ingenious plan
if i understand
it correctly

minor fix no need to test on samples

i make no mistakes

seems proved *whistles a horny molly's song*

let me just fix

and resubmit

rofl it works

it's a bitset

how can it not pass

i kinda know how to prove it 5-10 mins to implement

there is a column of ACs so greedy works ofc





```
Содержание
                                                   comp.clear();
                                                   dfs1(v, v);
                                                   int center = -1;
  centroids
  1.1 centroid_decomposition.cpp ......
                                                   for (int x : comp) {
                                                      if (\max_{z} cnt[x] \le cnt[v] / 2 \&\& cnt[v] -
                                                   cnt[x] <= cnt[v] / 2) {
\mathbf{2}
  fft
  2.1 fft_advanced_integer.h . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                          center = x;
  break;
  3
                                                      }
  }
                                             4
                                                   assert(center != -1);
                                                   v = center;
 flows
  perform actions with center v
  3.2 \verb| min_cost_bellman_queue.h........
                                                   used[v] = true;
  3.3 min_cost_dijkstra.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                   for (int to : g[v]) {
                                             6
  3.4 min_cost_ford_bellman.h .......
                                                      kill_center(to, depth + 1);
  3.5 min_cost_negative_cycles.h ......
                                             8
  geometry
  4.1 halfplane_intersection.cpp ......
                                                void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool read) {
  4.2 segments_and_circles.cpp . . . . . . . . . . .
                                             9
                                                   cin >> n;
                                            10
  graphs
                                                   used.assign(n, false);
  10
                                                   cnt.assign(n, 0);
  5.2 dominator_tree.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                   max_cnt.assign(n, 0);
                                                   kill_center(0, 0);
 maths
  12
  6.3 gauss_bitset_inverse.h . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                            12
  6.4 gauss_bitset_solve_slu.h . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                    fft
  6.5 gauss_double_inverse.h . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                            13
  6.6
      13
                                                2.1 fft_advanced_integer.h
                                            14
  misc
  7.1 ch_trick_with_binary_summation_struct.cpp...
                                            14
                                                Poly derivative(Poly a) {
  7.2 tree_bidirectional_dp.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                   if (a.empty()) {
                                                      return a;
  strings
  for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {
  15
                                                      a[i] = a[i] * i % mod;
  8.3 \quad {\tt palindromes\_on\_subsegment.h} \; . \; . \; . \; . \; . \; . \; . \; .
                                            15
  8.4 prefix_function.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                            17
                                                   a.erase(a.begin());
                                            17
  return a;
  18
                                                 '/ returns b(x) = int_0^x{a(t)dt}
                                            19
                                                Poly primitive(Poly a) {
  templates
  19
                                                   if (a.empty()) {
                                            19
                                                      return a;
  9.3
     19
                                                   for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                            20
10 treap
                                                      a[i] = a[i] * pw(i + 1, mod - 2) % mod;
  10.1 treap_explicit_keys.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                            20
  10.2 treap_implicit_keys.h . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                            20
                                                   a.insert(a.begin(), 0);
                                                   return a;
11 fuckups.tex
                                            21
                                                Poly add(Poly a, const Poly& b) {
1
    centroids
                                                   a.resize(max(a.size(), b.size()));
for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                      a[i] = (a[i] + b[i]) \% mod;
1.1 centroid_decomposition.cpp
vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                   return a;
vector<int> cnt, max_cnt;
vector<int> comp;
                                                Poly sub(Poly a, const Poly& b) {
void dfs1(int v, int p) {
                                                   a.resize(max(a.size(), b.size()));
   cnt[v] = 1;
                                                   for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {
   \max_{cnt[v] = 0};
                                                      a[i] = (a[i] + mod - b[i]) % mod;
   comp.push_back(v);
                                                   }
   for (int to : g[v]) {
                                                   return a;
      if (to == p || used[to]) continue;
      dfs1(to, v);
      max_cnt[v] = max(max_cnt[v], cnt[to]);
                                                Poly normalize(Poly a) {
      cnt[v] += cnt[to];
                                                   while (!a.empty() && a.back() == 0) {
                                                      a.pop_back();
   }
}
                                                   }
                                                   return a;
void kill_center(int v, int depth) {
   if (used[v]) {
                                                // get such b that a * b = 1 mod x^{prec}
      return;
```

