FOUNDATIONS OF DATA ANALYTICS (CSE3505)

Dr. Trilok Nath Pandey

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Foundations of Data Analytics



Text Books

FDA



Trevor Hastie & Rob Tibshirani

An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R

Springer, 2017



Mark van der Loo & Edwin de Jonge

Learning R Studio for R Statistical Computing

Packt Publishing, 2012.



Jure Leskovek, Anand Rajaraman & Jeffrey Ullman

Mining of Massive Datasets

Cambridge University Press. 2014

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 Module-1: Introduction to Analytics
 Analytics life cycle - Business Analytics - Lending Analytics-Recommendation Analytics- Healthcare Analytics- Financial Analytics - Sports Analytics.

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 Introduction to R, R Studio (GUI): R Windows Environment, introduction to various data types, Numeric, Character, date, data frame, array, matrix etc.

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- Module-3: Working with datasets and files
 Reading Datasets, Working with different file types .txt,.csv , R
 studio, Files, Datasets, Extracting Datasets, Preparing datasets.
 Data Cleaning, Data imputation, Data conversion Analysis.

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 Module-4: Introduction to statistical learning and R-Programs Basic statistics: mean, median, standard deviation, variance, correlation,covariance - Outliers, Combining Datasets in R, Functions and loops.Summary Statistics - Summarizing data with R - Correlation and Regression.

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Module-6: Self and work Management

Establish and agree their work requirements with appropriate people - Keep their immediate work area clean and tidy - utilize their time effectively - Use resources correctly and efficiently - Treat confidential information correctly - Work in line with organizations policies and procedures - Work within the limits of their job role.

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Communicate with colleagues clearly, concisely and accurately - Work with colleagues to integrate their work effectively with them - Pass on essential information to colleagues in line with organizational requirements - Work in ways that show respect for colleagues - carry out commitments they have made to colleagues - Let colleagues know in good time if they cannot carry out their commitments, explaining the reasons - Identify any problems they have working with colleagues and take the initiative to solve these problems.

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What Is Data Analytics?

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- Types of Analytics Amazon Example



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What Is Data Analytics?
 Data Analytics is the science of extracting trends, patterns, and relevant information from raw data to draw conclusions.

Data Analytics: Benefits

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Data Analytics: Benefits

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Cost Reduction

Effective decision making



Improved efficiency

Good resource utilization

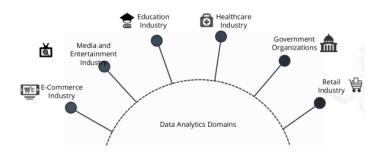
Good market insights

Data Analytics: Domains

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- A company can also use data analytics to make better business decisions and help analyze customer trends and satisfaction, which can lead to new and better products and services.

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Data Analytics: Process Flow

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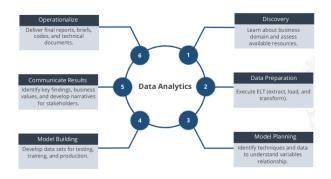
- 1. Define goals
- 2. Identify measurable metrics
- 3. List, collect, and extract data from sources
- 4. Explore and analyze data
- 5. Interpret and visualize data
- 6. Infer data for decision-making

Data Analytics Life Cycle

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Data Analytics Life Cycle

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Phase 1 – Discovery

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Phase 1 – Discovery

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Phase 1 – Discovery

the team learns the business domain from the past. Any similar projects has been attempted in the past from which they can learn Assess available resources – people, technology, time, data

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- Phase 1 Discovery
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Framing the business problem as an analytics challenge that can be addressed in subsequent phases Formulating initial hypotheses (IHs) to test and begin learning the data

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• Phase 2 – Data Preparation

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• Phase 2 – Data Preparation the team prepares the analytic sandbox to perform analytics on the data. The most labor-intensive step (nearly 50% of the time) Execute ETL/ELT (E- Extract, L- Load, T-Transform)

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Phase 3 – Model Planning

The team determines the methods, techniques, and work flow to be followed in the subsequent model building phase

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Phase 4 – Model Building

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Phase 4 – Model Building

The team develops datasets for testing, training, and production. Build and Execute the model based on model planning Considers whether its existing tools will suffice for running the models, or if it will need a more robust environment (fast hardware and parallel processing)

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• Phase 5 - Communicate Results

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The team determines along with all stakeholders if the results of the project are a success or a failure based on the criteria developed in Phase 1.

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Identify key findings, Quantify the business value, Develop a narrative to summarize, Convey findings to stakeholders.

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Phase 6 – Operationalize

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 Phase 6 – Operationalize the team communicates the results more broadly

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run a pilot project to implement the models in a production environment, Assess the benefits, delivers final report, briefings, code, and technical documents, Model execution in the production environment

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 The four main types of analytics based on the workflow and requirements of data analytics.

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Descriptive Analytics

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 Descriptive analytics is designed to access information about the past.

 It focuses on the summarized view of facts.



 It is the conventional form of analytics.

 Its purpose is to summarize the findings.



Descriptive Analytics Techniques

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 Data aggregation is the process of gathering and expressing information in a summarized form.

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Diagnostic Analytics

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- Diagnostic analytics helps you identify why something happened in the past.
- It takes a deeper look at data to understand the root cause of events.
- It has a limited ability to provide actionable insights.
- It provides an understanding of causal relationships and sequences.

Diagnostic Analytics Techniques

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Predictive Analytics

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Predictive analytics is used in:

- Predicting future outcomes in terms of probability of an event to occur
- Analyzing sentiments where all opinions posted on social media are collected to predict a person's sentiment
- Identifying target audience for a promotional campaign
- Forecasting weather, plan-failure prediction, and travel products recommender system

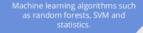


A predictive model is built on the preliminary descriptive analytics stage.

Predictive Analytics Tools

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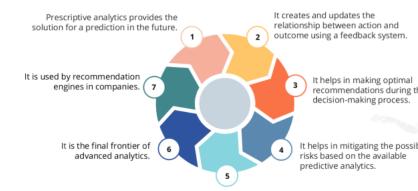


Popular tools for predictive analytics: Python, R and RapidMiner. Trained data scientists and nachine learning experts building these models

Prescriptive Analytics

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It has the power to suggest favorable solutions and ease the decision-making process.

Types of Analytics: Amazon Example

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- Amazon's revenue increased in the West Coast during the past one year
- Increased spending on sales training

Predictive Analytics

- Purchase factors: price, time, weather, and festive seasons
 - Predicted 10–12 percent increase in revenue

Types of Analytics: Amazon Example

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 Spent \$20M in different sales training the previous year



- Sales trainings fetched good ROI
- Implemented a suitable optimization plan to maximize revenue

THE END

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