    int t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value
cost_type cost = 0;
                                                               pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s,
        int flow = 0;
                                                                int t, int max_flow_value = FLOW_INF) {
        while(flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                                                                    cost_type cost = 0;
            vector<int> p(n, -1);
                                                                    int flow = 0;
            vector<cost_type> d(n);
            d[s] = 0;
                                                                    vector<int> p(n);
            p[s] = s;
                                                                    vector<cost_type> d(n, 0);
            bool changed = true;
                                                                    vector<int> to_add;
            while(changed) {
                                                                    while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                changed = false;
                                                                        p.assign(n, -1);
                for(size_t i = 0; i <</pre>
                                                                        d.assign(n, COST_INF);
    edges.size(); ++i) {
                                                                        d[s] = 0;
                    edge& e = edges[i];
                                                                        set<pair<cost_type, int>> q;
                    if(e.cap == e.flow ||
                                                                        q.insert({0, s});
vector<char> used(n, false);
    p[e.from] == -1)
                         continue;
                                                                        while (!q.empty()) {
                     if(p[e.to] == -1 \mid \mid d[e.to] >
                                                                            int v = q.begin()->second;
    d[e.from] + e.cost) {
```

```
q.erase(q.begin());
                                                                                  if (changed == -1) {
                used[v] = true;
for (int i : g[v]) {
                                                                                      break:
                    auto& e = edges[i];
                                                                                 sort(all(new_q));
                    if (e.cap == e.flow ||
                                                                                  q.swap(new_q);
  used[e.to]) {
                                                                                 new_q.clear();
                         continue;
                                                                                  if (d[st] < 0) {
                                                                                      changed = st;
                    cost_type new_d = d[v] + e.cost;
                                                                                      it = n - 1;
                    if (d[e.to] > new_d) {
                         q.erase({d[e.to], e.to});
                                                                                  if (it == n - 1) {
                         d[e.to] = new_d;
                                                                                      found = true;
                         q.insert({d[e.to], e.to});
                                                                                      int bad_end = changed;
                        p[e.to] = i;
                                                                                      used.assign(n, false);
                                                                                      int cur = bad_end;
                }
                                                                                      cur_edges.clear();
            }
                                                                                      while (!used[cur]) {
            if (p[t] == -1) {
                                                                                          used[cur] = true;
                return {-1, 0};

    cur_edges.push_back(p[cur]);

            int add_flow = max_flow_value - flow;
                                                                                          cur = edges[p[cur]].from;
            int cur = t;
            to_add.clear();
                                                                                      edges_to_add.clear();
            int add_cost = 0;
                                                                                      while
            while (cur != s) {
                                                                 (edges[cur_edges.back()].to != cur) {
                auto& e = edges[p[cur]];
                add_flow = min(add_flow, e.cap -
                                                                 edges_to_add.push_back(cur_edges.back());
→ e.flow):
                                                                                          cur_edges.pop_back();
                to_add.push_back(p[cur]);
                cur = e.from;
                add_cost += e.cost;
                                                                 edges_to_add.push_back(cur_edges.back());
            }
                                                                                      int add_cost = 0, add_flow
                                                                 = FLOW_INF;
            assert(add_flow > 0);
            flow += add_flow;
                                                                                      for (auto e_id :
            cost += add_flow * add_cost;
                                                                 edges_to_add) {
            for (int x : to_add) {
                                                                                          add_flow =
                edges[x].flow += add_flow;
edges[x ^ 1].flow -= add_flow;
                                                                 min(add_flow, edges[e_id].cap -
                                                             \hookrightarrow
                                                                 edges[e_id].flow);
                                                                                          add_cost +=
       }
                                                                 edges[e_id].cost;
        int TIMER = 0;
                                                                                      cost += add_cost * add_flow;
       vector<int> used_timer(n, 0);
                                                                                      assert(add_flow > 0);
        vector<char> used(n, false);
                                                                                      assert(add_cost < 0);</pre>
        vector<int> cur_edges;
                                                                                      for (auto e_id :
       vector<int> edges_to_add;
                                                                 edges_to_add) {
        while (true) {
                                                                                          edges[e_id].flow +=
            p.assign(n, -1);
                                                                 add_flow;
            d.assign(n, COST_INF);
bool found = false;
                                                                                          edges[e_id ^ 1].flow
                                                                 -= add_flow;
            int iter = 0;
                                                                                      }
            for (int st = 0; st < s; ++st) {</pre>
                                                                                  }
                if (d[st] != COST_INF) {
                                                                             }
                    continue;
                                                                         }
                                                                         if (!found) {
                ++iter;
                                                                             break;
                d[st] = 0;
                vector<int> q, new_q;
                q.push_back(st);
                                                                    return make_pair(flow, cost);
                for (int it = 0; it < n; ++it) {
                                                                }
                    ++TIMER;
                                                            };
                    int changed = -1;
                    for (int v : q) {
                        for (int i : g[v]) {
    edge &e = edges[i];
                                                            4
                                                                 geometry
                             if (e.cap == e.flow)
                                 continue;
                                                            4.1 halfplane_intersection.cpp
                             cost_type new_d = d[v]
   + e.cost;
                                                            #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                             if (d[e.to] > new_d) {
                                 d[e.to] = new_d;
                                                            #define all(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
                                 p[e.to] = i;
                                 changed = e.to;
                                                            using namespace std;
    (used_timer[e.to] != TIMER) {
                                                            using ld = double;
   used_timer[e.to] = TIMER;
                                                            const ld eps = 1e-9;
   new_q.push_back(e.to);
                                                            struct point {
                                 }
                                                                ld x, y;
                             }
                        }
                                                                point(1d x = 0, 1d y = 0): x(x), y(y) {}
                    }
```

```
point operator+(const point& p) const { return
    point(x + p.x, y + p.y); }
point operator-(const point& p) const { return
                                                                // Normalize halfplanes. This is used when
                                                               selecting strictest of parallel halfplanes
    point(x - p.x, y - p.y); }
                                                               // NOT NEEDED if there are no collinear (and
                                                               not antiparallel) normals, but may improve
    point operator*(ld t) const { return point(x *
                                                                precision
    t, y * t); }
                                                                for (halfplane& h: planes) {
    point operator/(ld t) const { return point(x /
                                                                    ld len = h.norm().len();
                                                                    h.a /= len;
    t, y / t); }
                                                                    h.b /= len;
                                                                    h.c /= len;
    point rot() const { return point(-y, x); }
    ld vprod(const point& p) const { return x *
    p.y - y * p.x; }
                                                               if (doSort)
    ld sprod(const point& p) const { return x *
                                                                    sort(all(planes), [&](halfplane& a,
    p.x + y * p.y; }
                                                                halfplane& b) { return vecLess(a.norm(),
                                                                b.norm()) > 0; });
    int half() const {
        if (y)
            return y < -eps;</pre>
                                                           class polygon {
                                                           public:
        else
            return x < -eps;
                                                                vector<point> pts;
                                                               polygon(const vector<point>& pts =
    ld sql() const { return x * x + y * y; }
                                                            → vector<point>()): pts(pts) {}
    ld len() const { return sqrt(sql()); }
                                                                ld getDoubleSquare() const {
    bool operator<(const point& p) const { return</pre>
                                                                    ld result = 0;
    make_pair(x, y) < make_pair(p.x, p.y); }</pre>
                                                                    int n = pts.size();
};
                                                                    for (int i = 1; i < n - 1; ++i) {
                                                                        result += (pts[i] -
int sign(ld x) {
                                                                pts[0]).vprod(pts[i + 1] - pts[0]);
    return abs(x) > eps ? (x > 0 ? 1 : -1) : 0;
                                                                    return abs(result);
                                                                }
int vecLess(const point& a, const point& b) {
    if (a.half() != b.half())
        return a.half() < b.half() ? 1 : -1;</pre>
                                                            // Returns halfplane through points a and b,
                                                            // inner part is counter-clockwise from a->b segment
                                                           halfplane byPoints(point a, point b) {
        return sign(a.vprod(b));
                                                                // rot counter clockwise, n points to area
                                                               inside halfplane intersection
                                                               point n = (b - a).rot();
struct halfplane {
                                                                return halfplane { n.x, n.y, -n.sprod(a) };
    // ax + by + c >= 0
    ld a, b, c;
    int type;
                                                           // empty return polygon/vector denotes empty
                                                               intersection
    tuple<ld, ld, ld> get() const { return
make_tuple(a, b, c); }
                                                           // degenerate intersections are reported as empty
    bool operator<(const halfplane& rhs) const {</pre>
                                                         // CALL sanitizeHalfplanes WITH SORT AND/OR ADD
    return get() < rhs.get(); }</pre>
                                                            → BOUNDING BOX BEFORE USING!
                                                           polygon getPolygon(const vector<halfplane>& planes) {
    point norm() const { return point(a, b); }
                                                                int 1 = 0, r = 0;
                                                                static vector<halfplane> ans;
    point intersect(const halfplane& h) const {
                                                                ans.clear();
        ld x = -c * h.b + b * h.c;
                                                                ans.reserve(planes.size());
        1d y = a * -h.c + c * h.a;
        ld denum = a * h.b - b * h.a;
                                                                for (int L = 0; L < planes.size();) {
                                                                    int R = L + 1;
        return point(x / denum, y / denum);
                                                                    while (R < planes.size() &&
};
                                                                abs(planes[L].norm().vprod(planes[R].norm()))
                                                                < eps) ++R;
// does intersection of a and c belong to b?
// assumes that a.vprod(c) > 0!
                                                                    // choose most powerful inequality among
bool interAccepted(const halfplane& a, const
                                                                those with equal normals
→ halfplane& b, const halfplane& c) {
                                                                    // assumes that normals are identity!
    // Determinant of 3x3 matrix formed by a, b, c
                                                                    const halfplane& h =
    return a.a * (b.b * c.c - b.c * c.b) - a.b *
                                                                *min_element(planes.begin() + L,
    (b.a * c.c - b.c * c.a) + a.c * (b.a * c.b -
                                                                planes.begin() + R, [](const halfplane& a,
    b.b * c.a) < 0;
                                                                const halfplane& b) { return a.c < b.c; });</pre>
void sanitizeHalfplanes(vector<halfplane>& planes,
                                                                    while (r - 1 > 1 && !interAccepted(ans[r -
                                                            \rightarrow 2], h, ans[r - 1])) {
    bool doAdd, bool doSort) {
    // Add bouding box
                                                                        ans.pop_back();
    const ld INF = 1e9;
                                                                        --r;
                                                                    }
    if (doAdd) {
        planes.push_back(halfplane { 1, 0, INF });
        planes.push_back(halfplane { -1, 0, INF });
                                                                    while (r - 1 > 1 && !interAccepted(ans[1],
        planes.push_back(halfplane { 0, 1, INF });
                                                               h, ans[1 + 1])) {
        planes.push_back(halfplane { 0, -1, INF });
                                                                        ++1;
    }
                                                                    }
```

