

(1)

$$e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!} \quad e^{-x^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-x^2)^n}{n!} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!} x^{2n}$$

$$\int_0^x e^{-t^2} dt = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n! (2n+1)} x^{2n+1}$$

$$\operatorname{erf} x = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n! (2n+1)} x^{2n+1}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{a}x^2} dx \right)^2 &= \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{a}x^2} dx \right) \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{a}y^2} dy \right) \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{a}x^2} e^{-\frac{1}{a}y^2} dy dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{a}(x^2+y^2)} dy dx = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{a}r^2} r dr d\theta \\ &\quad -\frac{1}{a}r^2 = t \quad -\frac{2}{a}r dr = dt \quad r dr = -\frac{a}{2} dt \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{-\infty} e^t \left(-\frac{a}{2}\right) dt d\theta = -\frac{a}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{-\infty} e^t dt d\theta = -\frac{a}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^{-\infty} e^t dt \\ &= -\frac{a}{2} \cdot 2\pi \cdot [e^t]_0^{-\infty} = -a\pi \cdot (0 - 1) = a\pi \\ &\therefore \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{a}x^2} dx = \sqrt{a\pi} \end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$e^{-\frac{1}{a}x^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{a}x^2\right)^n}{n!} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n! a^n} x^{2n}$$

$$\int_0^x e^{-\frac{1}{a}t^2} dt = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n! a^n (2n+1)} x^{2n+1}$$

(4)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-\frac{1}{a}t^2} dt &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n! a^n (2n+1)} x^{2n+1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n! a^{n+\frac{1}{2}} (2n+1)} x^{2n+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n! \sqrt{a}^{2n+1} (2n+1)} x^{2n+1} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n! (2n+1)} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^{2n+1} \\ &\therefore \frac{1}{\sqrt{a\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-\frac{1}{a}t^2} dt = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf} \frac{x}{\sqrt{a}} \end{aligned}$$