

Metasploitable2

Report generated by Tenable Nessus™

Wed, 04 Dec 2024 17:09:51 CET

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192.168.50.101



Scan Information

Start time: Wed Dec 4 15:44:43 2024 End time: Wed Dec 4 17:09:50 2024

Host Information

Netbios Name: METASPLOITABLE
IP: 192.168.50.101
MAC Address: 08:00:27:5C:BF:F2

OS: Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (hardy)

Vulnerabilities

57603 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.13 APR apr_palloc Heap Overflow

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by a buffer overflow vulnerability.

Description

According to its self-reported banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.13. As such, it includes a bundled version of the Apache Portable Runtime (APR) library that contains a flaw in 'apr_palloc()' that could cause a heap overflow.

Note that the Apache HTTP server itself does not pass unsanitized, user-provided sizes to this function so it could only be triggered through some other application that uses it in a vulnerable way.

See Also

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html

Solution

Upgrade to Apache 2.2.13 or later.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.1482

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 35949

CVE CVE-2009-2412

XREF CWE:189

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

45004 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.15 Multiple Vulnerabilities

9.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

192.168.50.101

9.0

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.15. It is, therefore, potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities: - A TLS renegotiation prefix injection attack is possible. (CVE-2009-3555) - The 'mod proxy ajp' module returns the wrong status code if it encounters an error which causes the back-end server to be put into an error state. (CVE-2010-0408) - The 'mod isapi' attempts to unload the 'ISAPI.dll' when it encounters various error states which could leave call-backs in an undefined state. (CVE-2010-0425) - A flaw in the core sub-request process code can lead to sensitive information from a request being handled by the wrong thread if a multi-threaded environment is used. (CVE-2010-0434) - Added 'mod_regtimeout' module to mitigate Slowloris attacks. (CVE-2007-6750) See Also http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities 22.html https://bz.apache.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=48359 https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.15 Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.15 or later. Risk Factor Critical CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6

EPSS Score

0.9704

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	21865
BID	36935
BID	38491
BID	38494
BID	38580
CVE	CVE-2007-6750
CVE	CVE-2009-3555
CVE	CVE-2010-0408
CVE	CVE-2010-0425
CVE	CVE-2010-0434
XREF	Secunia:38776
XREF	CWE:200
XREF	CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/20, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

100995 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.33-dev / 2.4.x < 2.4.26 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache running on the remote host is 2.2.x prior to 2.2.33-dev or 2.4.x prior to 2.4.26. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- An authentication bypass vulnerability exists due to third-party modules using the ap_get_basic_auth_pw() function outside of the authentication phase. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to bypass authentication requirements. (CVE-2017-3167)
- A NULL pointer dereference flaw exists due to third-party module calls to the mod_ssl ap_hook_process_connection() function during an HTTP request to an HTTPS port. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2017-3169)
- A NULL pointer dereference flaw exists in mod_http2 that is triggered when handling a specially crafted HTTP/2 request. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition. Note that this vulnerability does not affect 2.2.x.

(CVE-2017-7659)

- An out-of-bounds read error exists in the ap_find_token() function due to improper handling of header sequences. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted header sequence, to cause a denial of service condition.

(CVE-2017-7668)

- An out-of-bounds read error exists in mod_mime due to improper handling of Content-Type response headers. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted Content-Type response header, to cause a denial of service condition or the disclosure of sensitive information. (CVE-2017-7679)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES 2.2.32

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES 2.4.26

https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html

https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html

Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.33-dev / 2.4.26 or later.

Risk Factor

High

1	CV/CC	V2 0	Paca	Score
	(V > >	V/3 U	I BASE	2010

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.6684

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	99132
BID	99134
BID	99135
BID	99137
BID	99170
CVE	CVE-2017-3167
CVE	CVE-2017-3169
CVE	CVE-2017-7659
CVE	CVE-2017-7668
CVE	CVE-2017-7679

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/22, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

101787 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.34 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache running on the remote host is 2.2.x prior to 2.2.34. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- An authentication bypass vulnerability exists in httpd due to third-party modules using the ap_get_basic_auth_pw() function outside of the authentication phase. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to bypass authentication requirements. (CVE-2017-3167)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in httpd due to a NULL pointer dereference flaw that is triggered when a third-party module calls the mod_ssl ap_hook_process_connection() function during an HTTP request to an HTTPS port. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2017-3169)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in httpd due to an out-of-bounds read error in the ap_find_token() function that is triggered when handling a specially crafted request header sequence. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to crash the service or force ap_find_token() to return an incorrect value. (CVE-2017-7668)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in httpd due to an out-of-bounds read error in the mod_mime that is triggered when handling a specially crafted Content-Type response header. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to disclose sensitive information or cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2017-7679)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in httpd due to a failure to initialize or reset the value placeholder in [Proxy-]Authorization headers of type 'Digest' before or between successive key=value assignments by mod_auth_digest. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, by providing an initial key with no '='

assignment, to disclose sensitive information or cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2017-9788)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.34

https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html

Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.34 or later.

Risk Factor

High

1	CV/CC	V2 0	Paca	Score
	(V > >	V/3 U	I BASE	2010

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.4678

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

ВІ	D	99134
ВІ	D	99135
ВІ	D	99137
ВІ	D	99170
ВІ	D	99569
C١	/E	CVE-2017-3167
C١	/E	CVE-2017-3169
C١	/E	CVE-2017-7668
C١	/E	CVE-2017-7679
C١	/E	CVE-2017-9788

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/07/18, Modified: 2018/09/17

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

158900 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.53 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.53. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.53 advisory.

- mod_lua Use of uninitialized value of in r:parsebody: A carefully crafted request body can cause a read to a random memory area which could cause the process to crash. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier. Acknowledgements: Chamal De Silva (CVE-2022-22719)
- HTTP request smuggling: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier fails to close inbound connection when errors are encountered discarding the request body, exposing the server to HTTP Request Smuggling Acknowledgements: James Kettle <james.kettle portswigger.net> (CVE-2022-22720)
- Possible buffer overflow with very large or unlimited LimitXMLRequestBody in core: If LimitXMLRequestBody is set to allow request bodies larger than 350MB (defaults to 1M) on 32 bit systems an integer overflow happens which later causes out of bounds writes. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier. Acknowledgements: Anonymous working with Trend Micro Zero Day Initiative (CVE-2022-22721)
- Read/write beyond bounds in mod_sed: Out-of-bounds Write vulnerability in mod_sed of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to overwrite heap memory with possibly attacker provided data. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.52 and prior versions. Acknowledgements: Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) (CVE-2022-23943)

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also http://www.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement2.4.html https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.53 or later. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.3791

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

Ι

References

CVE	CVE-2022-22720
CVE	CVE-2022-22721
CVE	CVE-2022-23943
XREF	IAVA:2022-A-0124-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/03/14, Modified: 2023/11/06

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

193421 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.54 Authentication Bypass

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by an authentication bypass vulnerability.
Description
The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.54. It is, therefore, affected by an authentication bypass vulnerability as referenced in the 2.4.54 advisory.
- X-Forwarded-For dropped by hop-by-hop mechanism in mod_proxy: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may not send the X-Forwarded-* headers to the origin server based on client side Connection header hop-by-hop mechanism. This may be used to bypass IP based authentication on the origin server/application.
Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Gaetan Ferry (Synacktiv) for reporting this issue
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html
Solution
Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.54 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
EPSS Score
0.0104

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2022-31813 XREF IAVA:2022-A-0230-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/17, Modified: 2024/04/18

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

161948 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.54 Multiple Vulnerabilities

VPR Score

5.2

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.54. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.54 advisory. - Read beyond bounds via ap rwrite(): The ap rwrite() function in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may read unintended memory if an attacker can cause the server to reflect very large input using ap rwrite() or ap rputs(), such as with mod luas r:puts() function. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-28614) - Read beyond bounds in ap_strcmp_match(): Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may crash or disclose information due to a read beyond bounds in ap_strcmp_match() when provided with an extremely large input buffer. While no code distributed with the server can be coerced into such a call, third-party modules or lua scripts that use ap strcmp match() may hypothetically be affected. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-28615) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.54 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

EPSS Score

0.0147

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2022-28614
CVE CVE-2022-28615
XREF IAVA:2022-A-0230-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/06/08, Modified: 2024/04/18

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

170113 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.55 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.55. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.55 advisory. - A carefully crafted If: request header can cause a memory read, or write of a single zero byte, in a pool (heap) memory location beyond the header value sent. This could cause the process to crash. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.54 and earlier. (CVE-2006-20001) - Inconsistent Interpretation of HTTP Requests ('HTTP Request Smuggling') vulnerability in mod_proxy_ajp of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to smuggle requests to the AJP server it forwards requests to. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.54 and prior versions. (CVE-2022-36760) - Prior to Apache HTTP Server 2.4.55, a malicious backend can cause the response headers to be truncated early, resulting in some headers being incorporated into the response body. If the later headers have any security purpose, they will not be interpreted by the client. (CVE-2022-37436) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.55 or later. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 6.5 **EPSS Score**

192.168.50.101

0.0235

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE	CVE-2006-20001
CVE	CVE-2022-36760
CVE	CVE-2022-37436
XREF	IAVA:2023-A-0047-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/01/18, Modified: 2023/03/10

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

172186 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.56 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.56. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.56 advisory.

- HTTP request splitting with mod_rewrite and mod_proxy: Some mod_proxy configurations on Apache HTTP Server versions 2.4.0 through 2.4.55 allow a HTTP Request Smuggling attack. Configurations are affected when mod_proxy is enabled along with some form of RewriteRule or ProxyPassMatch in which a non-specific pattern matches some portion of the user-supplied request-target (URL) data and is then re-inserted into the proxied request-target using variable substitution. For example, something like: RewriteEngine on RewriteRule ^/here/(.*) http://example.com:8080/elsewhere?\$1 http://example.com:8080/elsewhere; [P] ProxyPassReverse /here/ http://example.com:8080/ http://example.com:8080/ Request splitting/smuggling could result in bypass of access controls in the proxy server, proxying unintended URLs to existing origin servers, and cache poisoning. Acknowledgements: finder: Lars Krapf of Adobe (CVE-2023-25690)
- Apache HTTP Server: mod_proxy_uwsgi HTTP response splitting: HTTP Response Smuggling vulnerability in Apache HTTP Server via mod_proxy_uwsgi. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server: from 2.4.30 through 2.4.55.

Special characters in the origin response header can truncate/split the response forwarded to the client.

Acknowledgements: finder: Dimas Fariski Setyawan Putra (nyxsorcerer) (CVE-2023-27522)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

Solution
Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.56 or later.
Risk Factor
Critical
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7

EPSS Score

0.0135

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2023-25690 CVE CVE-2023-27522 XREF IAVA:2023-A-0124-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/03/07, Modified: 2023/10/21

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

153583 - Apache < 2.4.49 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by a vulnerability. Description The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.49. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the 2.4.49 changelog. - A crafted request uri-path can cause mod proxy to forward the request to an origin server choosen by the remote user. (CVE-2021-40438) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES_2.4 https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.49 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 8.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 8.1 **EPSS Score** 0.967 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2021-40438 XREF IAVA:2021-A-0440-S

XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2021/12/15

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2023/04/25

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

153584 - Apache < 2.4.49 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis
The remote web server is affected by a vulnerability.
Description
The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.49. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.49 changelog.
- ap_escape_quotes() may write beyond the end of a buffer when given malicious input. No included modules pass untrusted data to these functions, but third-party / external modules may. (CVE-2021-39275)
- Malformed requests may cause the server to dereference a NULL pointer. (CVE-2021-34798)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES_2.4
https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html
Solution
Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.49 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
EPSS Score
0.0087
CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2021-34798
CVE CVE-2021-39275
XREF IAVA:2021-A-0440-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

171356 - Apache HTTP Server SEoL (2.1.x <= x <= 2.2.x)

Synopsis An unsupported version of Apache HTTP Server is installed on the remote host. Description According to its version, Apache HTTP Server is between 2.1.x and 2.2.x. It is, therefore, no longer maintained by its vendor or provider. Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it may contain security vulnerabilities. See Also https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement2.2.txt Solution Upgrade to a version of Apache HTTP Server that is currently supported. Risk Factor Critical CVSS v3.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) Plugin Information Published: 2023/02/10, Modified: 2024/04/02 Plugin Output tcp/80/www

134862 - Apache Tomcat AJP Connector Request Injection (Ghostcat)

Synopsis

There is a vulnerable AJP connector listening on the remote host.

Description

A file read/inclusion vulnerability was found in AJP connector. A remote, unauthenticated attacker could exploit this vulnerability to read web application files from a vulnerable server. In instances where the vulnerable server allows file uploads, an attacker could upload malicious JavaServer Pages (JSP) code within a variety of file types and gain remote code execution (RCE).

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?8ebe6246

http://www.nessus.org/u?4e287adb

http://www.nessus.org/u?cbc3d54e

https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2020-1745

https://access.redhat.com/solutions/4851251

http://www.nessus.org/u?dd218234

http://www.nessus.org/u?dd772531

http://www.nessus.org/u?2a01d6bf

http://www.nessus.org/u?3b5af27e

http://www.nessus.org/u?9dab109f

http://www.nessus.org/u?5eafcf70

Solution

Update the AJP configuration to require authorization and/or upgrade the Tomcat server to 7.0.100, 8.5.51, 9.0.31 or later.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

EPSS Score

0.9737

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2020-1745 CVE CVE-2020-1938

XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/03/17

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2020-0021

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/03/24, Modified: 2024/07/17

Plugin Output

tcp/8009/ajp13

```
Nessus was able to exploit the issue using the following request :
0x0000: 02 02 00 08 48 54 54 50 2F 31 2E 31 00 00 0F 2F
                                                              ....HTTP/1.1.../
0x0010: 61 73 64 66 2F 78 78 78 78 78 2E 6A 73 70 00 00
                                                            asdf/xxxxx.jsp..
        09 6C 6F 63 61 6C 68 6F 73 74 00 FF FF 00 09 6C
0 \times 0.020:
                                                              .localhost.....l
0x0030: 6F 63 61 6C 68 6F 73 74 00 00 50 00 00 09 A0 06
                                                              ocalhost..P....
0x0040: 00 0A 6B 65 65 70 2D 61 6C 69 76 65 00 00 0F 41
                                                              ..keep-alive...A
0x0050: 63 63 65 70 74 2D 4C 61 6E 67 75 61 67 65 00 00 ccept-Language..
0x0060: 0E 65 6E 2D 55 53 2C 65 6E 3B 71 3D 30 2E 35 00 .en-US,en;q=0.5.
0x0070: A0 08 00 01 30 00 00 0F 41 63 63 65 70 74 2D 45 0x0080: 6E 63 6F 64 69 6E 67 00 00 13 67 7A 69 70 2C 20
                                                              ....O...Accept-E
                                                              ncoding ... gzip,
0x0090: 64 65 66 6C 61 74 65 2C 20 73 64 63 68 00 00 0D deflate, sdch...
0x00A0: 43 61 63 68 65 2D 43 6F 6E 74 72 6F 6C 00 00 09 Cache-Control...
0x00B0: 6D 61 78 2D 61 67 65 3D 30 00 A0 0E 00 07 4D 6F max-age=0.....Mo
0x00C0: 7A 69 6C 6C 61 00 00 19 55 70 67 72 61 64 65 2D
                                                            zilla...Upgrade-
0x00D0:
        49 6E 73 65 63 75 72 65 2D 52 65 71 75 65 73 74
                                                              Insecure-Request
0x00E0: 73 00 00 01 31 00 A0 01 00 09 74 65 78 74 2F 68
                                                              s...1....text/h
0x00F0: 74 6D 6C 00 A0 0B 00 09 6C 6F 63 61 6C 68 6F 73
                                                              tml....localhos
0x0100: 74 00 0A 00 21 6A 61 76 61 78 2E 73 65 72 76 6C
                                                              t...!javax.servl
0x0110: 65 74 2E 69 6E 63 6C 75 64 65 2E 72 65 71 75 65
                                                             et.include.reque
0x0120: 73 74 5F 75 72 69 00 00 01 31 00 0A 00 1F 6A 61 0x0130: 76 61 78 2E 73 65 72 76 6C 65 74 2E 69 6E 63 6C
                                                              st_uri...1....ja
                                                              vax.servlet.incl
0x0140: 75 64 65 2E 70 61 74 68 5F 69 6E 66 6F 00 00 0F
                                                              ude.path_info...
0x0150: 57 45 42 2D 49 4E 46 2F 77 65 62 2E 78 6D 6C 00 WEB-INF/web.xml.
0x0160: 0A 00 22 6A 61 76 61 78 2E 73 65 72 76 6C 65 74
                                                              .."javax.servlet
0x0170: 2E 69 6E 63 6C 75 64 65 2E 73 65 72 76 6C 65 74
                                                              .include.servlet
0x0180: 5F 70 61 74 68 00 00 00 00 FF
                                                              _path....
```

This produced the following truncated output (limite [...]

171340 - Apache Tomcat SEoL (<= 5.5.x)

Plugin Output

tcp/8180/www

Synopsis An unsupported version of Apache Tomcat is installed on the remote host. Description According to its version, Apache Tomcat is less than or equal to 5.5.x. It is, therefore, no longer maintained by its vendor or provider. Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it may contain security vulnerabilities. See Also https://tomcat.apache.org/tomcat-55-eol.html Solution Upgrade to a version of Apache Tomcat that is currently supported. Risk Factor Critical CVSS v3.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) Plugin Information Published: 2023/02/10, Modified: 2024/05/06

51988 - Bind Shell Backdoor Detection

Synopsis

The remote host may have been compromised.

Description

A shell is listening on the remote port without any authentication being required. An attacker may use it by connecting to the remote port and sending commands directly.

Solution

Verify if the remote host has been compromised, and reinstall the system if necessary.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/02/15, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/1524/wild_shell

32314 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness

Synopsis
The remote SSH host keys are weak.
Description
The remote SSH host key has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.
The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.
An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to set up decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc
http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224
Solution
Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.
Risk Factor
Critical
VPR Score
5.1
EPSS Score
0.1175
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/14, Modified: 2024/07/24

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

32321 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

Synopsis
The remote SSL certificate uses a weak key.
Description
The remote x509 certificate on the remote SSL server has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.
The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.
An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc
http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224
Solution
Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.
Risk Factor
Critical
VPR Score
5.1
EPSS Score
0.1175
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

32321 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

Synopsis
The remote SSL certificate uses a weak key.
Description
The remote x509 certificate on the remote SSL server has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.
The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.
An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc
http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224
Solution
Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.
Risk Factor
Critical
VPR Score
5.1
EPSS Score
0.1175
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

86072 - ISC BIND Unsupported Version Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is running an unsupported version of ISC BIND.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is 9.8.x or earlier. It is, therefore, no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

Solution

Upgrade to a version of ISC BIND that is currently supported.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0541

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/09/22, Modified: 2021/02/16

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

90022 - OpenSSH < 7.2 Untrusted X11 Forwarding Fallback Security Bypass

Synopsis
The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by a security bypass vulnerability.
Description
According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.2. It is, therefore, affected by a security bypass vulnerability due to a flaw in ssh(1) that is triggered when it falls back from untrusted X11 forwarding to trusted forwarding when the SECURITY extension is disabled by the X server. This can result in untrusted X11 connections that can be exploited by a remote attacker.
See Also
http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.2
Solution
Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.2 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
EPSS Score
0.005
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-1908

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/18, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

178910 - OpenSSH < 9.3p2 Vulnerability

Synopsis
The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by a vulnerability.
Description
The version of OpenSSH installed on the remote host is prior to 9.3p2. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the release-9.3p2 advisory.
- Fix CVE-2023-38408 - a condition where specific libaries loaded via ssh-agent(1)'s PKCS#11 support could be abused to achieve remote code execution via a forwarded agent socket if the following (openssh-9.3p2-1)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-9.3p2
Solution
Upgrade to OpenSSH 9.3p2 / 9.4 or later.
Risk Factor
Critical
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
EPSS Score
0.0761
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) References CVE CVE-2023-38408 Plugin Information Published: 2023/07/26, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

58987 - PHP Unsupported Version Detection

Published: 2012/05/04, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Synopsis
The remote host contains an unsupported version of a web application scripting language.
Description
According to its version, the installation of PHP on the remote host is no longer supported.
Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.
See Also
http://php.net/eol.php
https://wiki.php.net/rfc/releaseprocess
Solution
Upgrade to a version of PHP that is currently supported.
Risk Factor
Critical
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
References
XREF IAVA:0001-A-0581
Plugin Information

63347 - PostgreSQL Unsupported Version Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is running an unsupported version of a database server.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the installation of PostgreSQL on the remote host is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

See Also

https://www.postgresql.org/support/versioning/

Solution

Upgrade to a version of PostgreSQL that is currently supported.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0583

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/12/28, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

50544 - ProFTPD < 1.3.3c Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote FTP server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux. According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is earlier than 1.3.3c. Such versions are reportedly affected by the following vulnerabilities: - When ProFTPD is compiled with 'mod site misc' and a directory is writable, a user can use 'mod site misc' to create or delete a directory outside the writable directory, create a symlink located outside the writable directory, or change the time of a file located outside the writable directory. (Bug #3519) - A stack-based buffer overflow exists in the server's 'pr_netio_telnet_gets()' function, which can be triggered by when reading user input containing a TELNET_IAC escape sequence. (Bug #3521) Note that Nessus did not actually test for the flaws but instead has relied on the version in ProFTPD's banner so this may be a false positive. See Also http://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-10-229/ http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3519 http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3521 http://www.nessus.org/u?c2cebd53 Solution Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.3c or later. Risk Factor Critical **VPR** Score 7.4 **FPSS Score** 0.9332 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

192.168.50.101 45

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 44562

CVE CVE-2010-3867
CVE CVE-2010-4221
XREF EDB-ID:15449
XREF Secunia:42052

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/11/10, Modified: 2020/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

58662 - Samba 3.x < 3.6.4 / 3.5.14 / 3.4.16 RPC Multiple Buffer Overflows

Synopsis

The remote Samba server is affected by multiple buffer overflow vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Samba 3.x running on the remote host is earlier than 3.6.4 / 3.5.14 / 3.4.16. It is, therefore, affected by multiple heap-based buffer overflow vulnerabilities.

An error in the DCE/RPC IDL (PIDL) compiler causes the RPC handling code it generates to contain multiple heap-based buffer overflow vulnerabilities. This generated code can allow a remote, unauthenticated attacker to use malicious RPC calls to crash the application and possibly execute arbitrary code as the root user.

Note that Nessus has not actually tried to exploit this issue or otherwise determine if one of the associated patches has been applied.

See Also

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-061/

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-062/

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-063/

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-064/

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-068/

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-069/

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-070/

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-071/

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-12-072/

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2012-1182.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.6.4.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.5.14.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.4.16.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/security.html

Solution

Either install the appropriate patch referenced in the project's advisory or upgrade to 3.6.4 / 3.5.14 / 3.4.16 or later.

Risk Factor

Critical

VPR Score

7.4

EPSS Score

0.8159

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	52973
CVE	CVE-2012-1182
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-061
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-062
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-063
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-064
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-068
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-069
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-070
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-071
XREF	ZDI:ZDI-12-072

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/04/11, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

25217 - Samba < 3.0.25 Multiple Vulnerabilities

References

192.168.50.101

23972

23973

23974

BID

BID

BID

Synopsis The remote Samba server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of the Samba server installed on the remote host is affected by multiple buffer overflow and remote command injection vulnerabilities, which can be exploited remotely, as well as a local privilege escalation bug. See Also http://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2007-2444.html http://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2007-2446.html http://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2007-2447.html Solution Upgrade to Samba version 3.0.25 or later. Risk Factor Critical **VPR** Score 7.4 **EPSS Score** 0.9648 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

BID	24195
BID	24196
BID	24197
BID	24198
CVE	CVE-2007-2444
CVE	CVE-2007-2446
CVE	CVE-2007-2447

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/05/15, Modified: 2018/07/27

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

169505 - Samba < 4.15.13 / 4.16.x < 4.16.8 / 4.17.x < 4.17.4 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote Samba server is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

The version of Samba running on the remote host is prior to 4.15.13, 4.16.x prior to 4.16.8, or 4.17.x prior to 4.17.4. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities:

- Windows Kerberos RC4-HMAC Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability. (CVE-2022-37966, CVE-2022-45141)
- Windows Kerberos Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability. (CVE-2022-37967)
- Netlogon RPC Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability. (CVE-2022-38023)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

Description

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/security.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2022-38023.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2022-37966.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2022-37967.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2022-45141.html

Solution

Upgrade to Samba version 4.15.13, 4.16.8, or 4.17.4 or later.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.0579

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

ı

References

CVE	CVE-2022-37966
CVE	CVE-2022-37967
CVE	CVE-2022-38023
CVE	CVE-2022-45141
XREF	IAVA:2023-A-0004-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/01/04, Modified: 2023/09/11

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

76314 - Samba Unsupported Version Detection

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Synopsis The remote host contains an unsupported version of Samba. Description According to its self-reported version number, the installation of Samba on the remote host is no longer supported. Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities. See Also https://wiki.samba.org/index.php/Samba_Release_Planning Solution Upgrade to a version of Samba that is currently supported. Risk Factor Critical CVSS v3.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) References **XREF** IAVA:0001-A-0593 Plugin Information Published: 2014/06/30, Modified: 2020/09/22

61708 - VNC Server 'password' Password

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

Synopsis A VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password. Description The VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password. Nessus was able to login using VNC authentication and a password of 'password'. A remote, unauthenticated attacker could exploit this to take control of the system. Solution Secure the VNC service with a strong password. Risk Factor Critical CVSS v2.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) Plugin Information Published: 2012/08/29, Modified: 2015/09/24

40467 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.12 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server may be affected by several issues.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x. running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.12. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- A heap-based buffer underwrite flaw exists in the function 'apr_strmatch_precompile()' in the bundled copy of the APR-util library, which could be triggered when parsing configuration data to crash the daemon. (CVE-2009-0023)
- A flaw in the mod_proxy_ajp module in version 2.2.11 only may allow a remote attacker to obtain sensitive response data intended for a client that sent an earlier POST request with no request body.