```
if (u \ge -eps \&\& v \ge -eps \&\& u \le 1 + eps \&\&
        // WATCH OUT: you may need to tweak eps
                                                             \rightarrow v <= 1 + eps)
    here for severe problems
        if (r - 1 > 0 \&\& ans[r -
                                                                     return a + b * u;
    1].norm().vprod(h.norm()) <= -1e-7) {
            return polygon();
                                                                 return invalid;
        if (r - 1 < 2 \mid | interAccepted(ans[r - 1],
                                                             vector<point> lineCircleIntersect(point a, point
    ans[1], h)) {
                                                              \rightarrow b, point c, ld r) {
                                                                 point n = (b - a).norm().rot();
            ans.push_back(h);
            r++;
                                                                 ld d = n.sprod(a - c);
        }
                                                                 if (abs(d) > r + eps) return {};
                                                                 if (abs(abs(d) - r) < eps)
    assert(r == ans.size());
                                                                      return \{c + n * d\};
    // IF YOU NEED HALFPLANES:
                                                                 1d x = sqrt(max<1d>(0, r * r - d * d));
    // return vector<halfplane>(ans.begin() + 1,
                                                                 return { c + n * d + n.rot() * x, c + n * d -
    ans.end());
                                                                 n.rot() * x };
    int n = r - 1;
                                                             vector<point> segmentCircleIntersect(point a,
    polygon poly;
                                                              → point b, point c, ld r) {
                                                                 auto pts = lineCircleIntersect(a, b, c, r);
    poly.pts.reserve(n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        poly.pts.push_back(ans[1 +
                                                                 vector<point> ans;
                                                                 for (point& p: pts) {
   assert(abs((p - c).len() - r) < eps);
   assert(abs((p - a).vprod(b - a)) < eps);</pre>
    i].intersect(ans[l + (i + 1) % n]));
    return poly;
                                                                      if ((p - a).sprod(p - b) \le eps)
                                                                          ans.push_back(p);
                                                                 }
4.2 segments_and_circles.cpp
                                                                 return ans;
struct point {
    ld x, y;
                                                             vector<point> circleCircleIntersect(point c1, ld
    point(ld x = 0, ld y = 0): x(x), y(y) {}
                                                              \hookrightarrow r1, point c2, ld r2) {
                                                                 // r_1^1 ^2 - h^2 = x^2
// r_2^2 ^2 - h^2 = (d - x)^2 = x^2 - 2dx + d^2
   point operator+(const point& p) const { return
   point(x + p.x, y + p.y); }
point operator-(const point& p) const { return
                                                                 // d^2 - 2dx = r_2^2 - r_1^2
   point(x - p.x, y - p.y); }
                                                                 ld d = (c2 - c1).len();
    point operator*(ld t) const { return point(x *
                                                                 if (d > r1 + r2 + eps || d < abs(r2 - r1) -
    t, y * t); }

→ eps || abs(d) < eps) return {};</pre>
    point operator/(ld t) const { return point(x /
    t, y / t); }
                                                                 1d x = (d * d - r2 * r2 + r1 * r1) / (2 * d);
                                                                 point dir = (c2 - c1).norm();
    ld vprod(const point& p) const { return x *
    p.y - y * p.x; }
                                                                 ld h = sqrt(max<ld>(r1 * r1 - x * x, 0));
    ld sprod(const point& p) const { return x *
\rightarrow p.x + y * p.y; }
                                                                 if (h < eps)
                                                                     return { c1 + dir * x };
    point rot() const { return point(-y, x); }
                                                                     return { c1 + dir * x + dir.rot() * h, c1
    point norm() const { return *this / len(); }
                                                                  + dir * x - dir.rot() * h };
    bool valid() const { return isfinite(x); }
    ld len() const { return hypot(x, y); }
    ld sql() const { return x * x + y * y; }
                                                             5
                                                                  graphs
    int half() const {
        if (abs(y) > eps)
                                                             5.1 components.cpp
             return y < 0;
                                                             struct Graph {
                                                                 void read() {
            return x < -eps;
    }
                                                                     int m;
                                                                      cin >> n >> m;
point invalid(INFINITY, INFINITY);
                                                                      e.resize(n);
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
point segmentIntersect(point a, point b, point c,
   point d) {
                                                                          int u, v;
    b = b - a;
                                                                          cin >> u >> v;
    d = d - c:
                                                                          --u; --v;
                                                                          e[u].push_back(v);
    if (abs(b.vprod(d)) < eps) return invalid;</pre>
                                                                          e[v].push_back(u);
                                                                      }
    // a + bu = c + dv
                                                                 }
    ld u = (c - a).vprod(d) / b.vprod(d);
    ld v = (a - c).vprod(b) / d.vprod(b);
                                                                 /* COMMON PART */
```

```
edgeComps[colorStack.back()].push_back({v,
int n:
vector<vector<int>> e:
                                                           u}):
                                                                        }
int counter = 1;
vector<int> inTime, minInTime;
                                                                        continue;
                                                                   }
void dfs(int v, int p = -1) {
   minInTime[v] = inTime[v] = counter++;
                                                                   bool newComp = minInTime[u] >= inTime[v];
    for (int u: e[v]) {
                                                                    if (newComp) {
        if (u == p) continue;
                                                                        colorStack.push_back(edgeComps.size());
                                                                        edgeComps.emplace_back();
        if (!inTime[u]) {
            dfs(u, v);
            minInTime[v] = min(minInTime[v],
minInTime[u]);