Poly getInversed(Poly a, int prec) {

```
assert(a[0]);
                                                                         return;
                                                                     }
    Poly res = \{pw(a[0], mod - 2)\};
                                                                     segment_polys.pop_back();
    int k = 1;
                                                                     fill_ans(divMod(p,
    while (k < prec) {
                                                                 segment_polys.back()).second);
        k *= 2;
                                                                     fill_ans(divMod(p,
        Poly tmp = multiply(res, Poly({a.begin(),
                                                                 segment_polys.back()).second);
    a.begin() + min(k, (int)a.size())}));
for (auto& x : tmp) {
                                                                 fill_ans(poly);
            x = x ? mod - x : 0;
                                                                 reverse(all(ans));
        tmp[0] = (tmp[0] + 2) \% mod;
                                                                return ans;
                                                            }
        res = multiply(tmp, res);
        res.resize(k);
                                                            // get \{x1, \ldots, xn\} and \{y1, \ldots, yn\}, return
    }
                                                                such p that p(xi) = yi
                                                            Poly interpolate(const vector<long long>& xs,
    res.resize(prec);
                                                             \hookrightarrow const vector<long long>& ys) {
    return res;
}
                                                                 assert(xs.size() == ys.size());
                                                                 if (xs.empty()) {
// get such q and r that a = b * q + r, deg(r) < deg(b)
                                                                     return {0};
pair<Poly, Poly> divMod(Poly a, Poly b) {
    int n = a.size();
    int m = b.size();
                                                                vector<Poly> segment_polys =
    if (n < m) {
                                                                getSegmentProducts(xs);
        return {{0}, a};
                                                                 auto der = derivative(segment_polys.back());
                                                                 auto coeffs = multipoint(der, xs);
    reverse(all(a));
                                                                 for (auto& c : coeffs) {
                                                                     c = pw(c, mod - 2);
    reverse(all(b));
    auto quotient = multiply(a, getInversed(b, n -
   m + 1));
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < (int)ys.size(); ++i) {
    quotient.resize(n - m + 1);
                                                                     coeffs[i] = coeffs[i] * ys[i] % mod;
    reverse(all(a));
    reverse(all(b));
    reverse(all(quotient));
                                                                 function<Poly()> get_ans = [&]() {
    auto remainder = sub(a, multiply(b, quotient));
                                                                     Poly res;
                                                                     if (segment_polys.back().size() <= 2) {</pre>
    while (!remainder.empty() && remainder.back()
    == 0) {
                                                                         segment_polys.pop_back();
        remainder.pop_back();
                                                                         res = {coeffs.back()};
    }
                                                                         coeffs.pop_back();
    return {quotient, remainder};
                                                                     } else {
                                                                         segment_polys.pop_back();
// this is for multipoint and interpolate functions
                                                                         auto p1 = segment_polys.back();
vector<Poly> getSegmentProducts(const vector<long</pre>
                                                                         auto q1 = get_ans();
   long>& pts) {
    vector<Poly> segment_polys;
                                                                         auto p2 = segment_polys.back();
    function<int(int, int)> fill_polys = [&](int
                                                                         auto q2 = get_ans();
    1, int r) {
        if (1 + 1 == r) {
                                                                         res = add(multiply(p1, q2),
             segment_polys.push_back({(mod -
                                                                 multiply(p2, q1));
   pts[1]) % mod, 1});
                                                                     }
             return (int)segment_polys.size() - 1;
                                                                     return res;
                                                                 };
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
int i = fill_polys(1, m);
                                                                return normalize(get_ans());
        int j = fill_polys(m, r);
        auto new_poly = multiply(segment_polys[i],
                                                            // takes 1 + b, returns b - b^2/2 + b^3/3 - ...
                                                             → mod x^{prec}
    segment_polys[j]);
                                                             // ofc b must be divisible by x
        segment_polys.push_back(new_poly);
        return (int)segment_polys.size() - 1;
                                                            Poly logarithm(Poly a, int prec) {
                                                                 assert(a[0] == 1);
    fill_polys(0, pts.size());
                                                                 auto res = primitive(multiply(derivative(a),
                                                                getInversed(a, prec)));
    return segment_polys;
                                                                res.resize(prec);
}
                                                                return res;
                                                            }
// get p and \{x1, x2, \ldots, xn\}, return \{p(x1),
    p(x2), \ldots, p(xn)
                                                             // returns 1 + a + a^2/2 + a^3/6 + ... \mod x^{prec}
vector<long long> multipoint(const Poly& poly,

→ const vector<long long>& pts) {
                                                             // ofc a must be divisible by x
                                                            Poly exponent(Poly a, int prec) {
    if (pts.empty()) {
                                                                 assert(a[0] == 0);
        return {};
                                                                Poly res = \{0\};
                                                                 int k = 1;
    vector<Poly> segment_polys =
                                                                 while (k < prec) {
   getSegmentProducts(pts);
                                                                     k *= 2:
    vector<long long> ans;
                                                                     Poly tmp = {a.begin(), a.begin() + min(k,
    function<void(const Poly&)> fill_ans =
                                                                 (int)a.size())};
    [&](const Poly& p) {
                                                                     tmp[0] += 1;
        if ((int)segment_polys.back().size() <= 2) {</pre>
                                                                     tmp = sub(tmp, logarithm(res, k));
             ans.push_back(p.empty() ? 0 : p[0]);
             segment_polys.pop_back();
                                                                     res = multiply(tmp, res);
```

```
res.resize(k);
                                                            }
                                                            Poly multiply(Poly a, Poly b) {
    res.resize(prec);
                                                                int n = 1;
    return res;
                                                                while (n < (int)a.size() || n < (int)b.size()) {
                                                                    n = 2;
2.2 fft_double.h
                                                                vector<br/><br/>base> ar(n + n), br(n + n);
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {
const int L = 22;
const int N = 1 << L;</pre>
                                                                    ar[i] = a[i];
bool fft_initialized = false;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < (int)b.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                    br[i] = b[i];
using ld = long double;
using base = complex<ld>;
                                                                fft(ar):
using Poly = vector<ld>;
                                                                fft(br);
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n + n; ++i) {
const ld pi = acosl(-1);
                                                                    ar[i] = ar[i] * br[i];
base angles[N + 1];
int bitrev[N];
                                                                fft(ar, true);
                                                                while (!ar.empty() && eq(norm(ar.back()), 0)) {
// don't know why such eps, may be changed
                                                                    ar.pop_back();
const ld eps = 1e-7;
                                                                a.resize(ar.size());
inline bool eq(ld x, ld y) {
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {</pre>
    return abs(x - y) < eps;
                                                                    a[i] = real(ar[i]);
                                                                return a;
void fft_init() {
    for (int i = 0; i \le N; ++i) {
        angles[i] = {cosl(2 * pi * i / N), sinl(2)}
    * pi * i / N)};
                                                            2.3 fft_integer.h
                                                            const int mod = 998244353;
                                                            const int L = 22;
    for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
                                                                                  // can be 23 for 998244353
                                                            const int N = 1 << L;
        int x = i;
        for (int j = 0; j < L; ++j) {
                                                            bool fft_initialized = false;
            bitrev[i] = (bitrev[i] << 1) | (x & 1);
                                                            using Poly = vector<long long>;
    }
                                                            long long pw(long long a, long long b) {
                                                                long long res = 1;
    fft_initialized = true;
                                                                while (b) {
                                                                    if (b & 111) {
                                                                        res = res * a % mod;
inline int revBit(int x, int len) {
    return bitrev[x] >> (L - len);
                                                                    b >>= 1;
                                                                    a = a * a \% mod;
void fft(vector<base>& a, bool inverse = false) {
                                                                return res;
                                                           }
    assert(fft_initialized &&
    "you fucking cunt just write fft_init()");
    int n = a.size();
                                                            int getRoot() {
                                                                int root = 1;
    assert(!(n & (n - 1)));
                              // work only with
                                                                while (pw(root, 1 << L) != 1 || pw(root, 1 <<
  (L - 1)) == 1) {</pre>
    powers of two
    int 1 = __builtin_ctz(n);
                                                                    ++root;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                }
        int j = revBit(i, 1);
                                                                return root;
        if (i < j) {
            swap(a[i], a[j]);
                                                            const int root = getRoot();
    }
                                                            long long angles[N + 1];
    for (int len = 1; len < n; len *= 2) {
                                                            int bitrev[N];
        for (int start = 0; start < n; start += 2</pre>
    * len) {
                                                            void fft_init() {
            for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
                                                                angles[0] = 1:
                                                                for (int i = 1; i \le N; ++i) {
                base x = a[start + i], y = a[start
                                                                    angles[i] = angles[i - 1] * root % mod;
    + len + i];
                 int idx = N / 2 / len * i;
                base w = y * angles[inverse ? N -
    idx : idx];
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
                 a[start + i] = x + w;
                                                                    int x = i;
                                                                    for (int j = 0; j < L; ++j) {
  bitrev[i] = (bitrev[i] << 1) | (x & 1);
                a[start + len + i] = x - w;
            }
        }
                                                                         x >>= 1;
                                                                    }
                                                                }
    if (inverse) {
        for (auto& x : a) {
                                                                fft_initialized = true;
            x /= n;
    }
                                                            inline int revBit(int x, int len) {
```

```
return bitrev[x] >> (L - len);
}
void fft(vector<long long>& a, bool inverse = false) {
                                                             #define double ld
    assert(fft_initialized &&
    "you fucking cunt just write fft_init()");
                                                             using base = complex<double>;
    int n = a.size();
                                                             using Poly = vector<long long>;
    assert(!(n & (n - 1)));
                               // work only with
    powers of two
                                                             void fft(vector<base> & a, bool invert) {
    int l = __builtin_ctz(n);
                                                                 int n = (int)a.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                 for (int i = 1, j = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                      int bit = n \gg 1;
        int j = revBit(i, 1);
                                                                      for (; j >= bit; bit >>= 1)
        if (i < j) {
                                                                          j -= bit;
            swap(a[i], a[j]);
                                                                      j += bit;
                                                                      if (i < j)
                                                                          swap(a[i], a[j]);
                                                                 }
    for (int len = 1; len < n; len *= 2) {
        for (int start = 0; start < n; start += 2</pre>
    * len) {
                                                                 for (int len = 2; len <= n; len <<= 1) {
                                                                     int dom = (invert ? -1 : 1);
int DOM = MAX_FFT_N / len;
             for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
                 long long x = a[start + i], y =
    a[start + len + i];
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < n; i += len) {
                                                                          base w(1);
                 int idx = N / 2 / len * i;
                 long long w = angles[inverse ? N -
                                                                          for (int j = 0; j < len / 2; ++j) {
                                                                              w = base(co[DOM * j], si[DOM * j]
    idx : idx];
                 w = w * y % mod;
a[start + i] = x + w;
                                                              \rightarrow * dom);
                                                                              auto u = a[i + j], v = a[i + j +
                 if (a[start + i] >= mod) {
                                                              \rightarrow len / 2] * w;
                                                                              a[i + j] = u + v;

a[i + j + len / 2] = u - v;
                     a[start + i] -= mod;
                a[start + len + i] = x - w;
                 if (a[start + len + i] < 0) {
                                                                     }
                     a[start + len + i] += mod;
                                                                 if (invert) {
                                                                     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
            }
        }
                                                                          a[i] /= (double)n;
    }
                                                                 }
                                                             }
    if (inverse) {
        int rev_deg = 1;
        for (int i = 0; i < 1; ++i) {
            rev_deg = (rev_deg \% 2) ? ((rev_deg +
                                                             Poly multiply(const Poly& a, const Poly& b) {
    mod) / 2) : (rev_deg / 2);
                                                                 int n = 1:
        }
                                                                 while (n <= a.size() || n <= b.size())
        for (auto& x : a) {
                                                                     n <<= 1;
            x = x * rev_deg % mod;
                                                                 n <<= 1;
                                                                 vector<base> input[2];
for (int w = 0; w < 2; ++w)</pre>
    }
                                                                     input[w].assign(n, base(0, 0));
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) input[0][i] = a[i];
Poly multiply(Poly a, Poly b) {
    int n = 1;
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < b.size(); ++i)</pre>
    while (n < (int)a.size() || n < (int)b.size()) {
                                                                     input[1][i] = b[i];
                                                                 for (auto& vec : input) {
        n *= 2;
                                                                     fft(vec, false);
    a.resize(n + n);
                                                                 vector <base> res(n);
    b.resize(n + n);
    fft(a);
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                     res[i] = input[0][i] * input[1][i];
    fft(b);
    for (int i = 0; i < n + n; ++i) {
                                                                 fft(res, true);
        a[i] = a[i] * b[i] % mod;
                                                                 Poly answer(n);
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                     answer[i] = (li)(res[i].real() + 0.5);
    fft(a, true);
    while (!a.empty() && a.back() == 0) {
                                                                      answer[i] %= mod;
        a.pop_back();
                                                                 return answer;
    return a;
                                                             const int shift = 15;
2.4 fft_mod_10_9_7.h
                                                             const int first_mod = 1 << shift;</pre>
const int MAX_FFT_N = 1 << 19;</pre>
                                                             Poly large_part(const Poly& a) {
                                                                 Poly res(a.size());
ld PI = acos((ld)-1.0);
                                                                 for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
                                                                     res[i] = a[i] >> shift;
ld co[MAX_FFT_N], si[MAX_FFT_N];
                                                                 return res;
void precalc() {
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_FFT_N; ++i) {</pre>
        co[i] = cos(2 * PI * i / MAX_FFT_N);
                                                             Poly small_part(const Poly& a) {
        si[i] = sin(2 * PI * i / MAX_FFT_N);
```

```
q.push(e.to);
    Poly res(a.size());
    for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
    res[i] = a[i] & (first_mod - 1);</pre>
                                                                         }
                                                                     }
    return res;
                                                                     return d[t] != INF;
}
Poly add(const Poly& q, const Poly& w) {
                                                                 vector<int> pointer;
    auto res = q;
    res.resize(max(q.size(), w.size()));
                                                                 int dfs(int v, int t, int flow_add) {
    for (int i = 0; i < w.size(); ++i) {
                                                                     if (!flow_add) {
        res[i] += w[i];
                                                                         return 0:
                                                                     }
    return res;
                                                                     if (v == t) {
}
                                                                         return flow_add;
                                                                     }
Poly multiply_large(const Poly& a, const Poly& b,
                                                                     int added_flow = 0;
    int k) {
                                                                     for (int& i = pointer[v]; i < g[v].size(); </pre>
    Poly largeA = large_part(a), largeB =

→ ++i) {
    large_part(b);
                                                                          int id = g[v][i];
   Poly smallA = small_part(a), smallB =
                                                                          int to = edges[id].to;
                                                                          if (d[to] != d[v] + 1) {
    small_part(b);
    Poly large_mult = multiply(largeA, largeB);
                                                                              continue;
    Poly small_mult = multiply(smallA, smallB);
    Poly middle_mult = multiply(add(smallA,
                                                                          int pushed = dfs(to, t, min(flow_add,
    largeA), add(smallB, largeB));
                                                                edges[id].cap - edges[id].flow));
                                                                         if (pushed) {
                                                                              edges[id].flow += pushed;
edges[id ^ 1].flow -= pushed;
    Poly result(large_mult.size());
    for (int i = 0; i < result.size(); ++i) {
   result[i] = ((large_mult[i] * first_mod) %</pre>
                                                                              return pushed;
    mod * first_mod + small_mult[i] +
                                                                     }
                     first_mod * (middle_mult[i] -
    large_mult[i] - small_mult[i]) % mod) % mod;
                                                                     return 0;
    if (result.size() > k + 1) {
                                                                 int max_flow(int s, int t) {
        result.resize(k + 1);
                                                                     int flow = 0;
    return result;
                                                                     while (bfs(s, t)) {
                                                                         pointer.assign(n, 0);
                                                                          while (int pushed = dfs(s, t, INF)) {
                                                                              flow += pushed;
\mathbf{3}
     flows
                                                                     }
                                                                     return flow;
3.1 dinic.h
                                                                 }
                                                             };
struct Edge {
    int from, to, cap, flow;
                                                             3.2 min_cost_bellman_queue.h
const int INF = (int)2e9;
                                                             using cost_type = li;
                                                             const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
struct Dinic {
                                                             const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
    int n;
    vector<Edge> edges;
                                                             struct MinCost {
                                                                 explicit MinCost(int n) {
    vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                                     g.resize(n);
    Dinic(int n) : n(n) {
        g.resize(n);
                                                                 struct edge {
                                                                     int from, to;
    void add_edge(int from, int to, int cap) {
                                                                     int cap;
        Edge e = \{from, to, cap, 0\};
                                                                     cost_type cost;
        g[from].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                     int flow;
        edges.push_back(e);
        e = \{to, from, 0, 0\};
        g[to].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                 vector<edge> edges;
        edges.push_back(e);
                                                                 vector<vector<int>> g;
    }
                                                                 void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
    vector<int> d;
                                                                cost, int cap) {
                                                                     edge e = \{from, to, cap, cost, 0\};
    bool bfs(int s, int t) {
                                                                     g[from].push_back(edges.size());
        d.assign(n, INF);
                                                                     edges.push_back(e);
        d[s] = 0;
                                                                     edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
        queue<int> q;
                                                                     g[to].push_back(edges.size());
        q.push(s);
                                                                     edges.push_back(e2);
        while (!q.empty()) {
            int v = q.front();
                                                                 pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s,
            q.pop();
                                                                 int t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value
            for (auto id : g[v]) {
                 auto e = edges[id];
                                                                 = FLOW_INF) {
                 if (e.cap > e.flow && d[e.to] == INF) {
                                                                     cost_type cost = 0;
                     d[e.to] = d[v] + 1;
                                                                     int flow = 0;
```

```
while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                                                                void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
            queue<int> q;
                                                               cost, int cap) {
                                                                    edge e = {from, to, cap, cost, 0};
            q.push(s);
            vector<int> in_q(n, 0);
                                                                    g[from].push_back(edges.size());
            in_q[s] = 1;
                                                                    edges.push_back(e);
