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//Sky Gastinel
//13 February 2020
var num = 1000;
var vx = new Array(num);
var vy = new Array(num);
var x = new Array(num);
var y = new Array(num);
var ax = new Array(num);
var ay = new Array(num);
var magnetism = 10.0; //Attraction strength Negative value means
repulsion.
var radius = 1; //Radius of the circle to draw
var gensoku = 0.95; // Slow down the movement of particles
var ball;
var mode = 1;
function setup(){
  createCanvas(windowWidth, windowHeight);
  noStroke();
  fill(0);
  ellipseMode (RADIUS);
  background(0);
  blendMode (ADD);
  for(var i =0; i< num; i++) {
    x[i] = random(width);
    y[i] = random(height);
    vx[i] = 0;
    vy[i] = 0;
    ax[i] = 0;
    ay[i] = 0;
  }
  ball = new Ball(random(0, windowWidth),
random(0, windowHeight/2), 2, 2, 2)
}
function keyPressed() {
  console.log(keyCode)
  if(keyCode === 32 &&
    mode === 1) {
    mode = 2;
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}else if(keyCode === 32 &&
    mode === 2) {
    mode = 1;
  }
}
function draw() {
  textSize(20);
  text('Press space bar to make the particles follow your
mouse', 10, 30)
  var positionX, postionY;
  if(mode === 1) {
    positionX = ball.loc.x;
    positionY = ball.loc.y;
  if(mode === 2){
   positionX = touchX;
   positionY = touchY;
  fill(0,0,0);
  rect(0,0,width,height);
  for(var i=0; i<num; i++) {
    var distance = dist(positionX, positionY, x[i], y[i]);
//dist(x1,y1,x2,y2) //Function to find the distance between two
points
    // Acceleration is inversely proportional to the square of
the distance from the center of gravity.
    if (distance > 3) { //Don't update acceleration if too close
to mouse
      ax[i] = magnetism * (positionX - x[i]) / (distance *
distance);
      ay[i] = magnetism * (positionY - y[i]) / (distance *
distance);
    }
    vx[i] += ax[i]; // Increase speed vx by ax per frame.
    vy[i] += ay[i]; // Increase speed vy by ay per frame.
    vx[i] = vx[i]*gensoku;
    vy[i] = vy[i]*gensoku;
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x[i] += vx[i]; //Advance vy pixels per frame.
    y[i] += vy[i]; // Advance vy pixels per frame.
    var sokudo = dist(0,0,vx[i],vy[i]); // Calculate velocity
from X and Y components of velocity
    var r = map(sokudo, 0, 5, 0, 255); //Calculate color
according to speed
    var g = map(sokudo, 0, 5, 64, 255);
    var b = map(sokudo, 0, 5, 128, 255);
    fill(r, q, b, 32);
    ellipse(x[i], y[i], radius, radius);
  }
  ball.run();
}
class Ball {
  constructor(x, y, w, dx, dy) {
    this.loc = createVector(x, y);
    this.w = w
    this.vel = createVector(dx, dy);
  }
  run() {
   this.update();
   this.checkEdges();
    this.render();
  }
  update() {
    this.loc.x = this.loc.x + this.vel.x;
    this.loc.y = this.loc.y + this.vel.y
  checkEdges() {
    if(this.loc.x > windowWidth - this.w/2 ||
      this.loc.x < this.w/2) {
        this.vel.x = -1*this.vel.x
    if(this.loc.y > windowHeight - this.w/2 ||
      this.loc.y < this.w/2) {
        this.vel.y = -1*this.vel.y
    }
```

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render() {
   fill(255, 223, 41, 50);
   ellipse(this.loc.x, this.loc.y, this.w);
}
```

I changed this code by adding a ball class, of a ball that bounces around the screen. By pressing the spacebar, you can choose whether the particles follow your mouse or the ball.