→ edgeComps[colorStack.back()].push_back({v,
        }
                                                        \hookrightarrow u});
                                                                    edgeCompDfs(u, v);
        else {
            minInTime[v] = min(minInTime[v],
                                                                    if (newComp) {
inTime[u]);
                                                                        colorStack.pop_back();
}
                                                               }
                                                           }
vector<char> used;
                                                           void findEdgeComponents() {
/* COMPONENTS SEPARATED BY BRIDGES (COLORING) */
                                                               inTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                               minInTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                               counter = 1;
int nColors;
vector<int> color;
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                   if (!inTime[i])
void colorDfs(int v, int curColor) {
    color[v] = curColor;
                                                                        dfs(i);
    for (int u: e[v]) {
                                                               used.assign(n, false);
        if (color[u] != -1) continue;
                                                               colorStack.clear();
                                                               edgeComps.clear();
        colorDfs(u, minInTime[u] > inTime[v] ?
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                   if (!used[i]) {
nColors++ : curColor);
    }
                                                                        assert(colorStack.empty());
}
                                                                        edgeCompDfs(i);
void findVertexComponents() {
                                                           }
    inTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                       };
    minInTime.assign(n, 0);
    counter = 1;
                                                       5.2 dominator_tree.h
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                       struct DominatorTree {
        if (!inTime[i])
                                                           int n;
            dfs(i);
                                                           int root;
                                                           vector<int> tin, revin;
    nColors = 0;
                                                           vector<int> sdom, idom;
    color.assign(n, -1);
                                                           vector<vector<int>> g, revg;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
if (color[i] == -1) {
                                                           vector<int> parent;
            colorDfs(i, nColors++);
                                                           vector<int> dsu;
                                                           vector<int> min_v;
}
                                                           int cnt = 0;
/* COMPONENTS SEPARATED BY JOINTS (EDGE
                                                           int get(int v) {
COMPONENTS) */
                                                               ++cnt;
                                                               if (dsu[v] == v) {
struct Edge {
                                                                   return v;
    int u, v;
                                                               }
};
                                                               int next_v = get(dsu[v]);
                                                               if (sdom[min_v[dsu[v]]] < sdom[min_v[v]]) {</pre>
// Cactus loops can be parsed as .u of every edge
                                                                   min_v[v] = min_v[dsu[v]];
vector<vector<Edge>> edgeComps;
                                                               dsu[v] = next_v;
vector<int> colorStack;
                                                               return next_v;
void edgeCompDfs(int v, int p = -1) {
    used[v] = true;
                                                           void merge(int from, int to) {
                                                               dsu[from] = to;
    for (int u: e[v]) {
        if (used[u]) {
            if (inTime[u] < inTime[v] && u != p) {
                                                           DominatorTree(int n, int root): n(n),
                 // NOTE: && u != p makes
                                                          root(root), dsu(n) {
one-edge components contain exactly one edge;
                                                               tin.resize(n, -1);
                // if you need them as
                                                               revin.resize(n, -1);
two-edge loops, remove this part of if
                                                               sdom.resize(n);
condition
                                                               idom.resize(n);
```

```
g.resize(n);
                                                                      res[revin[i]] = revin[idom[i]];
    revg.resize(n);
    dsu.resize(n);
                                                                 return res:
                                                             }
    parent.assign(n, -1);
    min_v.assign(n, -1);
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                         };
        dsu[i] = i;
                                                              maths
        min_v[i] = i;
        sdom[i] = i;
        idom[i] = i;
                                                         6.1 berlekamp.h
    }
}
                                                         vector<int> massey(vector<int> dp) {
                                                             //dp.erase(dp.begin(), dp.begin() + 1);
                                                             vector<int> C(1, 1);
void dfs(int v, vector<vector<int>>& cur_g,
                                                             int L = 0:
int& timer) {
    tin[v] = timer++;
                                                             vector<int> B(1, 1);
    for (int to : cur_g[v]) {
                                                             int b = 1;
        if (tin[to] == -1) {
                                                             for (int n = 0; n < dp.size(); ++n) {</pre>
            dfs(to, cur_g, timer);
                                                                 int d = 0;
            parent[tin[to]] = tin[v];
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i <= L; ++i) {
                                                                      d += C[i] * dp[n - i];
                                                                      d \%= mod;
        revg[tin[to]].push_back(tin[v]);
    }
                                                                      if (d < 0) {
                                                                          d += mod;
vector<int> get_tree(vector<vector<int>> cur_g) {
    vector<char> used(n, false);
                                                                  B.insert(B.begin(), 0);
                                                                  if (d == 0) {
    int timer = 0;
    dfs(root, cur_g, timer);
                                                                      continue;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    if (tin[i] == -1) {
                                                                 auto prevC = C;
if (C.size() < B.size()) {</pre>
            continue;
        }
                                                                      C.resize(B.size(), 0);
        revin[tin[i]] = i;
        for (int to : cur_g[i]) {
                                                                  int cur_mult = d * binpow(b, mod - 2) % mod;
            g[tin[i]].push_back(tin[to]);
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < B.size(); ++i) {
                                                                      C[i] -= B[i] * cur_mult;
    }
                                                                      C[i] %= mod;
                                                                      if (C[i] < 0) {
    vector<vector<int>> buckets(n);
                                                                          C[i] += mod;
    for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
        for (int to : revg[i]) {
            get(to);
sdom[i] = min(sdom[i],
                                                                  if (2 * L <= n) {
                                                                      b = d;
sdom[min_v[to]]);
                                                                      L = n - L + 1;
                                                                      B = prevC;
        if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                                  }
                                                             }
            continue;
                                                             return C;
        if (i) {
                                                         }
            buckets[sdom[i]].push_back(i);
                                                         6.2 crt.h
        for (int w : buckets[i]) {
            get(w);
                                                         inline int inv(int a, int b) {
   return a == 1 ? 1 : b - 111 * inv(b % a, a) *
             int v = min_v[w];
if (sdom[v] == sdom[w]) {
                                                             b / a % b;
                 idom[w] = sdom[w];
             } else {
                 idom[w] = v;
                                                         pair<int, int> euc(int a, int b) {
            }
                                                             // returns \{x, y\} s.t. ax + by = g
                                                             int g = __gcd(a, b);
a /= g, b /= g;
        for (int to : g[i]) {
   if (parent[to] == i) {
                                                             int x = inv(a, b);
                 merge(to, i);
                                                             int y = (1 - 111 * a * x) / b;
        }
                                                             return {x, y};
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                         // be careful if the whole base is long long
             continue;
                                                         pair<int, int> crt(const vector<int>& mods,
                                                          if (idom[i] == sdom[i]) {
                                                             int rem = 0, mod = 1;
            continue;
                                                             for (int i = 0; i < (int)mods.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        } else {
                                                                 long long g = __gcd(mods[i], mod);
if (rem % g != rems[i] % g) {
             idom[i] = idom[idom[i]];
                                                                      return {-1, -1};
    vector<int> res(n, -1);
                                                                 int k = euc(mod, mods[i]).first * 111 *
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                          if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                                 rem += mod / g * k;
             continue;
                                                                  mod = mod / g * mods[i];
        }
```

```
return {rem, mod};
                                                                 int row = 0;
                                                                 vector<int> cols(n);
                                                                 for (int col = 0; col < N; ++col) {</pre>
6.3 extended_euclidean.h
                                                                     if (row == n) {
                                                                          break;
inline int inv(int a, int b) {
                                                                     }
    return a == 1 ? 1 : b - 111 * inv(b % a, a) *
                                                                     if (!a[row][col]) {
    b / a % b;
                                                                          int i = row + 1;
                                                                          while (i < n && !a[i][col]) {</pre>
                                                                              ++i;
pair<int, int> euc(int a, int b) {
    // returns \{x, y\} s.t. ax + by = g
                                                                          if (i == n) {
    int g = __gcd(a, b);
a /= g, b /= g;
                                                                              continue;
    int x = inv(a, b);
                                                                         swap(a[i], a[row]);
b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
b[row] = b[row] ^ b[i];
    int y = (1 - 111 * a * x) / b;
    return {x, y};
                                                                          b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
                                                                     }
6.4 gauss_bitset_inverse.h
                                                                     for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                          if (a[i][col]) {
const int N = 100;
                                                                              a[i] ^= a[row];
using Bs = bitset<N>;
                                                                              b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
using Matrix = vector<Bs>;
Matrix getInverse(Matrix a) {
    assert(!a.empty());
                                                                     cols[row] = col;
    int n = a.size();
                                                                     ++row;
    Matrix b(n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                 for (int i = row; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
        b[i][i] = 1;
                                                                     if (b[i]) {
                                                                                       // assert(false); throw
                                                                          return {};
                                                                PoshelNahuiException(); etc
    int row = 0;
                                                                     }
    for (int col = 0; col < n; ++col) {
                                                                 }
        if (!a[row][col]) {
            int i = row + 1;
                                                                 Bs result = {};
            while (i < n && !a[i][col]) {
                                                                 while (row) {
                ++i;
                                                                     --row;
                                                                     for (int i = cols[row] + 1; i < N; ++i) {</pre>
            if (i == n) {
                                                                          b[row] = b[row] ^ (a[row][i] * result[i]);
                              // assert(false);
                return {};
    throw PoshelNahuiException(); etc
                                                                     result[cols[row]] = b[row];
            swap(a[i], a[row]);
swap(b[i], b[row]);
                                                                 return result;
        for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
                                                             6.6 gauss_double_inverse.h
            if (a[i][col]) {
                a[i] ^= a[row];
b[i] ^= b[row];
                                                             using Matrix = vector<vector<ld>>;
                                                             const ld eps = 1e-6;
        }
                                                             Matrix getInverse(Matrix a) {
        ++row;
                                                                 assert(!a.empty());
    }
                                                                 int n = a.size();
                                                                 assert(n == (int)a[0].size());
    for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
        for (int j = 0; j < i; ++j) {
    if (a[j][i]) {
                                                                 Matrix b(n, vector<ld>(n, 0));
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                a[j] ^= a[i];
                                                                     b[i][i] = 1;
                b[j] ^= b[i];
                                                                 }
        }
                                                                 int row = 0;
                                                                 for (int col = 0; col < n; ++col) {</pre>
                                                                     if (abs(a[row][col]) < eps) {</pre>
    return b;
                                                                          int i = row + 1;
                                                                          while (i < n && abs(a[i][col]) < eps) {
                                                                              ++i;
6.5 gauss_bitset_solve_slu.h
                                                                          if (i == n) {
const int N = 100;
                                                                             return {};
                                                                                           // assert(false);
using Bs = bitset<N>;