(CVE-2009-1191)

- The server does not limit the use of directives in a .htaccess file as expected based on directives such as 'AllowOverride' and 'Options' in the configuration file, which could enable a local user to bypass security restrictions. (CVE-2009-1195)
- Failure to properly handle an amount of streamed data that exceeds the Content-Length value allows a remote attacker to force a proxy process to consume CPU time indefinitely when mod_proxy is used in a reverse proxy configuration. (CVE-2009-1890)
- Failure of mod_deflate to stop compressing a file when the associated network connection is closed may allow a remote attacker to consume large amounts of CPU if there is a large (>10 MB) file available that has mod deflate enabled. (CVE-2009-1891)
- Using a specially crafted XML document with a large number of nested entities, a remote attacker may be able to consume an excessive amount of memory due to a flaw in the bundled expat XML parser used by the mod_dav and mod_dav_svn modules. (CVE-2009-1955)
- There is an off-by-one overflow in the function 'apr_brigade_vprintf()' in the bundled copy of the APR-util library in the way it handles a variable list of arguments, which could be leveraged on big-endian platforms to perform information disclosure or denial of service attacks. (CVE-2009-1956)

Note that Nessus has relied solely on the version in the Server response header and did not try to check for the issues themselves or even whether the affected modules are in use.

See Also

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html

Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.12 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules / directives are not in use.

Risk Factor

H	1	i	g	h

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.2 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.4

EPSS Score

0.389

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.8 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	34663
BID	35115
BID	35221
BID	35251
BID	35253
BID	35565
BID	35623
CVE	CVE-2009-0023
CVE	CVE-2009-1191
CVE	CVE-2009-1195
CVE	CVE-2009-1890
CVE	CVE-2009-1891
CVE	CVE-2009-1955
CVE	CVE-2009-1956
XREF	CWE:16
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:119
XREF	CWE:189
XREF	CWE:399

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/08/02, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

42052 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.14 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.14. It is, therefore, potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities:

- Faulty error handling in the Solaris pollset support could lead to a denial of service. (CVE-2009-2699)
- The 'mod_proxy_ftp' module allows remote attackers to bypass intended access restrictions. (CVE-2009-3095)
- The 'ap_proxy_ftp_handler' function in 'modules/proxy/proxy_ftp.c' in the 'mod_proxy_ftp' module allows remote FTP servers to cause a denial of service. (CVE-2009-3094)

Note that the remote web server may not actually be affected by these vulnerabilities as Nessus did not try to determine whether the affected modules are in use or check for the issues themselves.

See Also

http://www.securityfocus.com/advisories/17947

http://www.securityfocus.com/advisories/17959

http://www.nessus.org/u?e470f137

https://bz.apache.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=47645

http://www.nessus.org/u?c34c4eda

Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.14 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.3326

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	36254	
BID	36260	
BID	36596	
CVE	CVE-2009-2699	
CVE	CVE-2009-3094	
CVE	CVE-2009-3095	
XREF	Secunia:36549	
XREF	CWE:119	
XREF	CWE:264	

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/07, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

62101 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.23 Multiple Vulnerabilities

VPR Score

5.9

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.23. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities: - The utility 'apachectl' can receive a zero-length directory name in the LD LIBRARY PATH via the 'envvars' file. A local attacker with access to that utility could exploit this to load a malicious Dynamic Shared Object (DSO), leading to arbitrary code execution. (CVE-2012-0883) - An input validation error exists related to 'mod_negotiation', 'Multiviews' and untrusted uploads that can allow cross-site scripting attacks. (CVE-2012-2687) Note that Nessus has not tested for these flaws but has instead relied on the version in the server's banner. See Also https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.23 http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities 22.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.23 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

EPSS Score

0.0068

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.1 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

recrement.	5	
BID	53046	
BID	55131	
CVE	CVE-2012-0883	
CVE	CVE-2012-2687	
XREF	CWE:20	
XREF	CWE:74	
XREF	CWE:79	
XREF	CWE:442	
XREF	CWE:629	
XREF	CWE:711	
XREF	CWE:712	
XREF	CWE:722	
XREF	CWE:725	
XREF	CWE:750	
XREF	CWE:751	
XREF	CWE:800	
XREF	CWE:801	
XREF	CWE:809	
XREF	CWE:811	
XREF	CWE:864	
XREF	CWE:900	
XREF	CWE:928	
XREF	CWE:931	
XREF	CWE:990	

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/09/14, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

77531 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.28 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.28. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- A flaw exists within the 'mod_headers' module which allows a remote attacker to inject arbitrary headers. This is done by placing a header in the trailer portion of data being sent using chunked transfer encoding. (CVE-2013-5704)
- A flaw exists within the 'mod_deflate' module when handling highly compressed bodies. Using a specially crafted request, a remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service by exhausting memory and CPU resources. (CVE-2014-0118)
- The 'mod_status' module contains a race condition that can be triggered when handling the scoreboard. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service, execute arbitrary code, or obtain sensitive credential information. (CVE-2014-0226)
- The 'mod_cgid' module lacks a time out mechanism. Using a specially crafted request, a remote attacker can use this flaw to cause a denial of service by causing child processes to linger indefinitely, eventually filling up the scoreboard. (CVE-2014-0231)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-14-236/

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.29

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html

http://swende.se/blog/HTTPChunked.html

Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.29 or later.

Note that version 2.2.28 was never officially released.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS	v3.0	Temporal	Score

6.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.9553

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	66550
BID	68678
BID	68742
BID	68745
CVE	CVE-2013-5704
CVE	CVE-2014-0118
CVE	CVE-2014-0226
CVE	CVE-2014-0231
XREF	EDB-ID:34133

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/09/04, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

96450 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.32 Multiple Vulnerabilities (httpoxy)

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache running on the remote host is 2.2.x prior to 2.2.32. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- The Apache HTTP Server is affected by a man-in-the-middle vulnerability known as 'httpoxy' due to a failure to properly resolve namespace conflicts in accordance with RFC 3875 section 4.1.18. The HTTP_PROXY environment variable is set based on untrusted user data in the 'Proxy' header of HTTP requests. The HTTP_PROXY environment variable is used by some web client libraries to specify a remote proxy server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a crafted 'Proxy' header in an HTTP request, to redirect an application's internal HTTP traffic to an arbitrary proxy server where it may be observed or manipulated.

(CVE-2016-5387)

- A flaw exists due to improper handling of whitespace patterns in user-agent headers. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted user-agent header, to cause the program to incorrectly process sequences of requests, resulting in interpreting responses incorrectly, polluting the cache, or disclosing the content from one request to a second downstream user-agent. (CVE-2016-8743)
- A CRLF injection allowing HTTP response splitting attacks for sites which use mod_userdir (CVE-2016-4975)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://httpd.apache.org/dev/dist/Announcement2.2.html http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html https://github.com/apache/httpd/blob/2.2.x/CHANGES https://www.apache.org/security/asf-httpoxy-response.txt https://httpoxy.org

Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.32 or later.

Note that the 'httpoxy' vulnerability can be mitigated by applying the workarounds or patches as referenced in the vendor advisory asf-httpoxy-response.txt.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.176

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

91816

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID

CVE

BID	95077
BID	105093
CVE	CVE-2016-4975
CVE	CVE-2016-5387

XREF CERT:797896

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/01/12, Modified: 2019/03/27

CVE-2016-8743

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

193422 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.54 HTTP Request Smuggling Vulnerability

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by a HTTP request smuggling vulnerability.
The remote web server is unceted by a first sequest smagaing value ability.
Description
The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.54. It is, therefore, affected by a http request smuggling vulnerability as referenced in the 2.4.54 advisory.
- Possible request smuggling in mod_proxy_ajp: Inconsistent Interpretation of HTTP Requests ('HTTP Request Smuggling') vulnerability in mod_proxy_ajp of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to smuggle requests to the AJP server it forwards requests to. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.53 and prior versions. Acknowledgements: Ricter Z @ 360 Noah Lab
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html
Solution
Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.54 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.0064
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2022-26377 XREF IAVA:2022-A-0230-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/17, Modified: 2024/04/18

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

193423 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.54 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.
Description
The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.54. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.54 advisory.
- Denial of Service mod_sed: If Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 is configured to do transformations with mod_sed in contexts where the input to mod_sed may be very large, mod_sed may make excessively large memory allocations and trigger an abort. Acknowledgements: This issue was found by Brian Moussalli from the JFrog Security Research team
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html
Solution
Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.54 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.2877
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2022-30522 XREF IAVA:2022-A-0230-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/17, Modified: 2024/04/18

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

193424 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.54 Multiple Vulnerabilities (mod_lua)

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.54. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.54 advisory. - Denial of service in mod lua r:parsebody: In Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier, a malicious request to a lua script that calls r:parsebody(0) may cause a denial of service due to no default limit on possible input size. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-29404) - Information Disclosure in mod_lua with websockets: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may return lengths to applications calling r:wsread() that point past the end of the storage allocated for the buffer. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-30556) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities 24.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.54 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 3.6 **EPSS Score**

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

References

CVE CVE-2022-29404
CVE CVE-2022-30556
XREF IAVA:2022-A-0230-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/17, Modified: 2024/04/18

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

183391 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.58 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.58. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.58 advisory.

- Apache HTTP Server: DoS in HTTP/2 with initial windows size 0: An attacker, opening a HTTP/2 connection with an initial window size of 0, was able to block handling of that connection indefinitely in Apache HTTP Server. This could be used to exhaust worker resources in the server, similar to the well known slow loris attack pattern. This has been fixed in version 2.4.58, so that such connection are terminated properly after the configured connection timeout. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server: from 2.4.55 through 2.4.57. Users are recommended to upgrade to version 2.4.58, which fixes the issue.

Acknowledgements: (CVE-2023-43622)

- Apache HTTP Server: HTTP/2 stream memory not reclaimed right away on RST: When a HTTP/2 stream was reset (RST frame) by a client, there was a time window were the request's memory resources were not reclaimed immediately. Instead, de-allocation was deferred to connection close. A client could send new requests and resets, keeping the connection busy and open and causing the memory footprint to keep on growing. On connection close, all resources were reclaimed, but the process might run out of memory before that. This was found by the reporter during testing of CVE-2023-44487 (HTTP/2 Rapid Reset Exploit) with their own test client. During normal HTTP/2 use, the probability to hit this bug is very low. The kept memory would not become noticeable before the connection closes or times out. Users are recommended to upgrade to version 2.4.58, which fixes the issue. Acknowledgements: (CVE-2023-45802)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

Solution
Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.58 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4

EPSS Score

0.0012

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2023-43622 CVE CVE-2023-45802 XREF IAVA:2023-A-0572-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/10/19, Modified: 2024/04/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

193419 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.58 Out-of-Bounds Read (CVE-2023-31122)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2023-31122 XREF IAVA:2023-A-0572-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/17, Modified: 2024/04/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

192923 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.59 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.59. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.59 advisory. - Apache HTTP Server: HTTP Response Splitting in multiple modules: HTTP Response splitting in multiple modules in Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker that can inject malicious response headers into backend applications to cause an HTTP desynchronization attack. Users are recommended to upgrade to version 2.4.59, which fixes this issue. Acknowledgements: (CVE-2024-24795) - Apache HTTP Server: HTTP/2 DoS by memory exhaustion on endless continuation frames: HTTP/2 incoming headers exceeding the limit are temporarily buffered in nghttp2 in order to generate an informative HTTP 413 response. If a client does not stop sending headers, this leads to memory exhaustion. Acknowledgements: finder: Bartek Nowotarski (https://nowotarski.info/) (CVE-2024-27316) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.59 or later. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 4.4 **EPSS Score** 0.0013 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2023-38709
CVE CVE-2024-24795
CVE CVE-2024-27316
XREF IAVA:2024-A-0202-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/04, Modified: 2024/07/12

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

35450 - DNS Server Spoofed Request Amplification DDoS

Synopsis
The remote DNS server could be used in a distributed denial of service attack.
Description
The remote DNS server answers to any request. It is possible to query the name servers (NS) of the root zone ('.') and get an answer that is bigger than the original request. By spoofing the source IP address, a remote attacker can leverage this 'amplification' to launch a denial of service attack against a third-party host using the remote DNS server.
See Also
https://isc.sans.edu/diary/DNS+queries+for+/5713
Solution
Restrict access to your DNS server from public network or reconfigure it to reject such queries.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.0157
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
CVE CVE-2006-0987

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/22, Modified: 2023/10/27

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

96625 - ISC BIND 9 < 9.9.9-P5 / 9.9.9-S7 / 9.10.4-P5 / 9.11.0-P2 Multiple DoS

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the instance of ISC BIND 9 running on the remote name server is 9.9.x prior to 9.9.9-P5 or 9.9.9-S7, 9.10.x prior to 9.10.4-P5, or 9.11.x prior to 9.11.0-P2. It is, therefore, affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities:

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in named due to a flaw that is triggered during the handling of a specially crafted answer packet in a response to an RTYPE ANY query. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause an assertion failure and daemon exit. Note that this vulnerability affects versions 9.4.0 to 9.6-ESV-R11-W1, 9.8.5 to 9.8.8, 9.9.3 to 9.9.9-P4, 9.9.9-S1 to 9.9.9-S6, 9.10.0 to 9.10.4-P4, and 9.11.0 to 9.11.0-P1. (CVE-2016-9131)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in named in DNSSEC-enabled authoritative servers that is triggered during the handling of a query response that contains inconsistent DNSSEC information. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause an assertion failure and daemon exit. Note that this vulnerability affects versions 9.9.9-P4, 9.9.9-S6, 9.10.4-P4, and 9.11.0-P1. (CVE-2016-9147)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in named due to a flaw that is triggered during the handling of a specially crafted answer that contains a DS resource record. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause an assertion failure and daemon exit. Note that this vulnerability affects versions 9.6-ESV-R9 to 9.6-ESV-R11-W1, 9.8.5 to 9.8.8, 9.9.3 to 9.9.9-P4, 9.9.9-S1 to 9.9.9-S6, 9.10.0 to 9.10.4-P4, and 9.11.0 to 9.11.0-P1. (CVE-2016-9444)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in named in the nxdomain-redirect functionality that is triggered when handling a specially crafted query. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a REQUIRE assertion failure and daemon exit. Note that this vulnerability affects versions 9.9.8-S1 to 9.9.8-S1 to 9.9.9-S6, and 9.11.0-9.11.0 to P1.

(CVE-2016-9778)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01439

https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01440

https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01441

https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-01442

Solution

Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.9.9-P5 / 9.9.9-S7 / 9.10.4-P5 / 9.11.0-P2 or later.

Risk Factor

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CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

3.6

EPSS Score

0.873

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	95386
BID	95388
BID	95390
BID	95393
CVE	CVE-2016-9131
CVE	CVE-2016-9147
CVE	CVE-2016-9444
CVE	CVE-2016-9778

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/01/19, Modified: 2018/12/07

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

62562 - ISC BIND 9 DNS RDATA Handling DoS

References

55852

BID

Synopsis The remote name server may be affected by a denial of service vulnerability. Description According to its self-reported version number, the remote installation of BIND can become locked up if certain combinations of RDATA are loaded into the server. Note that Nessus has only relied on the version itself and has not attempted to determine whether or not the install is actually affected. See Also https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-00801 http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.6-ESV-R7-P4/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.7.6-P4/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.8.3-P4/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.9.1-P4/CHANGES Solution Upgrade to BIND 9.6-ESV-R7-P4 / 9.6-ESV-R8 / 9.7.6-P4 / 9.7.7 / 9.8.3-P4 / 9.8.4 / 9.9.1-P4 / 9.9.2 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR** Score 3.6 **EPSS Score** 0.0854 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

CVE CVE-2012-5166

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/10/16, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

60120 - ISC BIND 9 Multiple Denial of Service Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote name server may be affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities. Description According to its self-reported version number, the remote installation of BIND is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities: - Under a heavy query load, the application may use uninitialized data structures related to failed query cache access. This error can cause the application to crash. Note this issue only affects the application when DNSSEC validation is enabled. (CVE-2012-3817) - Under a heavy, incoming TCP query load, the application can be affected by a memory leak that can lead to decreased performance and application termination on systems that kill processes that are out of memory. (CVE-2012-3868) Note that Nessus has only relied on the version itself and has not attempted to determine whether or not the install is actually affected. See Also https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-00729 https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-00730 http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.6-ESV-R7-P2/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.7.6-P2/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.8.3-P2/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.9.1-P2/CHANGES Solution Upgrade to BIND 9.6-ESV-R7-P2 / 9.7.6-P2 / 9.8.3-P2 / 9.9.1-P2 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR Score** 3.6 **EPSS Score**

192.168.50.101

0.0658

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 54658 BID 54659

CVE CVE-2012-3817 CVE CVE-2012-3868

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/07/25, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

89999 - ISC BIND 9 Multiple DoS

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the instance of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities:

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in files resolver.c and db.c when handling DNAME resource signatures. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a crafted query that generates a response containing a signature record, to cause an assertion failure and daemon exit. (CVE-2016-1286)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in resolver.c when DNS cookies are enabled. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a malformed cookie with more than one cookie option, to cause an INSIST assertion failure and daemon exit. (CVE-2016-2088)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-01353

https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01362/

Solution

Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.9.8-P4 / 9.9.8-S6 / 9.10.3-P4 or later.

Note that version 9.9.8-S6 is a preview version of BIND provided exclusively to ISC Support customers. Additionally, the fix for CVE-2016-2088 is only available in version 9.10.3-P4.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

EPSS Score

0.8342

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-1286 CVE CVE-2016-2088

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/17, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

79861 - ISC BIND 9 Multiple DoS Vulnerabilities

EPSS Score

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

0.8349

Synopsis The remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities. Description According to its self-reported version number, the remote installation of BIND is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities: - A flaw exists within the Domain Name Service due to an error in the code used to follow delegations. A remote attacker, with a maliciously-constructed zone or query, could potentially cause the service to issue unlimited queries leading to resource exhaustion. (CVE-2014-8500) - Multiple flaws exist with the GeoIP feature. These flaws could allow a remote attacker to cause a denial of service. Note these issues only affect the 9.10.x branch. (CVE-2014-8680) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-01216 https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-01217 http://www.nessus.org/u?92718697 http://www.nessus.org/u?9f54d158 Solution Upgrade to BIND version 9.9.6-P1 / 9.10.1-P1 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR** Score 3.6

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 71590 BID 73191

CVE CVE-2014-8500 CVE CVE-2014-8680

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/12/12, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

94577 - ISC BIND 9 Recursive Response DNAME Record Handling DoS

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the instance of ISC BIND 9 running on the remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability due to improper handling of a recursive response containing a DNAME record in the answer section. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause an assertion failure and daemon exit.
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01434/
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.9.9-P4 / 9.9.9-S6 / 9.10.4-P4 / 9.11.0-P1 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.9507
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 94067

CVE CVE-2016-8864

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/11/04, Modified: 2018/12/07

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

59446 - ISC BIND 9 Zero-Length RDATA Section Denial of Service / Information Disclosure

Synopsis The remote name server may be affected by a denial of service / information disclosure vulnerability. Description According to its self-reported version number, the remote installation of BIND does not properly handle resource records with a zero-length RDATA section, which may lead to unexpected outcomes, such as crashes of the affected server, disclosure of portions of memory, corrupted zone data, or other problems. Note that Nessus has only relied on the version itself and has not attempted to determine whether or not the install is actually affected. See Also http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.6-ESV-R7-P1/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.7.6-P1/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.8.3-P1/CHANGES http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.9.1-P1/CHANGES https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-00698 https://www.isc.org/software/bind/advisories/cve-2012-1667 Solution Upgrade to BIND 9.6-ESV-R7-P1 / 9.7.6-P1 / 9.8.3-P1 / 9.9.1-P1 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR** Score 3.6 **EPSS Score** 0.9038 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 8.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 6.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 53772

CVE CVE-2012-1667 XREF CERT:381699

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/06/11, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

190444 - ISC BIND 9.0.0 < 9.16.48 / 9.9.3-S1 < 9.16.48-S1 / 9.18.0 < 9.18.24 / 9.18.11-S1 < 9.18.24-S1 / 9.19.0 < 9.19.21 Vulnerability (cve-2023-50387)

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a vulnerability vulnerability.
Description
The version of ISC BIND installed on the remote host is prior to tested version. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the cve-2023-50387 advisory.
- Certain DNSSEC aspects of the DNS protocol (in RFC 4033, 4034, 4035, 6840, and related RFCs) allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption) via one or more DNSSEC responses, aka the KeyTrap issue. One of the concerns is that, when there is a zone with many DNSKEY and RRSIG records, the protocol specification implies that an algorithm must evaluate all combinations of DNSKEY and RRSIG records. (CVE-2023-50387)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/v1/docs/cve-2023-50387
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.16.48 / 9.16.48-S1 / 9.18.24 / 9.18.24-S1 / 9.19.21 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.1
EPSS Score
0.05

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2023-50387 XREF IAVA:2024-A-0103-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/02/13, Modified: 2024/07/26

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

190462 - ISC BIND 9.0.0 < 9.16.48 / 9.9.3-S1 < 9.16.48-S1 / 9.18.0 < 9.18.24 / 9.18.11-S1 < 9.18.24-S1 / 9.19.0 < 9.19.21 Vulnerability (cve-2023-50868)

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a vulnerability vulnerability.
Description
The version of ISC BIND installed on the remote host is prior to tested version. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the cve-2023-50868 advisory.
- The Closest Encloser Proof aspect of the DNS protocol (in RFC 5155 when RFC 9276 guidance is skipped) allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption for SHA-1 computations) via DNSSEC responses in a random subdomain attack, aka the NSEC3 issue. The RFC 5155 specification implies that an algorithm must perform thousands of iterations of a hash function in certain situations. (CVE-2023-50868)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/v1/docs/cve-2023-50868
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.16.48 / 9.16.48-S1 / 9.18.24 / 9.18.24-S1 / 9.19.21 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
EPSS Score
0.0005

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2023-50868 XREF IAVA:2024-A-0103-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/02/13, Modified: 2024/07/26

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

85896 - ISC BIND 9.0.x < 9.9.7-P3 / 9.10.x < 9.10.2-P4 Multiple DoS

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities. Description According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A denial of service vulnerability exists due to an assertion flaw that is triggered when parsing malformed DNSSEC keys. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted query to a zone containing such a key, to cause a validating resolver to exit. (CVE-2015-5722) - A denial of service vulnerability exists in the fromwire_openpgpkey() function in openpgpkey_61.c that is triggered when the length of data is less than 1. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted response to a query, to cause an assertion failure that terminates named. (CVE-2015-5986) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01287 https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01291 Solution Upgrade to BIND version 9.9.7-P3 / 9.10.2-P4 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR Score** 3.7 **EPSS Score** 0.9636 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-5722 CVE CVE-2015-5986

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/09/11, Modified: 2018/06/27

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

181670 - ISC BIND 9.2.0 < 9.16.44 / 9.9.3-S1 < 9.16.44-S1 / 9.18.0 < 9.18.19 / 9.18.0-S1 < 9.18.19-S1 / 9.19.0 < 9.19.17 Vulnerability (cve-2023-3341)

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by a vulnerability vulnerability.
Description
The version of ISC BIND installed on the remote host is prior to tested version. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the cve-2023-3341 advisory.
- The code that processes control channel messages sent to named calls certain functions recursively during packet parsing. Recursion depth is only limited by the maximum accepted packet size; depending on the environment, this may cause the packet-parsing code to run out of available stack memory, causing named to terminate unexpectedly. Since each incoming control channel message is fully parsed before its contents are authenticated, exploiting this flaw does not require the attacker to hold a valid RNDC key;
only network access to the control channel's configured TCP port is necessary. By sending a specially crafted message over the control channel, an attacker can cause the packet-parsing code to run out of available stack memory, causing named to terminate unexpectedly. However, the attack only works in environments where the stack size available to each process/thread is small enough; the exact threshold depends on multiple factors and is therefore impossible to specify universally. (CVE-2023-3341)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/v1/docs/cve-2023-3341
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.16.44 / 9.16.44-S1 / 9.18.19 / 9.18.19-S1 / 9.19.17 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4

EPSS Score

0.0025

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

ı

References

CVE CVE-2023-3341 XREF IAVA:2023-A-0500-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/09/20, Modified: 2024/02/16

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

88385 - ISC BIND 9.3.0 < 9.9.8-P3 / 9.9.x-Sx < 9.9.8-S4 / 9.10.x < 9.10.3-P3 Multiple DoS

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities:

- A denial of service vulnerability exists due to improper handling of certain string formatting options. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a malformed Address Prefix List (APL) record, to cause an INSIST assertion failure and daemon exit.

