```
# Stress When depth is constant
Q = float (input ("Enter the value of Load in kN: "))
N = int(input ("Number of data values of radial distance: "))
pi = 3.14159265359
Z = float(input ('Depth: "))
r = 11
for i in range (1, N+1):
  print("Enter radial distance in m".format (i))
  Value_r = float(input () )
  r.append(Value_r)
  Stress = ((3*Q)/(2*pi*Z*Z) ) * (((1/(1+((Value_r/Z) **2))))**2.5)
  print("'Stress: ", Stress, "kN/m^2")
 Finter the value of Load in kN: 2500
     Number of data values of radial distance: 5
     Depth: 6
     inter radial distance in m
     'Stress: 30.962138445358856 kN/m^2
     Enter radial distance in m
     'Stress: 25.479163627894877 kN/m^2
     Enter radial distance in m
     'Stress: 18.98833449112347 kN/#*2
     Enter radial distance in m
     'Stress: 13.22290223969301 kN/mgd
     Enter radial distance in m
     'Stress: 8.871775810212231 kN/m^2
# Stress when Radius is Constant
Q = float (input("Enter the value of Load in kN:
M= int (input ("Number of data values of depth: "))
pi = 3.14159265359
r = float(input("Radial Distance: "))
z = []
for j in range (1, M+1):
  print("Enter depth in z".format (j))
  Walue_Z = float(input ())
                                                                             Ry Chors
 Z. append (Value_Z)
 Stress = ((3*Q)/(2*pi*Value_Z*Value_Z))*(((1/(1+((r/Value_Z)**2))))**2.5
  print("'Stress: ", Stress, "kN/m^2")
Fr Enter the value of Load in kN: 2500
     Number of data values of depth: 6
     Radial Distance: 5
     Enter depth in z
     'Stress: 0.34629643854273023 kN/m^2
     Enter depth in z
     'Stress: 2.1085135063018074 kN/m^2
     Enter depth in z
     'Stress: 4.781320614736756 kN/m^2
     Enter depth in z
     'Stress: 7.8974399578883125 kN/m^2
     Enter depth in z
     'Stress: 8.440465463972316 kN/m^2
     Enter depth in z
     'Stress: 8.871775810212231 kN/m^2
# Calculating the stress by Boussineq's Theory
Q= int(input("Enter the value of given load :"))
z= int(input("Enter the distance of vertical stress :"))
r= int(input("Enter the distance ofhorizntal stress:"))
stress = ((3*Q*(1/(1+(r/z)**2)) **2.5))/(2*3.14*(z**2))
print("The value of stress is", stress)
Fr Enter the value of given load :2500
     Enter the distance of vertical stress :6
     Enter the distance ofhorizntal stress:5
     The value of stress is 8.876275703713446
```

```
# To find the downstream depth of open channel
Q= float (input("Enter the value of Discharge:4.8"))
T= int(input("Enter the value of top width:2"))
g=float(input("Enter the value of acceleration due to Gravity:9.81"))
y1 = float(input("enter the value of upstream depth:1.6"))
Z= float(input("Enter the Value of hump:0.1 "))
# Dicharge per meter width
print ("The value of discharge per meter width is:", q)
# Area Calculation
A1= T*y1
print ("The value of upstream area is:", A1)
# Calculation of Froude Number
Fr1 = (Q*Q*T)/(g*A1*A1*A1)*0.5
print ("The value of Froude number is:", Fr1)
if Fr1>1:
    pass # Replace with desired code
    print("The flow is Super Critical Flow")
    print("The flow is Sub Cratical Flow")
#Upstream Energy
E1 = y1 + (Q*Q)/(2 *g*A1 *AE)
print ("The value of Energy at initial Section is:", E1)
# Downstream Energy
E2 = E1 -Z
print ("The value of downstream Energy E2 651", E2)
# Critical Depth
# You need to define the values for 'a' and 'e' based on your problem.
# For example:
a = 1.8 # Replace with the actual value of 'a'
e = 1.0 # Replace with the actual value of 'e
yc = (q^*a/e)^**0.3333
print ("The Value of critical depth is:", yc)
                                                                 Fax Prohoms
# Note: In Python, a tuple is defined using parenthesis. Usin
                                                                comma creates a tuple.