→ throw PoshelNahuiException(); etc

                                                                          }
using Matrix = vector<Bs>;
                                                                          a[i].swap(a[row]);
Bs solveLinearSystem(Matrix a, Bs b) {
                                                                          b[i].swap(b[row]);
                                                                     }
    // solves Av = b
    assert(!a.empty());
    int n = a.size();
                                                                     for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
```

```
ld k = a[i][col] / a[row][col];
                                                                          b[row] -= a[row][i] * result[i];
            for (int j = col; j < n; ++j) {
    a[i][j] -= k * a[row][j];</pre>
                                                                      result[cols[row]] = b[row] / a[row][cols[row]];
            for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
                 b[i][j] = k * b[row][j];
                                                                 return result;
        }
        ++row;
                                                                  misc
    }
                                                             7.1 ch_trick_with_binary_summation_struct.cpp
    for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
        for (int j = 0; j < i; ++j) {
   ld k = a[j][i] / a[i][i];
                                                             const int INF = (int)1e6;
            for (int 1 = 0; 1 < n; ++1) {
    a[j][1] -= a[i][1] * k;
                                                             struct Line {
                                                               int k;
                 b[j][1] = b[i][1] * k;
                                                               li b;
                                                               bool operator < (const Line& ot) const {</pre>
                                                                 if (k != ot.k) {
        ld k = a[i][i];
                                                                   return k > ot.k;
        for (int l = 0; l < n; ++1) {
    b[i][l] /= k;</pre>
                                                                 return b < ot.b;</pre>
        a[i][i] /= k;
                                                               li eval(li x) {
                                                                 return k * 1LL * x + b;
                                                               }
    return b;
                                                             };
}
                                                             double get_intersect(Line& q, Line& w) {
                                                               return (q.b - w.b) / 1.0 / (w.k - q.k);
      gauss_double_solve_slu.h
using Matrix = vector<vector<ld>>>;
                                                             struct Hull {
const ld eps = 1e-6;
                                                               vector<Line> lines;
                                                               vector<double> borders;
vector<ld> solveLinearSystem(Matrix a, vector<ld> b) {
                                                               int Size = 0;
    // solves Av = b
                                                               void append(Line cur) {
    assert(!a.empty());
                                                                 lines.push_back(cur);
    int n = a.size(), m = a[0].size();
    assert(n == (int)b.size());
                                                               void set_size(int val) {
                                                                 Size = val;
    int row = 0;
                                                               }
    vector<int> cols(n);
                                                               void build() {
    for (int col = 0; col < m; ++col) {
   if (row == n) {</pre>
                                                                 sort(all(lines));
                                                                 borders.clear();
            break;
                                                                  vector<Line> new_lines;
                                                                 for (auto& line : lines) {
                                                                   if (!new_lines.empty() && new_lines.back().k ←
        if (abs(a[row][col]) < eps) {</pre>
             int i = row + 1;
                                                                 == line.k) {
             while (i < n \&\& abs(a[i][col]) < eps) {
                                                                      continue;
                                                                   }
                ++i;
             }
                                                                   while (new_lines.size() > 1 &&
             if (i == n) {

    get_intersect(new_lines[new_lines.size() - 2],

→ new_lines.back()) >

                 continue;

    get_intersect(new_lines.back(), line)) {

             a[i].swap(a[row]);
                                                                      new_lines.pop_back();
             swap(b[i], b[row]);
                                                                      borders.pop_back();
        }
                                                                    if (new_lines.empty()) {
        for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                      borders.push_back(-INF);
            ld k = a[i][col] / a[row][col];
                                                                    } else {
             for (int j = col; j < m; ++j) {
                 a[i][j] -= k * a[row][j];
                                                              → borders.push_back(get_intersect(new_lines.back(),
                                                              → line));
             b[i] = b[row] * k;
                                                                    }
                                                                   new_lines.push_back(line);
        cols[row] = col;
                                                                 new_lines.swap(lines);
        ++row;
                                                               int size() {
                                                                 return Size;
    for (int i = row; i < n; ++i) {
        if (abs(b[i]) < eps) {</pre>
                                                               li get_min(li x) {
            return {};  // assert(false); throw
                                                                 int id = (int)(lower_bound(all(borders),
    PoshelNahuiException(); etc
                                                                 (double)x) - borders.begin());
                                                                 li res = (li)1e18;
        }
    }
                                                                 for (int i = max(id - 1, 0); i < min(id + 2, 0))
                                                                 (int)lines.size()); ++i) {
    vector<ld> result(m);
                                                                   res = min(res, lines[i].eval(x));
    while (row) {
                                                                  return res;
        for (int i = cols[row] + 1; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
```

```
};
                                                                 suf.reserve(a[v].size());
                                                                 int j = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
struct Lupa {
                                                                     int to = a[v][i];
  vector<Hull> hulls;
  int Size = 0;
                                                                     if (to == par[v]) {
                                                                         dp[v][i] = to_parent;
  void append_line(Line cur) {
    hulls.push_back(Hull());
                                                                         continue;
    hulls.back().append(cur);
hulls.back().set_size(1);
                                                                     pref.push_back(j ? f(pref[j - 1],
    while (hulls.size() >= 2 &&
                                                                 dp[v][i]) : dp[v][i]);
    hulls.back().size() == hulls[hulls.size() -
                                                                     ++j;
    2].size()) {
                                                                 }
      for (auto& item : hulls.back().lines) {
                                                                 j = 0;
       hulls[hulls.size() - 2].append(item);
                                                                 for (int i = (int)a[v].size() - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
                                                                     int to = a[v][i];
                                                                     if (to == par[v]) {
      hulls.pop_back();
      hulls.back().set_size(hulls.back().size() * 2);
                                                                         continue;
    hulls.back().build();
                                                                     suf.push_back(j ? f(dp[v][i], suf[j - 1])
    ++Size;
                                                                 : dp[v][i]);
                                                                     ++j;
                                                                 }
  li get_min(li x) {
    li res = (li)1e18;
                                                                 reverse(all(suf));
    for (auto& vec : hulls) {
                                                                 j = 0;
      res = min(res, vec.get_min(x));
                                                                 to_parent = f(to_parent, data[v]);
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
   return res;
  }
                                                                     int to = a[v][i];
  int size() {
                                                                     if (to == par[v]) {
    return Size;
                                                                         continue;
  }
                                                                     }
  void merge_with(Lupa& ot) {
                                                                     int new_to_parent = to_parent;
    for (auto& vec : ot.hulls) {
                                                                     if (j > 0) {
      for (auto& item : vec.lines) {
                                                                         new_to_parent = f(pref[j - 1],
        append_line(item);
                                                                new_to_parent);
                                                                     }
                                                                     if (j < (int)suf.size() - 1) {
      vec.lines.clear();
    }
                                                                         new_to_parent = f(new_to_parent, suf[j
  }
                                                                 + 1]);
  void make_swap(Lupa& ot) {
                                                                     }
    swap(ot.Size, Size);
                                                                     dfsUp(to, new_to_parent);
    ot.hulls.swap(hulls);
                                                                     ++j;
                                                                 }
                                                             }
};
7.2 tree_bidirectional_dp.h
                                                             8
                                                                  strings
/* For any commutative function f(\{x, y, ..., z\})
\rightarrow = f(x, f(y, f(..., z)))
                                                                  aho corasick.h
* like sum, min, max, or, xor, and, etc
* calculates in dp[i][j] f(subtree),
                                                             const int ALPHABET = 26;
 \ast where subtree is a connectivity component of {\tt G}
    \ (i, a[i][j]) with vertex a[i][j]
                                                             struct state {
                                                                 array<int, ALPHABET> transition = {};
int link = 0;
 */
const int N = 222222;
vector<int> a[N];
                                                                 bool isTerminal;
vector<int> dp[N];
                                                            };
int par[N];
                                                             struct automaton {
#define data asdf
                                                                 vector<state> states = { state() };
int data[N];
                                                                 int numStates = 1;
inline int f(int x, int y) {
                                                                 void addString(const string& s) {
    return x | y;
                                                                     int cur = 0;
                                                                     for (char c: s) {
                                                                         c -= 'a';
int dfsDown(int v) {
                                                                         int& to = states[cur].transition[c];
    int res = data[v];
                                                                         if (to) {
    for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                              cur = to;
                                                                         }
        int to = a[v][i];
        if (to == par[v]) {
                                                                         else {
            continue;
                                                                              cur = to = states.size();
                                                                              states.push_back(state());
        par[to] = v;
        res = f(res, dp[v][i] = dfsDown(to));
                                                                     }
    }
                                                                     states[cur].isTerminal = true;
    return res;
                                                                 void build() {
void dfsUp(int v, int to_parent = 0) {
                                                                     deque<int> q;
    vector<int> pref, suf;
                                                                     q.push_back(0);
    pref.reserve(a[v].size());
```