                                                                    edge e^2 = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
            vector<int> p(n, -1);
            vector<cost_type> d(n);
                                                                    g[to].push_back(edges.size());
            d[s] = 0;
                                                                    edges.push_back(e2);
            p[s] = s;
            while (!q.empty()) {
                int v = q.front();
                                                                pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s,
                q.pop();
                                                               int t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value
                in_q[v] = false;
                                                            \hookrightarrow = FLOW_INF) {
                for (size_t i: g[v]) {
                                                                    cost_type cost = 0;
                    edge& e = edges[i];
                                                                    int flow = 0;
                    if (e.cap == e.flow ||
                                                                    vector<cost_type> potential;
    p[e.from] == -1)
                         continue:
                                                                        vector<int> p(n, -1);
                    if (p[e.to] == -1 || d[e.to] >
                                                                        vector<cost_type> d(n);
   d[e.from] + e.cost) {
                                                                        d[s] = 0;
                                                                        p[s] = s;
                         d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
                         p[e.to] = i;
                                                                        bool changed = true;
                         if (!in_q[e.to]) {
                                                                        while (changed) {
                             in_q[e.to] = 1;
                                                                            changed = false;
                             q.push(e.to);
                                                                            for (size_t i = 0; i <
                                                                edges.size(); ++i) {
                                                                                 edge &e = edges[i];
                    }
                }
                                                                                 if (e.cap == e.flow ||
            }
                                                                p[e.from] == -1)
            if (p[t] == -1)
                                                                                     continue;
                                                                                 if (p[e.to] == -1 \mid \mid d[e.to] >
                break:
                                                               d[e.from] + e.cost) {
            if(d[t] \ge 0 \&\& !need_max_flow) {
                                                                                     d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
                                                                                     p[e.to] = i;
                break;
                                                                                     changed = true;
            int cur = t;
                                                                            }
                                                                        }
            int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
            while (cur != s) {
                                                                        potential = std::move(d);
                edge& e = edges[p[cur]];
                                                                    }
                cur = e.from;
                                                                    while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
                                                                        vector<cost_type> d(n);
                                                                        vector<int> p(n, -1);
            flow += maxAdd;
                                                                        using queue_type = pair<cost_type, int>;
            cost += d[t] * maxAdd;
                                                                        priority_queue<queue_type,</pre>
            cur = t;
                                                            \hookrightarrow vector<queue_type>, greater<queue_type>> q;
            while (cur != s) {
                int id = p[cur];
                                                                        q.push({0, s});
                edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
                edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
                                                                        while (!q.empty()) {
                cur = edges[id].from;
                                                                            int v = q.top().second;
                                                                            cost_type oldD = q.top().first;
        }
                                                                            q.pop();
                                                                            if (oldD != d[v])
        return make_pair(flow, cost);
                                                                                 continue;
    }
                                                                            for (int id: g[v]) {
                                                                                 edge &e = edges[id];
if (e.to == s)
                                                                                     continue;
                                                                                 if (e.cap > e.flow) {
3.3 min_cost_dijkstra.h
                                                                                     cost_type newd = d[v] +
                                                                e.cost + potential[e.from] - potential[e.to];
#define int li
                                                                                     if (p[e.to] == -1 | |
                                                            \rightarrow d[e.to] > newd) {
using cost_type = li;
                                                                                         d[e.to] = newd;
const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
                                                                                         p[e.to] = id;
const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
                                                                                         q.push({d[e.to], e.to});
                                                                                     }
struct MinCost {
                                                                                 }
    explicit MinCost(int n) {
                                                                            }
        g.resize(n);
                                                                        }
                                                                        if (p[t] == -1) {
    struct edge {
                                                                            break;
        int from, to;
        int cap;
        cost_type cost;
                                                                        if (d[t] + potential[t] >= 0 &&
        int flow;
                                                               !need_max_flow) {
                                                                            break;
    vector<edge> edges;
    vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                                        int cur = t;
```

```
int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
                                                                                    p[e.to] = i;
            while (cur != s) {
                                                                                    changed = true;
                edge &e = edges[p[cur]];
                                                                           }
                cur = e.from;
                maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
                                                                       if(p[t] == -1)
                                                                           break;
            flow += maxAdd;
            cost += (potential[t] + d[t]) * maxAdd;
                                                                       if(d[t] \ge 0 \&\& !need_max_flow) {
            cur = t;
                                                                           break;
            while (cur != s) {
                int id = p[cur];
                edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
                                                                       int cur = t;
                edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
                                                                       int maxAdd = max_flow_value - flow;
                cur = edges[id].from;
                                                                       while(cur != s) {
                                                                           edge& e = edges[p[cur]];
                                                                           cur = e.from;
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                           maxAdd = min(maxAdd, e.cap - e.flow);
                if (i != s && p[i] == -1) {
                    potential[i] = COST_INF;
                                                                       flow += maxAdd;
                } else
    potential[i] =
min(potential[i] + d[i], COST_INF);
                                                                       cost += d[t] * maxAdd;
                                                                       cur = t;
            }
                                                                       while(cur != s) {
                                                                           int id = p[cur];
                                                                           edges[id].flow += maxAdd;
                                                                           edges[id ^ 1].flow -= maxAdd;
        return make_pair(flow, cost);
    }
                                                                           cur = edges[id].from;
};
                                                                   return make_pair(flow, cost);
3.4 min_cost_ford_bellman.h
                                                               }
                                                           };
using cost_type = li;
const cost_type COST_INF = (int)1e18;
const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
                                                           3.5 min_cost_negative_cycles.h
                                                           using cost_type = int;
struct MinCost {
                                                           const cost_type COST_INF = (cost_type)1e9;
    explicit MinCost(int n) {
        g.resize(n);
                                                           const int FLOW_INF = (int)1e9;
                                                           struct MinCost {
                                                               explicit MinCost(int n) {
    struct edge {
        int from, to;
                                                                   g.resize(n);
        int cap;
        cost_type cost;
        int flow;
                                                               struct edge {
    };
                                                                   int from, to;
                                                                   int cap;
    vector<edge> edges;
                                                                   cost_type cost;
    vector<vector<int>> g;
                                                                   int flow;
                                                               }:
    void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
    cost, int cap) {
                                                               vector<edge> edges;
        edge e = {from, to, cap, cost, 0};
                                                               vector<vector<int>> g;
        g[from].push_back(edges.size());
        edges.push_back(e);
                                                               void add_edge(int from, int to, cost_type
        edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cost, 0\};
                                                              cur_cost, int cap) {
                                                                   edge e = {from, to, cap, cur_cost, 0};
        g[to].push_back(edges.size());
        edges.push_back(e2);
                                                                   g[from].push_back(edges.size());
                                                                   edges.push_back(e);
                                                                   edge e2 = \{to, from, 0, -cur\_cost, 0\};
   pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s,
                                                                   g[to].push_back(edges.size());
    int t, bool need_max_flow, int max_flow_value
                                                                   edges.push_back(e2);
    = FLOW_INF) {
        cost_type cost = 0;
        int flow = 0;
                                                               pair<int, cost_type> min_cost(int n, int s,
        while(flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                                                              int t, int max_flow_value = FLOW_INF) {
            vector<int> p(n, -1);
                                                                   cost_type cost = 0;
            vector<cost_type> d(n);
                                                                   int flow = 0;
            d[s] = 0;
            p[s] = s;
                                                                   vector<int> p(n);
            bool changed = true;
                                                                   vector<cost_type> d(n, 0);
            while(changed) {
                                                                   vector<int> to_add;
                                                                   while (flow < max_flow_value) {</pre>
                changed = false;
                for(size_t i = 0; i <</pre>
                                                                       p.assign(n, -1);
                                                                       d.assign(n, COST_INF);
    edges.size(); ++i) {
                    edge& e = edges[i];
                                                                       d[s] = 0;
                    if(e.cap == e.flow ||
                                                                       set<pair<cost_type, int>> q;
    p[e.from] == -1)
                                                                       q.insert({0, s});
                                                                       vector<char> used(n, false);
                        continue;
                    if(p[e.to] == -1 \mid \mid d[e.to] >
                                                                       while (!q.empty()) {
    d[e.from] + e.cost) {
                                                                           int v = q.begin()->second;
                        d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
                                                                           q.erase(q.begin());
```

```
used[v] = true;
                                                                                  break;
             for (int i : g[v]) {
    auto& e = edges[i];
                                                                             sort(all(new_q));
                  if (e.cap == e.flow ||
                                                                             q.swap(new_q);
 used[e.to]) {
                                                                             new_q.clear();
                                                                             if (d[st] < 0) {
                      continue;
                                                                                  changed = st;
                 cost_type new_d = d[v] + e.cost;
                                                                                  it = n - 1;
                 if (d[e.to] > new_d) {
                                                                             if (it == n - 1) {
                      q.erase({d[e.to], e.to});
                      d[e.to] = new_d;
                                                                                  found = true;
                      q.insert({d[e.to], e.to});
                                                                                  int bad_end = changed;
                      p[e.to] = i;
                                                                                  used.assign(n, false);
                                                                                  int cur = bad_end;
             }
                                                                                  cur_edges.clear();
         }
                                                                                  while (!used[cur]) {
         if (p[t] == -1) {
                                                                                      used[cur] = true;
             return {-1, 0};
         }
                                                             cur_edges.push_back(p[cur]);
         int add_flow = max_flow_value - flow;
                                                                                      cur = edges[p[cur]].from;
         int cur = t:
         to_add.clear();
                                                                                  edges_to_add.clear();
         int add_cost = 0;
                                                                                  while
         while (cur != s) {
                                                             (edges[cur_edges.back()].to != cur) {
             auto& e = edges[p[cur]];
             add_flow = min(add_flow, e.cap -
                                                             edges_to_add.push_back(cur_edges.back());
 e.flow);
                                                                                      cur_edges.pop_back();
             to_add.push_back(p[cur]);
             cur = e.from;
                                                             edges_to_add.push_back(cur_edges.back());
             add_cost += e.cost;
                                                                                  int add_cost = 0, add_flow
         assert(add_flow > 0);
                                                             = FLOW_INF;
         flow += add_flow;
                                                                                  for (auto e_id :
         cost += add_flow * add_cost;
                                                         \hookrightarrow
                                                             edges_to_add) {
         for (int x : to_add) {
                                                                                      add_flow =
             edges[x].flow += add_flow;
                                                             min(add_flow, edges[e_id].cap -
             edges[x ^ 1].flow -= add_flow;
                                                             edges[e_id].flow);
                                                                                      add_cost +=
     }
                                                             edges[e_id].cost;
                                                                                  }
                                                                                  cost += add_cost * add_flow;
     int TIMER = 0;
     vector<int> used_timer(n, 0);
                                                                                  assert(add_flow > 0);
     vector<char> used(n, false);
                                                                                  assert(add_cost < 0);</pre>
     vector<int> cur_edges;
                                                                                  for (auto e_id :
     vector<int> edges_to_add;
                                                             edges_to_add) {
     while (true) {
                                                                                      edges[e_id].flow +=
         p.assign(n, -1);
                                                             add_flow;
         d.assign(n, COST_INF);
                                                                                      edges[e_id ^ 1].flow
         bool found = false;
                                                             -= add_flow;
         int iter = 0;
                                                                                  }
         for (int st = 0; st < s; ++st) {
                                                                             }
             if (d[st] != COST_INF) {
                                                                         }
                                                                     }
                 continue;
                                                                     if (!found) {
             ++iter;
                                                                         break;
             d[st] = 0;
             vector<int> q, new_q;
                                                                 }
             q.push_back(st);
                                                                 return make_pair(flow, cost);
             for (int it = 0; it < n; ++it) {</pre>
                                                            }
                                                        };
                 ++TIMER;
                  int changed = -1;
                 for (int v : q) {
                      for (int i : g[v]) {
                                                             geometry
                          edge &e = edges[i];
                          if (e.cap == e.flow)
                                                        4.1 halfplane_intersection.cpp
                              continue;
                          cost_type new_d = d[v]
                                                        #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 + e.cost:
                          if (d[e.to] > new_d) {
                                                        #define all(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
                              d[e.to] = new_d;
                              p[e.to] = i;
                                                        using namespace std;
                              changed = e.to;
                                                        using ld = double;
 (used_timer[e.to] != TIMER) {
                                                        const ld eps = 1e-9;
 used_timer[e.to] = TIMER;
                                                        struct point {
new_q.push_back(e.to);
                                                            ld x, y;
                              }
                          }
                                                            point(1d x = 0, 1d y = 0): x(x), y(y) {}
                     }
                                                            point operator+(const point& p) const { return
                 if (changed == -1) {
                                                         \rightarrow point(x + p.x, y + p.y); }
```

```
point operator-(const point& p) const { return
                                                                // Normalize halfplanes. This is used when
                                                                selecting strictest of parallel halfplanes
   point(x - p.x, y - p.y); }
                                                                // NOT NEEDED if there are no collinear (and
    point operator*(ld t) const { return point(x *
                                                                not antiparallel) normals, but may improve
    t, y * t); }
                                                             → precision
    point operator/(ld t) const { return point(x /
                                                                 for (halfplane& h: planes) {
    t, y / t); }
                                                                     ld len = h.norm().len();
                                                                     h.a /= len;
                                                                     h.b /= len;
    point rot() const { return point(-y, x); }
                                                                     h.c /= len;
    ld vprod(const point& p) const { return x *
    p.y - y * p.x; }
    ld sprod(const point& p) const { return x *
                                                                 if (doSort)
   p.x + y * p.y; }
                                                                     sort(all(planes), [&](halfplane& a,
                                                                 halfplane& b) { return vecLess(a.norm(),
    int half() const {
                                                                 b.norm()) > 0; });
        if (y)
            return v < -eps;
        else
                                                            class polygon {
            return x < -eps;
                                                            public:
    }
                                                                vector<point> pts;
    ld sql() const { return x * x + y * y; }
                                                                polygon(const vector<point>& pts =

    vector<point>()): pts(pts) {}
    ld len() const { return sqrt(sql()); }
    bool operator<(const point& p) const { return</pre>
                                                                 ld getDoubleSquare() const {
    make_pair(x, y) < make_pair(p.x, p.y); }</pre>
                                                                     ld result = 0;
}:
                                                                     int n = pts.size();
                                                                     for (int i = 1; i < n - 1; ++i) {
                                                                         result += (pts[i] -
int sign(ld x) {
    return abs(x) > eps ? (x > 0 ? 1 : -1) : 0;
                                                                 pts[0]).vprod(pts[i + 1] - pts[0]);
                                                                     return abs(result);
                                                                 }
int vecLess(const point& a, const point& b) {
    if (a.half() != b.half())
                                                            };
        return a.half() < b.half() ? 1 : -1;</pre>
                                                             // Returns halfplane through points a and b,
    else {
        return sign(a.vprod(b));
                                                               inner part is counter-clockwise from a->b segment
                                                            halfplane byPoints(point a, point b) {
}
                                                                 // rot counter clockwise, n points to area
                                                                inside halfplane intersection
                                                                point n = (b - a).rot();
struct halfplane {
    // ax + by + c >= 0
                                                                 return halfplane { n.x, n.y, -n.sprod(a) };
    ld a, b, c;
    int type;
                                                            // empty return polygon/vector denotes empty
    tuple<ld, ld, ld> get() const { return
                                                             \hookrightarrow intersection
                                                            // degenerate intersections are reported as empty
    make_tuple(a, b, c); }
    bool operator<(const halfplane& rhs) const {</pre>
                                                            // CALL sanitizeHalfplanes WITH SORT AND/OR ADD
   return get() < rhs.get(); }</pre>
                                                             → BOUNDING BOX BEFORE USING!
                                                            polygon getPolygon(const vector<halfplane>& planes) {
    point norm() const { return point(a, b); }
                                                                 int 1 = 0, r = 0;
    point intersect(const halfplane& h) const {
                                                                 static vector<halfplane> ans;
        1d x = -c * h.b + b * h.c;
                                                                 ans.clear();
        1d y = a * -h.c + c * h.a;
                                                                 ans.reserve(planes.size());
