



# 四川大學

Sichuan University

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P223 8.1 1.  $f(x) = \ln x$   $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x}$   $f'(1) = 1$

(a)  $f'(1) = \frac{f(1.1) - f(1)}{0.1} = \frac{\ln 1.1}{0.1} = 0.953101$   $e = |1 - 0.953101| = 0.046898$

(b)  $f'(1) = \frac{f(1.01) - f(1)}{0.01} = \frac{\ln 1.01}{0.01} = 0.995033$   $e = |1 - 0.995033| = 0.004967$

(c)  $f'(1) = \frac{f(1.001) - f(1)}{0.001} = \frac{\ln 1.001}{0.001} = 0.999500$   $e = |1 - 0.999500| = 0.000500$

13.  $f(x+3h) = f(x) + 3hf'(x) + \frac{9h^2}{2}f''(x) + o(h^3)$

$f(x-h) = f(x) - hf'(x) + \frac{h^2}{2}f''(x) + o(h^3)$

$\Rightarrow f(x+3h) - 9f(x-h) = -8f(x) + 12hf'(x) + o(h^3)$

13.  $\Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{f(x+3h) + 8f(x) - 9f(x-h)}{12h} + o(h^2)$

14. (a)  $F(x) = \frac{4f(h/2) - f(h)}{4-1} = \frac{4}{3} \frac{f(x+\frac{3}{2}h) + 8f(x) - 9f(x-\frac{1}{2}h)}{6h}$

$= \frac{f(x+3h) + 8f(x+\frac{3}{2}h) + 56f(x) - 72f(x-\frac{1}{2}h) + 9f(x-h)}{36h}$



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P232 5.2

$$1(a) I = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

当  $m=1, h=1$  时

$$I' = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}(0+1) = \frac{1}{2} \quad e = I' - I = \frac{1}{6}$$

当  $m=2, h=\frac{1}{2}$  时

$$I' = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}(0+1+2 \cdot \frac{1}{4}) = \frac{3}{8} \quad e = I' - I = \frac{1}{24}$$

当  $m=4, h=\frac{1}{4}$  时

$$I' = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}[0+1+2(\frac{1}{16}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{9}{16})] = \frac{11}{32} \quad e = I' - I = \frac{1}{96}$$

16.

3(a) 当  $m=1, h=1$  时

$$I' = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{6}[0+1+4(\frac{1}{4})+2 \cdot 0] = \frac{1}{3} \quad e = I' - I = 0$$

当  $m=2, h=\frac{1}{2}$  时

$$I' = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{12}[0+1+4(\frac{1}{16}+\frac{9}{16})+2(\frac{1}{4})] = \frac{1}{3} \quad e = I' - I = 0$$

当  $m=4, h=\frac{1}{4}$  时

$$I' = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{24}[0+1+4(\frac{1}{64}+\frac{9}{64}+\frac{25}{64}+\frac{49}{64})+2(\frac{1}{16}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{9}{16})] = \frac{1}{3} \quad e = I' - I = 0$$



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$$12. \int_0^1 1 dx = c_1 + c_2 + c_3 = 1$$

$$\int_0^1 x dx = 0 + 0.5c_2 + c_3 = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} c_1 = \frac{1}{6} \\ c_2 = \frac{2}{3} \\ c_3 = \frac{1}{6} \end{cases}$$

$$\int_0^1 x^2 dx = 0 + 0.25c_2 + c_3 = \frac{1}{3}$$

B237 5.3

$$1(a) \int_0^1 x^2 dx \quad R_{11} = \frac{h_1}{2} [f(a) + f(b)] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (0 + 1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$R_{21} = \frac{h_2}{2} [f(a) + f(b) + 2f(\frac{a+b}{2})] = \frac{1}{4} (0 + 1 + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4}) = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$R_{22} = \frac{2^2 R_{21} - R_{11}}{3} = \frac{4 \cdot \frac{3}{8} - \frac{1}{2}}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$R_{31} = \frac{1}{2} R_{21} + h_3 [f(a+h_3) + f(a+3h_3)] = \frac{3}{16} + \frac{1}{4} (\frac{1}{16} + \frac{9}{16}) = \frac{11}{32}$$

$$R_{32} = \frac{2^2 R_{31} - R_{21}}{3} = \frac{4 \cdot \frac{11}{32} - \frac{3}{8}}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$R_{33} = \frac{4^2 R_{32} - R_{22}}{4^2 - 1} = \frac{16 \cdot \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3}}{15} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore I = R_{33} = \frac{1}{3}$$



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P240 5.4 1(b)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos x dx = 1$

对  $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$

$$S_{[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]} = \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2}}{2} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$S_{[0, \frac{\pi}{4}]} = \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \frac{\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{2} = 0.6704$$

$$S_{[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}]} = \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{\pi}{2}}{2} = 0.2777$$

$$\therefore |S_{[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]} - S_{[0, \frac{\pi}{4}]} - S_{[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}]}| \approx 0.163 > 3TOL = 0.15$$

