

McDonald's Case Study



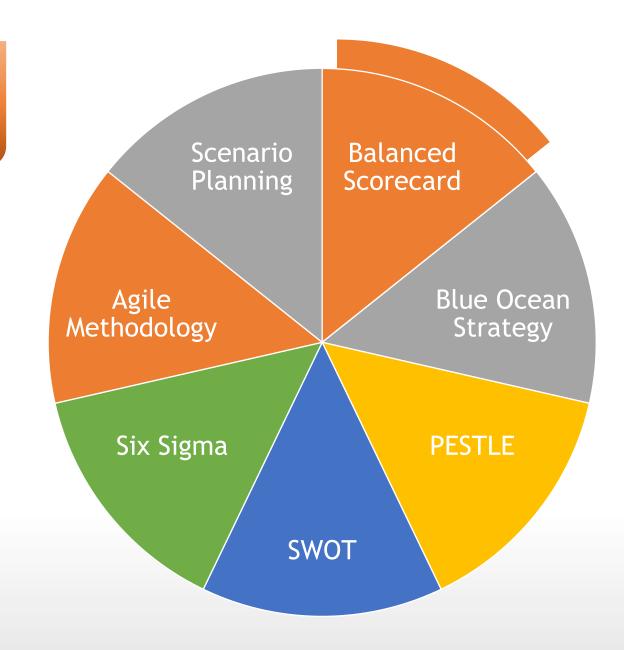
Objective

• Increase McDonald's revenue by 12% year over year.

• Be the Canadian's preferred fast-food chain.



Which strategy should we use?



Balanced Scorecard

Financial

- Revenue Growth
- Profit Margin

Customer Related

- Customer Satisfaction scores
- Customer Loyalty Program Membership

Internal

• Employee Productivity

Operational

- Order Accuracy Rate
- Service Speed

KPI: Revenue Growth

Financial

Why is important?

- Aligned with our main objective of increase revenue by 12%.
- Ultimate measure of financial success.

How are we measuring it?

• Sales Data (Sales prices, order, product type, product features)

Cost/Effort

• Stored in store Database through POS with every transaction. Easy and cheap to retrieve.

Target

• 12% Revenue increase YoY. Track monthly revenue.

KPI: Profit Margin

Financial

Why is important?

• Operating Income Margin measures a company's efficiency in turning revenue into operating profit.

How are we measuring it?

• Operating income figures from two periods (e.g., current and previous periods).

Cost/Effort

• maintaining accurate financial records, personnel time, and potential software expenses like SAP and, Quickbook.

Target

• 12% Operating Income Growth to expand into new market year over year

KPI: Employee Productivity

Internal

Why is important?

• it directly impacts a company's profitability, efficiency, and overall success.

How are we measuring it?

• Employee productivity can be measured by tracking output (e.g., units produced, sales generated, projects completed) per input unit (e.g., hours worked, resources used).

Cost/Effort

 Employee productivity is measured by tracking units produced by CRM divided by hours worked using Toggle Track, Clockify, or Harvest

Target

• Increase average sales per hour for customer service representatives by 15% within the next quarter.

KPI: Customer Satisfaction

Customer Related

Why is important?

• It drives revenue growth and loyalty, helping McDonald's achieve its goals of higher sales and market leadership in Canada.

How are we measuring it?

• NPS(net Promoter score). Survey Data(Surveys asking customers to rate their experience on a 1–5 scale.)

Cost/Effort

• Moderate investment and effort, with costs largely driven by survey tools, software, and analysis, streamlined through automation.

Target

• Achieve a satisfaction score of 90% or higher consistently.

KPI: Customer Loyalty Program Membership

Customer Related

Why is important?

• It drives repeat business, increases revenue, and fosters brand loyalty, helping McDonald's achieve both objectives.

How are we measuring it?

• Measure it by tracking the number of active loyalty program members, their purchase frequency, and average spend per member.

Cost/Effort

• Investing in CRM systems, app integrations, and marketing campaigns, along with staff training for program execution.

Target

• Increase loyalty program membership by 20% within the next 12 months.

KPI: Service Speed

Operational

Why is important?

• Ensures customer satisfaction and repeat business.

How are we measuring it?

• Time from order placement to delivery.

Cost/Effort

• Staff training, workflow, and tech upgrades.

Target

• Service time under 3 minutes.

KPI: Order Accuracy Rate

Operational

Why is important?

• Ensures customer satisfaction and operational efficiency.

How are we measuring it?

• Percentage of correct orders.

Cost/Effort

• Staff training, quality control.

Target

• 95% or more order accuracy.



Thank you!