# To perform multiplication, use the '*' operator.
Ec = 1.5*yc
print ("The value of critical Energy is", Ec)
if Ec>E2:
   print ("Chocking Condition")
else:
    print ("SAFE")
# Calculation of Bmax
# You need to define the value for 'El' based on your problem.
# For example:
El = 1.8 # Replace with the actual value of 'El'
Zmax =E1- Ec
print ("The value of maximum hump is:", 2max)
Fr Enter the value of Discharge: 4.84.8
     Enter the value of top width: 22
     Enter the value of acceleration due to Gravity:9.819.81
     enter the value of upstream depth: 1.61.6
     Enter the Value of hump:0.1 0.1
     The value of discharge per meter width is: 2.4
     The value of upstream area is: 3.2
     The value of Froude number is: 0.07167431192660548
     The flow is Sub Critical Flow
     The value of Energy at initial Section is: 1.714678899082569
     The value of downstream Energy E2 is: 1.614678899082569
     The Value of critical depth is: 1.3388268295597898
     The value of critical Energy is 2.0082402443396847
     Chocking Condition
     The value of maximum hump is: -0.2082402443396847
# To find the downstream depth of open channel
# Given Data
Q= float(input("Enter the value of Discharge:15"))
B1 = float(input("Enter the value of width at upstream:3.5 "))
B2 = float(input("Enter the value of width at downstream: 2.5 "))
g= float(input("Enter the value of acceleration due to Gravity:9.81"))
yl= float(input("enter the value of upstream depth:2"))
# Dicharge per meter width
ql=Q/B1
g2= Q/B2
print ("The value of discharge per meter width is: ", ql) # Changed q1 to ql
```

```
grint ("The value of discharge per meter width is:", q2)
# Area Calculation
A1 = B1*yl # Changed y1 to yl as y1 was not defined
print ("The value of upstream area is:", A1)
# Calculation of Froude Number
Fr1 = ((Q*Q*81)/(g*A1*A1*A1)) **8.5
print ("The value of Froude number is:", Fr1)
if Fr1>1:
    print("The flow is Super Critical Flow") # Indent this line to be part of the 'if' block
else:
    print("The flow is Sub Critical Flow")
# Upstream Energy
e = 1.602e-19 # Define 'e' here or import it from a library if it represents a physical constant
E1 = yl + (Q*\theta)/(2*e*A1*A1) # Use 'yl' instead of 'yl' if it's a different variable.
print ("The value of Energy at initial Section is:", E1) # Correct the variable name to 'E1'.
# (type alias) B2min: Any dition # Remove or comment out this invalid line.
B2min = (27*Q*Q/(B*g*E1*E1*E1)) **0.5
print ("The value of minimum width to be kept to avoid Chocking is:", B2min)
if 82min > 82:
   print ("Chocking Condition") # Indent this line
else:
   print ("SAFE") # "Indentithis line to be part of the 'else' block
# Critical Depth
e = 0.8 W Or any other relevant Value
yc = ((Q*Q)/(B2*B2*e)) **0.33§3
print ("The Value of critical depth is; "
Ec = 1.5*yc
+ inter the value of Discharge: 1515
     Enter the value of width at upstream: 3.5 3.5
     Enter the value of width at downstream: 2.5
     inter the value of acceleration due to Genvity:9,#19.81
     enter the value of upstream depth: 22
                                                 452897TN285714286
     The value of discharge per meter width is:'
     The value of discharge per meter width is: 6.8
     The value of upstream area is: 7.8
     The value of Froude number is: 0.4837753296275688
     The flow is Sub Critical Flow
     The value of Energy at initial Section is: 2.0
                                                                 3/11/632107802487
     The value of minimum width to be kept to avoid Chocking
     Chocking Condition
     The Value of critical depth is: 3.5564420033791078
                                                                              Prohoms,
     The value of critical Energy is 5.334663005068662
#Design of Efficient Channel Section
Q= float(input("Enter the value of Discharge: 100"))
n=float(input("Enter the value of Augosity coefficient:0.015"))
So= float (input("Enter the value of bed slope:0.0004"))
g= float(input("Enter the value of acceleration due to Gravity:9.81"))
#Manning's Formula
MO = (AR^2/3 S^1/2)/n
yn = (Q^*n^*50^* 1.591)/(1.732) * (3/8)
print ("The Value of yn is", yn)
#To encounter the effect of free board
yn1= 1.1*yn
print ("The Value of yml is", ym1)
# Cross Sectional Area
A = 1.732 * yn * yn1
print ("The cross sectional Area is:", A)
# Top Midth
T= 4* yn/1.732
print ("The value of top Width is:", T)
# Bottom Width
B= 2 * yn/1.732
print ("The value of Bottom Width is'", 8)
Fr= ((Q*Q*T)/(g*A*A*A)) * 0.5 # Fixed the Fr calculation
print ("The value of Froude number is:", Fr)
if Fr>1:
   print("The flow is Super Critical Flow") # Indented this line
else:
    print("The flow is Sub Critical Flow")
fr Enter the value of Discharge: 100100
     Enter the value of Rugosity coefficient:0.0150.015
     Enter the value of bed slope:0.00040.0004
     Enter the value of acceleration due to Gravity:9.819.81
     The Value of yn is 25.83537817551963
     The Value of ynl is 28.418915993871593
```