        ld denum = a * h.b - b * h.a;
        return point(x / denum, y / denum);
                                                                 for (int L = 0; L < planes.size();) {</pre>
                                                                     int R = L + 1;
    }
                                                                     while (R < planes.size() &&</pre>
};
                                                             → abs(planes[L].norm().vprod(planes[R].norm()))
// does intersection of a and c belong to b?
                                                             \rightarrow < eps) ++R;
// assumes that a.vprod(c) > 0!
bool interAccepted(const halfplane& a, const
                                                                     // choose most powerful inequality among
\hookrightarrow halfplane% b, const halfplane% c) {

→ those with equal normals

    // Determinant of 3x3 matrix formed by a, b, c
                                                                     // assumes that normals are identity!
    return a.a * (b.b * c.c - b.c * c.b) - a.b *
                                                                     const halfplane& h =
    (b.a * c.c - b.c * c.a) + a.c * (b.a * c.b -
                                                                *min_element(planes.begin() + L,
                                                                 planes.begin() + R, [](const halfplane& a,
const halfplane& b) { return a.c < b.c; });</pre>
    b.b * c.a) < 0;
                                                                     L = R;
void sanitizeHalfplanes(vector<halfplane>& planes,
→ bool doAdd, bool doSort) {
                                                                     while (r - 1 > 1 && !interAccepted(ans[r -
    // Add bouding box
                                                             \rightarrow 2], h, ans[r - 1])) {
    const ld INF = 1e9;
                                                                         ans.pop_back();
    if (doAdd) {
                                                                         --r;
        planes.push_back(halfplane { 1, 0, INF });
        planes.push_back(halfplane { -1, 0, INF });
planes.push_back(halfplane { 0, 1, INF });
                                                                     while (r - 1 > 1 && !interAccepted(ans[1],
        planes.push_back(halfplane { 0, -1, INF });
                                                               h, ans[1 + 1])) {
    }
                                                                         ++1;
                                                                     }
```

```
// WATCH OUT: you may need to tweak eps
                                                              if (u >= -eps && v >= -eps && u <= 1 + eps &&
                                                               v <= 1 + eps)
    here for severe problems
       if (r - 1 > \hat{0}) && ans [r - \hat{0}]
                                                                   return a + b * u;
    1].norm().vprod(h.norm()) <= -1e-7) {
            return polygon();
                                                               return invalid;
                                                           vector<point> lineCircleIntersect(point a, point
        if (r - 1 < 2 \mid | interAccepted(ans[r - 1],
   ans[1], h)) {
                                                            \rightarrow b, point c, ld r) {
                                                               point n = (b - a).norm().rot();
            ans.push_back(h);
                                                                 \frac{1}{1} d d = n.sprod(a - c); 
        }
                                                                if (abs(d) > r + eps) return {};
    }
                                                                if (abs(abs(d) - r) < eps)
                                                                    return { c + n * d };
    assert(r == ans.size());
    // IF YOU NEED HALFPLANES:
                                                                ld x = sqrt(max < ld > (0, r * r - d * d));
    // return vector<halfplane>(ans.begin() + 1,
                                                               return { c + n * d + n.rot() * x, c + n * d -
   ans.end());
                                                               n.rot() * x };
    int n = r - 1;
                                                           vector<point> segmentCircleIntersect(point a,
                                                            → point b, point c, ld r) {
    polygon poly;
                                                               auto pts = lineCircleIntersect(a, b, c, r);
    poly.pts.reserve(n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        poly.pts.push_back(ans[1 +
                                                                vector<point> ans;
    i].intersect(ans[l + (i + 1) % n]));
                                                                for (point& p: pts) {
                                                                    assert(abs((p - c).len() - r) < eps);
                                                                    assert(abs((p - a).vprod(b - a)) < eps);</pre>
    return poly;
}
                                                                    if ((p - a).sprod(p - b) \le eps)
                                                                        ans.push_back(p);
                                                               }
4.2 segments_and_circles.cpp
                                                               return ans;
struct point {
    ld x, y;
                                                           vector<point> circleCircleIntersect(point c1, ld
    point(ld x = 0, ld y = 0): x(x), y(y) {}
                                                            \rightarrow r1, point c2, ld r2) {
                                                               // r_1 ^ 2 - h^2 = x^2
// r_2 ^ 2 - h^2 = (d - x)^2 = x^2 -2dx + d^2
    point operator+(const point& p) const { return
   point(x + p.x, y + p.y); }
                                                                // d^2 - 2dx = r_2^2 - r_1^2
    point operator-(const point& p) const { return
   point(x - p.x, y - p.y); }
                                                               1d d = (c2 - c1).len();
    point operator*(ld t) const { return point(x *
                                                               if (d > r1 + r2 + eps || d < abs(r2 - r1) -
    t, y * t); }
                                                               eps || abs(d) < eps) return {};</pre>
   point operator/(ld t) const { return point(x /
    t, y / t); }
                                                               1d x = (d * d - r2 * r2 + r1 * r1) / (2 * d);
                                                               point dir = (c2 - c1).norm();
    ld vprod(const point& p) const { return x *
    p.y - y * p.x; }
                                                               ld h = sqrt(max < ld > (r1 * r1 - x * x, 0));
    ld sprod(const point& p) const { return x *
   p.x + y * p.y; }
                                                                if (h < eps)
                                                                   return { c1 + dir * x };
    point rot() const { return point(-y, x); }
                                                                    return { c1 + dir * x + dir.rot() * h, c1
    point norm() const { return *this / len(); }
                                                                + dir * x - dir.rot() * h };
    bool valid() const { return isfinite(x); }
    ld len() const { return hypot(x, y); }
    ld sql() const { return x * x + y * y; }
                                                                graphs
    int half() const {
        if (abs(y) > eps)
                                                            5.1 components.cpp
            return y < 0;
                                                            struct Graph {
                                                               void read() {
            return x < -eps:
    }
                                                                   int m:
};
                                                                    cin >> n >> m;
point invalid(INFINITY, INFINITY);
                                                                    e.resize(n);
point segmentIntersect(point a, point b, point c,
                                                                    for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
\hookrightarrow point d) {
                                                                        int u, v;
    b = b - a;
                                                                        cin >> u >> v;
    d = d - c;
                                                                         --u; --v;
                                                                        e[u].push_back(v);
    if (abs(b.vprod(d)) < eps) return invalid;</pre>
                                                                        e[v].push_back(u);
    // a + bu = c + dv
                                                                }
    ld u = (c - a).vprod(d) / b.vprod(d);
    ld v = (a - c).vprod(b) / d.vprod(b);
                                                                /* COMMON PART */
```

```
int n;
vector<vector<int>> e;

    edgeComps[colorStack.back()].push_back({v,
                                                          u}):
                                                                       }
int counter = 1;
vector<int> inTime, minInTime;
                                                                       continue;
                                                                   }
void dfs(int v, int p = -1) {
   minInTime[v] = inTime[v] = counter++;
                                                                   bool newComp = minInTime[u] >= inTime[v];
    for (int u: e[v]) {
        if (u == p) continue;
                                                                   if (newComp) {
                                                                       colorStack.push_back(edgeComps.size());
        if (!inTime[u]) {
                                                                       edgeComps.emplace_back();
            dfs(u, v);
            minInTime[v] = min(minInTime[v],
minInTime[u]);

→ edgeComps[colorStack.back()].push_back({v,
        else {
                                                       \rightarrow u});
            minInTime[v] = min(minInTime[v],
                                                                   edgeCompDfs(u, v);
inTime[u]);
                                                                   if (newComp) {
        }
    }
                                                                       colorStack.pop_back();
}
                                                              }
                                                          }
vector<char> used:
/* COMPONENTS SEPARATED BY BRIDGES (COLORING) */
                                                          void findEdgeComponents() {
                                                               inTime.assign(n, 0);
int nColors;
                                                               minInTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                               counter = 1;
vector<int> color;
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
void colorDfs(int v, int curColor) {
                                                                   if (!inTime[i])
   color[v] = curColor;
                                                                       dfs(i);
    for (int u: e[v]) {
        if (color[u] != -1) continue;
                                                               used.assign(n, false);
                                                               colorStack.clear();
        colorDfs(u, minInTime[u] > inTime[v] ? ←
                                                               edgeComps.clear();
nColors++ : curColor);
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                   if (!used[i]) {
   }
}
                                                                       assert(colorStack.empty());
                                                                       edgeCompDfs(i);
void findVertexComponents() {
   inTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                          }
    minInTime.assign(n, 0);
                                                      };
    counter = 1;
                                                      5.2 dominator_tree.h
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        if (!inTime[i])
                                                      struct DominatorTree {
            dfs(i):
                                                           int n;
                                                           int root;
    nColors = 0;
                                                          vector<int> tin, revin;
    color.assign(n, -1);
                                                          vector<int> sdom, idom;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                           vector<vector<int>> g, revg;
        if (color[i] == -1) {
                                                          vector<int> parent;
            colorDfs(i, nColors++);
                                                          vector<int> dsu;
                                                          vector<int> min_v;
                                                          int cnt = 0;
/* COMPONENTS SEPARATED BY JOINTS (EDGE
COMPONENTS) */
                                                           int get(int v) {
                                                               ++cnt;
struct Edge {
                                                               if (dsu[v] == v) {
    int u, v;
                                                                   return v;
                                                               }
                                                               int next_v = get(dsu[v]);
// Cactus loops can be parsed as .u of every edge
                                                               if (sdom[min_v[dsu[v]]] < sdom[min_v[v]]) {</pre>
vector<vector<Edge>> edgeComps;
                                                                   min_v[v] = min_v[dsu[v]];
vector<int> colorStack;
                                                               dsu[v] = next_v;
                                                              return next_v;
void edgeCompDfs(int v, int p = -1) {
   used[v] = true;
                                                          void merge(int from, int to) {
    for (int u: e[v]) {
                                                               dsu[from] = to;
        if (used[u]) {
            if (inTime[u] < inTime[v] && u != p) {</pre>
                // NOTE: && u != p makes
                                                          DominatorTree(int n, int root): n(n),
one-edge components contain exactly one edge;

→ root(root), dsu(n) {
              // if you need them as
                                                              tin.resize(n, -1);
two-edge loops, remove this part of if
                                                  \leftarrow
                                                              revin.resize(n, -1);
condition
                                                               sdom.resize(n);
                                                               idom.resize(n);
```

```
g.resize(n);
                                                                       res[revin[i]] = revin[idom[i]];
    revg.resize(n);
    dsu.resize(n);
                                                                   return res:
                                                              }
    parent.assign(n, -1);
    min_v.assign(n, -1);
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                          };
        dsu[i] = i;
                                                               maths
        min_v[i] = i;
        sdom[i] = i;
        idom[i] = i;
                                                          6.1 berlekamp.h
    }
}
                                                          vector<int> massey(vector<int> dp) {
                                                              //dp.erase(dp.begin(), dp.begin() + 1);
                                                              vector<int> C(1, 1);
void dfs(int v, vector<vector<int>>& cur_g,
int& timer) {
                                                              int L = 0:
    tin[v] = timer++;
                                                              vector<int> B(1, 1);
    for (int to : cur_g[v]) {
                                                              int b = 1;
        if (tin[to] == -1) {
                                                              for (int n = 0; n < dp.size(); ++n) {
            dfs(to, cur_g, timer);
                                                                   int d = 0;
             parent[tin[to]] = tin[v];
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i <= L; ++i) {
                                                                       d += C[i] * dp[n - i];
                                                                       d \%= mod;
        revg[tin[to]].push_back(tin[v]);
    }
                                                                       if (d < 0) {
                                                                           d += mod;
vector<int> get_tree(vector<vector<int>> cur_g) {
    vector<char> used(n, false);
                                                                   B.insert(B.begin(), 0);
                                                                   if (d == 0) {
    int timer = 0;
    dfs(root, cur_g, timer);
                                                                       continue;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
   if (tin[i] == -1) {
                                                                   auto prevC = C;
if (C.size() < B.size()) {</pre>
            continue;
        }
                                                                       C.resize(B.size(), 0);
        revin[tin[i]] = i;
        for (int to : cur_g[i]) {
                                                                   int cur_mult = d * binpow(b, mod - 2) % mod;
             g[tin[i]].push_back(tin[to]);
                                                                   for (int i = 0; i < B.size(); ++i) {
                                                                       C[i] -= B[i] * cur_mult;
    }
                                                                       C[i] %= mod;
                                                                       if (C[i] < 0) {
    vector<vector<int>> buckets(n);
                                                                           C[i] += mod;
    for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
        for (int to : revg[i]) {
            get(to);
sdom[i] = min(sdom[i],
                                                                   if (2 * L <= n) {
                                                                       b = d;
sdom[min_v[to]]);
                                                                       L = n - L + 1;
                                                                       B = prevC;
        if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                                   }
                                                              }
             continue;
                                                              return C;
        if (i) {
                                                          }
             buckets[sdom[i]].push_back(i);
                                                          6.2 crt.h
        for (int w : buckets[i]) {
             get(w);
                                                          inline int inv(int a, int b) {
   return a == 1 ? 1 : b - 111 * inv(b % a, a) *
             int v = min_v[w];
if (sdom[v] == sdom[w]) {
                                                              b / a % b;
                 idom[w] = sdom[w];
             } else {
                 idom[w] = v;
                                                          pair<int, int> euc(int a, int b) {
            }
                                                              // returns \{x, y\} s.t. ax + by = g
                                                              int g = __gcd(a, b);
a /= g, b /= g;
        for (int to : g[i]) {
   if (parent[to] == i) {
                                                              int x = inv(a, b);
                 merge(to, i);
                                                              int y = (1 - 111 * a * x) / b;
        }
                                                              return {x, y};
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                          // be careful if the whole base is long long
             continue;
                                                          pair<int, int> crt(const vector<int>& mods,
                                                           if (idom[i] == sdom[i]) {
                                                              int rem = 0, mod = 1;
            continue;
                                                              for (int i = 0; i < (int)mods.size(); ++i) {</pre>
        } else {
                                                                   long long g = __gcd(mods[i], mod);
if (rem % g != rems[i] % g) {
             idom[i] = idom[idom[i]];
                                                                       return {-1, -1};
    vector<int> res(n, -1);
                                                                   int k = euc(mod, mods[i]).first * 111 *
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                           \rightarrow (rems[i] - rem + mods[i]) % mods[i];
        if (revin[i] == -1) {
                                                                   if (k < 0) {
             continue;
                                                                       k += mods[i];
        }
```

```
rem += mod / g * k;
                                                                          swap(a[i], a[row]);
b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
b[row] = b[row] ^ b[i];
        mod = mod / g * mods[i];
    return {rem, mod};
                                                                          b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
6.3 gauss_bitset_inverse.h
                                                                      for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                          if (a[i][col]) {
const int N = 100;
                                                                               a[i] ^= a[row];
using Bs = bitset<N>;
                                                                               b[i] = b[i] ^ b[row];
using Matrix = vector<Bs>;
                                                                      }
Matrix getInverse(Matrix a) {
    assert(!a.empty());
                                                                      cols[row] = col;
    int n = a.size();
                                                                      ++row;
    Matrix b(n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                  for (int i = row; i < n; ++i) {
        b[i][i] = 1;
                                                                      if (b[i]) {
                                                                          return {};
                                                                                         // assert(false); throw
                                                                  PoshelNahuiException(); etc
    int row = 0;
                                                                      }
    for (int col = 0; col < n; ++col) {</pre>
                                                                  }
        if (!a[row][col]) {
             int i = row + 1;
                                                                  Bs result = {};
             while (i < n && !a[i][col]) {
                                                                  while (row) {
                 ++i;
                                                                      --row;
                                                                      for (int i = cols[row] + 1; i < N; ++i) {
             if (i == n) {
                                                                          b[row] = b[row] ^ (a[row][i] * result[i]);
                return {};
                              // assert(false);
   throw PoshelNahuiException(); etc
                                                                      result[cols[row]] = b[row];
            swap(a[i], a[row]);
             swap(b[i], b[row]);
                                                                  return result;
        }
        for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
             if (a[i][col]) {
                                                             6.5 gauss_double_inverse.h
                 a[i] ^= a[row];
                                                             using Matrix = vector<vector<ld>>;
                 b[i] ^= b[row];
                                                             const ld eps = 1e-6;
        }
                                                             Matrix getInverse(Matrix a) {
        ++row;
                                                                  assert(!a.empty());
                                                                  int n = a.size();
                                                                  assert(n == (int)a[0].size());
    for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
  for (int j = 0; j < i; ++j) {
            if (a[j][i]) {
    a[j] ^= a[i];
                                                                  Matrix b(n, vector<ld>(n, 0));
                                                                  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                      b[i][i] = 1;
                 b[j] ^= b[i];
        }
                                                                  int row = 0;
                                                                  for (int col = 0; col < n; ++col) {
                                                                      if (abs(a[row][col]) < eps) {</pre>
    return b;
                                                                          int i = row + 1;
                                                                          while (i < n && abs(a[i][col]) < eps) {
                                                                               ++i;
6.4 gauss_bitset_solve_slu.h
                                                                           if (i == n) {
const int N = 100;
                                                                              return {};
                                                                                            // assert(false);
using Bs = bitset<N>;

→ throw PoshelNahuiException(); etc

using Matrix = vector<Bs>;
                                                                           a[i].swap(a[row]);
Bs solveLinearSystem(Matrix a, Bs b) {
                                                                          b[i].swap(b[row]);
    // solves Av = b
    assert(!a.empty());
                                                                      for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
    int n = a.size();
                                                                          ld k = a[i][col] / a[row][col];
    int row = 0;
                                                                          for (int j = col; j < n; ++j) {
    a[i][j] -= k * a[row][j];</pre>
    vector<int> cols(n);
    for (int col = 0; col < N; ++col) {
                                                                          for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
   b[i][j] -= k * b[row][j];
        if (row == n) {
            break;
        if (!a[row][col]) {
                                                                      }
             int i = row + 1;
             while (i < n && !a[i][col]) {
                                                                      ++row;
                 ++i:
             if (i == n) {
                                                                  for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) {
                 continue;
                                                                      for (int j = 0; j < i; ++j) {
```

```
misc
             ld k = a[j][i] / a[i][i];
            for (int 1 = 0; 1 < n; ++1) {
    a[j][1] -= a[i][1] * k;
                                                              7.1 ch_trick_with_binary_summation_struct.cpp
                 b[j][1] = b[i][1] * k;
                                                              const int INF = (int)1e6;
        ld k = a[i][i];
                                                              struct Line {
        for (int 1 = 0; 1 < n; ++1) {
   b[i][1] /= k;
                                                                int k;
                                                                li b;
                                                                bool operator < (const Line& ot) const {</pre>
        a[i][i] /= k;
                                                                  if (k != ot.k) {
