# (1条消息)如何使用GTK让系统显示托盘图标 - hushiwei1993的专栏 - CSDN博客

使用下面的演示代码时,注意图标的路径,否则不能显示托盘图标。如果编译不成功,请注意编译命令中的字符是否是英文的字符。

#### 介绍:

这篇文章解释了GtkStatusIcon部件的使用,这个GtkStatusIcon部件用来在系统托盘里放置图标。为了和用户交互提示条和弹出菜单可以加入到这个图标里。这个图标也可以闪烁。

如何在系统托盘里放置图标:

下列函数可以用来创建一个新的状态图标:

GtkStatusIcon\* gtk\_status\_icon\_new ();

GtkStatusIcon\* gtk\_status\_icon\_new\_from\_pixbuf (GdkPixbuf \*pixbuf);

GtkStatusIcon\* gtk\_status\_icon\_new\_from\_file (const gchar \*filename);

GtkStatusIcon\* gtk\_status\_icon\_new\_from\_stock (const gchar \*stock\_id);

GtkStatusIcon\* gtk\_status\_icon\_new\_from\_icon\_name (const gchar \*icon\_name);

### 为了设置一个提示条文本可以用下面的函数:

void gtk\_status\_icon\_set\_tooltip (GtkStatusIcon \*icon, const gchar \*tooltip\_text);

## 为了闪烁一个图标用下面的函数:

void gtk\_status\_icon\_set\_blinking (GtkStatusIcon \*icon, gboolean blinking);

当用户激活这个托盘图标,托盘图标发送"activate"信号;当用户指出一个菜单应该显示时,托盘图标发送一个"popup-menu"信号。

#### 演示程序:

下面的程序当用户按下最小化按钮时,创建一个托盘图标,隐藏应用窗口。 使用托盘图标的弹出菜单应用窗口变得有效。当和托盘图标交互时信号被处

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理。
//trayicon.c
#include <gtk/gtk.h>
static void trayView(GtkMenuItem *item, gpointer user_data);
static void trayExit(GtkMenuItem *item, gpointer user data);
static void trayIconActivated(GObject *trayIcon, gpointer data);
static void trayIconPopup(GtkStatusIcon *status_icon, guint button, guint32
activate_time, gpointer popUpMenu);
static void destroy (GtkWidget*, gpointer);
static gboolean delete_event (GtkWidget*, GdkEvent*, gpointer);
static gboolean window_state_event (GtkWidget *widget, GdkEventWindowState
*event, gpointer user_data);
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
  gtk_init (&argc, &argv);
  GtkWidget *window = gtk_window_new (GTK_WINDOW_TOPLEVEL);
  gtk_window_set_title (GTK_WINDOW (window), "GtkStatusIcon Example");
  gtk_widget_set_size_request (window, 200, -1);
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//set try icon file
  GtkStatusIcon *trayIcon = gtk_status_icon_new_from_file ("/root/Desktop
/icon.png");
  //set popup menu for tray icon
  GtkWidget *menu, *menuItemView, *menuItemExit;
  menu = gtk menu new();
  menuItemView = gtk_menu_item_new_with_label ("View");
  menuItemExit = gtk_menu_item_new_with_label ("Exit");
  g signal connect (G OBJECT (menuItemView), "activate", G CALLBACK
(trayView), window);
  g_signal_connect (G_OBJECT (menuItemExit), "activate", G_CALLBACK
(trayExit), NULL);
  gtk_menu_shell_append (GTK_MENU_SHELL (menu), menuItemView);
  gtk_menu_shell_append (GTK_MENU_SHELL (menu), menuItemExit);
  gtk widget show all (menu);
  //set tooltip
  gtk_status_icon_set_tooltip (trayIcon, "MsgWatcherGTK");
  //connect handlers for mouse events
  g_signal_connect(GTK_STATUS_ICON (trayIcon), "activate",
GTK_SIGNAL_FUNC (trayIconActivated), window);
  g_signal_connect(GTK_STATUS_ICON (trayIcon), "popup-menu",
GTK_SIGNAL_FUNC (trayIconPopup), menu);
```

```
gtk_status_icon_set_visible(trayIcon, FALSE); //set icon initially invisible
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GtkWidget *menuBar, *menuItemTopLvl, *mainMenu, *mainMenuItemExit;
  menuBar = gtk_menu_bar_new ();
  menuItemTopLvl = gtk_menu_item_new_with_label ("Menu");
  gtk_menu_shell_append (GTK_MENU_SHELL (menuBar), menuItemTopLvl);
  mainMenu = gtk menu new ();
  gtk_menu_item_set_submenu (GTK_MENU_ITEM (menuItemTopLvl),
mainMenu);
  mainMenuItemExit = gtk menu item new with label ("Quit");
  g_signal_connect (G_OBJECT (mainMenuItemExit), "activate",
G_CALLBACK (trayExit), NULL);
  gtk menu shell append (GTK MENU SHELL (mainMenu),
mainMenuItemExit);
  g_signal_connect (G_OBJECT (window), "destroy", G_CALLBACK (destroy),
NULL);
  g_signal_connect (G_OBJECT (window), "delete_event", G_CALLBACK
(delete_event), trayIcon);
  g_signal_connect (G_OBJECT (window), "window-state-event",
```

```
G_CALLBACK (window_state_event), trayIcon);
  gtk_container_add (GTK_CONTAINER (window), menuBar);
  gtk_widget_show_all (window);
  gtk_main();
  return 0:
static void trayView(GtkMenuItem *item, gpointer window)
  gtk_widget_show(GTK_WIDGET(window));
  gtk_window_deiconify(GTK_WINDOW(window));
static void trayExit(GtkMenuItem *item, gpointer user_data)
  printf("exit");
  gtk_main_quit();
static void trayIconActivated(GObject *trayIcon, gpointer window)
  gtk_widget_show(GTK_WIDGET(window));
```

```
gtk_window_deiconify(GTK_WINDOW(window));
static void trayIconPopup(GtkStatusIcon *status_icon, guint button, guint32
activate_time, gpointer popUpMenu)
  gtk_menu_popup(GTK_MENU(popUpMenu), NULL, NULL,
gtk_status_icon_position_menu, status_icon, button, activate_time);
static void destroy (GtkWidget *window, gpointer data)
 gtk_main_quit ();
static gboolean delete_event (GtkWidget *window, GdkEvent *event, gpointer
data)
  return FALSE;
static gboolean window_state_event (GtkWidget *widget, GdkEventWindowState
```

```
*event, gpointer travIcon)
 if(event->changed_mask == GDK_WINDOW_STATE_ICONIFIED &&
(event->new window state == GDK WINDOW STATE ICONIFIED ||
event->new_window_state == (GDK_WINDOW_STATE_ICONIFIED |
GDK WINDOW STATE MAXIMIZED)))
   gtk_widget_hide (GTK_WIDGET(widget));
   gtk_status_icon_set_visible(GTK_STATUS_ICON(trayIcon), TRUE);
 else if(event->changed_mask == GDK_WINDOW_STATE_WITHDRAWN
&& (event->new_window_state == GDK_WINDOW_STATE_ICONIFIED ||
event->new window state == (GDK WINDOW STATE ICONIFIED |
GDK WINDOW STATE MAXIMIZED)))
   gtk_status_icon_set_visible(GTK_STATUS_ICON(trayIcon), FALSE);
 return TRUE;
上面的代码可以用下面的命令编译:
```

gcc trayicon.c -o trayicon `pkg-config --cflags --libs gtk+-2.0`. License

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