## window.location.href/replace/reload()--页面跳转+替换+刷新 - dapeng888 - 博客园

dapeng888 粉丝 - 22 关注 - 23 +加关注 原文地址: http://jun1986.iteye.com/blog/1176909 一、最外层top跳转页面,适合用于iframe框架集 top.window.location.href("\${pageContext.request.contextPath}/Login\_goBack"); 二、window.location.href和window.location.replace的区别 1.window.location.href="url": 改变url地址; 2.window.location.replace("url"):将地址替换成新url,该方法通过指定URL替换当前缓存在历史里(客户端)的项 目, 因此当使用replace方法之后,你不能通过"前进"和"后退"来访问已经被替换的URL,这个特点对于做一些过渡页面 非常有用! 三、强制页面刷新 1.window.location.reload(): 强制刷新页面,从服务器重新请求!

## 四、window.location.reload();页面实现跳转和刷新

```
1 history.go(0)
2 location.reload()
3 location=location
4 location.assign(location)
5 document.execCommand('Refresh')
6 window.navigate(location)
7 location.replace(location)
8 document.URL=location.href
这几个都可以刷新
window.location.reload();刷新
window.location.href=window.location.href;刷新
window.close();关闭窗口,不弹出系统提示,直接关闭
window.close()相当于self属性是当前窗口
window.parent.close()是parent属性是当前窗口或框架的框架组
页面实现跳转的九种方法实例:
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
<title>navigate</title>
<script language="javascript">
  setTimeout('window.navigate("top.html");',2000);
  setTimeout('window.document.location.href="top.html";',2000);
  setTimeout('window.document.location="top.html";',2000);
  setTimeout('window.location.href="top.html";',2000);
  setTimeout('window.location="top.html";',2000);
  setTimeout('document.location.href="top.html";',2000);
  setTimeout('document.location="top.html";',2000);
  setTimeout('location.href="top.html";',2000);
  setTimeout('location.replace("top.html")',2000);
  //window对象
```

2 of 3 8/3/22, 16:07

```
//document对象
      //location对象
        //href属性
        //1.window.document.location.href
        //2.window.document.location
        //3.window.location.href
        //4.window.location
               //5.document.location.href
        //6.document.location
        //7.location.href
        //8.window.navigate
        //9.location.replace
        //只要使用location方法,和任意的window对象,location对象,href属性连用,都可以页面的跳转////
</script>
</head>
<body>
页面将在2秒后跳转
</body>
</html>
解释:
location是个对象,比如本页的document.location和window.location的属性有
 location.hostname = community.csdn.net
 location.href = http://community.csdn.net/Expert/topic/4033/4033372.xml?temp=2.695864E-02
location.host = community.csdn.net
 location.hash =
 location.port =
 location.pathname = /Expert/topic/4033/4033372.xml
 location.search = ?temp=2.695864E-02
 location.protocol = http:
 可见href是location的属性,类别是string。
```

3 of 3 8/3/22, 16:07