

COMPILER DESIGN

Solutions

1. For which of the following reasons, a compiler is preferable to an interpreter?

- (a) It can generate stand-alone programs that often take less time for execution
- (b) It is much helpful in the initial stages of program development
- (c) Debugging can be faster and easier
- (d) It needs less computer resources

Solution: Option (a)

2. In a context-free grammar

- (a) ϵ can't be the right-hand side of any production
- (b) terminal symbols can't be present in the left-hand side of any production
- (c) the number of grammar symbols in the left-hand side is not greater than the number of grammar symbols in the right-hand side
- (d) all of the above

Solution: Option (b)

3. The cost of developing a compiler is proportional to the

- (a) complexity of the source language
- (b) complexity of the architecture of the target machine
- (c) flexibility of the available instruction set
- (d) all of the above

Solution: Option (d)

4. An optimizing compiler

- (a) is optimized to occupy less space
- (b) is optimized to take less time for execution

- (c) optimizes the code
- (d) none of the above

Solution: Option (c)

5. Which of the following grammars are not phase-structured?

- (a) regular
- (b) context-free
- (c) context-sensitive
- (d) none of the above

Solution: Option (d)

6. Cross-compiler is a compiler

- (a) which is written in a language that is different from the source language
- (b) that generates object code for its last machine
- (c) which is written in a language that is same as the source language
- (d) that runs on one machine but produces object code for another machine

Solution: Option (d)

7. For which of the following reasons, an interpreter is preferred to a compiler?

- (a) It takes less time to execute
- (b) It is much helpful in the initial stages of program development
- (c) Debugging can be faster and easier
- (d) It needs less computer resources

Solution: Option (b) & (c)

8. If w is a string of terminal and A, B are two non-terminals, then which of the following are right-linear grammars?

- (a) $A \rightarrow Bw$
- (b) $A \rightarrow Bw|w$
- (c) $A \rightarrow wB|w$
- (d) None of the above

Solution: Option (c)

9. CSG can be recognized by

- (a) push-down automata
- (b) 2-way linear bounded automata
- (c) finite state automata
- (d) none of the above

Solution: Option (b)

10. A top-down parser generates

- (a) left-most derivation
- (b) right-most derivation
- (c) right-most derivation in reverse
- (d) left-most derivation in reverse

Solution: Option (a)

11. Which of the following is the most general phase-structured grammar?

- (a) regular
- (b) context-free
- (c) context-sensitive
- (d) none of the above

Solution: Option (c)

12. An ideal compiler should

- (a) be smaller in size
- (b) be written in a high level language
- (c) produce object code that is smaller in size and executes faster
- (d) all of the above

Solution: Option (d)

13. Whether a given pattern constitutes a token or not

- (a) depends on the source language
- (b) depends on the target language
- (c) depends on the compiler
- (d) none of the above comment is true

Solution: Option (a)

14. In a compiler, grouping of characters into tokens is done by the

- (a) scanner
- (b) parser
- (c) code generator
- (d) code optimizer

Solution: Option (a)

15. A grammar will be meaningless of the

- (a) terminal set and non-terminal set are not disjoint
- (b) left hand side of a productions is a single terminal
- (c) left hand side of a production has no non-terminal
- (d) all of the above

Solution: Option (d)

16. Incremental-compiler is a compiler

- (a) which is written in a language that is different from the source language
- (b) that generates object code for its host machine
- (c) which is written in a language that is same as the source language
- (d) that allows a modified position of a program to be compiled

Solution: Option (d)

17. In a context-sensitive grammar,

- (a) ϵ can't be the right-hand side of any production
- (b) number of grammar symbols on the left-hand side of a production can't be greater than the number of non-terminals on the right-hand side
- (c) number of grammar symbols on the left-hand side of a production can't be greater than the number of grammar symbols on the right-hand side
- (d) all of the above

Solution: Option (d)

18. If a is a terminal and S, A, B are three non-terminals, then which of the following are regular grammars?

(a) $S \rightarrow \epsilon, A \rightarrow aS|b$

(b) $A \rightarrow aB|a, B \rightarrow bA|b$

(c) $A \rightarrow Ba|Bab$

(d) $A \rightarrow abB|aB$

Solution: Option (b)

19. Choose the correct statements:

(a) Sentence of a grammar is a sequential form without any terminals

(b) Sentence of a grammar should be derivable from the start state

(c) Sentence of a grammar should be frontier of a derivation tree, in which the root node has the start state as the label

(d) (a) above is incorrect

Solution: Option (d)

20. Representing the syntax by a grammar is advantageous because

(a) it is concise

(b) it is accurate

(c) automation becomes easy

(d) all of the above

Solution: Option (d)

21. CFG can be recognized by a

(a) push-down automata

(b) finite state automata

(c) 2-way linear bounded automata

(d) statement (b) incorrect

Solution: Option (d)