                                                                    return k > ot.k;
    return b;
                                                                  return b < ot.b;</pre>
}
                                                                li eval(li x) {
                                                                  return k * 1LL * x + b;
                                                                }
                                                              };
                                                              double get_intersect(Line& q, Line& w) {
  return (q.b - w.b) / 1.0 / (w.k - q.k);
6.6 gauss_double_solve_slu.h
                                                              struct Hull {
                                                                vector<Line> lines;
using Matrix = vector<vector<ld>>;
                                                                vector<double> borders;
const ld eps = 1e-6;
                                                                int Size = 0;
                                                                void append(Line cur) {
vector<ld> solveLinearSystem(Matrix a, vector<ld> b) {
                                                                  lines.push_back(cur);
    // solves Av = b
    assert(!a.empty());
                                                                void set_size(int val) {
    int n = a.size(), m = a[0].size();
                                                                  Size = val;
                                                                }
    assert(n == (int)b.size());
                                                                void build() {
    int row = 0;
                                                                  sort(all(lines));
    vector<int> cols(n);
                                                                  borders.clear();
    for (int col = 0; col < m; ++col) {
                                                                  vector<Line> new_lines;
        if (row == n) {
                                                                  for (auto& line : lines) {
                                                                    if (!new_lines.empty() && new_lines.back().k
            break;
        }
                                                                  == line.k) {
        if (abs(a[row][col]) < eps) {</pre>
                                                                      continue;
             int i = row + 1;
             while (i < n && abs(a[i][col]) < eps) {
                                                                    while (new_lines.size() > 1 &&
                 ++i;
                                                               \hookrightarrow get_intersect(new_lines[new_lines.size() - 2],
                                                              → new_lines.back()) >
             if (i == n) {

    get_intersect(new_lines.back(), line)) {
                 continue;
                                                                      new_lines.pop_back();
                                                                      borders.pop_back();
                                                                    }
             a[i].swap(a[row]);
             swap(b[i], b[row]);
                                                                    if (new_lines.empty()) {
        }
                                                                      borders.push_back(-INF);
                                                                    } else {
        for (int i = row + 1; i < n; ++i) {
    ld k = a[i][col] / a[row][col];</pre>
                                                              → borders.push_back(get_intersect(new_lines.back(),
             for (int j = col; j < m; ++j) {
                                                              → line));
                 a[i][j] -= k * a[row][j];
                                                                    new_lines.push_back(line);
             b[i] = b[row] * k;
                                                                  new_lines.swap(lines);
                                                                }
        cols[row] = col;
                                                                int size() {
                                                                  return Size;
         ++row;
                                                                li get_min(li x) {
    for (int i = row; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                  int id = (int)(lower_bound(all(borders),
        if (abs(b[i]) < eps) {
                                                                  (double)x) - borders.begin());
                           // assert(false); throw
                                                                  li res = (li)1e18;
            return {};
    PoshelNahuiException(); etc
                                                                  for (int i = max(id - 1, 0); i < min(id + 2,
        }
                                                                  (int)lines.size()); ++i) {
    }
                                                                    res = min(res, lines[i].eval(x));
                                                                  }
    vector<ld> result(m);
                                                                  return res;
    while (row) {
                                                                }
                                                              };
         --row;
        for (int i = cols[row] + 1; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
             b[row] -= a[row][i] * result[i];
                                                              struct Lupa {
                                                                vector<Hull> hulls;
        result[cols[row]] = b[row] / a[row][cols[row]];
                                                                int Size = 0;
                                                                void append_line(Line cur) {
  hulls.push_back(Hull());
    return result;
                                                                  hulls.back().append(cur);
                                                                  hulls.back().set_size(1);
```

```
while (hulls.size() >= 2 &&
                                                                    pref.push_back(j ? f(pref[j - 1],
    hulls.back().size() == hulls[hulls.size() -
                                                            \rightarrow dp[v][i]) : dp[v][i]);
    2].size()) {
                                                                    ++j;
                                                                }
      for (auto& item : hulls.back().lines) {
        hulls[hulls.size() - 2].append(item);
                                                                j = 0;
                                                                for (int i = (int)a[v].size() - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
      hulls.pop_back();
                                                                    int to = a[v][i];
                                                                    if (to == par[v]) {
      hulls.back().set_size(hulls.back().size() * 2);
                                                                        continue;
    hulls.back().build();
                                                                    suf.push_back(j ? f(dp[v][i], suf[j - 1])
    ++Size;
                                                               : dp[v][i]);
  li get_min(li x) {
                                                                    ++j;
    li res = (li)1e18;
                                                                }
    for (auto& vec : hulls) {
                                                                reverse(all(suf));
      res = min(res, vec.get_min(x));
                                                                to_parent = f(to_parent, data[v]);
    return res;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {
  }
  int size() {
                                                                    int to = a[v][i];
                                                                    if (to == par[v]) {
   return Size;
                                                                        continue;
  void merge_with(Lupa& ot) {
                                                                    }
    for (auto& vec : ot.hulls) {
                                                                    int new_to_parent = to_parent;
      for (auto& item : vec.lines) {
                                                                    if (j > 0) {
        append_line(item);
                                                                        new_to_parent = f(pref[j - 1],
                                                                new_to_parent);
      vec.lines.clear();
                                                                    }
    }
                                                                    if (j < (int)suf.size() - 1) {
  }
                                                                        new_to_parent = f(new_to_parent, suf[j
  void make_swap(Lupa& ot) {
                                                                + 1]);
    swap(ot.Size, Size);
    ot.hulls.swap(hulls);
                                                                    dfsUp(to, new_to_parent);
  }
                                                                    ++j;
};
                                                                }
                                                            }
7.2 tree_bidirectional_dp.h
                                                            8
                                                                 strings
/* For any commutative function f(\{x, y, ..., z\})
\rightarrow = f(x, f(y, f(..., z)))
                                                            8.1 aho_corasick.h
 * like sum, min, max, or, xor, and, etc
* calculates in dp[i][j] f(subtree),
                                                            const int ALPHABET = 26;
 st where subtree is a connectivity component of G
    \ (i, a[i][j]) with vertex a[i][j]
                                                            struct state {
                                                                array<int, ALPHABET> transition = {};
                                                                int link = 0;
const int N = 222222;
vector<int> a[N];
                                                                bool isTerminal = false;
vector<int> dp[N];
                                                           };
int par[N];
                                                            struct automaton {
#define data asdf
                                                                vector<state> states = { state() };
int data[N];
                                                                int numStates = 1;
                                                                void addString(const string& s) {
inline int f(int x, int y) {
    return x | y;
                                                                    int cur = 0;
                                                                    for (char c: s) {
                                                                        c -= 'a';
int dfsDown(int v) {
                                                                        int& to = states[cur].transition[c];
    int res = data[v];
                                                                        if (to) {
    for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                            cur = to;
        int to = a[v][i];
                                                                        }
        if (to == par[v]) {
                                                                        else {
            continue;
                                                                            cur = to = states.size();
                                                                            states.push_back(state());
        par[to] = v;
        res = f(res, dp[v][i] = dfsDown(to));
                                                                    }
                                                                    states[cur].isTerminal = true;
    return res;
}
                                                                void build() {
void dfsUp(int v, int to_parent = 0) {
                                                                    deque<int> q;
    vector<int> pref, suf;
                                                                    q.push_back(0);
    pref.reserve(a[v].size());
    suf.reserve(a[v].size());
                                                                    while (!q.empty()) {
    int j = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < (int)a[v].size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                        int v = q.front();
                                                                        q.pop_front();
        int to = a[v][i];
                                                                        states[v].isTerminal =
        if (to == par[v]) {
                                                                states[v].isTerminal ||
            dp[v][i] = to_parent;
                                                                states[states[v].link].isTerminal;
            continue;
        }
                                                                        for (int c = 0; c < ALPHABET; ++c) {</pre>
```

```
if (int u = states[v].transition[c]) {
                                                                                   nodes.back().len =
                    states[u].link = v ?

→ nodes[v].len + 1;

    states[states[v].link].transition[c] : 0;
                                                                                   nodes.back().all_equal = true;
                    q.push_back(u);
                                                                                   nodes.back().link = v;
                                                                               v = nodes[v].trans[c];
                else {
                    states[v].transition[c] =
                                                                               flag = true;
    states[states[v].link].transition[c];
                                                                               break;
                                                                           }
            }
                                                                           if (i > nodes[v].len && s[i] ==
        }
                                                               s[i - nodes[v].len - 1]) {
    }
                                                                               if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
};
                                                                                   nodes[v].trans[c] =
                                                               nodes.size();
                                                                                   nodes.push_back(Node());
8.2 manacher.h
                                                                                   nodes.back().len =
                                                               nodes[v].len + 2;
array<vector<int>, 2> manacher(const string& s) {
                                                                                   nodes.back().link = -1;
    int n = s.length();
                                                                                   nodes.back().all_equal = false;
    array<vector<int>, 2> res;
                                                                                   int cur_v = nodes[v].link;
    for (auto& v : res) {
                                                                                   while (cur_v) {
        v.assign(n, 0);
                                                                                       if
                                                               (nodes[cur_v].trans[c] != -1) {
    for (int z = 0, l = 0, r = 0; z < 2; ++z, l =
                                                                                           int cand =
    0, r = 0) {
                                                               nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                                           if (s[i] == s[i -
            if (i < r) {
                                                               nodes[cand].len + 1]) {
                res[z][i] = min(r - i + !z,
    res[z][1 + r - i + !z]);
                                                               nodes.back().link = nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
            }
                                                                                               break:
            int L = i - res[z][i], R = i +
    res[z][i] - !z;
            while (L - 1 >= 0 \&\& R + 1 < n \&\& s[L
                                                                                       cur_v = nodes[cur_v].link;
    -1] == s[R + 1]) {
                ++res[z][i];
                                                                                   if (nodes.back().link == -1) {
                --L;
                ++R;
                                                               (nodes[cur_v].trans[c] != -1) {
            }
                                                                                           nodes.back().link
            if (R > r) {
                                                               = nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
                1 = L;
                                                                                       } else {
                r = R;
                                                                                           nodes[cur_v].link = 0;
        }
                                                                                   }
    }
                                                                               }
    return res;
                                                                               v = nodes[v].trans[c];
                                                                               flag = true;
                                                                               break;
8.3 palindromes_on_subsegment.h
                                                                           v = nodes[v].link;
struct Node {
                                                                       if (!flag) {
    int len;
                                                                           if (one_len[c] == -1) {
    int link:
                                                                               nodes[v].trans[c] = nodes.size();
    vector<int> trans;
                                                                               nodes.push_back(Node());
    bool all_equal;
                                                                               nodes.back().len = 1;
    Node() {
                                                                               one_len[c] = nodes[v].trans[c];
        len = 0;
                                                                               nodes.back().all_equal = true;
        link = 0;
                                                                               nodes.back().link = 0;
        trans.assign(26, -1);
                                                                           } else {
        all_equal = true;
                                                                               nodes[v].trans[c] = one_len[c];
};
                                                                           v = nodes[v].trans[c];
struct Eertree {
                                                                       state[i] = v;
    vector<Node> nodes;
    vector<int> one_len;
                                                                   return state;
    Eertree() {
        nodes.push_back(Node());
        one_len.assign(26, -1);
                                                              void enclose() {
                                                                   for (int v = 0; v < nodes.size(); ++v) {
    vector<int> feed_string(const string& s) {
                                                                       for (int c = 0; c < 26; ++c) {
        int v = 0;
                                                                           if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
        int n = s.length();
                                                                               int cur_v = nodes[v].link;
        vector<int> state(n);
                                                                               while (true) {
        for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) {
   int c = s[i] - 'a';</pre>
                                                                                   if (nodes[cur_v].trans[c]
                                                           bool flag = false;
                                                                                       nodes[v].trans[c] =
            while (v) {
                                                           → nodes[cur_v].trans[c];
                if (nodes[v].all_equal && s[i] ==
                                                                                       break;
    s[i - 1]) {
                    if (nodes[v].trans[c] == -1) {
                                                                                   if (cur_v == 0) {
                        nodes[v].trans[c] =
                                                                                       nodes[v].trans[c] = 0;
   nodes.size();
                                                                                       break:
                        nodes.push_back(Node());
```

```
if (s[cur_r] != s[cur_r -
                         cur_v = nodes[cur_v].link;

    tree.nodes[right_state].len + 1]) {

                                                                                right_state =
                }
                                                                tree.nodes[right_state].link;
           }
        }
                                                                            if (tree.nodes[right_state].len >
    }
                                                                cur_r + 1 - right_border) {
                                                                                right_state =
                                                                tree.nodes[right_state].link;
}:
                                                                            }
                                                                            if (used[right_state] != TIMER) {
struct Query {
    int 1, r;
                                                                                ++overall_pals;
    int id;
                                                                                used[right_state] = TIMER;
    bool operator < (const Query& ot) const {</pre>
        if (r != ot.r) {
                                                                            if (tree.nodes[right_state].len ==
            return r < ot.r;
                                                                cur_r + 1 - right_border) {
                                                                                left_state = right_state;
        return 1 < ot.1:
    }
                                                                            ++cur_r;
};
                                                                        }
                                                                        ++LEFT_TIMER;
void solve(bool read) {
                                                                        int cur_l = right_border;
                                                                        int cur_left_state = left_state;
    string s;
                                                                        int cur_res = overall_pals;
    cin >> s;
                                                                        while (cur_l > q[block][uk].1) {
    Eertree tree;
    tree.feed_string(s);
                                                                            --cur_1;
                                                                            cur_left_state =
    tree.enclose();
    int Q;
                                                                tree.nodes[cur_left_state].trans[s[cur_l] -
    cin >> Q;
                                                                'a'];
    int n = s.length();
                                                                            if (s[cur_l] != s[cur_l +
    int block_size = max((int)(sqrt(n) * 1.5), 1);
                                                                tree.nodes[cur_left_state].len - 1]) {
    int blocks = (n - 1) / block_size + 1;
                                                                                cur_left_state =
    for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
                                                                tree.nodes[cur_left_state].link;
        Query cur;
                                                                            }
        cin >> cur.1 >> cur.r;
                                                                            if (tree.nodes[cur_left_state].len
        --cur.1;
                                                                 cur_r - cur_l) {
        cur.id = i;
                                                                                cur_left_state =
        q[cur.l / block_size].push_back(cur);
                                                                tree.nodes[cur_left_state].link;
                                                                            }
                                                                            if (used[cur_left_state] != TIMER
    vector<int> ans(Q);
    vector<int> used(tree.nodes.size(), 0);
                                                                && left_used[cur_left_state] != LEFT_TIMER) {
    vector<int> left_used(tree.nodes.size(), 0);
                                                                                ++cur_res;
    int TIMER = 0;
                                                                                left_used[cur_left_state] =
    int LEFT_TIMER = 0;
                                                                LEFT_TIMER;
    for (int block = 0; block < blocks; ++block) {</pre>
        sort(all(q[block]));
        int right_border = min((block + 1) *
                                                                        ans[q[block][uk].id] = cur_res;
    block_size, n);
        int uk = 0;
                                                                    }
        while (uk < q[block].size() &&
                                                               }
    q[block][uk].r < right_border) {</pre>
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
                                                                        cout << ans[i] << "\n";
            ++TIMER;
            int res = 0;
            int v = 0;
                                                           }
    for (int pos = q[block][uk].1; pos <
q[block][uk].r; ++pos) {</pre>
                                                           8.4 prefix_function.h
                v = tree.nodes[v].trans[s[pos] - 'a'];
                if (s[pos] != s[pos -
                                                           void prefixFunction(const string& s, vector<int>& p) {
    tree.nodes[v].len + 1]) {
                                                                if (s.length() == 0)
                    v = tree.nodes[v].link;
                                                               p[0] = 0;
                if (tree.nodes[v].len > pos + 1 -
                                                                for (size_t i = 1; i < s.length(); ++i) {
    q[block][uk].1) {
                                                                    int j = p[i - 1];
                    v = tree.nodes[v].link;
                                                                    while (j > 0 && s[i] != s[j])
                                                                        j = p[j - 1];
                if (used[v] != TIMER) {
                                                                    if (s[i] == s[j])
                     ++res;
                                                                        ++j;
                    used[v] = TIMER;
                                                                    p[i] = j;
                                                               }
            ans[q[block][uk].id] = res;
            ++uk;
                                                           const char first = 'a';
        }
                                                           const int alphabet = 26;
                                                           // вылазит из массива, после того, как совпадет
        int cur_r = right_border;
                                                            \rightarrow все. можно добавить aut[n] = aut[pi[n - 1]]
        int overall_pals = 0;
                                                           // это сэмуирует переход по суф ссылке
        int right_state = 0;
                                                           vector<vi> pfautomaton(const string& s) {
