Record For Implementing UKF on Existing Round Move

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1 Implementing UKF

After connecting to the robot through ssh, then execute the following command:

1 husarion@husarion: \$ roscore

start 2nd. command line window and execute:

1 \$\ roslaunch rosbot_ekf all.launch rosbot_pro:=true

start 3rd. command line window and launch the *robot_localization* through executing:

Now our purpose is implementing UKF algorithm into existing $\mathit{round_move.py}$ script.

To launch the *UWB tag* through executing:

```
7/pathTo/catkin_ws$ source ./devel/setup.bash
7/pathTo/catkin_ws$ roslaunch localizer_dwm1001 dwm1001.launch
```

inside the *playground* package there's a **Python** script called *round_move_ukf.py*. Now execute:

\$ husarion@husarion:~/pathTo/catkin_ws\$ rosrun playground round_move_ukf.py

In the running process we told the robot to move back and forth twice with single distance of 2m, which makes a total distance of 8m.

Afterwards, position data based on calculation and UKF are collected in a file called pose1204.csv and after plotting, we get Fig. 1:

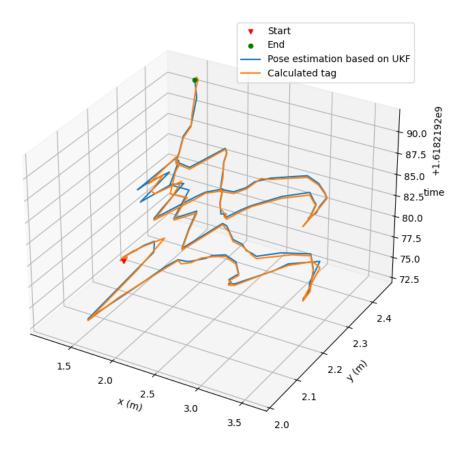


Figure 1: UKF vs. UWB alone

The *khaki trace* denotes the Cartesian coordinates based on UKF calculation, while the *blue trace* represents the raw UWB tag position, which is obviously not very stable.

Our calculation process is:

- 1. Initial position was calculated based on UWB
- 2. Afterwards, every small step was calculated based on an internal EKF with only IMU and Odometry as input and an external UKF with all sensor inputs

2 Idea for next step

1. Try to read IMU data from UWB tag sensor unit

- 2. Fuse uwb tag pos + IMU to eliminate pos errors
- 3. Conducting repeated experiment and at the same time, gather raw sensor data, which contains more noise definitely and try to reduce the noise
- 4. Consider using Graph Neural Networks, $Particle\ Filter$, not only UKF and EKF
- 5. Consider designing a random walk model for the final demonstration

3 Results and Conclusions

From Fig. 1 we can see, after conducting *UKF*, tag was closely followed, so the precision of the tag matters quite a lot. However, the actual movement was along the x-axis, the change in y-axis should be no more than 5cm theoretically, which is maximum around 30cm in the Figure, should be eliminated.