```
In [6]:
        I from math import sin, cos, pi
            from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
            import numpy as np
            d to r = pi/180
            LINE = 6
            ANGLE = [0, 9, 18, 27, 36, 45]
            SYMMETRY = [(-1, 1), (-1, -1), (1, -1)]
            def polar_to_xy(polar):
                coor = []
                for i in range(LINE):
                    x = cos(ANGLE[i] * d_to_r) * polar[i]
                    y = sin(ANGLE[i] * d_to_r) * polar[i]
                    coor.append([x, y])
                for i in range(LINE-1, -1, -1):
                     coor.append([coor[i][1], coor[i][0]])
                quarter = 1
                for dx, dy in SYMMETRY:
                     if quarter%2 == 1:
                         for i in range(LINE*2 - 1, -1, -1):
                             coor.append([coor[i][0]*dx, coor[i][1]*dy])
                     else:
                         for i in range(LINE*2):
                             coor.append([coor[i][0]*dx, coor[i][1]*dy])
                     quarter += 1
                return coor
            def spectrum_generator(shape):
                vertices = [mp.Vector3(shape[0][0], shape[0][1])]
                for i in range(1, len(shape) - 1):
                     # eliminate duplicate point
                    if abs(shape[i][0] - shape[i-1][0]) < 1e-5 and abs(shape[i][1] - shap</pre>
                         continue
                    vertices.append(mp.Vector3(shape[i][0], shape[i][1]))
                     print(shape[i])
                # calculate transmission
                return get_trans(vertices)
```

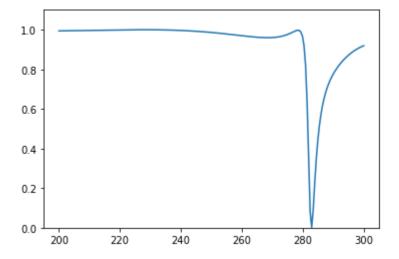
```
In [7]:
            import numpy as np
            import math
            import meep as mp
            import cmath
            shape size = 48
            sx, sy, sz = 1, 1, 4
            h = 1.25
            dpml = 0.5
            b_m, c_m = 1.4, 3.54
            res = 15
            echo = 1000
            cell size = mp.Vector3(sx,sy,sz)
            fcen = 0.5
            df = 0.2
            theta = math.radians(0)
            nfreq = 200
            # k with correct length (plane of incidence: XZ)
            k = mp.Vector3(math.sin(theta),0,math.cos(theta)).scale(fcen)
            def pw amp(k, x0):
                def pw amp(x):
                    return cmath.exp(1j * 2 * math.pi * k.dot(x + x0))
                return pw amp
            def get trans(vertices):
                geometry = [mp.Block(size = cell size, material=mp.Medium(index=b m)),
                            mp.Prism(vertices,
                                     height=h,
                                     material=mp.Medium(index=c m),
                                     center=mp.Vector3()
                                    )]
                pml_layers = [mp.PML(thickness=1, direction = mp.Z, side=mp.High),
                              mp.Absorber(thickness=1,direction = mp.Z, side=mp.Low)]
                src pos = -(sz/2 - dpml - 0.5)
                src = [mp.Source(src = mp.GaussianSource(fcen, fwidth=df),
                                 component = mp.Ey,
                                 center = mp.Vector3(0,0,src pos),
                                 size = mp.Vector3(sx,sy,0),
                                 amp func=pw amp(k,mp.Vector3(0,0,src pos)))]
                sim = mp.Simulation(resolution=res,
                                    cell size=cell size,
                                    boundary layers=pml layers,
                                    sources=src,
                                    geometry=geometry,
                                    k point=k)
                freg = mp.FluxRegion(center=mp.Vector3(0,0,-src pos),
                                     size = mp.Vector3(sx,sy,0))
                trans = sim.add flux(fcen, df, nfreq, freg)
                sim.run(until = echo)
                bend = mp.get_fluxes(trans)
                #get straight
                sim.reset meep()
```

```
geometry = [mp.Block(size = cell size, material=mp.Medium(index=b m))]
       pml_layers = [mp.PML(thickness= 1, direction = mp.Z, side=mp.High),
                     mp.Absorber(thickness=1,direction = mp.Z, side=mp.Low)]
       src = [mp.Source(src = mp.GaussianSource(fcen, fwidth=df),
                        component = mp.Ey,
                        center = mp.Vector3(0,0,src_pos),
                        size = mp.Vector3(sx,sy,0),
                        amp_func=pw_amp(k,mp.Vector3(0,0,src_pos)))]
       sim = mp.Simulation(resolution=res,
                           cell size=cell size,
                           boundary layers=pml layers,
                           sources=src,
                           geometry=geometry,
                           k point=k)
       freg = mp.FluxRegion(center=mp.Vector3(0,0,-src_pos),
                            size = mp.Vector3(sx,sy,0))
       trans = sim.add flux(fcen, df, nfreq, freg)
       sim.run(until = echo)
       straight = mp.get fluxes(trans)
       flux_freqs = mp.get_flux_freqs(trans)
       sim.reset meep()
       c = 300
       p = 0.6
       Ts = []
       for i in range(nfreq):
           Ts = np.append(Ts, bend[i]/straight[i])
       return np.multiply(flux_freqs, c/p),Ts
\blacksquare T shape = [0.2,
                                      0.1815962, 0.17013016, 0.1638203, 0.1618
                          0.2,
```

