

Record For Integrating UWB Data Into ROS

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1 Integrating UWB

After connecting to the robot through *ssh*, then execute the following command:

```
1   husarion@husarion: $ roscore
```

start 2nd. command line window and execute:

```
1   $ roslaunch rosbot_ekf all.launch rosbot_pro:=true
```

start 3rd. command line window and launch the *robot_localization* through executing:

```
1   ~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ source ./devel/setup.bash
2   ~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ roslaunch playground start_filter.launch
```

Now our purpose is integrating UWB data into existing *move.py* script, there're at least 2 possibilities:

- Execute in a multi-threading/multiprocessing way
- Publish UWB data into a ROS topic and subscribe when- and wherever needed

For the moment I've chosen the 2nd. method because there's no real multi-threading in Python, here's the explanation:

“The Python Global Interpreter Lock or GIL, in simple words, is a mutex (or a lock) that allows only one thread to hold the control of the Python interpreter. This means that only one thread can be in a state of execution at any point in time.”

If we bypass this through writing some *C* code, it would be complicated. As for multiprocessing mechanism, which will bring relative bigger change to the existing code base. So the classical *publisher and subscriber* model is preferred here. There is already package support for *Decawave DWM1001C* [Dec21]

called `localizer_dwm1001`. After cloning this package into workspace in src folder `/Mingze/catkin_ws/src/` and execute:

```
1 $ catkin_make
```

Now execute following command we can check running rostopic:

```
1 $ rostopic list
```

And from the output we can know `/dwm1001/tag` is exactly what we want and through executing:

```
1 $ rostopic type /dwm1001/tag
```

we can know the message type is `localizer_dwm1001/Tag`, which we will use later in order to subscribe from the topic and decode the coordinate message.

To launch the *UWB tag* through executing:

```
1 ~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ source ./devel/setup.bash
2 ~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ roslaunch localizer_dwm1001 dwm1001.launch
```

inside the *playground* package there's a **Python** script called `move_uwb.py`. Now execute:

```
1 $ husarion@husarion:~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ rosrun playground
    move_uwb.py
```

In the running process we told the robot to move forward for 2m.

Afterwards, position data based on calculation and *UWB sensor unit* are collected in a file called `poseRecord1832021.csv` and after plotting, we get:

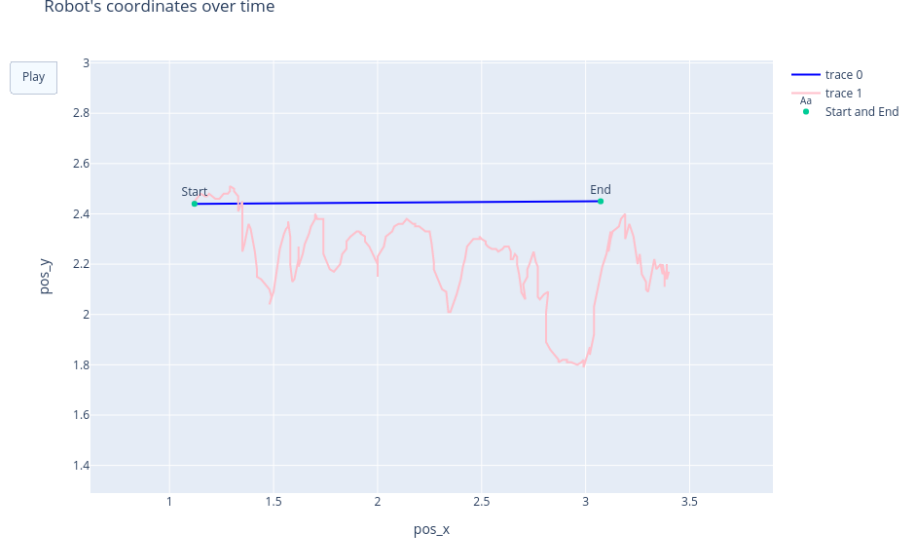


Figure 1: Demonstration of running process of the robot

trace 0 denotes the coordinates based on our calculation, while *trace 1* represents the raw *UWB* data, which is obviously not very stable. Our calculation process is:

- a. Initial position was calculated based on *UWB*
- b. Afterwards, every small step was calculated based on an *EKF* with only *IMU* and *Odometry* as input

2 Idea for next step

- a. Consider using Graph Neural Networks, not only *EKF*
- b. Consider designing a random walk model for the final demonstration

References

- [Dec21] Decawave. *DWM1001C Module*. 2021. URL: <https://www.decawave.com/product/dwm1001-module/> (visited on 02/12/2021).