```
bool flag = false;
        while (!q.empty()) {
            int v = q.front();
                                                                       while (v) {
            q.pop_front();
                                                                           if (nodes[v].all_equal && s[i] ==
            states[v].isTerminal =
                                                               s[i - 1]) {
                                                                               if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
    states[v].isTerminal ||
    states[states[v].link].isTerminal;
                                                                                    nodes[v].trans[c] =
                                                               nodes.size();
            for (int c = 0; c < ALPHABET; ++c) {</pre>
                                                                                    nodes.push_back(Node());
                if (int u = states[v].transition[c]) {
                                                                                    nodes.back().len =
                    states[u].link = v ?
                                                               nodes[v].len + 1;
    states[states[v].link].transition[c] : 0;
                                                                                    nodes.back().all_equal = true;
                    q.push_back(u);
                                                                                   nodes.back().link = v;
                }
                                                                               }
                else {
                                                                               v = nodes[v].trans[c];
                    states[v].transition[c] =
                                                                               flag = true;
    states[states[v].link].transition[c];
                                                                               break;
                                                                           if (i > nodes[v].len && s[i] ==
        }
                                                               s[i - nodes[v].len - 1]) {
                                                                               if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
};
                                                                                   nodes[v].trans[c] =
                                                               nodes.size();
                                                                                    nodes.push_back(Node());
8.2
      manacher.h
                                                                                    nodes.back().len =
                                                               nodes[v].len + 2:
array<vector<int>, 2> manacher(const string& s) {
                                                                                    nodes.back().link = -1;
    int n = s.length();
array<vector<int>, 2> res;
                                                                                    nodes.back().all_equal = false;
                                                                                    int cur_v = nodes[v].link;
    for (auto& v : res) {
                                                                                    while (cur_v) {
        v.assign(n, 0);
                                                                                        if
                                                               (nodes[cur_v].trans[c] != -1) {
    for (int z = 0, l = 0, r = 0; z < 2; ++z, l =
                                                                                            int cand =
    0, r = 0) {
                                                               nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                                            if (s[i] == s[i -
            if (i < r) {
                                                               nodes[cand].len + 1]) {
               res[z][i] = min(r - i + !z,
    res[z][1 + r - i + !z]);
                                                               nodes.back().link = nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
            }
                                                                                                break:
            int L = i - res[z][i], R = i +
    res[z][i] - !z;
                                                                                        }
            while (L - 1 \ge 0 \&\& R + 1 < n \&\& s[L
                                                                                        cur_v = nodes[cur_v].link;
      1] == s[R + 1]) {
                ++res[z][i];
                                                                                    if (nodes.back().link == -1) {
                --L;
                                                                                        if
                ++R;
                                                               (nodes[cur_v].trans[c] != -1) {
                                                                                            nodes.back().link
            if (R > r) {
                                                               = nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
                1 = L;
                                                                                        } else {
                r = R;
                                                                                            nodes[cur_v].link = 0;
            }
        }
                                                                                    }
                                                                               }
    return res;
                                                                               v = nodes[v].trans[c];
}
                                                                               flag = true;
                                                                               break;
                                                                           }
8.3 palindromes_on_subsegment.h
                                                                           v = nodes[v].link;
struct Node {
                                                                       if (!flag) {
    int len;
                                                                           if (one_len[c] == -1) {
    int link;
                                                                               nodes[v].trans[c] = nodes.size();
    vector<int> trans;
                                                                               nodes.push_back(Node());
    bool all_equal;
                                                                               nodes.back().len = 1;
    Node() {
                                                                               one_len[c] = nodes[v].trans[c];
        len = 0;
                                                                               nodes.back().all_equal = true;
        link = 0;
                                                                               nodes.back().link = 0;
        trans.assign(26, -1);
                                                                           } else {
        all_equal = true;
                                                                               nodes[v].trans[c] = one_len[c];
    }
};
                                                                           v = nodes[v].trans[c];
struct Eertree {
                                                                       state[i] = v;
    vector<Node> nodes;
                                                                   }
    vector<int> one_len;
                                                                   return state;
    Eertree() {
                                                               }
        nodes.push_back(Node());
        one_len.assign(26, -1);
                                                               void enclose() {
                                                                   for (int v = 0; v < nodes.size(); ++v) {
    vector<int> feed_string(const string& s) {
                                                                       for (int c = 0; c < 26; ++c) {
        int v = 0;
                                                                           if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
        int n = s.length();
                                                                               int cur_v = nodes[v].link;
        vector<int> state(n);
                                                                               while (true) {
        for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) {
            int c = s[i] - 'a';
```