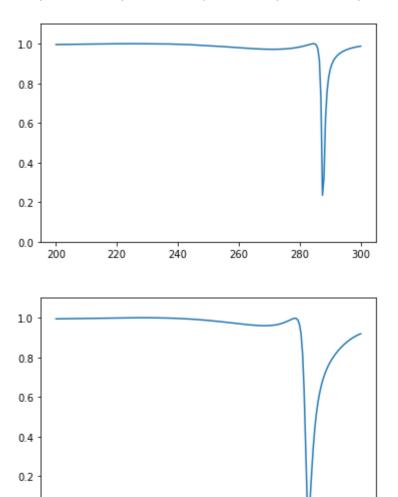
```
In [17]:
             P shape = [0.17181343, 0.17016014, 0.17800355, 0.1811893, 0.18654697, 0.190€
In [18]:
             freq, Ts = spectrum generator(polar to xy(P shape))
             [0.16806518631203632, 0.026618910472070788]
             [0.16929143615117018, 0.05500612200907067]
             [0.16144084841312345, 0.08225822085445866]
             [0.1509196689791535, 0.10964955782584643]
             [0.13441743528538552, 0.1344174352853855]
             [0.10964955782584643, 0.1509196689791535]
             [0.08225822085445866, 0.16144084841312345]
             [0.05500612200907067, 0.16929143615117018]
             [0.026618910472070788, 0.16806518631203632]
             [0.0, 0.17181343]
             [-0.026618910472070788, 0.16806518631203632]
             [-0.05500612200907067, 0.16929143615117018]
             [-0.08225822085445866, 0.16144084841312345]
             [-0.10964955782584643, 0.1509196689791535]
             [-0.1344174352853855, 0.13441743528538552]
             [-0.1509196689791535, 0.10964955782584643]
             [-0.16144084841312345, 0.08225822085445866]
             [-0.16929143615117018, 0.05500612200907067]
             [-0.16806518631203632, 0.026618910472070788]
```

7/22/2019 Visualize Prediction





 $T_shape = [0.2, 0.2, 0.1815962, 0.17013016, 0.1638203, 0.1618034]$ $P_shape = [0.17181343, 0.17016014, 0.17800355, 0.1811893, 0.18654697, 0.19009496]$



 $T_shape = [0.1, 0.13169178, 0.2, 0.19507534, 0.19507534, 0.2]$

220

240

260

280

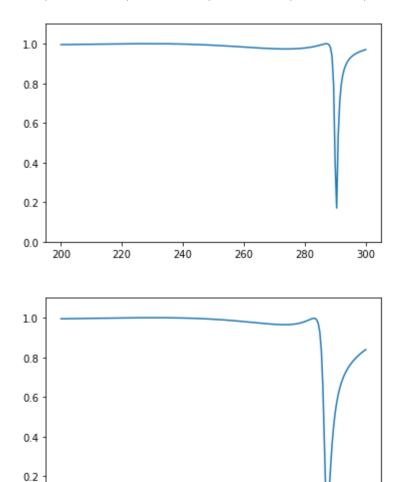
300

0.0

200

7/22/2019 Visualize Prediction

 $P_shape = [0.16922429, 0.16843325, 0.17408204, 0.17719942, 0.1803952, 0.17700543]$



 $T_shape = [0.1, 0.13169178, 0.2, 0.2, 0.19258231, 0.1902113]$ $P_shape = [0.1716361, 0.17043129, 0.17717591, 0.18033218, 0.18460575, 0.18469079]$

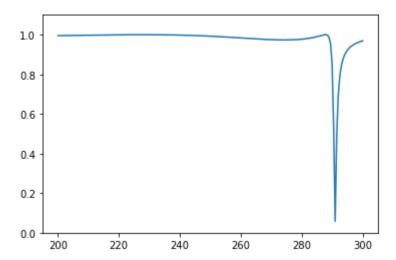
240

260

280

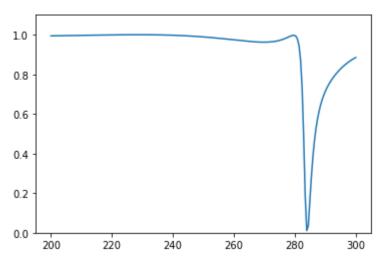
300

220



0.0

200



 $T_shape = [0.1902113, \, 0.19258231, \, 0.2, \, 0.2, \, 0.19753767, \, 0.2 \,]$ $P_shape = [0.18850169, \, 0.18643472, \, 0.19625267, \, 0.19935116, \, 0.20691542, \, 0.21789409]$

