Let z be a complex number with |z+1| > 2. Prove that $|z^3+1| > 1$.

Solution:

The expression $|z^3 + 1|$ can be written as:

$$|z^3 + 1| = |z + 1| \cdot |z^2 - z + 1| > 1 \iff |z^2 - z + 1| \ge \frac{1}{2}$$

If $r e^{i\phi} = z + 1$ is defined, then r = |z + 1| > 2. It is needed to calculate the modulus of $z^2 - z + 1$. It can be computed as follows:

$$\begin{split} |z^2-z+1|^2 &= (z^2-z+1) \cdot \overline{(z^2-z+1)} = \\ &= (r^2 e^{\mathrm{i}2\phi} - 2r \, e^{\mathrm{i}\phi} + 1 - r \, e^{\mathrm{i}\phi} + 1 + 1) \cdot \overline{(r^2 \, e^{\mathrm{i}2\phi} - 2r \, e^{\mathrm{i}\phi} + 1 - r \, e^{\mathrm{i}\phi} + 1 + 1)} = \\ &= (r^2 \, e^{\mathrm{i}2\phi} - 3r \, e^{\mathrm{i}\phi} + 3) \cdot (r^2 \, e^{-\mathrm{i}2\phi} - 3r \, e^{-\mathrm{i}\phi} + 3) = \\ &= r^4 + 9r^2 + 9 + 3r^2 \cdot (e^{\mathrm{i}2\phi} + e^{-\mathrm{i}2\phi}) - (3r^3 - 9r) \cdot (e^{\mathrm{i}\phi} + e^{-\mathrm{i}\phi}) = \\ &= r^4 + 9r^2 + 9 + 6r^2 \cos 2\phi - (6r^3 - 18r) \cdot \cos \phi = \\ &= r^4 + 9r^2 + 9 + 6r^2 \cdot (2\cos^2\phi - 1) - (6r^3 - 18r) \cdot \cos \phi = \\ &= r^4 + 3r^2 + 9 + 12r^2 \cos^2\phi - (6r^3 - 18r) \cdot \cos\phi = \\ &= 12 \left(r\cos\phi - \frac{r^2 + 3}{4}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{r^2 - 3}{2}\right)^2 \end{split}$$

Since r > 2, $|z^2 - z + 1|^2 \ge \left(\frac{r^2 - 3}{2}\right)^2 > \frac{1}{4} \Longrightarrow |z^2 - z + 1| > \frac{1}{2}$. Finally, it is demonstrated that if |z + 1| > 2, then $|z^3 + 1| > 1$.