(CVE-2015-8704)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists due to a failure to properly convert OPT records and ECS options to formatted text. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a REQUIRE assertion failure and daemon exit.

Note that this issue only affects BIND 9.10.x. $\,$

(CVE-2015-8705)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01335

https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01336

Solution

Upgrade to BIND version 9.9.8-P3 / 9.9.8-S4 / 9.10.3-P3 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.7

EPSS Score

0.958

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-8704
CVE CVE-2015-8705

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/01/26, Modified: 2019/11/19

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

85241 - ISC BIND 9.7.x < 9.9.7-P2 / 9.10.x < 9.10.2-P3 TKEY Query Handling Remote DoS

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND on the remote name server is potentially affected by a denial of service vulnerability due to a REQUIRE assertion flaw that occurs while handling TKEY queries. A remote attacker can exploit this by using a specially crafted TKEY query to crash the daemon.
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01272
https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01279
https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01280
Solution
Upgrade to BIND version 9.9.7-P2 / 9.10.2-P3 or later, or apply the patch referenced in the advisory.
Risk Factor
High
VPR Score
8.1
EPSS Score
0.9721
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
6.4 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

XREF EDB-ID:37721

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/05, Modified: 2018/06/27

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

CVE

CVE-2015-5477

190463 - ISC BIND 9.9.3-S1 < 9.16.48-S1 / 9.0.0 < 9.16.48 / 9.16.8-S1 < 9.16.48-S1 / 9.18.0 < 9.18.24 / 9.18.11-S1 < 9.18.24-S1 / 9.19.0 < 9.19.21 Vulnerability (cve-2023-4408)

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by a vulnerability vulnerability.
Description
The version of ISC BIND installed on the remote host is prior to tested version. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the cve-2023-4408 advisory.
- The DNS message parsing code in `named` includes a section whose computational complexity is overly high.
It does not cause problems for typical DNS traffic, but crafted queries and responses may cause excessive CPU load on the affected `named` instance by exploiting this flaw. This issue affects both authoritative servers and recursive resolvers. This issue affects BIND 9 versions 9.0.0 through 9.16.45, 9.18.0 through 9.18.21, 9.19.0 through 9.19.19, 9.9.3-S1 through 9.11.37-S1, 9.16.8-S1 through 9.16.45-S1, and 9.18.11-S1 through 9.18.21-S1. (CVE-2023-4408)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/v1/docs/cve-2023-4408
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.16.48 / 9.16.48-S1 / 9.18.24 / 9.18.24-S1 / 9.19.21 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
EPSS Score
0.0009
400 400 50 404

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2023-4408 XREF IAVA:2024-A-0103-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/02/13, Modified: 2024/07/26

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

87502 - ISC BIND 9.x < 9.9.8-P2 / 9.10.x < 9.10.3-P2 Response Parsing Class Attribute Handling DoS

Synopsis The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability. Description According to its self-reported version number, the remote installation of BIND is affected by a denial of service vulnerability due to improper parsing of incorrect class attributes in db.c. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a malformed class attribute, to trigger a REQUIRE assertion failure, resulting in a denial of service condition. Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-01317 http://www.nessus.org/u?06404c1c Solution Upgrade to BIND version 9.9.8-P2 / 9.9.8-S3 / 9.10.3-P2 or later. Note that 9.9.8-S3 is a preview version of BIND provided exclusively to ISC Support customers. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 3.6 **FPSS Score** 0.9554

192.168.50.101

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 79349

CVE CVE-2015-8000

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/12/18, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

94611 - ISC BIND 9.x < 9.9.9-P3 Options Sections DoS

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the instance of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is 9.x prior to 9.9.9-P3. It is, therefore, affected by a denial of service vulnerability when handling malformed options sections. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted OPT resource record, to cause an assertion failure, resulting in a daemon exit.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01433
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.9.9-P3 / 9.10.4-P3 / 9.11.0 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.2423
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 93814

CVE CVE-2016-2848

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/11/08, Modified: 2018/12/07

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

100996 - ISC BIND 9.x.x < 9.9.10-P1 / 9.10.x < 9.10.5-P1 / 9.11.x < 9.11.1-P1 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the instance of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is 9.x.x prior to 9.9.10-P1, 9.10.x prior to 9.10.5-P1, or 9.11.x prior to 9.11.1-P1. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities:
- A denial of service vulnerability exists when processing Response Policy Zone (RPZ) rule types. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted query, to cause an infinite loop condition that degrades the server's functionality.
(CVE-2017-3140)
- A privilege escalation vulnerability exists in the BIND installer for Windows due to using an unquoted service path. A local attacker can exploit this to gain elevated privileges provided that the host file system permissions allow this. Note that non-Windows builds and installations are not affected. (CVE-2017-3141)
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-01495
https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-01496
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.9.10-P1 / 9.9.10-S2 / 9.10.5-P1 / 9.10.5-S2 / 9.11.1-P1 or later. Note that BIND 9 versions 9.9.10-S2 and 9.10.5-S2 are available exclusively for eligible ISC Support customers.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
EPSS Score

0.1164

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 99088 BID 99089

CVE CVE-2017-3140
CVE CVE-2017-3141
XREF EDB-ID:42121

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/22, Modified: 2019/11/13

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

62119 - ISC BIND Assertion Error Resource Record RDATA Query Parsing Remote DoS

Synopsis
The remote name server may be affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the remote installation of BIND will exit with an assertion failure if a resource record with RDATA in excess of 65535 bytes is loaded and then subsequently queried. Note that Nessus has only relied on the version itself and has not attempted to determine whether or not the install is actually affected.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-00778/74
http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.6-ESV-R7-P3/CHANGES
http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.7.6-P3/CHANGES
http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.8.3-P3/CHANGES
http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.9.1-P3/CHANGES
Solution
Upgrade to BIND 9.6-ESV-R7-P3 / 9.6-ESV-R8 / 9.7.6-P3 / 9.7.7 / 9.8.3-P3 / 9.8.4 / 9.9.1-P3 / 9.9.2 or later.
Risk Factor
High
VPR Score
5.9
EPSS Score
0.2916
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 55522

CVE CVE-2012-4244

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/09/17, Modified: 2018/09/17

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

149211 - ISC BIND DNAME Recursion DoS (CVE-2021-25215)

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version, the ISC Bind present on the remote host is affected by a denial of service vulnerability:
- DNAME records, described in RFC 6672, provide a way to redirect a subtree of the domain name tree in the DNS. A flaw in the way named processes these records may trigger an attempt to add the same RRset to the ANSWER section more than once. When a vulnerable version of named receives a query for a record triggering the flaw, the named process will terminate due to a failed assertion check.
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/v1/docs/CVE-2021-25215
Solution
Upgrade to the patched release most closely related to your current version of BIND.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.0674
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2021-25215 XREF IAVA:2021-A-0206-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/04/30, Modified: 2021/11/09

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

136769 - ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS vulnerabilities.
Description
According to its self-reported version, the instance of ISC BIND 9 running on the remote name server is affected by performance downgrade and Reflected DoS vulnerabilities. This is due to BIND DNS not sufficiently limiting the number fetches which may be performed while processing a referral response.
An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause degrade the service of the recursive server or to use the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8616
Solution
Upgrade to the ISC BIND version referenced in the vendor advisory.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
8.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.2
EPSS Score
0.0164
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2020-8616 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2024/03/12

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

42256 - NFS Shares World Readable

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

Synopsis The remote NFS server exports world-readable shares. Description The remote NFS server is exporting one or more shares without restricting access (based on hostname, IP, or IP range). See Also http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html Solution Place the appropriate restrictions on all NFS shares. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) Plugin Information Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2024/02/21 Plugin Output

44081 - OpenSSH < 5.7 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote SSH service may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is earlier than 5.7. Versions before 5.7 may be affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A security bypass vulnerability because OpenSSH does not properly validate the public parameters in the J-PAKE protocol. This could allow an attacker to authenticate without the shared secret. Note that this issue is only exploitable when OpenSSH is built with I-PAKE support, which is currently experimental and disabled by default, and that Nessus has not checked whether J-PAKE support is indeed enabled. (CVE-2010-4478) - The auth_parse_options function in auth-options.c in sshd provides debug messages containing authorized_keys command options, which allows remote, authenticated users to obtain potentially sensitive information by reading these messages. (CVE-2012-0814) See Also http://seb.dbzteam.org/crypto/jpake-session-key-retrieval.pdf http://cvsweb.openbsd.org/cgi-bin/cvsweb/src/usr.bin/ssh/Attic/jpake.c#rev1.5 http://www.nessus.org/u?2ac4f8d9 Solution Upgrade to OpenSSH 5.7 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR Score** 6.3 **EPSS Score** 0.0156 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 45304 BID 51702

CVE CVE-2010-4478 CVE CVE-2012-0814

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

73079 - OpenSSH < 6.6 Multiple Vulnerabilities

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

Synopsis The SSH server on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 6.6. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A flaw exists due to a failure to initialize certain data structures when makefile.inc is modified to enable the J-PAKE protocol. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to corrupt memory, resulting in a denial of service condition and potentially the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2014-1692) - An error exists related to the 'AcceptEnv' configuration setting in sshd_config due to improper processing of wildcard characters. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted request, to bypass intended environment restrictions. (CVE-2014-2532) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-6.6 https://lists.gt.net/openssh/dev/57663#57663 Solution Upgrade to OpenSSH version 6.6 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR Score** 5.3 **EPSS Score** 0.0427 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 65230 BID 66355

CVE CVE-2014-1692 CVE CVE-2014-2532

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/03/18, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

84638 - OpenSSH < 6.9 Multiple Vulnerabilities

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

Synopsis The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 6.9. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A flaw exists within the x11 open helper() function in the 'channels.c' file that allows connections to be permitted after 'ForwardX11Timeout' has expired. A remote attacker can exploit this to bypass timeout checks and XSECURITY restrictions. (CVE-2015-5352) - Various issues were addressed by fixing the weakness in agent locking by increasing the failure delay, storing the salted hash of the password, and using a timing-safe comparison function. - An out-of-bounds read error exists when handling incorrect pattern lengths. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service or disclose sensitive information in the memory. - An out-of-bounds read error exists when parsing the 'EscapeChar' configuration option. See Also http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-6.9 http://www.nessus.org/u?725c4682 Solution Upgrade to OpenSSH 6.9 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR** Score 3.4 **FPSS Score** 0.0087 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 8.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:C)

6.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 75525

CVE CVE-2015-5352

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/07/09, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

93194 - OpenSSH < 7.3 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.3. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A local privilege escalation when the UseLogin feature is enabled and PAM is configured to read .pam_environment files from home directories. (CVE-2015-8325)
- A flaw exists that is due to the program returning shorter response times for authentication requests with overly long passwords for invalid users than for valid users. This may allow a remote attacker to conduct a timing attack and enumerate valid usernames.

(CVE-2016-6210)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in the auth_password() function in auth-passwd.c due to a failure to limit password lengths for password authentication. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a long string, to consume excessive CPU resources, resulting in a denial of service condition. (CVE-2016-6515)
- An unspecified flaw exists in the CBC padding oracle countermeasures that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to conduct a timing attack.
- A flaw exists due to improper operation ordering of MAC verification for Encrypt-then-MAC (EtM) mode transport MAC algorithms when verifying the MAC before decrypting any ciphertext. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a timing attack, to disclose sensitive information.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.3

https://marc.info/?l=openbsd-announce&m=147005433429403

Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.3 or later.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

EPSS Score

0.1067

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 86187 BID 92212

CVE CVE-2015-8325
CVE CVE-2016-6515
CVE CVE-2016-6210

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/08/29, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

96151 - OpenSSH < 7.4 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.4. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities:

- A flaw exists in ssh-agent due to loading PKCS#11 modules from paths that are outside a trusted whitelist.

A local attacker can exploit this, by using a crafted request to load hostile modules via agent forwarding, to execute arbitrary code. To exploit this vulnerability, the attacker would need to control the forwarded agent-socket (on the host running the sshd server) and the ability to write to the file system of the host running ssh-agent. (CVE-2016-10009)

- A flaw exists in sshd due to creating forwarded Unix-domain sockets with 'root' privileges whenever privilege separation is disabled. A local attacker can exploit this to gain elevated privileges.
- (CVE-2016-10010)
- An information disclosure vulnerability exists in sshd within the realloc() function due leakage of key material to privilege-separated child processes when reading keys. A local attacker can possibly exploit this to disclose sensitive key material. Note that no such leak has been observed in practice for normal-sized keys, nor does a leak to the child processes directly expose key material to unprivileged users.

(CVE-2016-10011)

- A flaw exists in sshd within the shared memory manager used by pre-authenticating compression support due to a bounds check being elided by some optimizing compilers and due to the memory manager being incorrectly accessible when pre-authenticating compression is disabled. A local attacker can exploit this to gain elevated privileges. (CVE-2016-10012)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in sshd when handling KEXINIT messages. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, by sending multiple KEXINIT messages, to consume up to 128MB per connection.
- A flaw exists in sshd due to improper validation of address ranges by the AllowUser and DenyUsers directives at configuration load time. A local attacker can exploit this, via an invalid CIDR address range, to gain access to restricted areas.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.4

Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.4 or later.

Risk Factor		
High		
CVSS v3.0 E	Base Score	
7.3 (CVSS:3.	0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)	
CVSS v3.0 T	emporal Score	
6.6 (CVSS:3.	0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)	
VPR Score		
6.7		
EPSS Score		
0.1053		
CVSS v2.0 E	Base Score	
7.5 (CVSS2#	AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)	
CVSS v2.0 T	emporal Score	
	E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)	
References		
BID	94968	
BID	94972	
BID	94975	
BID	94977	
CVE	CVE-2016-10009	
CVE	CVE-2016-10010	
CVE	CVE-2016-10011	
CVE	CVE-2016-10012	
CVE		
XREF	EDB-ID:40962	
Plugin Infor	rmation	
Published: 2	2016/12/27, Modified: 2024/03/27	
Plugin Outp	put	
tcp/22/ssh		

35043 - PHP 5 < 5.2.7 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is prior to 5.2.7. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- There is a buffer overflow flaw in the bundled PCRE library that allows a denial of service attack. (CVE-2008-2371)
- Multiple directory traversal vulnerabilities exist in functions such as 'posix_access', 'chdir', and 'ftok' that allow a remote attacker to bypass 'safe_mode' restrictions. (CVE-2008-2665 and CVE-2008-2666).
- A buffer overflow flaw in 'php_imap.c' may be triggered when processing long message headers due to the use of obsolete API calls. This can be exploited to cause a denial of service or to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2008-2829)
- A buffer overflow in the 'imageloadfont' function in 'ext/gd/gd.c' can be triggered when a specially crafted font is given. This can be exploited to cause a denial of service or to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2008-3658)
- A buffer overflow flaw exists in PHP's internal function 'memnstr' which can be exploited by an attacker using the delimiter argument to the 'explode' function. This can be used to cause a denial of service or to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2008-3659)
- When PHP is used as a FastCGI module, an attacker by requesting a file whose file name extension is preceded by multiple dots can cause a denial of service.

(CVE-2008-3660)

- A heap-based buffer overflow flaw in the mbstring extension can be triggered via a specially crafted string containing an HTML entity that is not handled during Unicode conversion. This can be exploited to execute arbitrary code.(CVE-2008-5557)
- Improper initialization of global variables 'page_uid' and 'page_gid' when PHP is used as an Apache module allows the bypassing of security restriction due to SAPI 'php_getuid' function overloading. (CVE-2008-5624)
- PHP does not enforce the correct restrictions when 'safe_mode' is enabled through a 'php_admin_flag' setting in 'httpd.conf'. This allows an attacker, by placing a specially crafted 'php_value' entry in '.htaccess', to able to write to arbitrary files.

(CVE-2008-5625)

- The 'ZipArchive::extractTo' function in the ZipArchive extension fails to filter directory traversal sequences from file names. An attacker can exploit this to write to arbitrary files. (CVE-2008-5658)
- Under limited circumstances, an attacker can cause a file truncation to occur when calling the 'dba replace'

function with an invalid argument. (CVE-2008-7068)

- A buffer overflow error exists in the function 'date_from_ISO8601' function within file 'xmlrpc.c' because user-supplied input is improperly validated.

This can be exploited by a remote attacker to cause a denial of service or to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2014-8626)

See Also

http://cxsecurity.com/issue/WLB-2008110041

http://cxsecurity.com/issue/WLB-2008110058

http://cxsecurity.com/issue/WLB-2008120011

https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2008/Jun/237

https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2008/Jun/238

https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2008/08/08/2

https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2008/08/13/8

https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2008/Nov/674

https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2008/Dec/90

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=42862

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=45151

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=45722

http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_7.php

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.7

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.8 or later.

Note that version 5.2.7 has been removed from distribution because of a regression in that version that results in the 'magic_quotes_gpc'

setting remaining off even if it was set to on.

Risk Factor	
High	
VPR Score	
6.7	
EPSS Score	
0.0833	

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

References	
BID	29796
BID	29797
BID	29829
BID	30087
BID	30649
BID	31612
BID	32383
BID	32625
BID	32688
BID	32948
BID	70928
CVE	CVE-2008-2371
CVE	CVE-2008-2665
CVE	CVE-2008-2666
CVE	CVE-2008-2829
CVE	CVE-2008-3658
CVE	CVE-2008-3659
CVE	CVE-2008-3660
CVE	CVE-2008-5557
CVE	CVE-2008-5624
CVE	CVE-2008-5625
CVE	CVE-2008-5658
CVE	CVE-2008-7068
CVE	CVE-2014-8626
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:22
XREF	CWE:119
XREF	CWE:264

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/12/05, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

48244 - PHP 5.2 < 5.2.14 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.2 installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.14. Such versions may be affected by several security issues :

- An error exists when processing invalid XML-RPC requests that can lead to a NULL pointer dereference. (bug #51288) (CVE-2010-0397)
- An error exists in the function 'fnmatch' that can lead to stack exhaustion.
- An error exists in the sqlite extension that could allow arbitrary memory access.
- A memory corruption error exists in the function 'substr_replace'.
- The following functions are not properly protected against function interruptions :

addcslashes, chunk_split, html_entity_decode, iconv_mime_decode, iconv_substr, iconv_mime_encode, htmlentities, htmlspecialchars, str_getcsv, http_build_query, strpbrk, strstr, str_pad, str_word_count, wordwrap, strtok, setcookie, strip_tags, trim, ltrim, rtrim, parse_str, pack, unpack, uasort, preg_match, strrchr, strchr, strchr, str_repeat (CVE-2010-1860, CVE-2010-1862, CVE-2010-1864, CVE-2010-2097, CVE-2010-2100, CVE-2010-2101, CVE-2010-2190, CVE-2010-2191, CVE-2010-2484)

- The following opcodes are not properly protected against function interruptions :

ZEND_CONCAT, ZEND_ASSIGN_CONCAT, ZEND_FETCH_RW (CVE-2010-2191)

- The default session serializer contains an error that can be exploited when assigning session variables having user defined names. Arbitrary serialized values can be injected into sessions by including the PS_UNDEF_MARKER, '!', character in variable names.
- A use-after-free error exists in the function 'spl_object_storage_attach'. (CVE-2010-2225)
- An information disclosure vulnerability exists in the function 'var_export' when handling certain error conditions. (CVE-2010-2531)

See Also

http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_14.php

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.14

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.14 or later.

Risk Factor

High

5.7		
PSS Scor	2	
).0352		
CVSS v2.0	Base Score	
'.5 (CVSS2	#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)	
CVSS v2.0	Temporal Score	
5.9 (CVSS2	#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)	
Reference	5	
BID	38708	
BID	40948	
BID	41991	
CVE	CVE-2007-1581	
CVE	CVE-2010-0397	
CVE	CVE-2010-1860	
CVE	CVE-2010-1862	
CVE	CVE-2010-1864	
CVE	CVE-2010-2097	
CVE	CVE-2010-2100	
CVE	CVE-2010-2101	
CVE	CVE-2010-2190	
CVE	CVE-2010-2191	
CVE	CVE-2010-2225	
CVE	CVE-2010-2484	
CVE	CVE-2010-2531	
CVE	CVE-2010-3065	
(REF	SECUNIA:39675	
(REF	SECUNIA:40268	

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/08/04, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

41014 - PHP < 5.2.11 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.11. Such versions may be affected by several security issues :

- An unspecified error occurs in certificate validation inside 'php_openssl_apply_verification_policy'.
- An unspecified input validation vulnerability affects the color index in 'imagecolortransparent()'.
- An unspecified input validation vulnerability affects exif processing.
- Calling 'popen()' with an invalid mode can cause a crash under Windows. (Bug #44683)
- An integer overflow in 'xml_utf8_decode()' can make it easier to bypass cross-site scripting and SQL injection protection mechanisms using a specially crafted string with a long UTF-8 encoding. (Bug #49687)
- 'proc_open()' can bypass 'safe_mode_protected_env_vars'.(Bug #49026)

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.11

http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_11.php

http://news.php.net/php.internals/45597

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.11

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.11 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.0218

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	36449
BID	44889
CVE	CVE-2009-3291
CVE	CVE-2009-3292
CVE	CVE-2009-3293
CVE	CVE-2009-3294
CVE	CVE-2009-4018
CVE	CVE-2009-5016
XREF	SECUNIA:36791
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:134
XREF	CWE:264

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/09/18, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

32123 - PHP < 5.2.6 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.6. Such versions may be affected by the following issues :

- A stack-based buffer overflow in FastCGI SAPI.
- An integer overflow in printf().
- An security issue arising from improper calculation of the length of PATH_TRANSLATED in cgi_main.c.
- A safe_mode bypass in cURL.
- Incomplete handling of multibyte chars inside escapeshellcmd().
- Issues in the bundled PCRE fixed by version 7.6.

See Also

https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2008/Mar/285

https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2008/May/102

https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2008/May/106

http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_6.php

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.6 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

7.4

EPSS Score

0.1249

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	27413
BID	28392
BID	29009
CVE	CVE-2007-4850
CVE	CVE-2007-6039
CVE	CVE-2008-0599
CVE	CVE-2008-1384
CVE	CVE-2008-2050
CVE	CVE-2008-2051
XREF	SECUNIA:30048
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:119
XREF	CWE:264

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/02, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

35067 - PHP < 5.2.8 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis
The remote web server uses a version of PHP that may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities.
Description
According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is earlier than 5.2.8. As such, it is potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities :
- PHP fails to properly sanitize error messages of arbitrary HTML or script code, would code allow for cross-site scripting attacks if PHP's 'display_errors' setting is enabled. (CVE-2008-5814)
- Version 5.2.7 introduced a regression with regard to 'magic_quotes' functionality due to an incorrect fix to the filter extension. As a result, the 'magic_quotes_gpc' setting remains off even if it is set to on. (CVE-2008-5844)
See Also
https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=42718
http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_8.php
Solution
Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.8 or later.
Risk Factor
High
VPR Score
6.3
EPSS Score
0.0037
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 32673

CVE CVE-2008-5814 CVE CVE-2008-5844

XREF CWE:16 XREF CWE:79

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/12/09, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

58988 - PHP < 5.3.12 / 5.4.2 CGI Query String Code Execution

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is earlier than 5.3.12 / 5.4.2, and as such is potentially affected by a remote code execution and information disclosure vulnerability.

