

# Record For Implementing UKF on Existing Round Move

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April 12, 2021

## 1 Implementing UKF

After connecting to the robot through *ssh*, then execute the following command:

```
1 husarion@husarion: $ roscore
```

start 2nd. command line window and execute:

```
1 $ roslaunch rosbot_ekf all.launch rosbot_pro:=true
```

start 3rd. command line window and launch the *robot\_localization* through executing:

```
1 ~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ source ./devel/setup.bash
2 ~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ roslaunch playground start_filter.launch
```

Now our purpose is implementing *UKF* algorithm into existing *round\_move.py* script.

To launch the *UWB tag* through executing:

```
1 ~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ source ./devel/setup.bash
2 ~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ roslaunch localizer_dwm1001 dwm1001.launch
```

inside the *playground* package there's a **Python** script called *round\_move\_ukf.py*. Now execute:

```
1 $ husarion@husarion:~/pathTo/catkin_ws$ rosrn playground
    round_move_ukf.py
```

In the running process we told the robot to move back and forth twice with single distance of 2m, which makes a total distance of 8m.

Afterwards, position data based on calculation and *UKF* are collected in a file called *pose1204.csv* and after plotting, we get Fig. 1:

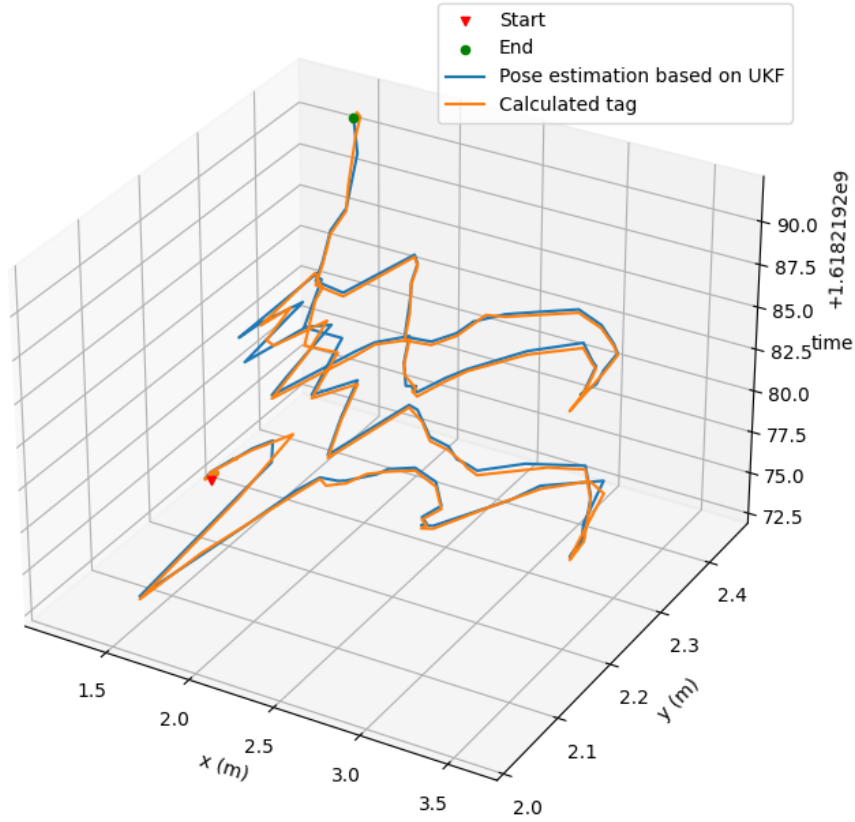


Figure 1: UKF vs. UWB alone

The *khaki trace* denotes the coordinates based on *UKF* calculation, while the *blue trace* represents the raw *UWB tag* position, which is obviously not very stable.

Our calculation process is:

1. Initial position was calculated based on *UWB*
2. Afterwards, every small step was calculated based on an *internal EKF* with only *IMU* and *Odometry* as input and an external *UKF* with all sensor inputs

## 2 Idea for next step

1. Conducting repeated experiment and at the same time, gather raw sensor data, which contains more noise definitely and try to reduce the noise

2. Consider using Graph Neural Networks, *Particle Filter*, not only UKF and EKF
3. Consider designing a random walk model for the final demonstration

### 3 Results and Conclusions

From Fig. 1 we can see, after conducting *UKF*, *tag* was closely followed, so the precision of the tag matters quite a lot.