对  $[0, \frac{\pi}{4}]$

$$S_{[0, \frac{\pi}{8}]} = \frac{\pi}{8} \cdot \frac{\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{8}}{2} \approx 0.3776$$

$$S_{[\frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{\pi}{4}]} = \frac{\pi}{8} \cdot \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{8} + \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{2} \approx 0.3202$$

$$\therefore |S_{[0, \frac{\pi}{4}]} - S_{[0, \frac{\pi}{8}]} - S_{[\frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{\pi}{4}]}| \approx 0.0276 < 3TOL - \frac{1}{2} = 0.075$$

对  $[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$

$$S_{[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{8}]} = \frac{\pi}{8} \cdot \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{8}}{2} \approx 0.2140$$

$$S_{[\frac{3\pi}{8}, \frac{\pi}{2}]} = \frac{\pi}{8} \cdot \frac{\cos \frac{3\pi}{8} + \cos \frac{\pi}{2}}{2} \approx 0.0752$$

$$\therefore |S_{[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}]} - S_{[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{8}]} - S_{[\frac{3\pi}{8}, \frac{\pi}{2}]}| = 0.0114 < 3TOL - \frac{1}{2} = 0.075$$

$$\therefore S = S_{[0, \frac{\pi}{8}]} + S_{[\frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{\pi}{4}]} + S_{[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{8}]} + S_{[\frac{3\pi}{8}, \frac{\pi}{2}]} = 0.9871 \quad \therefore |e - S| = 0.0129$$





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B245 5.5

$$1(a) \int_{-1}^1 (x^3 + 2x) dx = -\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = 0 \quad \therefore e = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4(a) \int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} &= \int_0^1 \frac{[4+0]t+4+0}{\sqrt{[4+0]t+4+0]^2/2^2+9}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} dt = \int_0^1 \frac{(4t+4) dt}{\sqrt{4t^2+8t+13}} \\ &\approx \frac{-4/\sqrt{3}+4}{\sqrt{4/3-8/\sqrt{3}+13}} + \frac{4/\sqrt{3}+4}{\sqrt{4/3+8/\sqrt{3}+13}} \approx 1.89172 \\ \therefore e &= 2 - 1.89172 = 0.00828 \end{aligned}$$

B257 6.1

$$3(b) \frac{dy}{dt} = t^2 y \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{y} = t^2 dt \Rightarrow y = e^{\frac{1}{3}t^3} + C$$

$$\because y(0) = 1 \quad \therefore C = 0, \quad y = e^{\frac{1}{3}t^3}, \quad y(1) = e^{\frac{1}{3}} \approx 1.39561$$

$$5(b) \quad w_1 = w_0 + h t_0^2 w_0 = 1 + 0 = 1 \quad w_2 = w_1 + h t_1^2 w_1 = \frac{65}{64}$$

$$w_3 = w_2 + h t_2^2 w_2 = \frac{1105}{1024} \quad w_4 = w_3 + h t_3^2 w_3 = \frac{80665}{65536} \approx 1.23085$$

$$e = |e^{\frac{1}{3}} - w_4| \approx 0.164762$$



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P265 6-2

$$1(b) \quad w_1 = w_0 + \frac{h}{2} [t_0^2 w_0 + (t_0 + h)^2 (w_0 + h[t_0^2 w_0])] = 1 + \frac{1}{8} [0 + \frac{1}{16} [1 + 0]] \approx 1.00781$$

$$w_2 = w_1 + \frac{h}{2} [t_1^2 w_1 + (t_1 + h)^2 (w_1 + h[t_1^2 w_1])] \approx 1.04767$$

$$w_3 = w_2 + \frac{h}{2} [t_2^2 w_2 + (t_2 + h)^2 (w_2 + h[t_2^2 w_2])] \approx 1.15868$$

$$w_4 = w_3 + \frac{h}{2} [t_3^2 w_3 + (t_3 + h)^2 (w_3 + h[t_3^2 w_3])] \approx 1.46646$$

$$e = |e^{\frac{1}{3}} - w_4| = 0.07084$$

$$4(b) \quad f(t, w) = t^2 w \quad f'(t, w) = 2wt + t^2(t^2 w)$$

$$\therefore w_{i+1} = w_i + h f(t_i, w_i) + \frac{h^2}{2} f'(t_i, w_i) = [1 + h t_i^2 + \frac{h^2}{2} (2t_i + t_i^4)] w_i$$

$$w_1 = [1 + h t_0^2 + \frac{h^2}{2} (2t_0 + t_0^4)] w_0 = 1 \quad w_2 = [1 + h t_1^2 + \frac{h^2}{2} (2t_1 + t_1^4)] w_1 \approx 1.03137$$

$$w_3 = [1 + h t_2^2 + \frac{h^2}{2} (2t_2 + t_2^4)] w_2 \approx 1.23823$$

$$w_4 = [1 + h t_3^2 + \frac{h^2}{2} (2t_3 + t_3^4)] w_3 \approx 1.48264$$

$$e = |e^{\frac{1}{3}} - w_4| = 0.087028$$