        int left_state = 0;
                                                               vi p(s.length());
        ++TIMER;
                                                               prefixFunction(s, p);
        while (uk < q[block].size()) {</pre>
                                                                vector<vi> aut(s.length(), vi(alphabet));
            while (cur_r < q[block][uk].r) {</pre>
                                                               for (size_t i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) {</pre>
                right_state =
                                                                    for (char c = 0; c < alphabet; ++c) {
    tree.nodes[right_state].trans[s[cur_r] - 'a'];
                                                                        if (i > 0 && c != s[i] - first) {
```

```
aut[i][c] = aut[p[i - 1]][c];
            }
                                                                         colorSub[suffArray[i]] =
                                                               numberOfClasses - 1;
            else {
                 aut[i][c] = i + (c == s[i] - first);
                                                                    }
        }
                                                                    color = colorSub;
    }
    return aut;
                                                                    if (numberOfClasses == s.size())
}
                                                                         break:
                                                                }
                                                                vector <int> pos;
8.5 suffix_array.cpp
                                                                int curLcp = \overline{0};
                                                                pos.resize(s.size());
void Build(const string& init, vector <int>&
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {

    suffArray, vector <int>& lcp) {
                                                                    pos[suffArray[i]] = i;
    string s = init;
    s.push_back(char(0));
                                                                lcp.resize(s.size());
    vector <int> head;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {</pre>
    vector <int> color;
                                                                    if (pos[i] == s.size() - 1) {
    vector <int> colorSub;
                                                                         lcp[pos[i]] = 0;
    vector <int> suffArraySub;
                                                                         curLcp = 0;
    head.assign(max((int)s.size(), 256), 0);
                                                                         continue;
    suffArray.resize(s.size());
                                                                    }
    color.resize(s.size());
    colorSub.resize(s.size());
                                                                    while (s[(i + curLcp) % s.size()] ==
    suffArraySub.resize(s.size());
                                                                s[(suffArray[pos[i] + 1] + curLcp) %
    lcp.resize(s.size());

    s.size()]) {
                                                                         ++curLcp;
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                    }
        ++head[s[i]];
                                                                    lcp[pos[i]] = curLcp;
    for (int i = 1; i < 256; ++i) {
                                                                     --curLcp;
        head[i] += head[i - 1];
                                                                    if (curLcp < 0)
                                                                         curLcp = 0;
    for (int i = 255; i > 0; --i) {
                                                                }
        head[i] = head[i - 1];
    head[0] = 0;
                                                            void BuildSparseTable(const vector <int>& a,
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                                                             → vector < vector <int> >& sparseTable) {
        suffArray[head[s[i]]] = i;
                                                                int logSize = 0;
        ++head[s[i]];
                                                                while ((1 << logSize) < a.size()) {</pre>
    }
                                                                    ++logSize;
    int numberOfClasses = 1;
    head[0] = 0;
                                                                logSize = 19;
    for (int i = 1; i < s.size(); ++i) {
                                                                sparseTable.assign(a.size(), vector <int>
        if (s[suffArray[i - 1]] != s[suffArray[i]]) {
                                                                (logSize + 1));
            ++numberOfClasses;
            head[numberOfClasses - 1] = i;
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); ++i) {
                                                                    sparseTable[i][0] = a[i];
        color[suffArray[i]] = numberOfClasses - 1;
    for (int k = 1; k < s.size(); k *= 2) {
                                                                for (int k = 1; k <= logSize; ++k) {
  for (int i = 0; i + (1 << k) <= a.size();</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
            int firstPartBeginning = suffArray[i] - k;
                                                                ++i) {
            if (firstPartBeginning < 0) {</pre>
                                                                         sparseTable[i][k] =
                 firstPartBeginning += s.size();
                                                             \rightarrow min(sparseTable[i][k - 1], sparseTable[i + (1
            }
                                                                << (k - 1))][k - 1]);
    suffArraySub[head[color[firstPartBeginning]]]
                                                                }
    = firstPartBeginning;
                                                            }
            ++head[color[firstPartBeginning]];
                                                            int GetMin(int 1, int r, const vector < vector</pre>
        suffArray = suffArraySub;
                                                             \leftrightarrow <int> >& sparseTable) {
                                                                assert(1 < r);
        int secondPartBeginning;
                                                                int sz = 31 - \_builtin_clz(r - 1);
        pair <int, int> prevSuffClasses,
                                                                return min(sparseTable[1][sz], sparseTable[r -
    curSuffClasses;
                                                                (1 << sz)][sz]);
        curSuffClasses = make_pair(-1, 0);
        numberOfClasses = 0;
                                                            void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool read) {
        for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {</pre>
                                                                string s;
            prevSuffClasses = curSuffClasses;
                                                                cin >> s;
                                                                int n = s.length();
            secondPartBeginning = suffArray[i] + k;
                                                                vector<int> suff_array, lcp;
            if (secondPartBeginning >= s.size()) {
                                                                Build(s, suff_array, lcp);
                 secondPartBeginning -= s.size();
                                                                suff_array.erase(suff_array.begin());
                                                                lcp.erase(lcp.begin());
            curSuffClasses =
                                                                vector<int> pos_in_array(n);
    make_pair(color[suffArray[i]],
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < suff_array.size(); ++i) {</pre>
    color[secondPartBeginning]);
                                                                    pos_in_array[suff_array[i]] = i;
            if (curSuffClasses != prevSuffClasses) {
                                                                vector<vector<int>> sparse;
                 ++numberOfClasses;
                                                                BuildSparseTable(lcp, sparse);
                head[numberOfClasses - 1] = i;
```

```
states[cloneState].maxLen =
                                                                states[prevState].maxLen + 1;
}
                                                                            states[cloneState].link =
                                                                states[nextState].link;
                                                                            states[cloneState].firstPos =
8.6
      suffix_automaton_kostroma.h
                                                                states[nextState].firstPos;
                                                                            states[curState].link =
const int UNDEFINED_VALUE = -1;
                                                                states[nextState].link = cloneState;
class SuffixAutomaton {
                                                                            states[cloneState].transitions =
public:
                                                                states[nextState].transitions;
    struct State {
                                                                            for (; prevState !=
        map<char, int> transitions;
                                                                UNDEFINED_VALUE &&
        int link;
                                                                states[prevState].transitions[c] == nextState;
        int maxLen;
                                                               prevState = states[prevState].link)
        int firstPos, lastPos;
                                                                                states[prevState].transitions[c] ←
        int cnt;
                                                                = cloneState:
        State():link(UNDEFINED_VALUE),
    firstPos(UNDEFINED_VALUE),
                                                                   }
    lastPos(UNDEFINED_VALUE), maxLen(0), cnt(0) {}
                                                                   lastState = curState;
    };
    vector<State> states;
    int lastState;
                                                           };
    SuffixAutomaton(const string& s) {
        states.push_back(State());
        lastState = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i)</pre>
                                                           8.7 z_function.h
            append(s[i]);
                                                           vector<int> zFunction(const string& s) {
        vector<pair<int, int>> p(states.size());
                                                               int n = s.length();
        for (int i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {
            p[i].second = i;
                                                               vector<int> z(n);
                                                               int 1 = 0, r = 0;
            p[i].first = states[i].maxLen;
                                                               for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
        sort(all(p));
                                                                   z[i] = max(min(z[i-1], r-i), 0);
        reverse(all(p));
        for (int i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {
                                                                   while (i + z[i] < n \&\& s[i + z[i]] == s[z[i]])
            int curState = p[i].second;
                                                                       ++z[i];
            if (states[curState].lastPos ==
    UNDEFINED_VALUE)
                                                                   if (i + z[i] > r) {
                states[curState].lastPos =
                                                                       1 = i;
                                                                       r = i + z[i];
    states[curState].firstPos;
            if (states[curState].link !=
                                                                   }
    UNDEFINED_VALUE) {
                states[states[curState].link].lastPos_{\leftarrow}
    = max(states[states[curState].link].lastPos,
                                                               if (n)
    states[curState].lastPos);
                                                                   z[0] = n;
                states[states[curState].link].cnt
       states[curState].cnt;
                                                               return z;
                                                           }
        }
                                                                templates
    }
private:
                                                           9.1 main.cpp
    void append(char c) {
        int curState = states.size();
                                                           #undef NDEBUG
        states.push_back(State());
                                                           #define AIM
        states[curState].maxLen =
                                                           void print_stats(long long delta_time);
                                                           extern ''C'' int usleep(unsigned int usec);
    states[lastState].maxLen + 1;
                                                           #include ''E.h''
        states[curState].firstPos =
    states[lastState].maxLen;
        states[curState].cnt = 1;
                                                           #include <malloc.h>
        int prevState = lastState;
        for (; prevState != UNDEFINED_VALUE;
                                                           void print_stats(long long delta_time) {
    prevState = states[prevState].link) {
                                                               cerr << "\n time: " << delta_time / 1.0 /
                                                               CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
            if (states[prevState].transitions.count(c))
                                                               extern char *_progname;
system((string("'size") +
            states[prevState].transitions[c] =
    curState;
                                                                                           _progname +
                                                               " > /tmp/size.txt").c_str());
        }
                                                               ifstream in("'/tmp/size.txt");
        if (prevState == UNDEFINED_VALUE) {
                                                               string s;
            states[curState].link = 0;
                                                               getline(in, s);
        else {
                                                               int sz = 0;
                                                               if (in >> sz >> sz >> sz >> sz) {
            int nextState =
    states[prevState].transitions[c];
                                                                   cerr << ", static memory: " << sz /</pre>
            if (states[nextState].maxLen ==
                                                                (double)(1024 * 1024) << " MB";
    states[prevState].maxLen + 1) {
                states[curState].link = nextState;
            }
                                                               cerr << endl << endl;
                                                           }
            else {
                int cloneState = states.size();
                states.push_back(State());
                                                           //-D_GLIBCXX_DEBUG
```

```
9.2 sync-template.txt
                                                               typedef struct _node {
                                                                    int key;
// Executable: sed
                                                                    int cnt;
// Arguments: -s 's/#include ''.*''/#include
    ''$FileName$''/' main.cpp
                                                                    int prior;
                                                                    int val;
// Working directory: $ProjectFileDir$
                                                                    _node* 1;
// ! Synchronize files after execution
                                                                    _node* r;
// ! Open console for tool output
                                                                    _node(int key, int val) :key(key),
                                                            \rightarrow val(val), l(nullptr), r(nullptr), cnt(1) {

    prior = rand(); }

9.3 template.h
                                                                    void push() {
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define all(a) a.begin(), a.end()
typedef long long li;
                                                                    void recalc() {
                                                                        cnt = 1 + Cnt(1) + Cnt(r);
typedef long double ld;
void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool);
void precalc();
                                                                    static int Cnt(_node* v) {
clock_t start;
                                                                        if (!v)
int main() {
                                                                            return 0;
                                                                        return v->cnt;
#ifdef CRYPTO
                                                                    }
    freopen("'/PATH/input.txt", "r", stdin);
                                                               }*node;
    start = clock();
    int t = 1;
                                                                static int Cnt(node v) {
#ifndef CRYPTO
                                                                    if (!v)
                                                                        return 0;
    cout.sync_with_stdio(0);
                                                                    return v->cnt;
    cin.tie(0);
#endif
    precalc();
                                                               node root;
    cout.precision(20);
    cout << fixed;</pre>
     cin >> t;
                                                                size_t Size;
    int testNum = 1;
                                                               node merge(node 1, node r) {
    while (t--) {
        //cout << ''Case #'' << testNum++ << '': '';
                                                                    if (!1)
                                                                        return r;
        solve(true);
                                                                    if (!r)
                                                                        return 1;
    cout.flush();
                                                                    if (1->prior < r->prior) {
#ifdef CRYPT01
                                                                        1->push();
    while (true) {
                                                                        1->r = merge(1->r, r);
      solve(false);
                                                                        1->recalc();
 }
                                                                        return 1;
#endif
                                                                    }
                                                                    else {
#ifdef CRYPTO
                                                                        r->push();
    cout.flush();
                                                                        r->1 = merge(1, r->1);
    auto end = clock();
                                                                        r->recalc();
                                                                        return r;
    usleep(10000);
                                                                    }
    print_stats(end - start);
                                                               }
    usleep(10000);
#endif
                                                                void split(node v, int key, node& l, node& r) {
                                                                    1 = r = nullptr;
    return 0:
                                                                    if (!v)
                                                                        return:
                                                                    v->push();
void precalc() {
                                                                    if (v->key < key) {
                                                                        1 = v;
                                                                        split(1->r, key, 1->r, r);
template<typename T>
                                                                        1->recalc();
inline T nxt() {
                                                                    }
    cin >> cur;
                                                                    else {
    return cur;
                                                                        split(r->1, key, 1, r->1);
}
                                                                        r->recalc();
                                                                    }
//#define int li
                                                               }
//const int mod = 1000000007;
                                                           public:
void solve(__attribute__((unused)) bool read) {
                                                               Treap() {
                                                                    root = nullptr;
}
                                                                    Size = 0;
10
      treap
                                                                size_t size() const {
                                                                    return Size;
10.1 treap_explicit_keys.h
class Treap {
                                                               node get_min() const {
public:
```

```
node v = root;
                                                                        return 0;
        if (!v) {
                                                                    return v->cnt;
            throw runtime_error(''Treap is empty'');
        while (v->1) {
                                                                node root;
            v = v -> 1;
        }
                                                                size_t Size;
        return v;
    }
                                                                node merge(node 1, node r) {
                                                                    if (!1)
    node get_max() const {
                                                                         return r;
        node v = root;
                                                                    if (!r)
        if (!v) {
                                                                         return 1;
            throw runtime_error('Treap is empty');
                                                                    if (1->prior < r->prior) {
                                                                        1->push();
        while (v->r) {
                                                                         1->r = merge(1->r, r);
                                                                         1->recalc();
            v = v -> r;
                                                                        return 1:
                                                                    }
        return v;
                                                                     else {
                                                                        r->push();
    void insert(int key, int val) {
                                                                        r->1 = merge(1, r->1);
        node l = nullptr, r = nullptr;
                                                                        r->recalc();
        split(root, key, 1, r);
                                                                        return r;
                                                                    }
        node cur_node = new _node(key, val);
        root = merge(merge(1, cur_node), r);
        ++Size;
    }
                                                                void split(node v, int idx, node& 1, node& r) {
                                                                    1 = r = nullptr;
    node operator [] (int key) {
                                                                    if (!v)
        node 1 = nullptr, m = nullptr, r = nullptr;
                                                                        return;
        split(root, key, l, r);
                                                                    v->push();
        split(r, key + 1, m, r);
                                                                    if (Cnt(v->1) < idx) {
        if (m == nullptr) {
                                                                         1 = v:
            throw
                                                                         split(1->r, idx - Cnt(v->1) - 1, 1->r, r);
   runtime_error("IndexTreapOutOfBound");
                                                                         1->recalc();
                                                                    }
        root = merge(merge(1, m), r);
                                                                    else {
                                                                        r = v;
        return m;
                                                                         split(r->1, idx, 1, r->1);
    }
};
                                                                        r->recalc();
                                                                    }
typedef Treap::node Node;
                                                                }
                                                            public:
10.2 treap_implicit_keys.h
                                                                Treap() {
                                                                    root = nullptr;
class Treap {
                                                                    Size = 0;
public:
    typedef struct _node {
        int cnt;
                                                                size_t size() const {
        int prior;
                                                                    return Size;
        int val;
        _node* 1;
        _node* r;
                                                                void insert(int idx, int val) {
        _node *p;
                                                                    node l = nullptr, r = nullptr;
        _node(int val) :val(val), l(nullptr),
                                                                    split(root, idx, l, r);
    r(nullptr), cnt(1), p(nullptr) { prior =
                                                                    node cur_node = new _node(val);
root = merge(merge(1, cur_node), r);
→ rand(); }
                                                                    ++Size;
        void push() {
                                                                void erase(int idx) {
                                                                    node l = nullptr, m = nullptr, r = nullptr;
split(root, idx, l, r);
        void recalc() {
            cnt = 1 + Cnt(1) + Cnt(r);
                                                                    split(r, 1, m, r);
            if (1) {
                                                                    root = merge(1, r);
                1->p = this;
                                                                     --Size;
            if (r) {
                r->p = this;
                                                                int get_index(node v) {
                                                                    if (!v) {
            p = nullptr;
                                                             → runtime_error(''No such node in the treap'');
                                                                    }
        static int Cnt(_node* v) {
                                                                    int res = Cnt(v->1);
            if (!v)
                                                                     while (v->p) {
                return 0:
                                                                        if (v->p->r == v) {
            return v->cnt;
                                                                             res += Cnt(v->p->1) + 1;
        }
    }*node;
                                                                         v = v - p;
                                                                    }
    static int Cnt(node v) {
                                                                    return res;
        if (!v)
```