An error in the file 'sapi/cgi/cgi_main.c' can allow a remote attacker to obtain PHP source code from the web server or to potentially execute arbitrary code. In vulnerable configurations, PHP treats certain query string parameters as command line arguments including switches such as '-s', '-d', and '-c'.

Note that this vulnerability is exploitable only when PHP is used in CGI-based configurations. Apache with 'mod_php' is not an exploitable configuration.

See Also

http://eindbazen.net/2012/05/php-cgi-advisory-cve-2012-1823/

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=61910

http://www.php.net/archive/2012.php#id2012-05-03-1

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.3.12

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.2

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.3.12 / 5.4.2 or later. A 'mod_rewrite' workaround is available as well.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

9.0

EPSS Score

0.9514

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 53388

CVE CVE-2012-1823 XREF CERT:520827

XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/04/15

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/05/04, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

57537 - PHP < 5.3.9 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is older than 5.3.9. As such, it may be affected by the following security issues :

- The 'is a()' function in PHP 5.3.7 and 5.3.8 triggers a call to 'autoload()'. (CVE-2011-3379)
- It is possible to create a denial of service condition by sending multiple, specially crafted requests containing parameter values that cause hash collisions when computing the hash values for storage in a hash table. (CVE-2011-4885)
- An integer overflow exists in the exif_process_IFD_TAG function in exif.c that can allow a remote attacker to read arbitrary memory locations or cause a denial of service condition. This vulnerability only affects PHP 5.4.0beta2 on 32-bit platforms. (CVE-2011-4566)
- Calls to libxslt are not restricted via xsltSetSecurityPrefs(), which could allow an attacker to create or overwrite files, resulting in arbitrary code execution. (CVE-2012-0057)
- An error exists in the function 'tidy_diagnose' that can allow an attacker to cause the application to dereference a NULL pointer. This causes the application to crash. (CVE-2012-0781)
- The 'PDORow' implementation contains an error that can cause application crashes when interacting with the session feature. (CVE-2012-0788)
- An error exists in the timezone handling such that repeated calls to the function 'strtotime' can allow a denial of service attack via memory consumption.

(CVE-2012-0789)

See Also

https://www.tenable.com/security/research/tra-2012-01

http://xhe.myxwiki.org/xwiki/bin/view/XSLT/Application_PHP5

http://www.php.net/archive/2012.php#id2012-01-11-1

https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2012/Jan/91

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=55475

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=55776

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=53502

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.3.9

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.3.9 or later.

Risk Factor	
High	
VPR Score	
VPR Score	
6.3	
EPSS Score	
0.8817	
CVSS v2.0 E	Rase Score
7.5 (CVSS2#	[‡] AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 T	emporal Score
6.5 (CVSS2#	E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)
References	
BID	49754
BID	50907
BID	51193
BID	51806
BID	51952
BID	51992
BID	52043
CVE	CVE-2011-3379
CVE	CVE-2011-4566
CVE	CVE-2011-4885
CVE	CVE-2012-0057
CVE	CVE-2012-0781
CVE	CVE-2012-0788
CVE	CVE-2012-0789
XREF	TRA:TRA-2012-01
Exploitable	With
Core Impact (true)	
Plugin Information	
. 146111 111101	

192.168.50.101

Published: 2012/01/13, Modified: 2024/11/22

Ρl	ugin	Outp	ut

tcp/80/www

142591 - PHP < 7.3.24 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis
The version of PHP running on the remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the version of PHP running on the remote web server is prior to 7.3.24. It is, therefore affected by multiple vulnerabilities
See Also
https://www.php.net/ChangeLog-7.php#7.3.24
Solution
Upgrade to PHP version 7.3.24 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
STIG Severity
References
XREF IAVA:2020-A-0510-S
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/11/06, Modified: 2024/11/22
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www

63349 - PostgreSQL 7.4 < 7.4.29 / 8.0 < 8.0.25 / 8.1 < 8.1.21 / 8.2 < 8.2.17 / 8.3 < 8.3.11 / 8.4 < 8.4.4 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote database server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

The version of PostgreSQL installed on the remote host is 7.4 prior to 7.4.29, 8.0 prior to 8.0.25, 8.1 prior to 8.1.21, 8.2 prior to 8.2.17, 8.3 prior to 8.3.11 or 8.4 prior to 8.4.4. As such, it is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A vulnerability in Safe.pm and PL/Perl can allow an authenticated user to run arbitrary Perl code on the database server if PL/Perl is installed and enabled.

(CVE-2010-1169)

- Insecure permissions on the pltcl_modules table could allow an authenticated user to run arbitrary Tcl code on the database server if PL/Tcl is installed and enabled. (CVE-2010-1170)
- An unprivileged database user can remove superuser-only settings that were applied to the user's account with ALTER USER by a superuser thus bypassing settings that should be enforced. (CVE-2010-1975)

See Also

https://www.postgresql.org/about/news/1203/

https://www.postgresgl.org/docs/7.4/release-7-4-29.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.0/release-8-0-25.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.1/release-8-1-21.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.2/release-8-2-17.html

http://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/static/release-8-3-11.html

http://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.4/static/release-8-4-4.html

Solution

Upgrade to PostgreSQL 7.4.29 / 8.0.25 / 8.1.21 / 8.2.17 / 8.3.11 / 8.4.4 or later.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

EPSS Score

0.0058

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

8.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:S/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 40215 BID 40304

CVE CVE-2010-1169
CVE CVE-2010-1170
CVE CVE-2010-1975

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/12/28, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

63355 - PostgreSQL 8.3 < 8.3.18 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote database server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description The version of PostgreSQL installed on the remote host is 8.3.x prior to 8.3.18, and is, therefore, potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities: - Permissions on a function called by a trigger are not properly checked. (CVE-2012-0866) - Line breaks in object names can be exploited to execute arbitrary SQL commands when reloading a pg_dump file. (CVE-2012-0868) See Also http://www.postgresql.org/about/news/1377/ https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/release-8-3-18.html Solution Upgrade to PostgreSQL 8.3.18 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 5.9 **EPSS Score** 0.0094 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 52188

CVE CVE-2012-0866 CVE CVE-2012-0868

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/12/28, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

63353 - PostgreSQL 8.3 < 8.3.19 / 8.4 < 8.4.12 / 9.0 < 9.0.8 / 9.1 < 9.1.4 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote database server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description The version of PostgreSQL installed on the remote host is 8.3.x prior to 8.3.19, 8.4.x prior to 8.4.12, 9.0.x prior to 9.0.8, or 9.1.x prior to 9.1.4. As such, it is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities: - Passwords containing the byte 0x80 passed to the crypt() function in pgcrypto are incorrectly truncated if DES encryption was used. (CVE-2012-2143) - SECURITY_DEFINER and SET attributes on procedural call handlers are not ignored and can be used to crash the server. (CVE-2012-2655) See Also https://www.postgresql.org/about/news/1398/ https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/release-8-3-19.html https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.4/release-8-4-12.html https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.0/release-9-0-8.html https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.1/release-9-1-4.html Solution Upgrade to PostgreSQL 8.3.19 / 8.4.12 / 9.0.8 / 9.1.4 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 8.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 6.5

192.168.50.101

EPSS Score

0.012

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 53729 BID 53812

CVE CVE-2012-2143
CVE CVE-2012-2655

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/12/28, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

106750 - ProFTPD 1.3.1 SQL injection protection bypass

Synopsis
The remote FTP server is affected by a mitigation bypass.
Description
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux.
According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is 1.3.1x and may be affected by SQL injection protection bypass when NLS support is enabled.
See Also
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3173
Solution
Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.2 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.2
EPSS Score
0.0034
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.6 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 33650

CVE CVE-2009-0543

XREF CWE:89

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/12, Modified: 2019/11/08

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

56956 - ProFTPD < 1.3.3g / 1.3.4 Response Pool Use-After-Free Code Execution

Synopsis

The remote FTP server is affected by a code execution vulnerability.
Description
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux.
According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is earlier than 1.3.3g or 1.3.4. As such, it is potentially affected by a code execution vulnerability due to how the server manages the response pool that is used to send responses from the server to the client. A remote, authenticated attacker could leverage this issue to execute arbitrary code on the remote host, subject to the privileges of the user running the affected application.
Note that Nessus did not actually test for the flaw but instead has relied on the version in ProFTPD's banner.
See Also
https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-11-328/
https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2011/Nov/174
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3711
http://www.nessus.org/u?c4b46de4
http://www.nessus.org/u?3c33326d
Solution
Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.3g / 1.3.4 or later.
Risk Factor
High
VPR Score
6.7
EPSS Score
0.0194
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
9.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
102 169 F0 101

6.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 50631

CVE CVE-2011-4130

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/11/28, Modified: 2020/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

106755 - ProFTPD < 1.3.5b / 1.3.6x < 1.3.6rc2 weak Diffie-Hellman key

Synopsis
The remote FTP server is affected by a Denial of Service vulnerability.
Description
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux.
According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is prior to 1.3.5b or 1.3.6x prior to 1.3.6rc2 and is affected by an issue in the mod_tls module, which might cause a weaker than intended Diffie-Hellman key to be used.
See Also
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=4230
Solution
Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.5b / 1.3.6rc2 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.0057
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 84327

CVE CVE-2016-3125

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/12, Modified: 2019/11/08

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

47036 - Samba 3.x < 3.3.13 SMB1 Packet Chaining Memory Corruption

Synopsis	
The remote service is affected by a memory corruption vulnerability.	
Description	
According to its banner, the version of Samba running on the remote host is a version of 3.x b Such versions are affected by a memory corruption vulnerability when handling specially craft packets.	
By exploiting this flaw, a remote, unauthenticated attacker could crash the affected service or execute arbitrary code subject to the privileges of the user running the affected application.	potentially
See Also	
https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2010-2063.html	
https://www.samba.org/samba/history/security.html	
Solution	
Upgrade to Samba 3.3.13 or later.	
Risk Factor	
High	
TIIGH	
VPR Score	
7.4	
EPSS Score	
0.9712	
CVSS v2.0 Base Score	
7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)	
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score	
6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)	
0.2 (CV332#L.17NL.OF/NC.C)	
References	
BID 40884	
CVE CVE-2010-2063	

Exploitable With Metasploit (true) Plugin Information Published: 2010/06/17, Modified: 2018/11/15 Plugin Output tcp/445/cifs

XREF

Secunia:40145

49228 - Samba 3.x < 3.5.5 / 3.4.9 / 3.3.14 sid_parse Buffer Overflow

Synopsis

The remote Samba server is affected by a buffer overflow vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Samba 3.x running on the remote host is earlier than 3.5.5. The 'sid_parse()' and related 'dom_sid_parse()' functions in such versions fail to correctly check their input lengths when reading a binary representation of a Windows SID (Security ID).

An attacker who is able to get a connection to a file share, either authenticated or via a guest connection, can leverage this issue to launch a stack-based buffer overflow attack against the affected smbd service and possibly execute arbitrary code.

Note that Nessus has not actually tried to exploit this issue or determine if one of the patches has been applied.

See Also

https://bugzilla.samba.org/show_bug.cgi?id=7669

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2010-3069.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.5.5.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.4.9.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.3.14.html

Solution

Either apply one of the patches referenced in the project's advisory or upgrade to 3.5.5 / 3.4.9 / 3.3.14 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

5.9

EPSS Score

0.8727

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 43212

CVE CVE-2010-3069 XREF Secunia:41354

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/09/15, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

90508 - Samba 3.x < 4.2.10 / 4.2.x < 4.2.10 / 4.3.x < 4.3.7 / 4.4.x < 4.4.1 Multiple Vulnerabilities (Badlock)

Synopsis

The remote Samba server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

The version of Samba running on the remote host is 3.x or 4.2.x prior to 4.2.10, 4.3.x prior to 4.3.7, or 4.4.x prior to 4.4.1. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A flaw exists in the DCE-RPC client when handling specially crafted DCE-RPC packets. A man-in-the-middle (MitM) attacker can exploit this to downgrade the connection security, cause a denial of service through resource exhaustion, or potentially execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-5370)
- A flaw exists in the implementation of NTLMSSP authentication. A MitM attacker can exploit this to clear the NTLMSSP_NEGOTIATE_SIGN and NTLMSSP_NEGOTIATE_SEAL settings, take over the connections, cause traffic to be sent unencrypted, or have other unspecified impact. (CVE-2016-2110)
- A flaw exists in NETLOGON due to a failure to properly establish a secure channel connection. A MitM attacker can exploit this to spoof the computer names of a secure channel's endpoints, potentially gaining session information. (CVE-2016-2111)
- A flaw exists in the integrity protection mechanisms that allows a MitM attacker to downgrade a secure LDAP connection to an insecure version. (CVE-2016-2112)
- A flaw exists due to improper validation of TLS certificates for the LDAP and HTTP protocols. A MitM attacker can exploit this, via a crafted certificate, to spoof a server, resulting in the disclosure or manipulation of the transmitted traffic. (CVE-2016-2113)
- A flaw exists due to a failure to enforce the 'server signing = mandatory' option in smb.conf for clients using the SMB1 protocol. A MitM attacker can exploit this to conduct spoofing attacks. (CVE-2016-2114)
- A flaw exists due to a failure to perform integrity checking for SMB client connections. A MitM attacker can exploit this to conduct spoofing attacks since the protection mechanisms for DCERPC communication sessions are inherited from the underlying SMB connection.

(CVE-2016-2115)

- A flaw, known as Badlock, exists in the Security Account Manager (SAM) and Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) (LSAD) protocols due to improper authentication level negotiation over Remote Procedure Call (RPC) channels. A MitM attacker who is able to able to intercept the traffic between a client and a server hosting a SAM database can exploit this flaw to force a downgrade of the authentication level, which allows the execution of arbitrary Samba network calls in the context of the intercepted user, such as viewing or modifying sensitive security data in the Active Directory (AD) database or disabling critical services.

(CVE-2016-2118)

See Also

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2015-5370.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2110.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2111.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2112.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2113.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2114.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2115.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2118.html https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.2.10.html https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.3.7.html https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.4.1.html https://badlock.org

Solution

Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.10 / 4.3.7 / 4.4.1 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

EPSS Score

0.0358

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 86002

CVE	CVE-2015-5370
CVE	CVE-2016-2110
CVE	CVE-2016-2111
CVE	CVE-2016-2112
CVE	CVE-2016-2113
CVE	CVE-2016-2114
CVE	CVE-2016-2115
CVE	CVE-2016-2118
XREF	CERT:813296

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/13, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

24685 - Samba < 3.0.24 Multiple Flaws

BID

BID

BID

22395

22403

22410

Synopsis The remote Samba server is affected by several vulnerabilities that could lead to remote code execution Description According to its version number, the remote Samba server is affected by several flaws: - A denial of service issue occuring if an authenticated attacker sends a large number of CIFS session requests which will cause an infinite loop to occur in the smbd daemon, thus utilizing CPU resources and denying access to legitimate users; - A remote format string vulnerability that could be exploited by an attacker with write access to a remote share by sending a malformed request to the remote service (this issue only affects installations sharing an AFS file system when the afsacl.so VFS module is loaded) - A remote buffer overflow vulnerability affecting the NSS lookup capability of the remote winbindd daemon Solution Upgrade to Samba 3.0.24 or newer Risk Factor High **VPR Score** 5.8 **EPSS Score** 0.0191 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) References

CVE CVE-2007-0452
CVE CVE-2007-0453
CVE CVE-2007-0454

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/02/22, Modified: 2018/07/27

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

28228 - Samba < 3.0.27 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote Samba server may be affected one or more vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of the Samba server on the remote host contains a boundary error in the 'reply_netbios_packet()'

function in 'nmbd/nmbd_packets.c' when sending NetBIOS replies.

Provided the server is configured to run as a WINS server, a remote attacker can exploit this issue by sending multiple specially crafted WINS 'Name Registration' requests followed by a WINS 'Name Query' request, leading to a stack-based buffer overflow. This could also allow for the execution of arbitrary code.

There is also a stack buffer overflow in nmbd's logon request processing code that can be triggered by means of specially crafted GETDC mailslot requests when the affected server is configured as a Primary or Backup Domain Controller. Note that the Samba security team currently does not believe this particular issue can be exploited to execute arbitrary code remotely.

See Also

https://secuniaresearch.flexerasoftware.com/secunia_research/2007-90/advisory/

https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/483744

http://us1.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2007-4572.html

http://us1.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2007-5398.html

https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/483742

https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/483743

Solution

Upgrade to Samba version 3.0.27 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

6.7

FPSS Score

0.9551

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 26454 BID 26455

CVE CVE-2007-4572
CVE CVE-2007-5398
XREF CWE:119

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/11/16, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

29253 - Samba < 3.0.28 send_mailslot Function Remote Buffer Overflow

Synopsis

The remote Samba server may be affected by a buffer overflow vulnerability.
Description
According to its banner, the version of the Samba server on the remote host is reportedly affected by a boundary error in 'nmbd' within the 'send_mailslot' function. Provided the 'domain logons' option is enabled in 'smb.conf', an attacker can leverage this issue to produce a stack-based buffer overflow using a 'SAMLOGON' domain logon packet in which the username string is placed at an odd offset and is followed by a long 'GETDC' string.
Note that Nessus has not actually tried to exploit this issue nor verify whether the 'domain logons' option has been enabled on the remote host.
See Also
https://secuniaresearch.flexerasoftware.com/secunia_research/2007-99/advisory/ https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/484818/30/0/threaded https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2007-6015.html
Solution
Upgrade to Samba version 3.0.28 or later.
Risk Factor
High
VPR Score
6.7
EPSS Score
0.9723
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
7.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
102 168 50 101

BID 26791

CVE CVE-2007-6015

XREF CWE:119

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/12/10, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

32476 - Samba < 3.0.30 receive_smb_raw Function Remote Buffer Overflow

Synopsis
The remote Samba server may be affected by a buffer overflow vulnerability.
Description
According to its banner, the version of the Samba server on the remote host is reportedly affected by a boundary error in 'nmbd' within the 'receive_smb_raw' function in 'lib/util_sock.c' when parsing SMB packets received in a client context. By sending specially crafted packets to an 'nmbd' server configured as a local or domain master browser, an attacker can leverage this issue to produce a heap-based buffer overflow and execute arbitrary code with system privileges.
Note that Nessus has not actually tried to exploit this issue, verify the remote 'nmbd' server's configuration or determine if the fix has been applied.
See Also
https://secuniaresearch.flexerasoftware.com/secunia_research/2008-20/advisory/ https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2008-1105.html https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2008/May/328
Solution
Upgrade to Samba version 3.0.30 or later or apply the patch referenced in the project's advisory.
Risk Factor
High
VPR Score
6.0
EPSS Score
0.9688
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
192 168 50 101

BID 29404

CVE CVE-2008-1105
XREF Secunia:30228
XREF CWE:119

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/29, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

122058 - Samba < 3.4.0 Remote Code Execution Vulnerability

Synopsis
The remote Samba server is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.
Description
The version of Samba running on the remote host is prior to 3.4.0. It is, therefore, affected by a remote code execution vulnerability in process.c due to a heap-based buffer overflow. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to bypass authentication and execute arbitrary commands via Batched / AndX request.
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2012-0870.html
Solution
Upgrade to Samba version 3.4.0 or later.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
8.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
EPSS Score
0.9551
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.9 (CVSS2#AV:A/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 52103

CVE CVE-2012-0870

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/02/08, Modified: 2019/10/31

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

168018 - Samba < 4.15.12, 4.16.x < 4.16.7, and 4.17.x < 4.17.3 32-Bit Systems Buffer Overflow

Synopsis

The remote Samba server is potentially affected by a buffer overflow vulnerability Description The version of Samba running on the remote host is prior to 4.15.12, 4.16.x prior to 4.16.7, or 4.17.x prior to 4.17.3. It is, therefore, potentially affected by a buffer overflow condition in the bundled Kerberos libraries due to a miss calculation of bytes to allocate for a buffer. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted ticket containing Privilege Attribute Certificates, to cause a denial of service condition or read beyond the memory bounds. Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2022-42898.html Solution Upgrade to Samba version 4.15.12, 4.16.7, 4.17.3 or later. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 8.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 6.7 **EPSS Score** 0.0098 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 9.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2022-42898 XREF IAVA:2022-A-0495-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/11/21, Modified: 2023/10/03

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

90509 - Samba Badlock Vulnerability

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

Synopsis An SMB server running on the remote host is affected by the Badlock vulnerability. Description The version of Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix, running on the remote host is affected by a flaw, known as Badlock, that exists in the Security Account Manager (SAM) and Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) (LSAD) protocols due to improper authentication level negotiation over Remote Procedure Call (RPC) channels. A man-in-the-middle attacker who is able to able to intercept the traffic between a client and a server hosting a SAM database can exploit this flaw to force a downgrade of the authentication level, which allows the execution of arbitrary Samba network calls in the context of the intercepted user, such as viewing or modifying sensitive security data in the Active Directory (AD) database or disabling critical services. See Also http://badlock.org https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2118.html Solution Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 5.9 **FPSS Score** 0.0358 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 86002

CVE CVE-2016-2118 XREF CERT:813296

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/13, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

48205 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.16 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.16. It is, therefore, potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities: - A denial of service vulnerability in mod cache and mod dav. (CVE-2010-1452) - An information disclosure vulnerability in mod_proxy_ajp, mod_reqtimeout, and mod_proxy_http relating to timeout conditions. Note that this issue only affects Apache on Windows, Netware, and OS/2. (CVE-2010-2068) Note that the remote web server may not actually be affected by these vulnerabilities. Nessus did not try to determine whether the affected modules are in use or to check for the issues themselves. See Also http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities 22.html https://issues.apache.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=49246 https://bz.apache.org/bugzilla/show_bug.cgi?id=49417 http://www.nessus.org/u?ce8ac446 Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.16 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 3.6 **EPSS Score**

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 40827 BID 41963

CVE CVE-2010-1452
CVE CVE-2010-2068
XREF Secunia:40206

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

50070 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.17 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote web server may be affected by several issues. Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.17. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities: - Errors exist in the bundled expat library that may allow an attacker to crash the server when a buffer is over- read when parsing an XML document. (CVE-2009-3720 and CVE-2009-3560) - An error exists in the 'apr_brigade_split_line' function in the bundled APR-util library. Carefully timed bytes in requests result in gradual memory increases leading to a denial of service. (CVE-2010-1623) Note that the remote web server may not actually be affected by these vulnerabilities. Nessus did not try to determine whether the affected modules are in use or to check for the issues themselves. See Also https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.17 http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.17 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 4.4 **EPSS Score** 0.4253 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	3/203
BID	36097
BID	43673
CVE	CVE-2009-3560
CVE	CVE-2009-3720
CVE	CVE-2010-1623
XREF	Secunia:41701
XREF	CWE:119

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/20, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

53896 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.18 APR apr_fnmatch DoS

Synopsis

The remote web server may be affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.18. It is, therefore, affected by a denial of service vulnerability due to an error in the apr_fnmatch() function of the bundled APR library.

If mod_autoindex is enabled and has indexed a directory containing files whose filenames are long, an attacker can cause high CPU usage with a specially crafted request.

Note that the remote web server may not actually be affected by this vulnerability. Nessus did not try to determine whether the affected module is in use or to check for the issue itself.

See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.18

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html#2.2.18

http://securityreason.com/achievement_securityalert/98

Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.18 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the 'IndexOptions' configuration option is set to 'IgnoreClient'.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

EPSS Score

0.9681

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 47820

CVE CVE-2011-0419
XREF Secunia:44574

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/13, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

56216 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.21 mod_proxy_ajp DoS

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability. Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.21. It is, therefore, potentially affected by a denial of service vulnerability. An error exists in the 'mod proxy ajp' module that can allow specially crafted HTTP requests to cause a backend server to temporarily enter an error state. This vulnerability only occurs when 'mod_proxy_ajp' is used along with 'mod_proxy_balancer'. Note that Nessus did not actually test for the flaws but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner. See Also https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.21 http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.21 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 2.2 **EPSS Score** 0.2481 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 49616

CVE CVE-2011-3348

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/09/16, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

57791 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.22 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x installed on the remote host is prior to 2.2.22. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- When configured as a reverse proxy, improper use of the RewriteRule and ProxyPassMatch directives could cause the web server to proxy requests to arbitrary hosts.

This could allow a remote attacker to indirectly send requests to intranet servers.

(CVE-2011-3368, CVE-2011-4317)

- A heap-based buffer overflow exists when mod_setenvif module is enabled and both a maliciously crafted 'SetEnvIf' directive and a maliciously crafted HTTP request header are used. (CVE-2011-3607)
- A format string handling error can allow the server to be crashed via maliciously crafted cookies. (CVE-2012-0021)
- An error exists in 'scoreboard.c' that can allow local attackers to crash the server during shutdown. (CVE-2012-0031)
- An error exists in 'protocol.c' that can allow 'HTTPOnly' cookies to be exposed to attackers through the malicious use of either long or malformed HTTP headers. (CVE-2012-0053)
- An error in the mod_proxy_ajp module when used to connect to a backend server that takes an overly long time to respond could lead to a temporary denial of service. (CVE-2012-4557)

Note that Nessus did not actually test for these flaws, but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner.

