

Q1 $2x - 3y - 4z = 0$, $A = [1, -3, -4]$

Finding null space of A we get $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$
 x y z
 y and z are free variables $y = t_1$, $z = t_2$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3t_1 + 4t_2$$

$$(x, y, z) = (3t_1 + 4t_2, t_1, t_2) = t_1(3, 1, 0) + t_2(4, 0, 1)$$

$$\text{Null space of } A = \{(3, 1, 0), (4, 0, 1)\}$$

Finding the row space of A we get $A = [1, -3, -4]$

$$\text{row space} = \{(1, -3, -4)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{dimension of null space} = 2$$

$$\text{dimension of row space} = 1$$

Q2 $2x + 3y = 5$, $-x + y = 6$, $x + 4y = a$

Forming the augmented matrix we get,

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 \\ -1 & 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 4 & a \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} R_2 \rightarrow R_2 + R_1/2 \\ R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_1/2 \end{array} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 5/2 & 17/2 \\ 0 & 5/2 & a - 5/2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 5/2 & 17/2 \\ 0 & 0 & a - 22/2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{for the system to be consistent.}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{a \neq 11} \text{ - (system to be inconsistent)}$$

suppose $a = 6$ we get: we know that system is inconsistent

$$2x + 3y = 5, \quad -x + y = 6, \quad x + 4y = 6$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 \\ -1 & 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Applying least square method we get:}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 9 \\ 9 & 26 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 45 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6x + 9y = 10, \quad 9x + 26y = 45$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 12/5, \quad x = -58/30$$

$$2x + 3y = \frac{-58}{30} \times 2 + \frac{36}{30} \times 3 = 10/3$$

$$-x + y = -58/30 + 12/5 = 13/3$$

$$x + 4y = -58/30 + 48/5 = 23/3$$

$$\| (A\hat{x}) \| = \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 10/3 \\ 13/3 \\ 23/3 \end{pmatrix} \right\| = \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 5/3 \\ 5/3 \\ -5/3 \end{pmatrix} \right\|$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{25}{9} \times 3} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}, \text{ Hence the error of solution is } 2.88$$

Question 3

a) CHENNAI $\Rightarrow K_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$

C H E N N A I \Rightarrow CH $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 23 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} \% 26$

$= \begin{bmatrix} 164 \\ 93 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 13 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R \\ K \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow RK$

* EN $= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 132 \\ 135 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U \\ V \end{bmatrix}$

* NA $= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 148 \\ 186 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} H \\ V \end{bmatrix}$

* IZ $= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 17 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 68 \\ 31 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 25 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I \\ A \end{bmatrix}$

\therefore CHENNAI $\rightarrow RKXUAVI$

ii) $K_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$

* CH $= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 23 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 187 \\ 131 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U \\ Y \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow UY$

* EN $= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 153 \\ 93 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 23 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ K \end{bmatrix}$

* NA $= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 160 \\ 162 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} V \\ T \end{bmatrix}$

* IZ $= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 17 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 85 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S \\ T \end{bmatrix}$

\therefore CHENNAI $\rightarrow UYCKVTS$

iii) $K_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

* CH $= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 23 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 105 \\ 77 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 25 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Y \\ A \end{bmatrix}$

* EN $= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 87 \\ 57 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Q \\ U \end{bmatrix}$

* NA $= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 86 \\ 87 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R \\ Q \end{bmatrix}$

* IZ $= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 17 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 51 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A \\ I \end{bmatrix}$

\therefore CHENNAI $\rightarrow YAQURQA$

\therefore CHENNAI \rightarrow cipher text to plain text

b) OFGUH $K = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$K^{-1} = \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \therefore (A+B) \% 26 = 0$

$K^{-1} = \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 25 \\ 24 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \therefore (A \cdot B) \% 26 = 1$

$K^{-1} = 21 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 25 \\ 24 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 525 \\ 504 & 147 \end{bmatrix} \% 26$

$K^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 5 \\ 10 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$

$$K^{-1} \bmod 26$$

$$* BF \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 5 \\ 10 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 331 \\ 490 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 19 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} G \\ K \end{bmatrix}$$

$$* GU \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 5 \\ 10 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 19 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 424 \\ 275 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 13 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} K \\ K \end{bmatrix}$$

$$* IH \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 21 & 5 \\ 10 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 17 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 447 \\ 476 \end{bmatrix} \% 26 = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U \\ K \end{bmatrix}$$

$$OFGU IH \rightarrow GRRKUR$$

Question 4 $t = [5, 9, 4, 6, 3, 7, 8, 8, 5, 9, 3, 0, 2, 2, 4, 5]$

$$a_1 = \left\{ \frac{14}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{10}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{10}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{16}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{14}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{9}{\sqrt{2}} \right\}$$

$$d_1 = \left\{ -4/\sqrt{2}, -\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}, -4/\sqrt{2}, 0, -4/\sqrt{2}, 3/\sqrt{2}, 0, -1/\sqrt{2} \right\}$$

Inverse Transformation $f_{2m-1} = \frac{a_m + d_m}{\sqrt{2}}$

$$f_{2m} = \frac{a_m - d_m}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$t = \{ 5, 9, 4, 6, 3, 7, 8, 8, 5, 9, 3, 0, 2, 2, 4, 5 \}$