Неправильно:

```
}
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                     tree.set(i, a[i]);
    void push_back(int val) {
        return insert(Size, val);
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
                                                                     int pos, val;
                                                                     cin >> pos >> val;
    void push_front(int val) {
        return insert(0, val);
                                                                     tree.update(pos, val);
                                                                Правильно:
    node operator [] (int idx) {
        node l = nullptr, m = nullptr, r = nullptr;
split(root, idx, l, r);
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                     tree.set(i, a[i]);
        split(r, 1, m, r);
        if (m == nullptr) {
                                                                tree.build();
            throw
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < Q; ++i) {
   runtime_error(''IndexTreapOutOfBound'');
                                                                     int pos, val;
                                                                     cin >> pos >> val;
        root = merge(merge(1, m), r);
                                                                     tree.update(pos, val);
        return m;
                                                                }
};
                                                              • Лучше struct с понятными названиями полей, а не
                                                                std::pair.
typedef Treap::node Node;
                                                                Неправильно:
                                                                set<pair<int, int>> a;
11
       fuckups.tex
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                    int pos, val;
  • Всегда выводим ответ на запрос!
                                                                     cin >> pos >> val;
    Неправильно:
                                                                     a.insert({pos, val});
    while (q--) {
                                                                sort(all(a));
        int u, v;
        cin >> u >> v;
                                                                int q;
        --u, --v;
                                                                cin >> q;
        if (!dsu.merge(u, v)) {
                                                                while (q--) {
            // ниче ж не поменялось)))))) можно
                                                                     int pos, val;
        сделать continue))))))
                                                                     cin >> pos >> val;
            continue;
                                                                     auto it = a.lower_bound({pos, 0});
                                                                    if (it != a.end() && it->first > val) { // ←
        make_some_logic(u, v);
                                                                     эээ ну в сете же по first сортим в 1ю
        cout << get_cur_ans() << "\n";</pre>
                                                                    очередь
                                                                         cout << ''YES\n'';
                                                                     } else {
    Правильно:
                                                                         cout << ''NO\n'';
    while (q--) {
        int u, v;
        cin >> u >> v;
        --u, --v;
                                                                Правильно:
        if (dsu.merge(u, v)) {
                                                                struct Shit {
            make_some_logic(u, v);
                                                                     int pos;
                                                                     int val;
        cout << get_cur_ans() << "\n";</pre>
                                                                     bool operator <(const Shit& ot) const {</pre>
  • m рёбер, а не n.
                                                                         return make_pair(pos, val) <</pre>
    Неправильно:
                                                                     make_pair(ot.pos, ot.val);
    int n, m;
    cin >> n >> m;
    vector<vector<int>> a(n);
                                                                set<Shit> a;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                                for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        int u, v;
                                                                     int pos, val;
        cin >> u >> v;
                                                                     cin >> pos >> val;
        --u, --v;
                                                                     a.insert({pos, val});
        a[u].push_back(v);
        a[v].push_back(u);
                                                                sort(all(a));
                                                                int q;
    Правильно:
                                                                cin >> q;
                                                                while (q--) {
    int n, m;
                                                                     int pos, val;
cin >> pos >> val;
    cin >> n >> m;
    vector<vector<int>> a(n);
    for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
                                                                     auto it = a.lower_bound({pos, 0});
                                                                     if (it != a.end() && it->val > val) { //
        int u, v;
                                                                    хуй проебёшься
        cin >> u >> v;
                                                                         cout << ''YES\n'';
        --u. --v:
                                                                     } else {
        a[u].push_back(v);
                                                                         cout << ''NO\n'';
        a[v].push_back(u);
  • Не забываем построить дерево отрезков после инициали-
                                                              • Перенумерация в эйлеровом обходе.
    зации листьев.
```

