(1条消息)Linux系统自带spi驱动加载及应用程序编写方法详解 - kunkliu的博客 - CSDN博客

转载地址:http://blog.csdn.net/borntox/article/details/51871480

硬件平台:飞思卡尔IMX6,

内核版本: kernel3.0.35

Linux系统中,和I2C一样,SPI也有系统自带的设备驱动程序,位于源码目录下drivers/spi/spidev.c,以下为驱动的移植和对应应用程序编写方法

要将此设备驱动加入到内核中,要做两件事情

第一:将此驱动编译进内核

步骤:make menuconfig

Device Drivers ->

<*>SPI support ->

<*>User mode SPI device driver support

第二:在平台文件arch/arm/mach-mx6/board-mx6q_sabresd.c 中添加对spidev的设备注册

步骤:

1、准备spi_board_info变量(全局变量)

```
static struct spi_board_info spidev_ecspi2_board_info[] __initdata = {
{
   /* The modalias must be the same as spi device driver name */
   .modalias = "spidev",
   .max_speed_hz = 20000000,
   .bus_num = 1,
   .chip_select = 0,
},
};
```

2、注册spi_board_info变量到内核中,要在平台硬件初始化的函数中执行本段代码

spi_register_board_info(spidev_ecspi2_board_info,
ARRAY_SIZE(spidev_ecspi2_board_info));

注意:上面两个步骤是原则,必不可少的,但是具体的平台会有一些其他更多的修改,比如笔者使用的是飞思卡尔IMX6,还需要将GPIO口进行初始化,初始化为SPI功能

具体操作见以下补丁,源码下载地址<u>点击打开链接</u>

在对驱动代码进行移植之后,重新编译内核,下载到开发板上,即可看到spi设备/dev/spidev1.0,标识着SPI驱动移植成功

在对驱动代码进行修改之后,需要根据驱动的架构来完成应用程序的编写,在内核源代码Documentation/spi目录下有一个spidev_test.c文件,是内核作者提供给Linux开发人员的参考文档,笔者也是参考此文件来编写的应用程序

应用程序无非是open、close、read、write、ioctl的使用。open, close没什么好说的,下面具体说下ioctl、read和write的使用。

spi应用程序编写步骤:

第一:open

第二:ioctl, ioctl有九种cmd, 分别对应不同的arg

a、设置或获取SPI工作模式

SPI IOC RD MODE

用法:

mode = mode | SPI_MODE_0 | SPI_CS_HIGH | SPI_LSB_FIRST | SPI_LOOP

ioctl(fd, SPI IOC WR MODE, &mode);

注意:前面四种是对SCK时钟信号空闲时的电平,和采样时刻的选择,四个只能选择其中一种,后面的五种可以用或的形式选择任意几个,使用方法如上

b、设置或获取SPI读写是从高位还是低位开始

SPI IOC RD LSB FIRST

SPI_IOC_RD_BITS_PER_WORD

SPI_IOC_RD_MAX_SPEED_HZ

```
SPI_IOC_WR_MAX_SPEED_HZ
ioctl(fd, SPI_IOC_WR_MAX_SPEED_HZ, &speed);
```

e、传输数据

```
SPI_IOC_MESSAGE(n)
ret = ioctl(fd, SPI_IOC_MESSAGE(1), &tr);
```

第三:read或write

用法:和大多数的设备read函数一样的用法,但是每次读或者写的大小不能 大于4096Byte。

```
char* buf[n];
```

read(fd,buf,sizeof(buf));或者write(fd,buf,sizeof(buf));

第四:close

应用程序源码

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <linux/types.h>
#include <linux/spi/spidev.h>
#define ARRAY_SIZE(a) (sizeof(a) / sizeof((a)[0]))
staticvoid pabort(constchar *s)
{
    perror(s);
    abort();
}
```

```
staticconst char*device = "/dev/spidev1.0";
staticuint8_t mode;
staticuint8_t bits = 8;
staticuint32_t speed = 50000;
staticuint16 t delay;
unsigned charbuf me[1] = \{0x55\};
staticvoid transfer(intfd)
{
    intret;
    uint8_t tx[] = {
        0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF,
        0x40, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x95,
        0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF,
        0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF,
        0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF,
        0xDE, 0xAD, 0xBE, 0xEF, 0xBA, 0xAD,
        0xF0, 0x0D,
    };
    uint8_t rx[ARRAY_SIZE(tx)] = {0, };
    structspi_ioc_transfer tr = {
        .tx_buf = (unsignedlong)tx,
        .rx_buf = (unsignedlong)rx,
        .len = ARRAY_SIZE(tx),
        .delay_usecs = delay,
        .speed_hz = speed,
        .bits_per_word = bits,
    };
    ret = ioctl(fd, SPI IOC MESSAGE(1), &tr);
    if(ret < 1)
        pabort("can't send spi message");
```