```
if (nodes[cur_v].trans[c]
                                                                   int cur_r = right_border;
   != -1) {
                                                                   int overall_pals = 0;
                                                                   int right_state = 0;
                             nodes[v].trans[c] =
                                                                   int left_state = 0;
    nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
                             break;
                                                                    ++TIMER;
                                                                   while (uk < q[block].size()) {</pre>
                         if (cur_v == 0) {
                                                                        while (cur_r < q[block][uk].r) {</pre>
                             nodes[v].trans[c] = 0;
                                                                            right_state
                                                               tree.nodes[right_state].trans[s[cur_r] - 'a'];
                             break:
                                                                            if (s[cur_r] != s[cur_r -
                         cur_v = nodes[cur_v].link;
                                                                tree.nodes[right_state].len + 1]) {
                                                                               right_state =
                    }
                }
                                                                tree.nodes[right_state].link;
            }
        }
                                                                            if (tree.nodes[right_state].len >
    }
                                                                cur_r + 1 - right_border) {
                                                                                right_state =
};
                                                                tree.nodes[right_state].link;
                                                                            }
struct Query {
                                                                            if (used[right_state] != TIMER) {
                                                                                ++overall_pals;
    int 1, r;
                                                                                used[right_state] = TIMER;
    int id;
    bool operator < (const Query& ot) const {</pre>
        if (r != ot.r) {
                                                                            if (tree.nodes[right_state].len ==
            return r < ot.r;
                                                                cur_r + 1 - right_border) {
                                                                                left_state = right_state;
        return 1 < ot.1;</pre>
                                                                            ++cur_r;
    }
};
                                                                        ++LEFT_TIMER;
                                                                        int cur_l = right_border;
void solve(bool read) {
    string s;
                                                                        int cur_left_state = left_state;
                                                                        int cur_res = overall_pals;
    cin >> s;
    Eertree tree;
                                                                        while (cur_l > q[block][uk].l) {
    tree.feed_string(s);
                                                                            --cur_1;
                                                                            cur_left_state =
    tree.enclose();
    int Q;
                                                                tree.nodes[cur_left_state].trans[s[cur_l] -
    cin >> Q;
                                                                'a'];
    int n = s.length();
                                                                            if (s[cur_l] != s[cur_l +
    int block_size = max((int)(sqrt(n) * 1.5), 1);
                                                                tree.nodes[cur_left_state].len - 1]) {
    int blocks = (n - 1) / block_size + 1;
                                                                                cur_left_state =
    for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
                                                                tree.nodes[cur_left_state].link;
        Query cur;
        cin >> cur.l >> cur.r;
                                                                            if (tree.nodes[cur_left_state].len
        --cur.1;
                                                                > cur_r - cur_l) {
        cur.id = i;
                                                                                cur_left_state =
        q[cur.l / block_size].push_back(cur);
                                                                tree.nodes[cur_left_state].link;
    vector<int> ans(Q);
                                                                            if (used[cur_left_state] != TIMER
    vector<int> used(tree.nodes.size(), 0);
                                                                && left_used[cur_left_state] != LEFT_TIMER) {
    vector<int> left_used(tree.nodes.size(), 0);
                                                                                ++cur_res;
    int TIMER = 0;
                                                                                left_used[cur_left_state] =
    int LEFT_TIMER = 0;
                                                                LEFT_TIMER;
    for (int block = 0; block < blocks; ++block) {</pre>
        sort(all(q[block]));
        int right_border = min((block + 1) *
                                                                        ans[q[block][uk].id] = cur_res;
    block_size, n);
        int uk = 0;
                                                                   }
        while (uk < q[block].size() &&
                                                               }
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
    q[block][uk].r < right_border) {</pre>
                                                                        cout << ans[i] << "\n";
            ++TIMER;
            int res = 0;
            int v = 0;
                                                           }
            for (int pos = q[block][uk].1; pos <</pre>
    q[block][uk].r; ++pos) {
                v = tree.nodes[v].trans[s[pos] - 'a'];
                                                           8.4 prefix_function.h
                if (s[pos] != s[pos -
    tree.nodes[v].len + 1]) {
                                                           void prefixFunction(const string& s, vector<int>& p) {
                    v = tree.nodes[v].link;
                                                               if (s.length() == 0)
                                                                   return;
                if (tree.nodes[v].len > pos + 1 -
                                                               p[0] = 0;
    q[block][uk].1) {
                                                               for (size_t i = 1; i < s.length(); ++i) {
                    v = tree.nodes[v].link;
                                                                    int j = p[i - 1];
                                                                    while (j > 0 \&\& s[i] != s[j])
                if (used[v] != TIMER) {
                                                                        j = p[j - 1];
                                                                    if (s[i] == s[j])
                    used[v] = TIMER;
                                                                        ++j;
                                                                   p[i] = j;
            }
            ans[q[block][uk].id] = res;
                                                           }
            ++uk;
        }
                                                           const char first = 'a';
                                                           const int alphabet = 26;
```

```
// вылазит из массива, после того, как совпадет
                                                                       if (secondPartBeginning >= s.size()) {
\rightarrow все. можно добавить aut[n] = aut[pi[n - 1]]
                                                                           secondPartBeginning -= s.size();
// это сэмуирует переход по суф ссылке
vector<vi> pfautomaton(const string& s) {
                                                                       curSuffClasses =
    vi p(s.length());

→ make_pair(color[suffArray[i]],

    color[secondPartBeginning]);
    prefixFunction(s, p);
    vector<vi> aut(s.length(), vi(alphabet));
                                                                       if (curSuffClasses != prevSuffClasses) {
    for (size_t i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) {</pre>
        for (char c = 0; c < alphabet; ++c) {
                                                                           ++numberOfClasses:
            if (i > 0 && c != s[i] - first) {
                                                                           head[numberOfClasses - 1] = i;
                aut[i][c] = aut[p[i - 1]][c];
            }
                                                                       colorSub[suffArray[i]] =
            else {

→ numberOfClasses - 1;

                aut[i][c] = i + (c == s[i] - first);
        }
                                                                  color = colorSub;
    }
                                                                  if (numberOfClasses == s.size())
    return aut;
}
                                                                       break;
                                                              }
                                                              vector <int> pos;
8.5
    suffix_array.cpp
                                                              int curLcp = 0;
                                                              pos.resize(s.size());
void Build(const string& init, vector <int>&
                                                              for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
   suffArray, vector <int>& lcp) {
string s = init;
                                                                  pos[suffArray[i]] = i;
    s.push_back(char(0));
                                                              lcp.resize(s.size());
    vector <int> head;
                                                              for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
    vector <int> color:
                                                                   if (pos[i] == s.size() - 1) {
    vector <int> colorSub;
                                                                       lcp[pos[i]] = 0;
    vector <int> suffArraySub;
                                                                       curLcp = 0;
    head.assign(max((int)s.size(), 256), 0);
                                                                       continue;
    suffArray.resize(s.size());
    color.resize(s.size());
    colorSub.resize(s.size());
                                                                  while (s[(i + curLcp) % s.size()] ==
    suffArraySub.resize(s.size());
                                                           \rightarrow s[(suffArray[pos[i] + \hat{1}] + curLcp) %
    lcp.resize(s.size());
                                                           ++curLcp;
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
        ++head[s[i]];
                                                                  lcp[pos[i]] = curLcp;
    7
    for (int i = 1; i < 256; ++i) {
                                                                   --curLcp;
        head[i] += head[i - 1];
                                                                  if (curLcp < 0)
                                                                       curLcp = 0;
    for (int i = 255; i > 0; --i) {
                                                              }
        head[i] = head[i - 1];
    head[0] = 0;
                                                          void BuildSparseTable(const vector <int>& a,
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                                                           → vector < vector <int> >& sparseTable) {
        suffArray[head[s[i]]] = i;
                                                              int logSize = 0;
        ++head[s[i]];
                                                              while ((1 << logSize) < a.size()) {
    }
                                                                  ++logSize;
    int numberOfClasses = 1:
    head[0] = 0;
                                                              logSize = 19;
    for (int i = 1; i < s.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                              sparseTable.assign(a.size(), vector <int>
        if (s[suffArray[i - 1]] != s[suffArray[i]]) {
                                                              (logSize + 1));
            ++numberOfClasses;
            head[numberOfClasses - 1] = i;
                                                              for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
                                                                  sparseTable[i][0] = a[i];
        color[suffArray[i]] = numberOfClasses - 1;
    for (int k = 1; k < s.size(); k *= 2) {
                                                              for (int k = 1; k <= logSize; ++k) {</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i + (1 << k) <= a.size();
            int firstPartBeginning = suffArray[i] - k;
                                                              ++i) {
            if (firstPartBeginning < 0) {
                                                                       sparseTable[i][k] =
                firstPartBeginning += s.size();
                                                           }
                                                               << (k - 1))][k - 1]);
                                                                  }
    suffArraySub[head[color[firstPartBeginning]]]
                                                              }
    = firstPartBeginning;
                                                          }
            ++head[color[firstPartBeginning]];
        }
                                                          int GetMin(int 1, int r, const vector < vector</pre>
        suffArray = suffArraySub;
                                                           \hookrightarrow <int> >& sparseTable) {
                                                              assert(l < r);</pre>
        int secondPartBeginning;
                                                              int sz = 31 - \_builtin\_clz(r - 1);
        pair <int, int> prevSuffClasses,
                                                              return min(sparseTable[1][sz], sparseTable[r -
    curSuffClasses;
                                                              (1 << sz)][sz]);
        curSuffClasses = make_pair(-1, 0);
        numberOfClasses = 0;
                                                          void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool read) {
        for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                              string s;
            prevSuffClasses = curSuffClasses;
                                                              int n = s.length();
            secondPartBeginning = suffArray[i] + k;
```