See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.22

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities 22.html

Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.22 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 6.6 **EPSS Score** 0.9725 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) References BID 49957 BID 50494 BID 50802 BID 51407 BID 51705 BID 51706 BID 56753 CVE CVE-2011-3368 CVE CVE-2011-3607 CVE CVE-2011-4317 CVE CVE-2012-0021 CVE CVE-2012-0031 CVE CVE-2012-0053 CVE CVE-2012-4557 Plugin Information Published: 2012/02/02, Modified: 2018/06/29

192.168.50.101

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

64912 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.24 Multiple XSS Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote web server is affected by multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.24. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following cross-site scripting vulnerabilities: - Errors exist related to the modules mod info, mod status, mod imagemap, mod Idap, and mod proxy ftp and unescaped hostnames and URIs that could allow cross- site scripting attacks. (CVE-2012-3499) - An error exists related to the mod_proxy_balancer module's manager interface that could allow cross-site scripting attacks. (CVE-2012-4558) Note that Nessus did not actually test for these issues, but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner. See Also https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.24 http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.24 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 3.0 **EPSS Score** 0.2178

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	58165		
CVE	CVE-2012-3499		
CVE	CVE-2012-4558		
XREF	CWE:20		
XREF	CWE:74		
XREF	CWE:79		
XREF	CWE:442		
XREF	CWE:629		
XREF	CWE:711		
XREF	CWE:712		
XREF	CWE:722		
XREF	CWE:725		
XREF	CWE:750		
XREF	CWE:751		
XREF	CWE:800		
XREF	CWE:801		
XREF	CWE:809		
XREF	CWE:811		
XREF	CWE:864		
XREF	CWE:900		
XREF	CWE:928		
XREF	CWE:931		
XREF	CWE:990		

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/02/27, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

68915 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.25 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote web server may be affected by multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.25. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A flaw exists in the 'RewriteLog' function where it fails to sanitize escape sequences from being written to log files, making it potentially vulnerable to arbitrary command execution. (CVE-2013-1862) - A denial of service vulnerability exists relating to the 'mod_dav' module as it relates to MERGE requests. (CVE-2013-1896) Note that Nessus did not actually test for these issues, but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner. See Also https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.25 http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html http://www.nessus.org/u?f050c342 Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.25 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 4.4

192.168.50.101

EPSS Score

0.9265

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 59826 BID 61129

CVE CVE-2013-1862 CVE CVE-2013-1896

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/16, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

73405 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.27 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is a version prior to 2.2.27. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A flaw exists with the 'mod dav' module that is caused when tracking the length of CDATA that has leading white space. A remote attacker with a specially crafted DAV WRITE request can cause the service to stop responding. (CVE-2013-6438) - A flaw exists in 'mod_log_config' module that is caused when logging a cookie that has an unassigned value. A remote attacker with a specially crafted request can cause the service to crash. (CVE-2014-0098) Note that Nessus did not actually test for these issues, but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner. See Also https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.27 http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.27 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 1.4 **EPSS Score**

0.1513

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 66303

CVE CVE-2013-6438 CVE CVE-2014-0098

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/04/08, Modified: 2018/09/17

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

33477 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.9 Multiple Vulnerabilities (DoS, XSS)

Synopsis

The remote web server may be affected by several issues. Description According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.9. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities: - Improper handling of excessive forwarded interim responses may cause denial of service conditions in mod proxy http. (CVE-2008-2364) - A cross-site request forgery vulnerability in the balancer-manager interface of mod_proxy_balancer. (CVE-2007-6420) Note that the remote web server may not actually be affected by these vulnerabilities. Nessus did not try to determine whether the affected modules are in use or to check for the issues themselves. See Also https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2 http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.9 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 4.2 **EPSS Score** 0.0321

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	27236
BID	29653
CVE	CVE-2007-6420
CVE	CVE-2008-2364
CVE	CVE-2007-6423
XREF	Secunia:30621
XREF	CWE:352
XREF	CWE:399

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/07/11, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

193420 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.54 Out-Of-Bounds Read (CVE-2022-28330)

Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by an out-of-bound read vulnerability Description The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.54. It is, therefore, affected by an out-of-bounds read vulnerability as referenced in the 2.4.54 advisory. - Read beyond bounds in mod isapi: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier on Windows may read beyond bounds when configured to process requests with the mod isapi module. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.54 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 1.4 **EPSS Score** 0.0016 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2022-28330 XREF IAVA:2022-A-0230-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/17, Modified: 2024/04/18

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

57792 - Apache HTTP Server httpOnly Cookie Information Disclosure

Synopsis The web server running on the remote host is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability. Description The version of Apache HTTP Server running on the remote host is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability. Sending a request with HTTP headers long enough to exceed the server limit causes the web server to respond with an HTTP 400. By default, the offending HTTP header and value are displayed on the 400 error page. When used in conjunction with other attacks (e.g., cross-site scripting), this could result in the compromise of httpOnly cookies. See Also http://fd.the-wildcat.de/apache_e36a9cf46c.php http://www.nessus.org/u?e005199a http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html http://svn.apache.org/viewvc?view=revision&revision=1235454 Solution Upgrade to Apache version 2.0.65 / 2.2.22 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 2.2 **EPSS Score** 0.717

192.168.50.101 202

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 51706

CVE CVE-2012-0053 XREF EDB-ID:18442

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/02/02, Modified: 2018/09/20

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

106232 - Apache ServerTokens Information Disclosure

tcp/80/www

Synopsis
The remote web server discloses information via HTTP headers.
Description
The HTTP headers sent by the remote web server disclose information that can aid an attacker, such as the server version, operating system, and module versions.
See Also
https://www.owasp.org/index.php/SCG_WS_Apache
Solution
Change the Apache ServerTokens configuration value to 'Prod'
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/01/22, Modified: 2020/04/22
Plugin Output

12085 - Apache Tomcat Default Files

Synopsis

The remote web server contains default files.

Description

The default error page, default index page, example JSPs and/or example servlets are installed on the remote Apache Tomcat server. These files should be removed as they may help an attacker uncover information about the remote Tomcat install or host itself.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?4cb3b4dd

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Securing_tomcat

Solution

Delete the default index page and remove the example JSP and servlets. Follow the Tomcat or OWASP instructions to replace or modify the default error page.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/03/02, Modified: 2024/09/03

Plugin Output

tcp/8180/www

11213 - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

Synopsis
Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.
Description
The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?e979b5cb
http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24
https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html
Solution
Disable these HTTP methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.0
EPSS Score
0.0058
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 9506 BID 9561 BID 11604 BID 33374 BID 37995 CVE CVE-2003-1567 CVE CVE-2004-2320 CVE CVE-2010-0386 XREF CERT:288308 XREF CERT:867593 XREF CWE:16 XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2024/04/09

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

89998 - ISC BIND 9 Multiple DoS

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the instance of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is affected by multiple denial of service vulnerabilities :

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in files sexpr.c and alist.c when handling control channel packets. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via crafted packets sent to the control channel (rndc) interface, to cause an assertion failure and daemon exit. (CVE-2016-1285)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in resolver.c when DNS cookies are enabled. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a malformed cookie with more than one cookie option, to cause an INSIST assertion failure and daemon exit. (CVE-2016-2088)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://kb.isc.org/docs/aa-01352

https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01362/

Solution

Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.9.8-P4 / 9.9.8-S6 / 9.10.3-P4 or later.

Note that version 9.9.8-S6 is a preview version of BIND provided exclusively to ISC Support customers. Additionally, the fix for CVE-2016-2088 is only available in version 9.10.3-P4.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

EPSS Score

0.8342

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-1285 CVE CVE-2016-2088

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/17, Modified: 2019/11/20

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

154662 - ISC BIND 9.3.0 < 9.11.36 / 9.9.3-S1 < 9.11.36-S1 / 9.12.0 < 9.16.22 / 9.16.8-S1 < 9.16.22-S1 / 9.17.0 < 9.17.19 Vulnerability (CVE-2021-25219)

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by a vulnerability vulnerability. Description The version of ISC BIND installed on the remote host is prior to tested version. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the CVE-2021-25219 advisory. - In BIND 9.3.0 -> 9.11.35, 9.12.0 -> 9.16.21, and versions 9.9.3-S1 -> 9.11.35-S1 and 9.16.8-S1 -> 9.16.21-S1 of BIND Supported Preview Edition, as well as release versions 9.17.0 -> 9.17.18 of the BIND 9.17 development branch, exploitation of broken authoritative servers using a flaw in response processing can cause degradation in BIND resolver performance. The way the lame cache is currently designed makes it possible for its internal data structures to grow almost infinitely, which may cause significant delays in client query processing. (CVE-2021-25219) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://kb.isc.org/v1/docs/CVE-2021-25219 Solution Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.11.36 / 9.11.36-S1 / 9.16.22 / 9.16.22-S1 / 9.17.19 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 1.4 **EPSS Score** 0.0071

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2021-25219 XREF IAVA:2021-A-0525-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/10/28, Modified: 2022/09/27

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

165312 - ISC BIND 9.9.3-S1 < 9.16.33-S1 / 9.0.0 < 9.16.33 / 9.16.8-S1 < 9.16.33-S1 / 9.18.0 < 9.18.7 / 9.19.0 < 9.19.5 Vulnerability (cve-2022-2795)

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by a vulnerability vulnerability.
The remote name server is an ected by a value ability value ability.
Description
The version of ISC BIND installed on the remote host is prior to tested version. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the cve-2022-2795 advisory.
- By flooding the target resolver with queries exploiting this flaw an attacker can significantly impair the resolver's performance, effectively denying legitimate clients access to the DNS resolution service. (CVE-2022-2795)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/v1/docs/cve-2022-2795
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.16.33 / 9.16.33-S1 / 9.18.7 / 9.19.5 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
2.2
EPSS Score
0.0019
CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2022-2795

XREF IAVA:2022-A-0387-S

XREF IAVA:2023-A-0500-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/09/22, Modified: 2024/02/16

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

139915 - ISC BIND 9.x < 9.11.22, 9.12.x < 9.16.6, 9.17.x < 9.17.4 DoS

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is version 9.x prior to 9.11.22, 9.12.x prior to 9.16.6 or 9.17.x prior to 9.17.4. It is, therefore, affected by a denial of service (DoS) vulnerability due to an assertion failure when attempting to verify a truncated response to a TSIG-signed request. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this issue by sending a truncated response to a TSIG-signed request to trigger an assertion failure, causing the server to exit.
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8622
Solution
Upgrade to BIND 9.11.22, 9.16.6, 9.17.4 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
EPSS Score
0.0041
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2020-8622 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0385-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/08/27, Modified: 2021/06/03

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

92493 - ISC BIND 9.x < 9.9.9-P2 / 9.10.x < 9.10.4-P2 / 9.11.0a3 < 9.11.0b2 lwres Query DoS

Synopsis

The remote name server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is 9.x prior to 9.9.9-P2, 9.10.x prior to 9.10.4-P2, or 9.11.0a3 prior to 9.11.0b2. It is, therefore, affected by an error in the lightweight resolver (lwres) protocol implementation when resolving a query name that, when combined with a search list entry, exceeds the maximum allowable length. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a segmentation fault, resulting in a denial of service condition. This issue occurs when lwresd or the the named 'lwres' option is enabled. See Also
https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01393
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.9.8-P3 / 9.9.8-S4 / 9.10.3-P3 or later.
Note that BIND 9 version 9.9.9-S3 is available exclusively for eligible ISC Support customers.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.908
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2016-2775 XREF IAVA:2017-A-0004

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/07/21, Modified: 2019/11/14

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

119264 - ISC BIND 9.x.x < 9.11.5 / 9.12.x < 9.12.3 Policy-Bypass Record Update Vulnerability

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a policy bypass which enables an unauthorized record update vulnerability.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the instance of ISC 9.x.x prior to 9.11.5, or 9.12.x prior to 9.12.3. It is, therefore, affected by a policy bypass record update vulnerability.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2018-5741
Solution
Upgrade to ISC BIND version 9.11.5 / 9.12.3 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.0032
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 105379

CVE CVE-2018-5741

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/11/28, Modified: 2019/11/01

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

62355 - ISC BIND Cache Update Policy Deleted Domain Name Resolving Weakness

Synopsis		
The remote name server may be affected by a DNS integrity vulnerability.		
Description		
According to its self-reported version number, the remote installation of BIND will continue to allow revoked domain names to be resolved due to an issue related to the cache update policy. Note that Nessus has only relied on the version itself and has not attempted to determine whether or not the install is actually affected.		
See Also		
http://www.nessus.org/u?38f47769		
https://www.isc.org/software/bind/advisories/cve-2012-1033		
http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.6-ESV-R6/CHANGES		
http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.7.5/CHANGES		
http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.8.2/CHANGES		
http://ftp.isc.org/isc/bind9/9.9.0/CHANGES		
Solution		
Upgrade to BIND 9.6-ESV-R6 / 9.7.5 / 9.8.2 / 9.9.0 or later.		
Risk Factor		
Medium		
VPR Score		
3.4		
EPSS Score		
0.0101		
CVSS v2.0 Base Score		
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)		
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score		
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)		

References

BID 51898

CVE CVE-2012-1033 XREF CERT:542123

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/09/27, Modified: 2018/06/27

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

136808 - ISC BIND Denial of Service

Synopsis The remote name server is affected by an assertion failure vulnerability. Description A denial of service (DoS) vulnerability exists in ISC BIND versions 9.11.18 / 9.11.18-S1 / 9.12.4-P2 / 9.13 / 9.14.11 / 9.15 / 9.16.2 / 9.17 / 9.17.1 and earlier. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this issue, via a specially-crafted message, to cause the service to stop responding. Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8617 Solution Upgrade to the patched release most closely related to your current version of BIND. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 4.4 **EPSS Score** 0.972 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2020-8617 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2023/03/23

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

40422 - ISC BIND Dynamic Update Message Handling Remote DoS

Synopsis The remote name server may be affected by a denial of service vulnerability. Description The version of BIND installed on the remote host suggests that it suffers from a denial of service vulnerability, which may be triggered by sending a malicious dynamic update message to a zone for which the server is the master, even if that server is not configured to allow dynamic updates. Note that Nessus obtained the version by sending a special DNS request for the text 'version.bind' in the domain 'chaos', the value of which can be and sometimes is tweaked by DNS administrators. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?8662ded2 Solution Upgrade to BIND 9.4.3-P3 / 9.5.1-P3 / 9.6.1-P3 or later. Risk Factor Medium **VPR** Score 5.1 **EPSS Score** 0.9639 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 4.1 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C) References BID 35848

192.168.50.101 224

CVF

XRFF

CVE-2009-0696

CERT:725188

Exploitable With Core Impact (true) Plugin Information Published: 2009/07/29, Modified: 2018/06/27 Plugin Output udp/53/dns

XREF

CWE:16

106679 - ISC BIND Zone Data Denial of Service

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a memory exhaustion vulnerability
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the installation of ISC BIND running on the remote name server is affected by a memory exhaustion vulnerability. A server is potentially vulnerable if it accepts zone data from another source, as no limit is currently placed on zone data size.
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/article/AA-01390
Solution
Follow guidance provided by ISC advisory.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
EPSS Score
0.0102
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-6170

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/08, Modified: 2018/06/29

Plugin Output

tcp/53/dns

56283 - Linux Kernel TCP Sequence Number Generation Security Weakness

Synopsis
It may be possible to predict TCP/IP Initial Sequence Numbers for the remote host.
Description
The Linux kernel is prone to a security weakness related to TCP sequence number generation. Attackers can exploit this issue to inject arbitrary packets into TCP sessions using a brute-force attack.
An attacker may use this vulnerability to create a denial of service condition or a man-in-the-middle attack.
Note that this plugin may fire as a result of a network device (such as a load balancer, VPN, IPS, transparent proxy, etc.) that is vulnerable and that re-writes TCP sequence numbers, rather than the host itself being vulnerable.
See Also
https://lwn.net/Articles/455135/
http://www.nessus.org/u?62a845fa
Solution
Contact the OS vendor for a Linux kernel update / patch.
Risk Factor
Medium
VPR Score
5.2
EPSS Score
0.0157
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
BID 49289

CVE CVE-2011-3188

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/09/23, Modified: 2019/03/06

Plugin Output

tcp/0

44079 - OpenSSH < 4.9 'ForceCommand' Directive Bypass

Synopsis The remote SSH service is affected by a security bypass vulnerability. Description According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH installed on the remote host is earlier than 4.9. It may allow a remote, authenticated user to bypass the 'sshd_config' 'ForceCommand' directive by modifying the '.ssh/rc' session file. See Also https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-4.9 Solution Upgrade to OpenSSH version 4.9 or later. Risk Factor Medium **VPR** Score 6.1 **EPSS Score** 0.0048 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 4.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) References BID 28531 **CVE** CVE-2008-1657 **XREF** CWE:264 Plugin Information

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

44065 - OpenSSH < 5.2 CBC Plaintext Disclosure

Synopsis The SSH

The SSH service running on the remote host has an information disclosure vulnerability.

Description

The version of OpenSSH running on the remote host has an information disclosure vulnerability. A design flaw in the SSH specification could allow a man-in-the-middle attacker to recover up to 32 bits of plaintext from an SSH-protected connection in the standard configuration. An attacker could exploit this to gain access to sensitive information.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?4984aeb9

http://www.openssh.com/txt/cbc.adv

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-5.2

Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 5.2 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

3.4

EPSS Score

0.5254

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 32319

CVE CVE-2008-5161 XREF CERT:958563

XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/09/27, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

85382 - OpenSSH < 7.0 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.0. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- A security bypass vulnerability exists in the kbdint_next_device() function in file auth2-chall.c that allows the circumvention of MaxAuthTries during keyboard-interactive authentication. A remote attacker can exploit this issue to force the same authentication method to be tried thousands of times in a single pass by using a crafted keyboard-interactive 'devices'

string, thus allowing a brute-force attack or causing a denial of service. (CVE-2015-5600)

- A security bypass vulnerability exists in sshd due to improper handling of username data in MONITOR_REQ_PAM_INIT_CTX requests. A local attacker can exploit this, by sending a MONITOR_REQ_PWNAM request, to conduct an impersonation attack. Note that this issue only affects Portable OpenSSH. (CVE-2015-6563)
- A privilege escalation vulnerability exists due to a use-after-free error in sshd that is triggered when handling a MONITOR_REQ_PAM_FREE_CTX request. A local attacker can exploit this to gain elevated privileges.

Note that this issue only affects Portable OpenSSH.

(CVE-2015-6564)

- A local command execution vulnerability exists in sshd due to setting insecure world-writable permissions for TTYs. A local attacker can exploit this, by injecting crafted terminal escape sequences, to execute commands for logged-in users. (CVE-2015-6565)

commands for logged-in users. (CVE-2015-6565) See Also http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.0 Solution Upgrade to OpenSSH 7.0 or later. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.3627

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

8.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	75990
BID	76317
BID	76497
CVE	CVE-2015-5600
CVE	CVE-2015-6563
CVE	CVE-2015-6564
CVE	CVE-2015-6565
XREF	EDB-ID:41173

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/13, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

90023 - OpenSSH < 7.2p2 X11Forwarding xauth Command Injection

Synopsis
The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by a security bypass vulnerability.
Description
According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.2p2. It is, therefore, affected by a security bypass vulnerability due to improper sanitization of X11 authentication credentials. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via crafted credentials, to inject arbitrary xauth commands, resulting in gaining read and write access to arbitrary files, connecting to local ports, or performing further attacks on xauth itself. Note that exploiting this vulnerability requires X11Forwarding to have been enabled.
See Also
http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.2p2
http://www.openssh.com/txt/x11fwd.adv
Solution
Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.2p2 / 7.3 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:L/I:L/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.8
EPSS Score
0.0169
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-3115 XREF EDB-ID:39569

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/18, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

99359 - OpenSSH < 7.5

Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.5. It is, therefore, affected by an information disclosure vulnerability:

- An unspecified timing flaw exists in the CBC padding oracle countermeasures, within the ssh and sshd functions, that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to disclose potentially sensitive information.

Note that the OpenSSH client disables CBC ciphers by default. However, sshd offers them as lowestpreference options, which will be removed by default in a future release.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.5
Solution
Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.5 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
Plugin Information

192.168.50.101 238 Published: 2017/04/13, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

103781 - OpenSSH < 7.6

Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by a file creation restriction bypass vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.6. It is, therefore, affected by a file creation restriction bypass vulnerability related to the 'process_open'

function in the file 'sftp-server.c' that allows authenticated users to create zero-length files regardless of configuration.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?09ca048b

http://www.nessus.org/u?96a8ea52

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.6

Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.6 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

1.4

EPSS Score

0.0066

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 101552

CVE CVE-2017-15906

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/10/11, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

159490 - OpenSSH < 7.8

Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by a information disclosure vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.8. It is, therefore, affected by an information disclosure vulnerability in the auth2-gss.c, auth2-hostbased.c, and auth2-pubkey due to not delaying for an invalid authenticating user. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a malformed packet, to potentially enumerate users.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2018/08/15/5

https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.8

Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.8 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.9

EPSS Score

0.0237

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 4.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C) References CVE CVE-2018-15473 Exploitable With CANVAS (true) Plugin Information Published: 2022/04/04, Modified: 2024/03/27 Plugin Output tcp/22/ssh

159491 - OpenSSH < 8.0

Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 8.0. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities:

- A permission bypass vulnerability due to improper directory name validation. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, with a specially crafted scp server, to change the permission of a directory on the client. (CVE-2018-20685)
- Multiple arbitrary file downloads due to improper validation of object name and stderr output. An unauthenticated remote attacker can exploit this, with a specially crafted scp server, to include additional hidden files in the transfer. (CVE-2019-6109, CVE-2019-6110)
- An arbitrary file write vulnerability due to improper object name validation. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, with a specially crafted scp server, to overwrite arbitrary files in the client directory. (CVE-2019-6111)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://sintonen.fi/advisories/scp-client-multiple-vulnerabilities.txt

https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-8.0

Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 8.0 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.1

EPSS Score

0.0042

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.5 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2018-20685
CVE	CVE-2019-6109
CVE	CVE-2019-6110
CVE	CVE-2019-6111

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/04/04, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

187201 - OpenSSH < 9.6 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

The version of OpenSSH installed on the remote host is prior to 9.6. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the release-9.6 advisory.

- ssh(1), sshd(8): implement protocol extensions to thwart the so-called Terrapin attack discovered by Fabian Bumer, Marcus Brinkmann and Jrg Schwenk. This attack allows a MITM to effect a limited break of the integrity of the early encrypted SSH transport protocol by sending extra messages prior to the commencement of encryption, and deleting an equal number of consecutive messages immediately after encryption starts. A peer SSH client/server would not be able to detect that messages were deleted. While cryptographically novel, the security impact of this attack is fortunately very limited as it only allows deletion of consecutive messages, and deleting most messages at this stage of the protocol prevents user user authentication from proceeding and results in a stuck connection. The most serious identified impact is that it lets a MITM to delete the SSH2_MSG_EXT_INFO message sent before authentication starts, allowing the attacker to disable a subset of the keystroke timing obfuscation features introduced in OpenSSH 9.5.