Неправильно:

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
     tree.update(i, 1);
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      cout << tree.get_val(i) << endl;</pre>
 Правильно:
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
     tree.update(tin[i], 1);
 }
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      cout << tree.get_val(tin[i]) << endl;</pre>
• vector<char> хранит числа до 255.
 Неправильно:
 vector<char> used(n), num_comp(n);
 int cur = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
     if (!used[i]) {
         dfs(i, cur++);
 }
 Правильно:
 vector<char> used(n);
 vector<int> num_comp(n);
  int cur = 0;
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
     if (!used[i]) {
          dfs(i, cur++);
 }

    bool f() возвращает bool.

 Неправильно:
 bool occurs(const string& s, const string& t) {
     for (int i = 0; i + (int)s.length() <=</pre>
     (int)t.length(); ++i) {
          // падажжи ебана
          // если содержится, то нужен индекс
          if (t.substr(i, s.length()) == s) {
             return i;
      // иначе пускай будет -1
     return -1;
 }
 Правильно:
  int occurs(const string& s, const string& t) {
• Индексы в dsu до n, а не до num_comps.
• В merge для вершин дерева отрезков push_val =
 UNDEFINED.
 Неправильно:
 Node merge(const Node& q, const Node& w) {
     Node res; // или res = q
     res.min = min(q.min, w.min); // или if
     (w.min < res.min) res = w
     return res;
 }
 Правильно:
 Node merge(const Node& q, const Node& w) {
     Node res;
     res.push_add = 0; // или в объявлении res
     = {}, если в конструкторе по умолчанию
     прописано заполнение
     res.min = min(q.min, w.min);
      return res;
• Считываем размеры в нужном порядке
```

Неправильно:

```
vector<vector<int>> a(n, vector<int>(m, 0));
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
     for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j) {
          cin >> a[i][j];
 Правильно:
 int n, m;
  cin >> m >> n; // w, h
  vector<vector<int>> a(n, vector<int>(m, 0));
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
   for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j) {</pre>
         cin >> a[i][j];
 }
• Инициализация min_x или max_x недостаточной величиной
  Неправильно:
  int max_x = 0;
 for (const Point& pt : pts) {
     max_x = max(max_x, pt.x);
 Правильно:
 // INT_MIN, LLONG_MIN,
  for (const Point& pt : pts) {
     max_x = max(max_x, pt.x);
• set собственных структур ⇒ оператор < должен быть
 строгим
 Неправильно:
 struct Task {
     int need;
      int boost;
     int deadline;
      bool operator <(const Task& ot) const {</pre>
         return boost > ot.boost;
 };
 set<Tasks> tasks;
 Правильно:
  struct Task {
     int need;
     int boost:
     int deadline;
      bool operator <(const Task& ot) const {</pre>
          return boost > ot.boost;
 };
 multiset<Tasks> tasks; // или priority_queue, \leftarrow
  → если критично
```

int n, m;

cin >> n >> m; // w, h