## **Experiment-8**

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**Subject Name: AP Lab** 

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Section/Group: 630/A

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## 1. **Aim:**

There are n children standing in a line. Each child is assigned a rating value given in the integer array ratings. You are giving candies to these children subject to the following requirements:

- Each child must have at least one candy.
- Children with a higher rating get more candies than their neighbors.

Return the minimum number of candies you need to distribute to the children.

## 2. Code

```
class Solution {
  public int candy(int[] ratings) {
    int n = ratings.length;
  int[] candies = new int[n];
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      candies[i] = 1;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
Discover. Learn. Empower.
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
      if (ratings[i] > ratings[i - 1]) {
         candies[i] = candies[i - 1] + 1;
       }
    }
for (int i = n - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
      if (ratings[i] > ratings[i + 1]) {
         candies[i] = Math.max(candies[i], candies[i + 1] + 1);
       }
    \} int total = 0;
    for (int c : candies) {
      total += c;
    }return total;
```



3. Output:

✓ Testcase   >	Test Result
Accepted	Runtime: 0 ms
• Case 1	• Case 2
Input	
ratings = [1,0,2]	
Output	
5	
Expected	
5	
5	

## 4. Learning Outcomes

- 1. Understand how to apply greedy algorithms for optimal resource distribution.
- 2. Learn to handle edge cases by initializing values with minimum required conditions.
- 3. Practice two-pass traversal (left-to-right and right-to-left) to enforce conditions from both sides.
- 4. Understand how to use Math.max() to preserve previously assigned optimal values.

5. Develop skills to convert problem statements into efficient and readable Java code.