There is no other discernable impact to session secrecy or session integrity. OpenSSH 9.6 addresses this protocol weakness through a new strict KEX protocol extension that will be automatically enabled when both the client and server support it. This extension makes two changes to the SSH transport protocol to improve the integrity of the initial key exchange. Firstly, it requires endpoints to terminate the connection if any unnecessary or unexpected message is received during key exchange (including messages that were previously legal but not strictly required like SSH2_MSG_DEBUG). This removes most malleability from the early protocol. Secondly, it resets the Message Authentication Code counter at the conclusion of each key exchange, preventing previously inserted messages from being able to make persistent changes to the sequence number across completion of a key exchange. Either of these changes should be sufficient to thwart the Terrapin Attack. More details of these changes are in the PROTOCOL file in the OpenSSH source distribition. (CVE-2023-48795)

- ssh-agent(1): when adding PKCS#11-hosted private keys while specifying destination constraints, if the PKCS#11 token returned multiple keys then only the first key had the constraints applied. Use of regular private keys, FIDO tokens and unconstrained keys are unaffected. (CVE-2023-51384)
- ssh(1): if an invalid user or hostname that contained shell metacharacters was passed to ssh(1), and a ProxyCommand, LocalCommand directive or match exec predicate referenced the user or hostname via %u, %h or similar expansion token, then an attacker who could supply arbitrary user/hostnames to ssh(1) could potentially perform command injection depending on what quoting was present in the user-supplied ssh_config(5) directive. This situation could arise in the case of git submodules, where a repository could contain a submodule with shell characters in its user/hostname. Git does not ban shell metacharacters in user or host names when checking out repositories from untrusted sources. Although we believe it is the user's responsibility to ensure validity of arguments passed to ssh(1), especially across a security boundary such as the git example above, OpenSSH 9.6 now bans most shell metacharacters from user and hostnames supplied via the command-line. This countermeasure is not guaranteed to be effective in all situations, as it is infeasible for ssh(1) to universally filter shell metacharacters potentially relevant to user-supplied commands. User/hostnames provided via ssh_config(5) are not subject to these restrictions, allowing configurations that use strange names to continue to be used, under the assumption that the user knows what they are doing in their own configuration files. (CVE-2023-51385)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also	
https://www.op	enssh.com/txt/release-9.6
Solution	
Upgrade to Ope	enSSH version 9.6 or later.
Risk Factor	
Medium	
CVSS v3.0 Base	Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/A\	/:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temp	poral Score
5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:	P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score	
6.1	
EPSS Score	
0.9628	
CVSS v2.0 Base	Score
6.4 (CVSS2#AV:I	N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temp	poral Score
5.0 (CVSS2#E:P0	OC/RL:OF/RC:C)
STIG Severity	
I	
References	
CVE CVE	CVE-2023-48795 CVE-2023-51384
CVE	CVE-2023-51385

192.168.50.101 247

XREF

IAVA:2023-A-0701-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/12/22, Modified: 2024/07/05

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

67140 - OpenSSH LoginGraceTime / MaxStartups DoS

Synopsis The remote SSH service is susceptible to a remote denial of service attack. Description According to its banner, a version of OpenSSH earlier than version 6.2 is listening on this port. The default configuration of OpenSSH installs before 6.2 could allow a remote attacker to bypass the LoginGraceTime and MaxStartups thresholds by periodically making a large number of new TCP connections and thereby prevent legitimate users from gaining access to the service. Note that this plugin has not tried to exploit the issue or detect whether the remote service uses a vulnerable configuration. Instead, it has simply checked the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host. See Also https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2013/02/06/5 http://openssh.org/txt/release-6.2 https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/viewAlert.x?alertId=28883 Solution Upgrade to OpenSSH 6.2 and review the associated server configuration settings. Risk Factor Medium **VPR Score** 3.6 **EPSS Score** 0.0787 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) References

192.168.50.101 249 BID 58162

CVE CVE-2010-5107

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/03, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

31737 - OpenSSH X11 Forwarding Session Hijacking

Synopsis The remote SSH service is prone to an X11 session hijacking vulnerability. Description According to its banner, the version of SSH installed on the remote host is older than 5.0. Such versions may allow a local user to hijack X11 sessions because it improperly binds TCP ports on the local IPv6 interface if the corresponding ports on the IPv4 interface are in use. See Also https://bugs.debian.org/cgi-bin/bugreport.cgi?bug=463011 https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-5.0 Solution Upgrade to OpenSSH version 5.0 or later. Risk Factor Medium

VPR Score

6.0

EPSS Score

0.0115

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 28444

CVE CVE-2008-1483
CVE CVE-2008-3234
XREF Secunia:29522

XREF CWE:264

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/04/03, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

74326 - OpenSSL 'ChangeCipherSpec' MiTM Potential Vulnerability

Synopsis

The remote host is potentially affected by a vulnerability that could allow sensitive data to be decrypted.

Description

The OpenSSL service on the remote host is potentially vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attack, based on its response to two consecutive 'ChangeCipherSpec' messages during the incorrect phase of an SSL/TLS handshake.

This flaw could allow a MiTM attacker to decrypt or forge SSL messages by telling the service to begin encrypted communications before key material has been exchanged, which causes predictable keys to be used to secure future traffic.

OpenSSL 1.0.1 is known to be exploitable. OpenSSL 0.9.8 and 1.0.0 are not known to be vulnerable; however, the OpenSSL team has advised that users of these older versions upgrade as a precaution. This plugin detects and reports all versions of OpenSSL that are potentially exploitable.

Note that Nessus has only tested for an SSL/TLS MiTM vulnerability (CVE-2014-0224). However, Nessus has inferred that the OpenSSL service on the remote host is also affected by six additional vulnerabilities that were disclosed in OpenSSL's June 5th, 2014 security advisory:

- An error exists in the 'ssl3_read_bytes' function that permits data to be injected into other sessions or allows denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL_MODE_RELEASE_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2010-5298)
- An error exists related to the implementation of the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA) that allows nonce disclosure via the 'FLUSH+RELOAD' cache side-channel attack. (CVE-2014-0076)
- A buffer overflow error exists related to invalid DTLS fragment handling that permits the execution of arbitrary code or allows denial of service attacks.

Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client or server. (CVE-2014-0195)

- An error exists in the 'do_ssl3_write' function that permits a NULL pointer to be dereferenced, which could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL_MODE_RELEASE_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2014-0198)
- An error exists related to DTLS handshake handling that could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client.

(CVE-2014-0221)

- An error exists in the 'dtls1_get_message_fragment'

function related to anonymous ECDH cipher suites. This could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL TLS clients. (CVE-2014-3470)

OpenSSL did not release individual patches for these vulnerabilities, instead they were all patched under a single version release. Note that the service will remain vulnerable after patching until the service or host is restarted.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d5709faa

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20140605.txt

Solution

OpenSSL 0.9.8 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 0.9.8za. OpenSSL 1.0.0 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.0m. OpenSSL 1.0.1 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.1h.

Risk Factor
Medium
VPR Score
7.7
EPSS Score
0.9737
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.6 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	66363
BID	66801
BID	67193
BID	67898
BID	67899
BID	67900
BID	67901
CVE	CVE-2010-5298
CVE	CVE-2014-0076
CVE	CVE-2014-0195
CVE	CVE-2014-0198
CVE	CVE-2014-0221
CVE	CVE-2014-0224
CVE	CVE-2014-3470
XREF	CERT:978508

Exploitable With
Core Impact (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 2014/06/05, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp

74326 - OpenSSL 'ChangeCipherSpec' MiTM Potential Vulnerability

Synopsis

The remote host is potentially affected by a vulnerability that could allow sensitive data to be decrypted.

Description

The OpenSSL service on the remote host is potentially vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attack, based on its response to two consecutive 'ChangeCipherSpec' messages during the incorrect phase of an SSL/TLS handshake.

This flaw could allow a MiTM attacker to decrypt or forge SSL messages by telling the service to begin encrypted communications before key material has been exchanged, which causes predictable keys to be used to secure future traffic.

OpenSSL 1.0.1 is known to be exploitable. OpenSSL 0.9.8 and 1.0.0 are not known to be vulnerable; however, the OpenSSL team has advised that users of these older versions upgrade as a precaution. This plugin detects and reports all versions of OpenSSL that are potentially exploitable.

Note that Nessus has only tested for an SSL/TLS MiTM vulnerability (CVE-2014-0224). However, Nessus has inferred that the OpenSSL service on the remote host is also affected by six additional vulnerabilities that were disclosed in OpenSSL's June 5th, 2014 security advisory:

- An error exists in the 'ssl3_read_bytes' function that permits data to be injected into other sessions or allows denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL_MODE_RELEASE_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2010-5298)
- An error exists related to the implementation of the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA) that allows nonce disclosure via the 'FLUSH+RELOAD' cache side-channel attack. (CVE-2014-0076)
- A buffer overflow error exists related to invalid DTLS fragment handling that permits the execution of arbitrary code or allows denial of service attacks.

Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client or server. (CVE-2014-0195)

- An error exists in the 'do_ssl3_write' function that permits a NULL pointer to be dereferenced, which could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL_MODE_RELEASE_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2014-0198)
- An error exists related to DTLS handshake handling that could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client.

(CVE-2014-0221)

- An error exists in the 'dtls1_get_message_fragment'

function related to anonymous ECDH cipher suites. This could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL TLS clients. (CVE-2014-3470)

OpenSSL did not release individual patches for these vulnerabilities, instead they were all patched under a single version release. Note that the service will remain vulnerable after patching until the service or host is restarted.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d5709faa

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20140605.txt

Solution

OpenSSL 0.9.8 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 0.9.8za. OpenSSL 1.0.0 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.0m. OpenSSL 1.0.1 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.1h.

Risk Factor
Medium
VPR Score
7.7
EPSS Score
0.9737
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.6 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

rici ci ci icci	
BID	66363
BID	66801
BID	67193
BID	67898
BID	67899
BID	67900
BID	67901
CVE	CVE-2010-5298
CVE	CVE-2014-0076
CVE	CVE-2014-0195
CVE	CVE-2014-0198
CVE	CVE-2014-0221
CVE	CVE-2014-0224
CVE	CVE-2014-3470
XREF	CERT:978508

Exploitable With	
Core Impact (true)	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2014/06/05, Modified: 2020/06/12	
Plugin Output	
tcp/5432/postgresal	

51139 - PHP 5.2 < 5.2.15 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.2 installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.15. Such versions may be affected by several security issues :

- A crash in the zip extract method.
- A possible double free exists in the imap extension.

(CVE-2010-4150)

- An unspecified flaw exists in 'open_basedir'. (CVE-2010-3436)
- A possible crash could occur in 'mssql_fetch_batch()'.
- A NULL pointer dereference exists in 'ZipArchive::getArchiveComment'. (CVE-2010-3709)
- A crash exists if anti-aliasing steps are invalid.

(Bug #53492)

- A crash exists in pdo_firebird getAttribute(). (Bug #53323)
- A user-after-free vulnerability in the Zend engine when a '__set()', '__get()', '__isset()' or '__unset()' method is called can allow for a denial of service attack. (Bug #52879 / CVE-2010-4697)
- A stack-based buffer overflow exists in the 'imagepstext()' function in the GD extension. (Bug #53492 / CVE-2010-4698)
- The extract function does not prevent use of the EXTR_OVERWRITE parameter to overwrite the GLOBALS superglobal array and the 'this' variable, which allows attackers to bypass intended access restrictions. (CVE-2011-0752)

See Also

http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_15.php

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.15

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.15 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

EPSS Score

0.0193

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	44718
BID	44723
BID	45335
BID	45952
BID	46448
CVE	CVE-2010-3436
CVE	CVE-2010-3709
CVE	CVE-2010-4150
CVE	CVE-2010-4697
CVE	CVE-2010-4698
CVE	CVE-2011-0752

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/13, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

51439 - PHP 5.2 < 5.2.17 / 5.3 < 5.3.5 String To Double Conversion DoS

Synopsis
The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.
Description
According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.x installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.17 or 5.3.5.
Such versions may experience a crash while performing string to double conversion for certain numeric values. Only x86 32-bit PHP processes are known to be affected by this issue regardless of whether the system running PHP is 32-bit or 64-bit.
See Also
https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=53632
http://www.php.net/distributions/test_bug53632.txt
http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_17.php
http://www.php.net/releases/5_3_5.php
Solution
Upgrade to PHP 5.2.17/5.3.5 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
VPR Score
4.4
EPSS Score
0.0212
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
BID 45668

CVE CVE-2010-4645

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/01/07, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

58681 - PHP 5.2.x filter globals Subsequence Request Parsing Remote Code Execution

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that may be affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is in the 5.2 release branch. As such, it reportedly may be affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

An error in the file 'ext/filter/filter.c' does not properly clear the 'filter_globals' struct if PHP encounters issues during its start up process. This struct then contains stale values and can allow an attacker to use a specially crafted request to crash PHP, obtain sensitive information or possibly execute arbitrary code.

Note that this issue reportedly only affects PHP when running as an Apache module and not in other configurations such as CGI, nor when used with other web servers such as IIS.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.3.0

https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2012/Feb/93

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=47930

http://svn.php.net/viewvc?view=revision&revision=279522

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.3.0 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 52065

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/04/11, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

39480 - PHP < 5.2.10 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.10. Such versions are reportedly affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- Sufficient checks are not performed on fields reserved for offsets in function 'exif_read_data()'. Successful exploitation of this issue could result in a denial of service condition. (bug 48378)
- Provided 'safe_mode_exec_dir' is not set (not set by default), it may be possible to bypass 'safe_mode' restrictions by preceding a backslash in functions such as 'exec()', 'system()', 'shell_exec()', 'passthru()' and 'popen()' on a system running PHP on Windows. (bug 45997)

See Also

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=45997

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=48378

http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_10.php

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.10

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.10 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

4.4

EPSS Score

0.0104

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 35435 BID 35440

CVE CVE-2009-2687 XREF SECUNIA:35441

XREF CWE:20

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/06/22, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

43351 - PHP < 5.2.12 Multiple Vulnerabilities

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.12. Such versions may be affected by several security issues:

- It is possible to bypass the 'safe mode' configuration setting using 'tempnam()'. (CVE-2009-3557)
- It is possible to bypass the 'open_basedir' configuration setting using 'posix_mkfifo()'. (CVE-2009-3558)
- Provided file uploading is enabled (it is by default), an attacker can upload files using a POST request with 'multipart/form-data' content even if the target script doesn't actually support file uploads per se. By supplying a large number (15,000+) of files, an attacker could cause the web server to stop responding while it processes the file list. (CVE-2009-4017)
- Missing protection for '\$_SESSION' from interrupt corruption and improved 'session.save_path' check. (CVE-2009-4143)
- Insufficient input string validation in the 'htmlspecialchars()' function. (CVE-2009-4142)

See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?57f2d08f http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_12.php http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.12 Solution Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.12 or later. Risk Factor Medium **VPR Score** 6.7 **EPSS Score** 0.0539 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

192.168.50.101 267

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	37389
BID	37390
CVE	CVE-2009-3557
CVE	CVE-2009-3558
CVE	CVE-2009-4017
CVE	CVE-2009-4142
CVE	CVE-2009-4143
XREF	SECUNIA:37821
XREF	CWE:79
XREF	CWE:264

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/12/18, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

28181 - PHP < 5.2.5 Multiple Vulnerabilities

BID

CVE

CVE

CVE CVE 69246

CVE-2007-3996

CVE-2007-4782 CVE-2007-4783

CVE-2007-4784

Synopsis	
The remote wel	b server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws.
Description	
	banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.5. Such versions d by various issues, including but not limited to several buffer overflows.
See Also	
http://www.php	o.net/releases/5_2_5.php
Solution	
Upgrade to PHF	version 5.2.5 or later.
Risk Factor	
Medium	
VPR Score	
6.7	
EPSS Score	
0.0565	
CVSS v2.0 Base	e Score
4.4 (CVSS2#AV:I	L/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temp	poral Score
3.4 (CVSS2#E:P0	OC/RL:OF/RC:C)
References	
BID	26403

CVE	CVE-2007-4825
CVE	CVE-2007-4840
CVE	CVE-2007-4887
CVE	CVE-2007-4889
CVE	CVE-2007-5447
CVE	CVE-2007-5653
CVE	CVE-2007-5898
CVE	CVE-2007-5899
CVE	CVE-2007-5900
CVE	CVE-2008-2107
CVE	CVE-2008-2108
CVE	CVE-2008-4107
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:22
XREF	CWE:78
XREF	CWE:94
XREF	CWE:189
XREF	CWE:200
XREF	CWE:264

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/11/12, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

35750 - PHP < 5.2.9 Multiple Vulnerabilities

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

Synopsis The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws. Description According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is older than 5.2.9. Such versions may be affected by several security issues: - Background color is not correctly validated with a non true color image in function 'imagerotate()'. (CVE-2008-5498) - A denial of service condition can be triggered by trying to extract zip files that contain files with relative paths in file or directory names. - Function 'explode()' is affected by an unspecified vulnerability. - It may be possible to trigger a segfault by passing a specially crafted string to function 'json_decode()'. - Function 'xml_error_string()' is affected by a flaw which results in messages being off by one. See Also http://news.php.net/php.internals/42762 http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_9.php http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.9 Solution Upgrade to PHP version 5.2.9 or later. Risk Factor Medium **VPR** Score 3.6 **EPSS Score** 0.0956 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	33002
BID	33927

CVE CVE-2008-5498
CVE CVE-2009-1271
CVE CVE-2009-1272
XREF SECUNIA:34081

XREF CWE:20 XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/27, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

58966 - PHP < 5.3.11 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is earlier than 5.3.11, and as such is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- During the import of environment variables, temporary changes to the 'magic_quotes_gpc' directive are not handled properly. This can lower the difficulty for SQL injection attacks. (CVE-2012-0831)
- The '\$_FILES' variable can be corrupted because the names of uploaded files are not properly validated. (CVE-2012-1172)
- The 'open_basedir' directive is not properly handled by the functions 'readline_write_history' and 'readline_read_history'.
- The 'header()' function does not detect multi-line headers with a CR. (Bug #60227 / CVE-2011-1398)

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?e81d4026

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=61043

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=54374

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=60227

https://marc.info/?l=oss-security&m=134626481806571&w=2

http://www.php.net/archive/2012.php#id2012-04-26-1

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.3.11

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.3.11 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.0248

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 51954	
BID 53403	
BID 55297	
CVE CVE-2011-1398	
CVE CVE-2012-0831	
CVE CVE-2012-1172	

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/05/02, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

44921 - PHP < 5.3.2 / 5.2.13 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple flaws.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP installed on the remote host is older than 5.3.2 / 5.2.13. Such versions may be affected by several security issues :

- Directory paths not ending with '/' may not be correctly validated inside 'tempnam()' in 'safe_mode' configuration.
- It may be possible to bypass the 'open_basedir'/ 'safe_mode' configuration restrictions due to an error in session extensions.
- An unspecified vulnerability affects the LCG entropy.

See Also

http://securityreason.com/achievement_securityalert/82

http://securityreason.com/securityalert/7008

https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2010/Feb/208

http://www.php.net/releases/5_3_2.php

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.3.2

http://www.php.net/releases/5_2_13.php

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.2.13

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.3.2 / 5.2.13 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

5.3

EPSS Score

0.0249

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	38182
BID	38430
BID	38431
CVF	CVF-2010-1

CVE CVE-2010-1128
CVE CVE-2010-1129
CVE CVE-2010-1130
XREF SECUNIA:38708

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/02/26, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

152853 - PHP < 7.3.28 Email Header Injection

Synopsis

The version of PHP running on the remote web server is affected by an email header injection vulnerability.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the version of PHP running on the remote web server is prior to 7.3.28.

It is, therefore affected by an email header injection vulnerability, due to a failure to properly handle CR-LF sequences in header fields. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, by inserting line feed characters into email headers, to gain full control of email header content.

See Also

https://www.php.net/ChangeLog-7.php#7.3.28

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 7.3.28 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/08/26, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

73289 - PHP PHP_RSHUTDOWN_FUNCTION Security Bypass

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by a security bypass vulnerability.
Description
According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.x installed on the remote host is 5.x prior to 5.3.11 or 5.4.x prior to 5.4.1 and thus, is potentially affected by a security bypass vulnerability.
An error exists related to the function 'PHP_RSHUTDOWN_FUNCTION' in the libxml extension and the 'stream_close' method that could allow a remote attacker to bypass 'open_basedir' protections and obtain sensitive information.
Note that this plugin has not attempted to exploit this issue, but has instead relied only on PHP's self-reported version number.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?bcc428c2
https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=61367
Solution
Upgrade to PHP version 5.3.11 / 5.4.1 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
VPR Score
3.4
EPSS Score
0.0029
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 65673

CVE CVE-2012-1171

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/04/01, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

63348 - PostgreSQL 7.4 < 7.4.27 / 8.0 < 8.0.23 / 8.1 < 8.1.19 / 8.2 < 8.2.15 / 8.3 < 8.3.9 / 8.4 < 8.4.2 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote database server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

The version of PostgreSQL installed on the remote host is 7.4 prior to 7.4.27, 8.0 prior to 8.0.23, 8.1 prior to 8.1.19, 8.2 prior to 8.2.15, 8.3 prior to 8.3.9 or 8.4 prior to 8.4.2. As such, it is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities:

- NULL bytes in SSL Certificates can be used to falsify client or server authentication. (CVE-2009-4034)
- Privilege escalation is possible via changing session state in an index function. (CVE-2009-4136)

See Also

https://www.postgresql.org/about/news/1170/

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/7.4/release-7-4-27.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.0/release-8-0-23.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.1/release-8-1-19.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.2/release-8-2-15.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/release-8-3-9.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.4/release-8-4-2.html

Solution

Upgrade to PostgreSQL 7.4.27 / 8.0.23 / 8.1.19 / 8.2.15 / 8.3.9 / 8.4.2 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

EPSS Score

0.0234

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 37333 BID 37334

CVE CVE-2009-4034
CVE CVE-2009-4136
XREF CWE:310

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/12/28, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

63350 - PostgreSQL 7.4 < 7.4.30 / 8.0 < 8.0.26 / 8.1 < 8.1.22 / 8.2 < 8.2.18 / 8.3 < 8.3.12 / 8.4 < 8.4.5 / 9.0 < 9.0.1

Synopsis

The remote database server is affected by a privilege escalation vulnerability.

Description

The version of PostgreSQL installed on the remote host is 7.4 prior to 7.4.30, 8.0 prior to 8.0.26, 8.1 prior to 8.1.22, 8.2 prior to 8.2.18, 8.3 prior to 8.3.12, 8.4 prior to 8.4.5, or 9.0 prior to 9.0.1. It therefore is potentially affected by a privilege escalation vulnerability.

A remote, authenticated attacker could elevate privileges via specially crafted code in a SECURITY DEFINER function.

See Also

https://www.postgresql.org/about/news/1244/

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/7.4/release.html#RELEASE-7-4-30

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.0/release.html#RELEASE-8-0-26

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.1/release-8-1-22.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.2/release-8-2-18.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/release-8-3-12.html

http://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.4/static/release-8-4-5.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.0/release.html#RELEASE-9-0-1

Solution

Upgrade to PostgreSQL 7.4.30 / 8.0.26 / 8.1.22 / 8.2.18 / 8.3.12 / 8.4.5 / 9.0.1 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

3.4

EPSS Score

0.0345

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 43747

CVE CVE-2010-3433

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/12/28, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

63351 - PostgreSQL 8.2 < 8.2.20 / 8.3 < 8.3.14 / 8.4 < 8.4.7 / 9.0 < 9.0.3 Buffer Overflow Vulnerability

Synopsis The remote database server is affected by a buffer overflow vulnerability. Description The version of PostgreSQL installed on the remote host is 8.2.x prior to 8.2.20, 8.3.x prior to 8.3.14, 8.4.x prior to 8.4.7, or 9.0.x prior to 9.0.3. It therefore is potentially affected by a buffer overflow vulnerability. By calling functions from the intarray optional module with certain parameters, a remote, authenticated attacker could execute arbitrary code on the remote host subject to the privileges of the user running the affected application. See Also https://www.postgresql.org/about/news/1289/ https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.2/release-8-2-20.html https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/release-8-3-14.html http://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.4/static/release-8-4-7.html https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.0/release-9-0-3.html Solution Upgrade to PostgreSQL 8.2.20 / 8.3.14 / 8.4.7 / 9.0.3 or later. Risk Factor Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.5

EPSS Score

0.0188

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 46084

CVE CVE-2010-4015

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/12/28, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

63354 - PostgreSQL 8.3 < 8.3.20 / 8.4 < 8.4.13 / 9.0 < 9.0.9 / 9.1 < 9.1.5 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote database server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description The version of PostgreSQL installed on the remote host is 8.3.x prior to 8.3.20, 8.4.x prior to 8.4.13, 9.0.x prior to 9.0.9, or 9.1.x prior to 9.1.5. It therefore is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities : - A flaw in contrib/xml2's xslt process can be used to read and write arbitrary files. (CVE-2012-3488) - An xml parse() DTD validation flaw can be used to read arbitrary files. (CVE-2012-3489) See Also http://www.postgresql.org/about/news/1407/ https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/release-8-3-20.html http://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.4/static/release-8-4-13.html https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.0/release-9-0-9.html http://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.1/static/release-9-1-5.html Solution Upgrade to PostgreSQL 8.3.20 / 8.4.13 / 9.0.9 / 9.1.5 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 6.5

192.168.50.101 286

EPSS Score

0.0022

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.9 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 55072 BID 55074

CVE CVE-2012-3488 CVE CVE-2012-3489

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/12/28, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

Synopsis

The remote database server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

Description

The version of PostgreSQL installed on the remote host is 8.3.x prior to 8.3.23, 8.4.x prior to 8.4.16, 9.0.x prior to 9.0.12, 9.1.x prior to 9.1.8 or 9.2 prior to 9.2.3. It is, therefore, potentially affected by a denial of service vulnerability due to a flaw in the enum_recv() function of 'backend/utils/adt/enum.c'. By exploiting this flaw, a remote attacker could crash the affected application.