```
vector<int> suff_array, lcp;
                                                                          int nextState =
    Build(s, suff_array, lcp);
suff_array.erase(suff_array.begin());
                                                                 states[prevState].transitions[c];
                                                                          if (states[nextState].maxLen ==
    lcp.erase(lcp.begin());
                                                                  states[prevState].maxLen + 1) {
    vector<int> pos_in_array(n);
for (int i = 0; i < suff_array.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                              states[curState].link = nextState;
        pos_in_array[suff_array[i]] = i;
                                                                          else {
                                                                              int cloneState = states.size();
                                                                              states.push_back(State());
    vector<vector<int>> sparse;
    BuildSparseTable(lcp, sparse);
                                                                              states[cloneState].maxLen =
                                                                  states[prevState].maxLen + 1;
}
                                                                              states[cloneState].link =
                                                                  states[nextState].link;
                                                                              states[cloneState].firstPos =
8.6
      suffix_automaton_kostroma.h
                                                                  states[nextState].firstPos;
                                                                              states[curState].link =
const int UNDEFINED_VALUE = -1;
                                                                  states[nextState].link = cloneState;
class SuffixAutomaton {
                                                                              states[cloneState].transitions =
public:
                                                                  states[nextState].transitions;
    struct State {
                                                                              for (; prevState !=
        map<char, int> transitions;
                                                                  UNDEFINED_VALUE &&
        int link;
                                                                  states[prevState].transitions[c] == nextState;
        int maxLen;
                                                                 prevState = states[prevState].link)
        int firstPos, lastPos;
                                                                                  states[prevState].transitions[c] \leftarrow
        int cnt;
                                                                  = cloneState;
        State():link(UNDEFINED_VALUE),
                                                                         }
    firstPos(UNDEFINED_VALUE),
                                                                     }
    lastPos(UNDEFINED_VALUE), maxLen(0), cnt(0) {}
                                                                     lastState = curState;
    };
                                                                 }
    vector<State> states;
    int lastState;
                                                             };
    SuffixAutomaton(const string& s) {
        states.push_back(State());
        lastState = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i)</pre>
                                                             8.7 z_function.h
                                                             vector<int> zFunction(const string& s) {
            append(s[i]);
                                                                 int n = s.length();
        vector<pair<int, int>> p(states.size());
        for (int i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {
            p[i].second = i;
                                                                 vector<int> z(n);
            p[i].first = states[i].maxLen;
                                                                 int 1 = 0, r = 0;
        }
                                                                 for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                     z[i] = max(min(z[i - 1], r - i), 0);
        sort(all(p));
        reverse(all(p));
                                                                     while (i + z[i] < n \&\& s[i + z[i]] == s[z[i]])
        for (int i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {
            int curState = p[i].second;
                                                                          ++z[i]:
            if (states[curState].lastPos ==
    UNDEFINED_VALUE)
                                                                     if (i + z[i] > r) {
                                                                          1 = i;
                 states[curState].lastPos =
                                                                          r = i + z[i];
    states[curState].firstPos;
                                                                     }
            if (states[curState].link !=
    UNDEFINED_VALUE) {
                                                                 }
                states[states[curState].link].lastPos⊷
    = max(states[states[curState].link].lastPos,
                                                                 if (n)
                                                                     z[0] = n;
    states[curState].lastPos);
                states[states[curState].link].cnt
    += states[curState].cnt;
                                                                 return z;
                                                             }
        }
                                                                  templates
    }
private:
                                                             9.1 main.cpp
    void append(char c) {
        int curState = states.size();
                                                             #undef NDEBUG
        states.push_back(State());
                                                             #define AIM
        states[curState].maxLen =
                                                             void print_stats(long long delta_time);
                                                             extern "C" int usleep(unsigned int usec);
    states[lastState].maxLen + 1;
        states[curState].firstPos =
                                                             #include ''E.h''
    states[lastState].maxLen;
        states[curState].cnt = 1;
                                                             #include <malloc.h>
        int prevState = lastState;
                                                             void print_stats(long long delta_time) {
   cerr << "\n time: " << delta_time / 1.0 /</pre>
        for (; prevState != UNDEFINED_VALUE;
    prevState = states[prevState].link) {
            if (states[prevState].transitions.count(c))
                                                             break;
            states[prevState].transitions[c] =
                                                                 extern char *__progname;
                                                                 system((string(''size '') + __pr
''' > /tmp/size.txt'').c_str());
    curState;
                                                                                              _progname +
        }
                                                                 ifstream in("/tmp/size.txt");
        if (prevState == UNDEFINED_VALUE) {
                                                                 string s;
            states[curState].link = 0;
                                                                 getline(in, s);
        else {
                                                                 int sz = 0;
```

```
if (in >> sz >> sz >> sz >> sz) {
                                                          void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool read) {
    cerr << ", static memory: " << sz / (double)(1024 * 1024) << " MB";
    cerr << endl << endl;</pre>
                                                          10
                                                                 treap
                                                          10.1 treap_explicit_keys.h
//-D_GLIBCXX_DEBUG
                                                          class Treap {
                                                          public:
9.2 sync-template.txt
                                                              typedef struct _node {
                                                                  int key;
// Executable: sed
                                                                  int cnt;
int prior;
                                                                  int val;
// Working directory: $ProjectFileDir$
                                                                  _node* 1;
// ! Synchronize files after execution
                                                                  _node* r;
// ! Open console for tool output
                                                                   _node(int key, int val) :key(key),
                                                           \rightarrow val(val), l(nullptr), r(nullptr), cnt(1) {

    prior = rand(); }

9.3 template.h
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                  void push() {
using namespace std;
                                                                  }
#define all(a) a.begin(), a.end()
                                                                  void recalc() {
typedef long long li;
typedef long double ld;
                                                                      cnt = 1 + Cnt(1) + Cnt(r);
void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool);
void precalc();
clock_t start;
                                                                  static int Cnt(_node* v) {
                                                                      if (!v)
                                                                          return 0;
int main() {
#ifdef CRYPTO
                                                                      return v->cnt;
    freopen("'/PATH/input.txt", "r", stdin);
                                                                  }
#endif
                                                              }*node;
    start = clock();
    int t = 1;
                                                              static int Cnt(node v) {
#ifndef CRYPTO
                                                                  if (!v)
    cout.sync_with_stdio(0);
                                                                      return 0;
    cin.tie(0);
                                                                  return v->cnt;
#endif
    precalc();
    cout.precision(20);
                                                              node root;
    cout << fixed;</pre>
                                                              size_t Size;
     cin >> t:
    int testNum = 1;
    while (t--) {
                                                              node merge(node 1, node r) {
       //cout << ''Case #'' << testNum++ << '': '';
                                                                  if (!1)
        solve(true);
                                                                      return r;
                                                                  if (!r)
                                                                      return 1;
    cout.flush();
#ifdef CRYPT01
                                                                  if (l->prior < r->prior) {
    while (true) {
                                                                      1->push();
      solve(false);
                                                                      1->r = merge(1->r, r);
 }
                                                                      1->recalc();
#endif
                                                                      return 1;
                                                                  }
#ifdef CRYPTO
                                                                  else {
    cout.flush();
                                                                      r->push();
    auto end = clock();
                                                                      r->1 = merge(1, r->1);
                                                                      r->recalc();
    usleep(10000);
                                                                      return r;
    print_stats(end - start);
    usleep(10000);
#endif
                                                              void split(node v, int key, node& l, node& r) {
                                                                  1 = r = nullptr;
   return 0;
                                                                  if (!v)
}
                                                                      return;
void precalc() {
                                                                  v->push();
                                                                  if (v->key < key) {
                                                                      split(1->r, key, 1->r, r);
template<typename T>
inline T nxt() {
                                                                      1->recalc();
   T cur;
                                                                  }
                                                                  else {
    cin >> cur;
                                                                      r = v;
    return cur;
                                                                      split(r->1, key, 1, r->1);
                                                                      r->recalc();
                                                                  }
//#define int li
                                                              }
//const int mod = 1000000007;
```

```
public:
                                                                    }
    Treap() {
        root = nullptr;
                                                                     static int Cnt(_node* v) {
        Size = 0;
                                                                        if (!v)
                                                                             return 0;
                                                                         return v->cnt;
                                                                    }
    size_t size() const {
        return Size;
                                                                }*node;
                                                                 static int Cnt(node v) {
    node get_min() const {
                                                                    if (!v)
        node v = root;
                                                                        return 0:
        if (!v) {
                                                                    return v->cnt;
            throw runtime_error("Treap is empty");
        while (v->1) {
                                                                node root;
            v = v -> 1;
                                                                size_t Size;
        return v;
                                                                node merge(node 1, node r) {
                                                                    if (!1)
    node get_max() const {
                                                                         return r;
        node v = root;
                                                                     if (!r)
        if (!v) {
                                                                        return 1;
            throw runtime_error('Treap is empty');
                                                                     if (l->prior < r->prior) {
                                                                         1->push();
        while (v->r) {
                                                                         1->r = merge(1->r, r);
            v = v -> r;
                                                                         1->recalc();
                                                                         return 1;
                                                                     }
        return v;
    }
                                                                     else {
                                                                         r->push();
    void insert(int key, int val) {
                                                                         r->1 = merge(1, r->1);
        node l = nullptr, r = nullptr;
                                                                         r->recalc();
        split(root, key, 1, r);
                                                                         return r;
        node cur_node = new _node(key, val);
        root = merge(merge(1, cur_node), r);
                                                                }
        ++Size;
                                                                 void split(node v, int idx, node& l, node& r) {
                                                                     1 = r = nullptr;
    node operator [] (int key) {
                                                                     if (!v)
        node l = nullptr, m = nullptr, r = nullptr;
                                                                        return;
        split(root, key, 1, r);
                                                                     v->push();
        split(r, key + 1, m, r);
                                                                     if (Cnt(v->1) < idx) {
        if (m == nullptr) {
            throw
                                                                         split(1->r, idx - Cnt(v->1) - 1, 1->r, r);

    runtime_error("'IndexTreapOutOfBound");

