SQL from Apps

Week 4, Day 2

Objective

- Reading & Writing data using SQL
- Executing queries asynchronously
- Ensuring secure user input

InyApp

The data stored by TinyApp was in memory.

There was no persistence of data.

A 'user' has many 'urls'.

users

id integer email string password string

urls

id integer short string long string user_id integer

Import Schema

Linyapp.sal

in PostgreSQL

Reading & Writing data using

GET /login

SELECT*
FROMusers;

GET /UTLS

SELECT short, long
FROM urls
WHERE user_id = 1;

POSII /urls

INSERT INTO urls (short, long, user_id)
VALUES ('abc', 'http://www.ask.com/', 1);

GET /urls/:short

SELECT short, long
FROM urls
WHERE short = 'abc';

POST /urls/:short/edit

```
UPDATE urls
SET long = 'http://www.ask.com/'
WHERE short = 'abc';
```

POST /urls/:short/delete

DELETE
FROM urls
WHERE short = 'abc';

Executing queries... ...asynchronously

npm install pg —save

postgres w/

JavaScript

VS

const using = require('modules');

Using Modules

exported.js

```
module.exports = () ⇒ {
  console.log('Exported!');
}
```

```
const imported = require('./exported');
imported();
```

Secure User Input

The 'pg' library provides a way to escape user input.

- \$1::text
- \$2::integer