See Also

https://www.postgresql.org/about/news/1446/

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.3/release-8-3-23.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/8.4/release-8-4-16.html

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.0/release-9-0-12.html

http://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.1/static/release-9-1-8.html

http://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/static/release-9-2-3.html

Solution

Upgrade to PostgreSQL 8.3.23 / 8.4.16 / 9.0.12 / 9.1.8 / 9.2.3 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

1.4

EPSS Score

0.0164

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 57844

CVE CVE-2013-0255

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/02/18, Modified: 2024/10/23

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

106752 - ProFTPD < 1.3.2b / 1.3.3x < 1.3.3rc2 client-hostname restriction bypass

Synopsis
The remote FTP server is affected by a Denial of Service vulnerability.
Description
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux. According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is 1.3.2x prior to 1.3.2b or 1.3.3x prior to 1.3.3rc2 and is affected by a mitigation bypass vulnerability when the dNSNameRequired TLS option is enabled.
See Also
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3275
Solution
Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.2b / 1.3.3rc2 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:L)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
2.5
EPSS Score
0.0047
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
4.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 36804

CVE CVE-2009-3639

XREF CWE:310

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/12, Modified: 2019/11/08

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

106751 - ProFTPD < 1.3.2rc3 ABOR Denial of Service

Synopsis	
The remote FTP server is affected by a Denial of Service vulnerability.	
Description	
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux.	
According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is earlier than 1.3.2rc3 a affected by a Denial of Service vulnerability via an ABOR command during a data transfer.	nd is
See Also	
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3131	
https://www.debian.org/security/2011/dsa-2191	
Solution	
Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.2rc3 or later.	
Risk Factor	
Medium	
CVSS v3.0 Base Score	
4.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L)	
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score	
3.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)	
VPR Score	
1.4	
EPSS Score	
0.0015	
CVSS v2.0 Base Score	
4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:P)	
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score	
3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)	
400.400.50.404	

References

BID 84378

CVE CVE-2008-7265

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/12, Modified: 2019/11/08

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

51366 - ProFTPD < 1.3.3d 'mod_sql' Buffer Overflow

Synopsis

The remote FTP server is affected by a heap-based buffer overflow vulnerability.
Description
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux.
According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is earlier than 1.3.3d. Such versions are reportedly affected by a heap-based buffer overflow vulnerability in the function 'sql_prepare_where()' in the file 'contrib/mod_sql.c'. An unauthenticated, remote attacker may be able to exploit this in combination with an earlier SQL injection vulnerability (CVE-2009-0542) to execute arbitrary code with root privileges.
Note that Nessus did not actually test for the flaw but instead has relied on the version in ProFTPD's banner.
See Also
http://phrack.org/issues/67/7.html#article
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3536
http://www.nessus.org/u?43c39fae
Solution
Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.3d or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
VPR Score
6.7
EPSS Score
0.2562
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 44933

CVE CVE-2010-4652

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/23, Modified: 2020/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

106753 - ProFTPD < 1.3.4rc2 client-hostname restriction bypass

Synopsis
The remote FTP server is affected by a Denial of Service vulnerability.
Description
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux.
According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is earlier than 1.3.4rc2 and is affected by a Denial of Service vulnerability in the mod_sftp module.
See Also
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3586
Solution
Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.4rc2 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
2.2
EPSS Score
0.0833
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:ND)

References

BID 46183

CVE CVE-2011-1137

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/12, Modified: 2019/11/08

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

106756 - ProFTPD < 1.3.5e / 1.3.6x < 1.3.6rc5 AllowChrootSymlinks bypass

Synopsis
The remote FTP server is affected by a mitigation bypass vulnerability.
Description
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux.
According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host is prior to 1.3.5e or 1.3.6x prior to 1.3.6rc5 and is affected by an issue where an attacker who is not granted full filesystem access may reconfigure the home directory of an FTP user.
See Also
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=4295
Solution
Upgrade to ProFTPD version 1.3.5e / 1.3.6rc5 or later.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.0004
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
1.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 97409

CVE CVE-2017-7418

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/12, Modified: 2019/11/08

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

57608 - SMB Signing not required

Synopsis

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

Plugin Information

192.168.50.101

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

52611 - SMTP Service STARTTLS Plaintext Command Injection

Synopsis

The remote mail service allows plaintext command injection while negotiating an encrypted communications channel. Description The remote SMTP service contains a software flaw in its STARTTLS implementation that could allow a remote, unauthenticated attacker to inject commands during the plaintext protocol phase that will be executed during the ciphertext protocol phase. Successful exploitation could allow an attacker to steal a victim's email or associated SASL (Simple Authentication and Security Layer) credentials. See Also https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487 https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/516901/30/0/threaded Solution Contact the vendor to see if an update is available. Risk Factor Medium **VPR** Score 7.3 **EPSS Score** 0.0114 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.1 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) References BID 46767

CVE	CVE-2011-0411
CVE	CVE-2011-1430
CVE	CVE-2011-1431
CVE	CVE-2011-1432
CVE	CVE-2011-1506
CVE	CVE-2011-2165
XREF	CERT:555316

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/10, Modified: 2019/03/06

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

192.168.50.101

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

15901 - SSL Certificate Expiry

tcp/25/smtp

Synopsis
The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.
Description
This plugin checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL- enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.
Solution
Purchase or generate a new SSL certificate to replace the existing one.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
Plugin Information
Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03
Plugin Output

15901 - SSL Certificate Expiry

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The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.

Description

This plugin checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL- enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

Solution

Purchase or generate a new SSL certificate to replace the existing one.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

192.168.50.101

45411 - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

Description

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute of the SSL certificate presented for this service is for a different machine.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

192.168.50.101

192.168.50.101

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

45411 - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

Description

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute of the SSL certificate presented for this service is for a different machine.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

192.168.50.101

192.168.50.101

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

192.168.50.101

57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

58751 - SSL/TLS Protocol Initialization Vector Implementation Information Disclosure Vulnerability (BEAST)

Synopsis

It may be possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

Description

A vulnerability exists in SSL 3.0 and TLS 1.0 that could allow information disclosure if an attacker intercepts encrypted traffic served from an affected system.

TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2, and all cipher suites that do not use CBC mode are not affected.

This plugin tries to establish an SSL/TLS remote connection using an affected SSL version and cipher suite and then solicits return data.

If returned application data is not fragmented with an empty or one-byte record, it is likely vulnerable.

OpenSSL uses empty fragments as a countermeasure unless the 'SSL_OP_DONT_INSERT_EMPTY_FRAGMENTS' option is specified when OpenSSL is initialized.

Microsoft implemented one-byte fragments as a countermeasure, and the setting can be controlled via the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\SendExtraRecord.

Therefore, if multiple applications use the same SSL/TLS implementation, some may be vulnerable while others may not be, depending on whether or not a countermeasure has been enabled.

Note that this plugin detects the vulnerability in the SSLv3/TLSv1 protocol implemented in the server. It does not detect the BEAST attack where it exploits the vulnerability at HTTPS client-side (i.e., Internet browser). The detection at server-side does not necessarily mean your server is vulnerable to the BEAST attack, because the attack exploits the vulnerability at the client-side, and both SSL/TLS clients and servers can independently employ the split record countermeasure.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2011/09/23/chromeandbeast.html

https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?649b81c1

http://www.nessus.org/u?84775fd6

https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/kaushal/2012/01/20/fixing-the-beast/

Solution

Configure SSL/TLS servers to only use TLS 1.1 or TLS 1.2 if supported.

Configure SSL/TLS servers to only support cipher suites that do not use block ciphers. Apply patches if available.

Note that additional configuration may be required after the installation of the MS12-006 security update in order to enable the split-record countermeasure. See Microsoft KB2643584 for details.

Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) VPR Score 2.9 EPSS Score 0.006 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) STIG Severity I References BID 49778 CVE CVE-2011-3389 XREF CER::864643 XREF MSFT:MS12-006 XREF IAVB:2012-B-0006 XREF IAVB:2012-B-0006 XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2019-0547 Plugin Information Published: 2012/04/16, Modified: 2022/12/05	Risk Factor	
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) VPR Score 2.9 EPSS Score 0.006 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) STIG Severity I References BID 49778 CVE CVE-2011-3389 XREF CERT:864643 XREF MSFT:MS12-006 XREF IAVB:2012-B-0006 XREF CEA-1D:CEA-2019-0547 Plugin Information Published: 2012/04/16, Modified: 2022/12/05	Medium	
VPR Score 2.9 EPSS Score 0.006 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) STIG Severity I References BID 49778 CVE CVE-2011-3389 XREF CERT:864643 XREF MSFT:MS12-006 XREF IAVB:2012-B-0006 XREF IAVB:2012-B-0006 XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2019-0547 Plugin Information Published: 2012/04/16, Modified: 2022/12/05	CVSS v3.0 E	Base Score
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	Plugin Info	rmation
	Published: 2	2012/04/16, Modified: 2022/12/05
Plugin Output	Plugin Outp	put

192.168.50.101 315

tcp/25/smtp

52503 - Samba 3.x < 3.3.15 / 3.4.12 / 3.5.7 'FD_SET' Memory Corruption

Synopsis

The remote Samba server is affected by a memory corruption vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Samba 3.x running on the remote host is earlier than 3.3.15 / 3.4.12 / 3.5.7. An error exists in the range checks on file descriptors in the 'FD_SET' macro that allows stack corruption. This corruption can cause Samba to crash or to continually try selecting on an improper descriptor set.

An attacker who is able to get a connection to a file share, either authenticated or via a guest connection, can leverage this issue to launch a denial of service attack against the affected smbd service.

Note the possibility of arbitrary code execution exists with this type of vulnerability but has not been confirmed.

Also note that Nessus has not actually tried to exploit this issue or otherwise determine if one of the patches has been applied.

See Also

https://bugzilla.samba.org/show_bug.cgi?id=7949

http://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2011-0719.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.3.15.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.4.12.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.5.7.html

Solution

Either apply one of the patches referenced in the project's advisory or upgrade to 3.3.15 / 3.4.12 / 3.5.7 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

3.6

EPSS Score

0.0365

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 46597

CVE CVE-2011-0719 XREF Secunia:43512

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/02, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

55733 - Samba 3.x < 3.3.16 / 3.4.14 / 3.5.10 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote Samba server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of Samba 3.x running on the remote host is earlier than 3.3.16 / 3.4.14 / 3.5.10. As such, it is potentially affected by several vulnerabilities in the Samba Web Administration Tool (SWAT): - A cross-site scripting vulnerability exists because of a failure to sanitize input to the username parameter of the 'passwd' program. (Issue #8289) - A cross-site request forgery (CSRF) vulnerability can allow SWAT to be manipulated when a user who is logged in as root is tricked into clicking specially crafted URLs sent by an attacker. (Issue #8290) Note that these issues are only exploitable when SWAT it enabled, and it is not enabled by default. Also note that Nessus has relied only on the self-reported version number and has not actually determined whether SWAT is enabled, tried to exploit these issues, or determine if the associated patches have been applied. See Also https://bugzilla.samba.org/show_bug.cgi?id=8289 https://bugzilla.samba.org/show bug.cgi?id=8290 https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2011-2522 https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2011-2694 https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.3.16.html https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.4.14.html https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.5.10.html

Solution

Either apply one of the patches referenced in the project's advisory or upgrade to 3.3.16 / 3.4.14 / 3.5.10 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

6.7

EPSS Score

0.0079

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 48899 BID 48901

CVE CVE-2011-2522
CVE CVE-2011-2694
XREF EDB-ID:17577
XREF Secunia:45393

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/07/29, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

69276 - Samba 3.x < 3.5.22 / 3.6.x < 3.6.17 / 4.0.x < 4.0.8 read nttrans ea lis DoS

Synopsis

The remote Samba server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of Samba running on the remote host is 3.x prior to 3.5.22, 3.6.x prior to 3.6.17 or 4.0.x prior to 4.0.8. It is, therefore, potentially affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

An integer overflow error exists in the function 'read nttrans ea lis'

in the file 'nttrans.c' that could allow denial of service attacks to be carried out via specially crafted network traffic.

Note if 'guest' connections are allowed, this issue can be exploited by a remote, unauthenticated attacker.

Further note that Nessus has relied only on the self-reported version number and has not actually tried to exploit this issue or determine if the associated patch has been applied.

See Also

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2013-4124.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.5.22.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-3.6.17.html

https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.0.8.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a31cffce

Solution

Either install the patch referenced in the project's advisory, or upgrade to version 3.5.22 / 3.6.17 / 4.0.8 or later

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

4.4

EPSS Score

0.9678

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 61597

CVE CVE-2013-4124 XREF EDB-ID:27778

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/08/08, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

41970 - Samba < 3.0.37 / 3.2.15 / 3.3.8 / 3.4.2 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote Samba server may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of Samba server on the remote host is earlier than 3.0.37 / 3.2.15 / 3.3.8 / 3.4.2. Such versions are potentially affected by multiple issues: - If a user in '/etc/passwd' is misconfigured to have an empty home directory, then connecting to the home share of this user will use the root of the file system as the home directory. (CVE-2009-2813) - Specially crafted SMB requests on authenticated SMB connections can send smbd into a 100% loop, causing a denial of service. (CVE-2009-2906) - When 'mount.cifs' is installed as a setuid program, a user can pass it a credential or password path to which he or she does not have access and then use the '--verbose' option to view the first line of that file. (CVE-2009-2948) See Also https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2009-2906.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2009-2948.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2009-2813.html Solution Upgrade to Samba 3.0.37 / 3.2.15 / 3.3.8 / 3.4.2 or later. Risk Factor Medium **VPR Score** 6.6 **EPSS Score** 0.0068 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 36572 BID 36573 CVE CVE-2009-2813

CVE CVE-2009-2906 CVE CVE-2009-2948

XREF CWE:264

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/02, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

64459 - Samba < 3.5.21 / 3.6.12 / 4.0.2 SWAT Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis The remote Samba server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of Samba running on the remote host is 3.5.x prior to 3.5.21, 3.6.x prior to 3.6.12, or 4.x prior to 4.0.1. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities: - An unspecified flaw exists in the Samba Web Administration Tool (SWAT) that allows a remote attacker to conduct clickjacking attacks via a FRAME or IFRAME element. (CVE-2013-0213) - A cross-site request forgery vulnerability exists due to a failure to require multiple steps or explicit confirmation for sensitive transactions in the Samba Web Administration Tool (SWAT). A remote attacker can exploit this, by convincing a user to follow a crafted URL, to cause the user to perform unintended actions. (CVE-2013-0213) Note that these vulnerabilities are only exploitable when SWAT is enabled, and it is not enabled by default. Additionally, note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2013-0213.html https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2013-0214.html https://www.samba.org/samba/history/samba-4.0.2.html Solution Upgrade to Samba version 3.5.21 / 3.6.12 / 4.0.2 or later. Alternatively, install the patch referenced in the vendor advisory. Risk Factor Medium **VPR** Score 5.9 **EPSS Score** 0.0425 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 57631

CVE CVE-2013-0213 CVE CVE-2013-0214

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/02/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

183023 - Samba < 4.17.12 / 4.18.x < 4.18.8 / 4.19.x < 4.19.1 Incorrect Permissions Handling

Synopsis

The remote Samba server is potentially affected by a vulnerability. Description The version of Samba running on the remote host is potentially affected by a vulnerability. The SMB protocol allows opening files where the client requests read-only access, but then implicitly truncating the opened file if the client specifies a separate OVERWRITE create disposition. This operation requires write access to the file, and in the default Samba configuration the operating system kernel will deny access to open a read-only file for read/write (which the truncate operation requires). However, when Samba has been configured to ignore kernel file system permissions, Samba will truncate a file when the underlying operating system kernel would deny the operation. Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2023-4091.html https://www.samba.org/samba/history/security.html Solution Upgrade to Samba version 4.17.12, 4.18.8, or 4.19.1. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 4.4 **FPSS Score** 0.0015

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:C/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

1

References

CVE CVE-2023-4091 XREF IAVA:2023-A-0535

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/10/13, Modified: 2023/11/14

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

12213 - TCP/IP Sequence Prediction Blind Reset Spoofing DoS

Synopsis It was possible to send spoofed RST packets to the remote system. Description The remote host is affected by a sequence number approximation vulnerability that allows an attacker to send spoofed RST packets to the remote host and close established connections. This may cause problems for some dedicated services (BGP, a VPN over TCP, etc). See Also https://downloads.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2006-217.htm http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/JARL-5ZQR4D http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY55949 http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY55950 http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IY62006 http://www.juniper.net/support/security/alerts/niscc-236929.txt https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/security-updates/SecurityBulletins/2005/ms05-019 https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/security-updates/SecurityBulletins/2006/ms06-064 http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/JARL-5YGQ9G http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/JARL-5ZQR7H http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/JARL-5YGQAJ http://www.nessus.org/u?cf64c2ca https://isc.sans.edu/diary.html?date=2004-04-20 Solution Contact the vendor for a patch or mitigation advice. Risk Factor Medium **VPR** Score 2.2 **EPSS Score** 0.0027

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 10183

CVE CVE-2004-0230
XREF CERT:415294
XREF EDB-ID:276
XREF EDB-ID:291

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/04/25, Modified: 2019/03/06

Plugin Output

tcp/0

88490 - Web Server Error Page Information Disclosure

Synopsis

The remote web server discloses information via a default error page.

Description

The default error page sent by the remote web server discloses information that can aid an attacker, such as the server version and languages used by the web server.

Solution

Modify the web server to not disclose detailed information about the underlying web server, or use a custom error page instead.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/01/29, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

88490 - Web Server Error Page Information Disclosure

Synopsis

The remote web server discloses information via a default error page.

Description

The default error page sent by the remote web server discloses information that can aid an attacker, such as the server version and languages used by the web server.

Solution

Modify the web server to not disclose detailed information about the underlying web server, or use a custom error page instead.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/01/29, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/8180/www

88099 - Web Server HTTP Header Information Disclosure

Published: 2016/01/22, Modified: 2019/04/30

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Synopsis The remote web server discloses information via HTTP headers. Description The HTTP headers sent by the remote web server disclose information that can aid an attacker, such as the server version and languages used by the web server. Solution Modify the HTTP headers of the web server to not disclose detailed information about the underlying web server. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) Plugin Information

10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

Synopsis It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host. Description The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating timebased authentication protocols. Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time. Solution Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14). Risk Factor Low **VPR** Score 4.9 **EPSS Score** 0.8808 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) References CVE CVE-1999-0524 XRFF CWF:200 Plugin Information Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2024/10/07

192.168.50.101 333

Plugin Output

icmp/0

42983 - ISC BIND 9 DNSSEC Cache Poisoning

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by a cache poisoning vulnerability.
Description
According to its version number, the remote installation of BIND suffers from a cache poisoning vulnerability. This issue affects all versions prior to 9.4.3-P5, 9.5.2-P2 or 9.6.1-P3.
Note that only nameservers that allow recursive queries and validate DNSSEC records are affected. Nessus has not attempted to verify if this configuration applies to the remote service, though, so this could be a false positive.
See Also
https://www.isc.org/advisories/CVE2009-4022
http://www.vupen.com/english/advisories/2010/1352
http://www.vupen.com/english/advisories/2010/0622
http://www.vupen.com/english/advisories/2009/3335
Solution
Upgrade to BIND 9.4.3-P5 / 9.5.2-P2 / 9.6.1-P3 or later.
Risk Factor
Low
VPR Score
5.9
EPSS Score
0.0399
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 37118

CVE CVE-2009-4022
CVE CVE-2010-0382
XREF CERT:418861

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/12/02, Modified: 2018/06/27

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Synopsis The remote SSH service may be affected by an X11 forwarding port hijacking vulnerability. Description According to its banner, the version of SSH installed on the remote host is older than 5.1 and may allow a local user to hijack the X11 forwarding port. The application improperly sets the 'SO REUSEADDR' socket option when the 'X11UseLocalhost' configuration option is disabled. Note that most operating systems, when attempting to bind to a port that has previously been bound with the 'SO REUSEADDR' option, will check that either the effective user-id matches the previous bind (common BSD-derived systems) or that the bind addresses do not overlap (Linux and Solaris). This is not the case with other operating systems such as HP-UX. See Also https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-5.1 Solution Upgrade to OpenSSH version 5.1 or later. Risk Factor low **VPR Score** 3.6 **EPSS Score** 0.0004 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 1.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

BID 30339 CVE CVE-2008-3259

0.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

192.168.50.101 336

XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

53841 - Portable OpenSSH ssh-keysign ssh-rand-helper Utility File Descriptor Leak Loca Information Disclosure

Synopsis
Local attackers may be able to access sensitive information.
Description
According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is earlier than 5.8p2. Such versions may be affected by a local information disclosure vulnerability that could allow the contents of the host's private key to be accessible by locally tracing the execution of the ssh-keysign utility. Having the host's private key may allow the impersonation of the host.
Note that installations are only vulnerable if ssh-rand-helper was enabled during the build process, which is not the case for *BSD, OS X, Cygwin and Linux.
See Also
http://www.openssh.com/txt/portable-keysign-rand-helper.adv http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-5.8p2
Solution
Upgrade to Portable OpenSSH 5.8p2 or later.
Risk Factor
Low
VPR Score
3.4
EPSS Score
0.0004
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
1.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
BID 47691

CVE CVE-2011-4327
XREF Secunia:44347

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/09, Modified: 2024/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

66970 - ProFTPD FTP Command Handling Symlink Arbitrary File Overwrite

Synopsis
The remote FTP server is affected by an arbitrary file overwrite vulnerability.
Description
The remote host is using ProFTPD, a free FTP server for Unix and Linux. According to its banner, the version of ProFTPD installed on the remote host earlier than 1.3.4c. As such, it is potentially affected by a race condition error that does not securely create temporary files related to symlinks and newly created directories. A local, attacker could leverage this issue to overwrite arbitrary files and elevate privileges.
Note that Nessus did not actually test for the flaw but has instead relied on the version in ProFTPD's banner.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?5fd455fb
http://proftpd.org/docs/RELEASE_NOTES-1.3.5rc1
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3841
Solution
Upgrade to 1.3.4c / 1.3.5rc1 or apply the patch from the vendor.
Risk Factor
Low
VPR Score
3.6
EPSS Score
0.0004
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
1.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
0.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 57172

CVE CVE-2012-6095

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/06/24, Modified: 2020/03/27

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

86328 - SSH Diffie-Hellman Modulus <= 1024 Bits (Logjam

Synopsis

The remote host allows SSH connections with one or more Diffie-Hellman moduli less than or equal to 1024 bits. Description The remote SSH server allows connections with one or more Diffie-Hellman moduli less than or equal to 1024 bits. Through cryptanalysis, a third party can find the shared secret in a short amount of time (depending on modulus size and attacker resources). This allows an attacker to recover the plaintext or potentially violate the integrity of connections. See Also https://weakdh.org/ https://stribika.github.io/2015/01/04/secure-secure-shell.html Solution Reconfigure the service to use a unique Diffie-Hellman moduli of 2048 bits or greater. Risk Factor low CVSS v3.0 Base Score 3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 3.9 **EPSS Score** 0.9736 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 74733

CVE CVE-2015-4000

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/09, Modified: 2022/12/05

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

10407 - X Server Detection

Synopsis

An X11 server is listening on the remote host

Description

The remote host is running an X11 server. X11 is a client-server protocol that can be used to display graphical applications running on a given host on a remote client.

Since the X11 traffic is not ciphered, it is possible for an attacker to eavesdrop on the connection.

Solution

Restrict access to this port. If the X11 client/server facility is not used, disable TCP support in X11 entirely (nolisten tcp).

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/12, Modified: 2019/03/05

Plugin Output

tcp/6000/x11

X11 Version : 11.0

21186 - AJP Connector Detection

Synopsis

There is an AJP connector listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote host is running an AJP (Apache JServ Protocol) connector, a service by which a standalone web server such as Apache communicates over TCP with a Java servlet container such as Tomcat.

See Also

http://tomcat.apache.org/connectors-doc/

http://tomcat.apache.org/connectors-doc/ajp/ajpv13a.html

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2006/04/05, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/8009/ajp13

The connector listing on this port supports the ajp13 protocol.