                                                                         1->recalc();
                                                                     }
        root = merge(merge(1, m), r);
                                                                     else {
                                                                        r = v;
        return m;
                                                                         split(r->1, idx, 1, r->1);
                                                                         r->recalc();
                                                                     }
                                                                }
typedef Treap::node Node;
                                                            public:
10.2 treap_implicit_keys.h
                                                                Treap() {
                                                                    root = nullptr;
class Treap {
                                                                     Size = 0;
public:
    typedef struct _node {
        int cnt;
                                                                 size_t size() const {
        int prior;
                                                                     return Size;
        int val;
        _node* 1;
        _node* r;
                                                                void insert(int idx, int val) {
        _node *p;
                                                                    node l = nullptr, r = nullptr;
split(root, idx, l, r);
         _node(int val) :val(val), l(nullptr),
→ r(nullptr), cnt(1), p(nullptr) { prior =
                                                                     node cur_node = new _node(val);
    rand(); }
                                                                    root = merge(merge(1, cur_node), r);
                                                                     ++Size;
        void push() {
                                                                }
        }
                                                                void erase(int idx) {
                                                                    node l = nullptr, m = nullptr, r = nullptr;
split(root, idx, l, r);
        void recalc() {
            cnt = 1 + Cnt(1) + Cnt(r);
                                                                     split(r, 1, m, r);
            if (1) {
                                                                    root = merge(1, r);
                 1->p = this;
                                                                     --Size;
            if (r) {
                r \rightarrow p = this;
                                                                 int get_index(node v) {
                                                                     if (!v) {
            p = nullptr;
```

```
throw
                                                                int n, m;
    runtime_error('No such node in the treap');
                                                                cin >> n >> m;
                                                                vector<vector<int>> a(n);
        int res = Cnt(v->1);
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
        while (v->p) {
                                                                    int u, v;
            if (v-p-r == v) {
                                                                    cin >> u >> v;
                res += Cnt(v->p->l) + 1;
                                                                     --u, --v;
                                                                    a[u].push_back(v);
            v = v - > p;
                                                                    a[v].push_back(u);
        }
        return res;
    }
                                                              • Не забываем построить дерево отрезков после инициали-
                                                                зации листьев.
    void push_back(int val) {
                                                                Неправильно:
        return insert(Size, val);
    }
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    void push_front(int val) {
                                                                     tree.set(i, a[i]);
        return insert(0, val);
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
                                                                     int pos, val;
                                                                     cin >> pos >> val;
    node operator [] (int idx) {
                                                                    tree.update(pos, val);
        node l = nullptr, m = nullptr, r = nullptr;
        split(root, idx, l, r);
        split(r, 1, m, r);
        if (m == nullptr) {
                                                                Правильно:
            throw
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    runtime_error("IndexTreapOutOfBound");
                                                                     tree.set(i, a[i]);
                                                                }
        root = merge(merge(1, m), r);
                                                                tree.build();
        return m;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
                                                                    int pos, val;
};
                                                                    cin >> pos >> val;
                                                                    tree.update(pos, val);
typedef Treap::node Node;
                                                              • Лучше struct с понятными названиями полей, а не
11
       fuckups.tex
                                                                std::pair.
                                                                Неправильно:
  • Всегда выводим ответ на запрос!
                                                                set<pair<int, int>> a;
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
    Неправильно:
                                                                    int pos, val;
    while (q--) {
                                                                    cin >> pos >> val;
        int u, v;
                                                                     a.insert({pos, val});
        cin >> u >> v;
                                                                sort(all(a));
        if (!dsu.merge(u, v)) {
            // ниче ж не поменялось)))))) можно
         сделать continue))))))
                                                                cin >> q;
            continue;
                                                                while (q--) {
                                                                     int pos, val;
        make_some_logic(u, v);
                                                                    cin >> pos >> val;
        cout << get_cur_ans() << "\n";</pre>
                                                                     auto it = a.lower_bound({pos, 0});
                                                                    if (it != a.end() && it->first > val) { //
                                                                    эээ ну в сете же по first сортим в 1ю
    Правильно:
                                                                    очередь
                                                                         cout << ''YES\n'';
    while (q--) {
                                                                    } else {
        int u, v;
                                                                         cout << ''NO\n'';
        cin >> u >> v;
         --u, --v;
        if (dsu.merge(u, v)) {
                                                                Правильно:
            make_some_logic(u, v);
        cout << get_cur_ans() << "\n";</pre>
                                                                struct Shit {
                                                                    int pos;
    }
                                                                    int val;

    m рёбер, а не n.

                                                                    bool operator <(const Shit& ot) const {</pre>
    Неправильно:
                                                                        return make_pair(pos, val) <</pre>
                                                                     make_pair(ot.pos, ot.val);
    int n, m;
                                                                    }
    cin >> n >> m;
                                                                }
    vector<vector<int>> a(n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                set<Shit> a;
        int u, v;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        cin >> u >> v;
                                                                     int pos, val;
        --u, --v;
                                                                    cin >> pos >> val;
        a[u].push_back(v);
                                                                    a.insert({pos, val});
        a[v].push_back(u);
                                                                sort(all(a));
    Правильно:
                                                                int q;
```

```
cin >> q;
  while (q--) {
      int pos, val;
      cin >> pos >> val;
      auto it = a.lower_bound({pos, 0});
      if (it != a.end() && it->val > val) { // \leftrightarrow
     хуй проебёшься
         cout << ''YES\n'';</pre>
      } else {
          cout << ''NO\n'';
  }
• Перенумерация в эйлеровом обходе.
  Неправильно:
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      tree.update(i, 1);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      cout << tree.get_val(i) << endl;</pre>
 Правильно:
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      tree.update(tin[i], 1);
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      cout << tree.get_val(tin[i]) << endl;</pre>
• vector<char> хранит числа до 255.
 Неправильно:
  vector<char> used(n), num_comp(n);
  int cur = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      if (!used[i]) {
          dfs(i, cur++);
      }
  }
 Правильно:
  vector<char> used(n);
  vector<int> num_comp(n);
  int cur = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      if (!used[i]) {
          dfs(i, cur++);
 }
• bool f() возвращает bool.
  Неправильно:
  bool occurs(const string& s, const string& t) {
      for (int i = 0; i + (int)s.length() <=
      (int)t.length(); ++i) {
          // падажжи ебана
          // если содержится, то нужен индекс
          if (t.substr(i, s.length()) == s) {
              return i;
      // иначе пускай будет -1
      return -1;
  }
  Правильно:
  int occurs(const string& s, const string& t) {
• Индексы в dsu до n, a не до num_comps.
• В merge для вершин дерева отрезков push_val =
  UNDEFINED.
  Неправильно:
 Node merge(const Node& q, const Node& w) {
      Node res; // или res = q
      res.min = min(q.min, w.min); // или if
      (w.min < res.min) res = w
      return res;
  }
```

```
Правильно:
  Node merge(const Node& q, const Node& w) {
      Node res;
      res.push_add = 0; // или в объявлении res
     = {}, если в конструкторе по умолчанию
  → прописано заполнение
      res.min = min(q.min, w.min);
      return res;
• Считываем размеры в нужном порядке
  Неправильно:
  int n, m;
  cin >> n >> m; // w, h
  vector<vector<int>> a(n, vector<int>(m, 0));
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j) {
    cin >> a[i][j];
  }
  Правильно:
  int n, m;
  cin >> m >> n; // w, h
  vector<vector<int>> a(n, vector<int>(m, 0));
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j) {
          cin >> a[i][j];
  }
```