```
for(ret = 0; ret < ARRAY SIZE(tx); ret++) {</pre>
       if(!(ret % 6))
           puts("");
       printf("%.2X ", rx[ret]);
   }
   puts("");
}
staticvoid print_usage(constchar *prog)
{
   printf("Usage: %s [-DsbdlHOLC3]\n", prog);
   puts(" -D --device device to use (default /dev/spidev1.1)\n"
        " -s --speed
                        max speed (Hz)\n"
        " -d --delay
                        delay (usec)\n"
        " -b --bpw
                       bits per word \n"
        " -l --loop loopback\n"
        " -H --cpha clock phase\n"
        " -0 --cpol clock polarity\n"
        " -L --lsb least significant bit first\n"
        " -C --cs-high chip select active high\n"
        " -3 --3wire SI/SO signals shared\n");
   exit(1);
}
staticvoid parse_opts(intargc, char *argv[])
{
   while(1) {
       staticconst structoption lopts[] = {
           {"device", 1, 0, 'D'},
           {"speed", 1, 0, 's'},
           {"delay", 1, 0, 'd'},
```

```
{"bpw", 1, 0, 'b'},
    {"loop", 0, 0, 'l'},
    {"cpha", 0, 0, 'H'},
    {"cpol", 0, 0, '0'},
    {"lsb", 0, 0, 'L'},
   {"cs-high", 0, 0, 'C'},
    {"3wire", 0, 0, '3'},
    {"no-cs", 0, 0, 'N'},
   {"ready", 0, 0, 'R'},
   { NULL, 0, 0, 0 },
};
intc;
c = getopt long(argc, argv, "D:s:d:b:lHOLC3NR", lopts, NULL);
if(c == -1)
    break;
switch(c) {
case'D':
   device = optarg;
    break;
case's':
   speed =atoi(optarg);
   break;
case'd':
   delay =atoi(optarg);
    break;
case'b':
    bits =atoi(optarg);
    break;
case'l':
```

```
mode |= SPI LOOP;
            break;
        case'H':
            mode |= SPI_CPHA;
            break;
        case'0':
            mode |= SPI_CPOL;
            break;
        case'L':
            mode |= SPI_LSB_FIRST;
            break;
        case'C':
            mode |= SPI_CS_HIGH;
            break;
        case'3':
            mode |= SPI_3WIRE;
            break;
        case'N':
            mode |= SPI_NO_CS;
            break;
        case'R':
            mode |= SPI_READY;
            break;
        default:
            print_usage(argv[0]);
            break;
        }
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
```

}

}

{

```
intret = 0;
intfd;
parse_opts(argc, argv);
fd = open(device, 0_RDWR);
if(fd < 0)
    pabort("can't open device");
    mode = mode | SPI MODE 1 | SPI LSB FIRST | SPI LOOP;
ret = ioctl(fd, SPI_IOC_WR_MODE, &mode);
if(ret == -1)
    pabort("can't set spi mode");
ret = ioctl(fd, SPI IOC RD MODE, &mode);
if(ret == -1)
    pabort("can't get spi mode");
ret = ioctl(fd, SPI_IOC_WR_BITS_PER_WORD, &bits);
if(ret == -1)
    pabort("can't set bits per word");
ret = ioctl(fd, SPI_IOC_RD_BITS_PER_WORD, &bits);
if(ret == -1)
    pabort("can't get bits per word");
ret = ioctl(fd, SPI IOC WR MAX SPEED HZ, &speed);
if(ret == -1)
    pabort("can't set max speed hz");
ret = ioctl(fd, SPI_IOC_RD_MAX_SPEED_HZ, &speed);
if(ret == -1)
    pabort("can't get max speed hz");
printf("spi mode: %d\n", mode);
printf("bits per word: %d\n", bits);
printf("max speed: %d Hz (%d KHz)\n", speed, speed/1000);
   while(1){
```

```
write(fd,buf_me,1);
        }
    close(fd);
    returnret;
}
```