18261 - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

Synopsis

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

Description

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

Solution

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/05/15, Modified: 2022/03/21

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The Linux distribution detected was : - Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)

111465 - Apache HTTP Server Error Page Detection

Synopsis
The remote web server version can be obtained via a default error page.
Description
The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from an error page.
See Also
https://httpd.apache.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/07/31, Modified: 2024/07/17
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www

48204 - Apache HTTP Server Version

Synopsis It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server. Description The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner. See Also https://httpd.apache.org/ Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530 Plugin Information Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2023/08/17 Plugin Output tcp/80/www

39446 - Apache Tomcat Detection

Synopsis
The remote web server is an Apache Tomcat server.
Description
Nessus was able to detect a remote Apache Tomcat web server.
See Also
https://tomcat.apache.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0535
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/18, Modified: 2024/11/14
Plugin Output
tcp/8180/www

45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2024/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.8 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:apache:tomcat:5.5 -> Apache Software Foundation Tomcat cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4. -> ISC BIND

cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4.2 -> ISC BIND

cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH

cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7p1 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH

cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4 -> PHP PHP

cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4 -> PHP PHP

cpe:/a:pstgresql:postgresql -> PostgreSQL

cpe:/a:samba:samba:3.0.20 -> Samba Samba
```

10028 - DNS Server BIND version Directive Remote Version Detection

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote DNS server.

Description

The remote host is running BIND or another DNS server that reports its version number when it receives a special request for the text 'version.bind' in the domain 'chaos'.

This version is not necessarily accurate and could even be forged, as some DNS servers send the information based on a configuration file.

Solution

It is possible to hide the version number of BIND by using the 'version' directive in the 'options' section in named.conf.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0583

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

11002 - DNS Server Detection

Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain_Name_System

Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

Plugin Output

tcp/53/dns

11002 - DNS Server Detection

Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain_Name_System

Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

11951 - DNS Server Fingerprinting

Synopsis

It may be possible to fingerprint the remote DNS server.

Description

This script attempts to identify the remote DNS server type and version by sending various invalid requests to the remote DNS server and analyzing the error codes returned.

See Also

http://cr.yp.to/surveys/dns1.html

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

```
Nessus was not able to reliably identify the remote DNS server type. It might be:

ISC BIND 9.4.2

The fingerprint differs from these known signatures on 1 points.

If you know the type and version of the remote DNS server, please send the following signature to dns-signatures@nessus.org:

4q:2:5:1q:1:1q:1q:1q:1q:0X:0AAXD:0X:0X:0Z0X:0X:4q:4q:4q:4q:0X:0X:2:0AAXD:
```

72779 - DNS Server Version Detection

Synopsis

Nessus was able to obtain version information on the remote DNS server.

Description

Nessus was able to obtain version information by sending a special TXT record query to the remote host.

Note that this version is not necessarily accurate and could even be forged, as some DNS servers send the information based on a configuration file.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0937

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/03/03, Modified: 2024/09/24

Plugin Output

tcp/53/dns

35371 - DNS Server hostname.bind Map Hostname Disclosure

Synopsis

The DNS server discloses the remote host name.

Description

It is possible to learn the remote host name by querying the remote DNS server for 'hostname.bind' in the CHAOS domain.

Solution

It may be possible to disable this feature. Consult the vendor's documentation for more information.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/15, Modified: 2011/09/14

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

The remote host name is : $\\ \mbox{metasploitable}$

54615 - Device Type

Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95

35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

Synopsis The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI. Description Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE. See Also https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13 Plugin Output tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified:

08:00:27:5C:BF:F2 : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

Synopsis
This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.
Description
This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13
Plugin Output
tcp/0

10092 - FTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

Description

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0943

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2023/08/17

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

```
The remote FTP banner is:
220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)
```

10092 - FTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

Description

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0943

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2023/08/17

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

```
The remote FTP banner is:

220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [::ffff:192.168.50.101]
```

43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

See Also

tcp/80/www

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006) Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11 Plugin Output

```
Based on tests of each method:
- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST TRACE are allowed on:
/
```

43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006)

Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/8180/www

```
Based on tests of each method:
- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST are allowed on:
/
```

10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

Synopsis
A web server is running on the remote host.
Description
This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931
Plugin Information
Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www
The remote web server type is :
Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2

10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

Synopsis
A web server is running on the remote host.
Description
Description
This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931
Plugin Information
Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30
Plugin Output
tcp/8180/www
The remote web server type is :
Apache-Coyote/1.1

24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive is enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2024/02/26

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
HTTP/2 TLS Support: No
HTTP/2 Cleartext Support: No
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Date: Wed, 04 Dec 2024 15:01:33 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
 X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10
 Content-Length: 891
 Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
 Connection: Keep-Alive
 Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<html><head><title>Metasploitable2 - Linux</title></head><body>
```

24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive is enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2024/02/26

Plugin Output

tcp/8180/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
HTTP/2 TLS Support: No
HTTP/2 Cleartext Support: No
Keep-Alive : no
Options allowed : GET, HEAD, POST, PUT, DELETE, TRACE, OPTIONS
Headers :
  Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
  Content-Type: text/html;charset=ISO-8859-1
 Date: Wed, 04 Dec 2024 15:01:33 GMT
  Connection: close
Response Body :
<! - -
 Licensed to the Apache Software Foundation (ASF) under one or more
  contributor license agreements. See the NOTICE file distributed with
  this work for additional information regarding copyright ownership.
  The ASF licenses this file to You under the Apache License, Version 2.0
  (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with
  the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at
      http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
```

```
Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
 distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
 WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
 See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
 limitations under the License.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN"</pre>
   "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en" lang="en">
   <head>
   <title>Apache Tomcat/5.5</title>
   <style type="text/css">
   /*<! [CDATA[*/
     body {
         color: #000000;
         background-color: #FFFFFF;
 font-family: Arial, "Times New Roman", Times, serif;
        margin: 10px 0px;
   img {
      border: none;
   a:link, a:visited {
       color: blue
   th {
        font-family: Verdana, "Times New Roman", Times, serif;
       font-size: 110%;
       font-weight: normal;
       font-style: italic;
       background: #D2A41C;
       text-align: left;
   td {
       color: #000000;
font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
   td.men [...]
```

14788 - IP Protocols Scan

Synopsis This plugin detects the protocols understood by the remote IP stack. Description This plugin detects the protocols understood by the remote IP stack. See Also http://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers/protocol-numbers.xhtml Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/09/22, Modified: 2022/08/15 Plugin Output tcp/0

The following IP protocols are accepted on this host: 1ICMP 2IGMP 6TCP 17UDP 136UDPLite

11156 - IRC Daemon Version Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is an IRC server.

Description

This plugin determines the version of the IRC daemon.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/19, Modified: 2016/01/08

Plugin Output

tcp/6667/irc

The IRC server version is : Unreal3.2.8.1. FhiXOoE [*=2309]

10397 - Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain network information.

Description

It was possible to obtain the browse list of the remote Windows system by sending a request to the LANMAN pipe. The browse list is the list of the nearest Windows systems of the remote host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Here is the browse list of the remote host:

METASPLOITABLE ( os : 0.0 )

WINDOWSXP ( os : 0.0 )
```

10394 - Microsoft Windows SMB Log In Possible

was possible to log into it using one of the following accounts: - Guest account - Supplied credentials See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?5c2589f6 https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	Synopsis
The remote host is running a Microsoft Windows operating system or Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Unix. It was possible to log into it using one of the following accounts: - Guest account - Supplied credentials See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?5c2589f6 https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	It was possible to log into the remote host.
was possible to log into it using one of the following accounts: - Guest account - Supplied credentials See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?5c2589f6 https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	Description
- Supplied credentials See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?5c2589f6 https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	The remote host is running a Microsoft Windows operating system or Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Unix. It was possible to log into it using one of the following accounts :
See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?5c2589f6 https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	- Guest account
http://www.nessus.org/u?5c2589f6 https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	- Supplied credentials
https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	See Also
Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	http://www.nessus.org/u?5c2589f6
n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information	https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261
Risk Factor None Plugin Information	Solution
None Plugin Information	n/a
Plugin Information	Risk Factor
	None
Published: 2000/0E/00 Medified: 2024/07/20	Plugin Information
Published. 2000/05/09, Modified. 2024/07/29	Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2024/07/29
Plugin Output	Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs	tcp/445/cifs

- NULL sessions may be enabled on the remote host.

10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

An SMB server is running on this port.

11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

A CIFS server is running on this port.

100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.
Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

10437 - NFS Share Export List

Synopsis

The remote NFS server exports a list of shares.

Description

This plugin retrieves the list of NFS exported shares.

See Also

http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html

Solution

Ensure each share is intended to be exported.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/06/07, Modified: 2019/10/04

Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
Here is the export list of 192.168.50.101 : / *
```

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/23/telnet

Port 23/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/53/dns

Port 53/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

Port 111/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/512

Port 512/tcp was found to be open

192.168.50.101

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/513

Port 513/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/514

Port 514/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/1099/rmi_registry

Port 1099/tcp was found to be open

192.168.50.101

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/1524/wild_shell

Port 1524/tcp was found to be open

192.168.50.101

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

Port 2049/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

Port 2121/tcp was found to be open

192.168.50.101

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/3306/mysql

Port 3306/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/3632

Port 3632/tcp was found to be open

192.168.50.101

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

Port 5432/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

Port 5900/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/6000/x11

Port 6000/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/6667/irc

Port 6667/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/8009/ajp13

Port 8009/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/8180/www

Port 8180/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/8787

Port 8787/tcp was found to be open

19506 - Nessus Scan Information

Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2024/10/04

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 10.8.3
Nessus build : 20010
Plugin feed version : 202412040402
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : debian10-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : Metasploitable2
```

```
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.50.99
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT : 505.195 ms
Thorough tests : yes
Experimental tests : no
Scan for Unpatched Vulnerabilities : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 2
Report verbosity : 0
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : no
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin did not launch)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : None
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking : Enabled
\hbox{Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled}\\
Scan Start Date : 2024/12/4 15:44 CET
Scan duration : 5100 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

11936 - OS Identification

Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2024/10/14

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)
Confidence level: 95
Method : HTTP
Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think that these
signatures would help us improve OS fingerprinting, please submit
them by visiting https://www.tenable.com/research/submitsignatures.
SSH:SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1
ICMP::1:1:0:64:1:64:1:0:::1:>64:64:0:1:1:2:1:1:1:1:0:64:5792:MSTNW:7:1:1
SinFP:
  P1:B10113:F0x12:W5840:O0204ffff:M1460:
  P2:B10113:F0x12:W5792:00204ffff0402080affffffff4445414401030307:M1460:
  P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:O0:M0
  P4:191003_7_p=2121
SMTP: !: 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)
SSLcert:!:i/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomaini/0:OCOSAi/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple
Affairss/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomains/O:OCOSAs/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple
Affairs
ed093088706603bfd5dc237399b498da2d4d31c6
i/CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomaini/O:OCOSAi/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairss/
CN:ubuntu804-base.localdomains/O:OCOSAs/OU:Office for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs
ed093088706603bfd5dc237399b498da2d4d31c6
The remote host is running Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (gutsy)
```

117886 - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

Synopsis
OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.
Description
OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.
This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.
Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.
This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745: 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695: 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12
Plugin Output
tcp/0

181418 - OpenSSH Detection

Synopsis
An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.
Description
An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.
See Also
https://www.openssh.com/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/09/14, Modified: 2024/12/03
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

50845 - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp

50845 - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresql

48243 - PHP Version Detection

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain the version number of the remote PHP installation.
Description
Nessus was able to determine the version of PHP available on the remote web server.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0936
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/08/04, Modified: 2024/11/22
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www

66334 - Patch Report

Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

Solution

Install the patches listed below.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2024/11/12

Plugin Output

tcp/0

10180 - Ping the remote host

Synopsis

It was possible to identify the status of the remote host (alive or dead).

Description

Nessus was able to determine if the remote host is alive using one or more of the following ping types:

- An ARP ping, provided the host is on the local subnet and Nessus is running over Ethernet.
- An ICMP ping.
- A TCP ping, in which the plugin sends to the remote host a packet with the flag SYN, and the host will reply with a RST or a SYN/ACK.
- A UDP ping (e.g., DNS, RPC, and NTP).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/06/24, Modified: 2024/03/25

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The remote host is up
The host replied to an ARP who-is query.
Hardware address : 08:00:27:5c:bf:f2

118224 - PostgreSQL STARTTLS Support

Synopsis
The remote service supports encrypting traffic.
Description
The remote PostgreSQL server supports the use of encryption initiated during pre-login to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.
See Also
https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/protocol-flow.html#AEN96066
https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.2/protocol-message-formats.html
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/10/19, Modified: 2022/04/11
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresql

26024 - PostgreSQL Server Detection

Synopsis
A database service is listening on the remote host.
Description
The remote service is a PostgreSQL database server, or a derivative such as EnterpriseDB.
See Also
https://www.postgresql.org/
Solution
Limit incoming traffic to this port if desired.
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/09/14, Modified: 2023/05/24
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresql

110976 - PostgreSQL Unauthenticated Version Detection

Synopsis
It was possible to gather database version information from an error message.
Description
It was possible to guess the remote PostgreSQL database version from a unique error message.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/07/10, Modified: 2024/10/23
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresql

22227 - RMI Registry Detection

Synopsis
An RMI registry is listening on the remote host.
Description
The remote host is running an RMI registry, which acts as a bootstrap naming service for registering and retrieving remote objects with simple names in the Java Remote Method Invocation (RMI) system.
See Also
https://docs.oracle.com/javase/1.5.0/docs/guide/rmi/spec/rmiTOC.html
http://www.nessus.org/u?b6fd7659
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2006/08/16, Modified: 2022/06/01
Plugin Output
tcp/1099/rmi_registry

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

The following RPC services are available on TCP port 111:
- program: 100000 (portmapper), version: 2

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/111/rpc-portmapper

The following RPC services are available on UDP port 111 :

- program: 100000 (portmapper), version: 2

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 2049:

- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 2
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 3
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 4
```

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 2049:

- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 2
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 3
- program: 100003 (nfs), version: 4
```

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/44237/rpc-mountd

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 44237:

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 1
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 2
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 3
```

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/45729/rpc-nlockmgr

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 45729 :

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 1

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 3

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 4
```

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/55275/rpc-status

The following RPC services are available on TCP port 55275:

- program: 100024 (status), version: 1

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/58286/rpc-status

The following RPC services are available on UDP port 58286:

- program: 100024 (status), version: 1

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/59267/rpc-nlockmgr

```
The following RPC services are available on TCP port 59267:

- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 1
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 3
- program: 100021 (nlockmgr), version: 4
```

Synopsis

An ONC RPC service is running on the remote host.

Description

By sending a DUMP request to the portmapper, it was possible to enumerate the ONC RPC services running on the remote port. Using this information, it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/08/24, Modified: 2011/05/24

Plugin Output

udp/59922/rpc-mountd

```
The following RPC services are available on UDP port 59922:

- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 1
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 2
- program: 100005 (mountd), version: 3
```

53335 - RPC portmapper (TCP)

Synopsis
An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.
Description
The RPC portmapper is running on this port.
The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2011/04/08, Modified: 2011/08/29
Plugin Output
tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

10223 - RPC portmapper Service Detection

Synopsis
An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.
Description
The RPC portmapper is running on this port.
The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
0.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)
References
CVE CVE-1999-0632
Plugin Information
Published: 1999/08/19, Modified: 2019/10/04
Plugin Output
udp/111/rpc-portmapper

10263 - SMTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An SMTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running a mail (SMTP) server on this port.

Since SMTP servers are the targets of spammers, it is recommended you disable it if you do not use it.

Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it, or filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0932

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Remote SMTP server banner :

220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)

42088 - SMTP Service STARTTLS Command Support

Synopsis
The remote mail service supports encrypting traffic.
Description
The remote SMTP service supports the use of the 'STARTTLS' command to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.
See Also
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/STARTTLS
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/10/09, Modified: 2019/03/20
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp

149334 - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

Synopsis
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
Description
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

Synopsis

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2024/07/24

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99
- 2.0

10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1 SSH supported authentication : publickey,password

Synopsis An SSH server is listening on this port. Description It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0933 Plugin Information Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2024/07/24 Plugin Output tcp/22/ssh

56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications.

Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

This port supports SSLv2/SSLv3/TLSv1.0.

56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications.

Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0.

45410 - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

Synopsis

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

Description

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

45410 - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

Synopsis

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

Description

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

tcp/5432/postgresql

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu804-base.localdomain
```

10863 - SSL Certificate Information

Synopsis
This plugin displays the SSL certificate.
Description
This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp

10863 - SSL Certificate Information

Synopsis
This plugin displays the SSL certificate.
Description
This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresql

25240 - Samba Server Detection

Synopsis
An SMB server is running on the remote host.
Description
The remote host is running Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix.
See Also
https://www.samba.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2022/10/12
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

104887 - Samba Version

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the samba version from the remote operating system.

Description

Nessus was able to obtain the samba version from the remote operating by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Samba Version is : Samba 3.0.20-Debian

96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

Synopsis

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, USCERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

An FTP server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

An SSH server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/23/telnet

A telnet server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

An SMTP server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

A web server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/1524/wild_shell

A shell server (Metasploitable) is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/2121/ftp

An FTP server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

A vnc server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/8180/www

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

17975 - Service Detection (GET request)

An IRC daemon is listening on this port.

Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0935
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/04/06, Modified: 2021/10/27
Plugin Output
tcp/6667/irc

11153 - Service Detection (HELP Request)

Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives a 'HELP' request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2024/11/19
Plugin Output
tcp/3306/mysql

A MySQL server is running on this port.

25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

Synopsis
The remote service implements TCP timestamps.
Description
The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
See Also
http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2023/10/17
Plugin Output
tcp/0

11819 - TFTP Daemon Detection

Plugin Output

udp/69/tftp

Synopsis A TFTP server is listening on the remote port. Description The remote host is running a TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) daemon. TFTP is often used by routers and diskless hosts to retrieve their configuration. It can also be used by worms to propagate. Solution Disable this service if you do not use it. Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2003/08/13, Modified: 2022/12/28

110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

Solution		
n/a		
Risk Factor		
None		
References		
XREF	IAVB:0001-B-0504	
Plugin Informat	tion	
Published: 2018	3/06/27, Modified: 2024/04/19	
Plugin Output		
tcp/0		

10287 - Traceroute Information

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain traceroute information.
Description
Makes a traceroute to the remote host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/12/04
Plugin Output
udp/0

11154 - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/512

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to identify it, please send a description of the service along with the following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org:

Port : 512
Type : spontaneous
Banner:

0x00: 01 57 68 65 72 65 20 61 72 65 20 79 6F 75 3F 0A .Where are you?.

0x10:
```

11154 - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/514

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to identify it, please send a description of the service along with the following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org:

Port : 514

Type : spontaneous
Banner:

0x00: 01 67 65 74 6E 61 6D 65 69 6E 66 6F 3A 20 54 65 .getnameinfo: Te

0x10: 6D 70 6F 72 61 72 79 20 66 61 69 6C 75 72 65 20 mporary failure

0x20: 69 6E 20 6E 61 6D 65 20 72 65 73 6F 6C 75 74 69 in name resoluti
0x30: 6F 6E 0A on.
```

11154 - Unknown Service Detection: Banner Retrieval

Synopsis

There is an unknown service running on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was unable to identify a service on the remote host even though it returned a banner of some type.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2022/07/26

Plugin Output

tcp/8787

```
If you know what this service is and think the banner could be used to
identify it, please send a description of the service along with the
following output to svc-signatures@nessus.org :
 Port
        : 8787
 Type : get_http
 Banner:
0x0000: 00 00 00 03 04 08 46 00 00 03 A1 04 08 6F 3A 16
                                                               .....F.....o:.
           0x0010: 44 52 62 3A 3A 44 52 62 43 6F 6E 6E 45 72 72 6F DRb::DRbConnErro
           0x0020: 72 07 3A 07 62 74 5B 17 22 2F 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C
                                                                          r.:.bt[."//usr/l
           0x0030: 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F
                                                                          ib/ruby/1.8/drb/
           0x0040: 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 35 37 33 3A 69 6E 20 60 6C
                                                                          drb.rb:573:in `1
           0x0050: 6F 61 64 27 22 37 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72 0x0060: 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E
                                                                          oad'"7/usr/lib/r
                    75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E
                                                                          uby/1.8/drb/drb.
           0x0070: 72 62 3A 36 31 32 3A 69 6E 20 60 72 65 63 76 5F
                                                                          rb:612:in `recv_
           0x0080: 72 65 71 75 65 73 74 27 22 37 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C
                                                                          request'"7/usr/l
           0x0090: 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F
                                                                          ib/ruby/1.8/drb/
           0x00A0: 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 39 31 31 3A 69 6E 20 60 72
                                                                          drb.rb:911:in `r
           0x00B0:
0x00C0:
                    65 63 76 5F 72 65 71 75 65 73 74 27 22 3C 2F 75
                                                                           ecv request'"</u
                    73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F
                                                                           sr/lib/ruby/1.8/
           0x00D0: 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 31 35 33 30 3A
                                                                          drb/drb.rb:1530:
           0x00E0: 69 6E 20 60 69 6E 69 74 5F 77 69 74 68 5F 63 6C
                                                                           in `init_with_cl
           0x00F0: 69 65 6E 74 27 22 39 2F 75 73 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F
                                                                           ient'"9/usr/lib/
           0x0100: 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64 72 62 2F 64 72 62 0x0110: 2E 72 62 3A 31 35 34 32 3A 69 6E 20 60 73 65 74
                                                                           ruby/1.8/drb/drb
                                                                           .rb:1542:in `set
           0x0120: 75 70 5F 6D 65 73 73 61 67 65 27 22 33 2F 75 73
                                                                           up_message'"3/us
           0x0130: 72 2F 6C 69 62 2F 72 75 62 79 2F 31 2E 38 2F 64
                                                                          r/lib/ruby/1.8/d
           0x0140: 72 62 2F 64 72 62 2E 72 62 3A 31 34 39 34 [...]
```

19288 - VNC Server Security Type Detection

S	Synopsis
Δ	A VNC server is running on the remote host.
	Description
Т	This script checks the remote VNC server protocol version and the available 'security types'.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/07/22, Modified: 2021/07/13

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

\nThe remote VNC server chose security type #2 (VNC authentication)

65792 - VNC Server Unencrypted Communication Detection

Synopsis
A VNC server with one or more unencrypted 'security-types' is running on the remote host.
Description
This script checks the remote VNC server protocol version and the available 'security types' to determine if any unencrypted 'security-types' are in use or available.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2013/04/03, Modified: 2014/03/12
Plugin Output
tcp/5900/vnc

10342 - VNC Software Detection

Synopsis

The remote host is running a remote display software (VNC).

Description

The remote host is running VNC (Virtual Network Computing), which uses the RFB (Remote Framebuffer) protocol to provide remote access to graphical user interfaces and thus permits a console on the remote host to be displayed on another.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vnc

Solution

Make sure use of this software is done in accordance with your organization's security policy and filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/03/07, Modified: 2017/06/12

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

The highest RFB protocol version supported by the server is :

135860 - WMI Not Available

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Synopsis
WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.
Description
WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.
Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.
See Also
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2024/11/22

20108 - Web Server / Application favicon.ico Vendor Fingerprinting

Synopsis

The remote web server contains a graphic image that is prone to information disclosure.

Description

The 'favicon.ico' file found on the remote web server belongs to a popular web server. This may be used to fingerprint the web server.

Solution

Remove the 'favicon.ico' file or create a custom one for your site.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/28, Modified: 2020/06/12

Plugin Output

tcp/8180/www

40405 - Web Server Detection (HTTP/1.1)

Synopsis
A web server is running on this port.
Description
The web server on this port responds to HTTP/1.1 requests and appears to ignore HTTP/1.0 requests, which is unusual.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/07/28, Modified: 2019/11/22
Plugin Output
tcp/8180/www

11422 - Web Server Unconfigured - Default Install Page Present

tcp/8180/www

Synopsis The remote web server is not configured or is improperly configured. Description The remote web server uses its default welcome page. Therefore, it's probable that this server is not used at all or is serving content that is meant to be hidden. Solution Disable this service if you do not use it. Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2003/03/20, Modified: 2018/08/15

11424 - WebDAV Detection

Synopsis

The remote server is running with WebDAV enabled.

Description

WebDAV is an industry standard extension to the HTTP specification.

It adds a capability for authorized users to remotely add and manage the content of a web server.

If you do not use this extension, you should disable it.

Solution

http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?kbid=241520

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/20, Modified: 2011/03/14

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

Plugin Output

udp/137/netbios-ns

```
The following 7 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

METASPLOITABLE = Computer name
METASPLOITABLE = Messenger Service
METASPLOITABLE = File Server Service
__MSBROWSE_ = Master Browser
WORKGROUP = Workgroup / Domain name
WORKGROUP = Master Browser
WORKGROUP = Browser Service Elections

This SMB server seems to be a Samba server - its MAC address is NULL.
```

52703 - vsftpd Detection

Synopsis
An FTP server is listening on the remote port.
Description
The remote host is running vsftpd, an FTP server for UNIX-like systems written in C.
See Also
http://vsftpd.beasts.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2011/03/17, Modified: 2019/11/22
Plugin Output
tcp/21/ftp